

Instructions for Typesetting Manuscript Using L^AT_EX^{*}

First Author^{1 †}, Second Author²

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Abstract

The abstract should summarize the context, content and conclusions of the paper in less than 80 words. It should not contain any references or displayed equations. Typeset the abstract in 9 pt Times Roman with baselineskip of 11 pt, making an indentation of 2.5 picas on the left and right margins.

Keywords: List of four to six keywords which characterize the article.

1. Introduction

Contributions are to be in English. Authors are encouraged to have their contribution checked for grammar. American or British spelling should be used. Abbreviations are allowed but should be spelt out in full when first used. Integers ten and below are to be spelt out. Italicize foreign language phrases (e.g. Latin, French).

2. The Main Text

The text is to be typeset in 10 pt Times Roman, single spaced with baselineskip of 13 pt. Text area (ex-

cluding running title) is 6.75 inches across and 8.8 inches deep. Final pagination and insertion of running titles will be done by the publisher.

3. Major Headings

Major headings should be typeset in boldface with the first letter of important words capitalized.

3.1. Sub-headings

Sub-headings should be typeset in bolditalic with the first letter of first word capitalized and section number in boldface.

^{*} For the title, try not to use more than 3 lines. Typeset the title in 12 pt Times Roman, boldface.

[†] Typeset names in 10 pt Times Roman, boldface. Use the footnote to indicate the present or permanent address of the author.

[‡] State completely without abbreviations, the affiliation and mailing address, including country. Typeset in 10 pt Times Italic.

3.1.1. Sub-subheadings

Typeset in italic (Section No. to be in Roman) and capitalize the first letter of the first word only.

3.2. Numbering and spacing

Sections headings, sub-headings and sub-sub headings are numbered in Arabic. Section headings: one and a half line spacing before and single line spacing after. Sub-headings and sub-subheadings: single line spacing before and half line spacing after. Flush left all paragraphs that follow after section headings.

3.3. Lists of items

Lists may be laid out with each item marked by a dot:

- item one,
- item two.

Items may also be numbered in lowercase Roman numerals:

- (i) item one
- (ii) item two
 - (a) Lists within lists can be numbered with lowercase Roman letters,
 - (b) second item.

3.4. Running Heads

For the running heads for the authors names, please apply the following rules:

- for one author: only the initial plus the full last name (e.g., D. Ruan),
- for two authors: D. Ruan, T. Li,
- for three authors or more: D. Ruan *et al.*

Please provide a shortened running head (not more than four words, each starting with a Capital) for the title of your paper.

4. Equations

Displayed equations should be numbered consecutively in each section, with the number set flush right and enclosed in parentheses.

$$\mu(n, t) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} 1(d_i < t, N(d_i) = n)}{\int_{\sigma=0}^t 1(N(\sigma) = n) d\sigma} . \quad (1)$$

Equations should be referred to in abbreviated form, e.g. “Eq. (1)” or “(2)”. In multiple-line equations, the number should be given on the last line.

Displayed equations are to be centered on the page width. Standard English letters like *x* are to appear as *x* (italicized) in the text if they are used as mathematical symbols. Punctuation marks are used at the end of equations as if they appeared directly in the text.

Theorem 1. *Theorems, lemmas, etc. are to be numbered consecutively in the paper, just by using `\begin{env} My text here... \end{env}` for the environments theorem, lemma, proposition, and corollary.*

Proof. Proofs are produced with the command `\begin{proof} My proof... \end{proof}`. It should end with \square .

5. Illustrations and Photographs

Figures are to be inserted in the text nearest their first reference. Original india ink drawings or glossy prints are preferred. Please send one set of originals with copies. If the author requires the publisher to reduce the figures, ensure that the figures (including letterings and numbers) are large enough to be

Fig. 1. Labeled tree *T*.

clearly seen after reduction. If photographs are to be used, only black and white ones are acceptable.

Figures are to be sequentially numbered in Arabic numerals. The caption must be placed below the figure. For those figures with multiple parts which appear on different pages, it is best to place the full caption below the first part, and have e.g. “Fig. 1.

(Continued)” below the last part. Typeset in 9 pt Times Roman with baselineskip of 11 pt. Use double spacing between a caption and the text that follows immediately.

Previously published material must be accompanied by written permission from the author and publisher.

6. Tables

Tables should be inserted in the text as close to the point of reference as possible. Some space should be left above and below the table. Tables should be numbered sequentially in the text in Arabic numerals. Captions are to be centralized above the tables. Typeset tables and captions in 9 pt Times Roman with baselineskip of 11 pt.

If tables need to extend over to a second page, the continuation of the table should be preceded by a caption, e.g. “Table 2 (Continued)”

Table 1. Number of tests for WFF triple NA = 5, or NA = 8.

		NP			
		3	4	8	10
NC	3	1200	2000	2500	3000
	5	2000	2200	2700	3400
	8	2500	2700	16000	22000
	10	3000	3400	22000	28000

7. References

References in the text are to be numbered consecutively in Arabic numerals, in the order of first appearance. They are to be cited as superscripts without parentheses or brackets after punctuation marks like commas and periods but before punctuation marks like colons, semi-colons and question marks.

- (1) “... in the statement.¹”
- (2) “... have proven² that this equation ...”

When the reference forms part of the sentence, it should not be typed in superscripts, e.g.,

^a Footnotes should be typeset in 8 pt Times Roman at the bottom of the page.

- (1) “One can deduce from Ref. 3 that...”
- (2) “See Refs. 1–3, 5 and 7 for more details.”

8. Footnotes

Footnotes should be numbered sequentially in superscript lowercase Roman letters.^a

Note Added

Additional note can be added before Acknowledgment.

Acknowledgments

This section should come before the References. Funding information may also be included here.

Appendix A

Appendices should be used only when absolutely necessary. They should come immediately before the References. If there is more than one appendix, number them alphabetically. Number displayed equations occurring in the Appendix in this way, e.g. (A.1), (A.2), etc.

$$\mu(n, t) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} 1(d_i < t, N(d_i) = n)}{\int_{\sigma=0}^t 1(N(\sigma) = n) d\sigma}. \quad (\text{A.1})$$

References

References are to be listed in the order cited in the text. Use the style shown in the following examples. For journal names, use the standard abbreviations. Typeset references in 9 pt Times Roman.

1. B. Widrow and S. D. Steams, *Adaptive Signal Processing*, (Prentice Hall, Englewood, NJ, 1995).
2. R. Loren and D. B. Benson (eds.), *Introduction to String Field Theory*, 2nd edn. (Springer-Verlag, New York, 1999).
3. R. M. Karp, Reducibility among combinatorial problems, in *Complexity of Computer Computations*, (Plenum, New York, 1972), pp. 85–104.

Table 2. The planning and control components.

Schedule	Capacity	Level
Business plan	Financial planning	Planning
Production planning	Resource requirement plan (RRP)	
Master production schedule (MPS)	Rough cut capacity plan (RCCP)	
Material requirement plan	Capacity requirement plan (CRP)	
Final assembly schedule	Capacity control	
Stock picking schedule	Inventory control	Execution
Order priorities	Factory order control	
Scheduling	Machine (work-centre) control	
Operation sequencing	Tool control	
	Preventive maintenance	

4. R. Loren and D. B. Benson, Deterministic flow-chart interpretations, *J. Comput. System Sci.* **27** (2) (1983) 400–433.
5. R. Loren, J. Li, and D. B. Benson, Deterministic

flowchart interpretations, in *Proc. 3rd Int. Conf. Entity-Relationship Approach*, eds. C. G. Davis and R. T. Yeh (North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1983), pp. 421–439.