





Hilton Hawaiian Village

Mortgage Loan Information

Mortgage Loan Seller⁽¹⁾: JPMCB
Original Principal Balance⁽²⁾: \$80,000,000
Cut-off Date Principal Balance⁽²⁾: \$80,000,000
% of Pool by IPB: 7.3%
Loan Purpose⁽³⁾: Refinance

Borrower: Hilton Hawaiian Village LLC
Sponsor: Park Intermediate Holdings LLC

Interest Rate: 4.19950%
Note Date: 10/24/2016
Maturity Date: 11/1/2026
Interest-only Period: 120 months
Original Term: 120 months
Original Amortization: None
Amortization Type: Interest Only

Call Protection⁽⁴⁾: L(28), DeforGrtr1%orYM(85),O(7)

Lockbox: CMA Additional Debt: Yes

Additional Debt Balance⁽²⁾: \$616,600,000 / \$578,400,000 Additional Debt Type: Pari Passu / Subordinate Debt

Property	Informat	ion

Single Asset / Portfolio: Single Asset
Title: Fee / Leasehold
Property Type - Subtype: Hotel – Full Service

Net Rentable Area (Rooms)⁽⁵⁾: 2,860 Location: Honolulu, HI Year Built / Renovated: 1961 / 2016

Occupancy / ADR / RevPAR: 94.6% / \$250.09 / \$236.65

Occupancy / ADR / RevPAR Date: 9/30/2016 Number of Tenants: 9/30/2016

 2013 NOI:
 \$110,964,835

 2014 NOI:
 \$119,860,819

 2015 NOI:
 \$128,737,723

 TTM NOI (as of 9/2016):
 \$131,893,120

UW Occupancy / ADR / RevPAR: 94.6% / \$250.09 / \$236.65

 UW Revenues:
 \$374,437,742

 UW Expenses:
 \$241,850,768

 UW NOI:
 \$132,586,975

 UW NCF:
 \$132,586,975

Appraised Value / Per Room: \$2,230,000,000 / \$779,720

Appraisal Date: 8/30/2016

Escrows and Reserves ⁽⁶⁾										
	Initial	Monthly	Initial Cap							
Taxes:	\$0	Springing	N/A							
Insurance:	\$0	Springing	N/A							
FF&E:	\$0	Springing	N/A							
TI/LC:	\$0	\$0	N/A							
Other:	\$0	\$0	N/A							

Financial Information ⁽²⁾										
Pari Passu Debt Whole Loan										
Cut-off Date Loan / Room:	\$243,566	\$445,804								
Maturity Date Loan / Room:	\$243,566	\$445,804								
Cut-off Date LTV:	31.2%	57.2%								
Maturity Date LTV:	31.2%	57.2%								
UW NCF DSCR:	4.47x	2.44x								
UW NOI Debt Yield:	19.0%	10.4%								

	Sources and Uses											
Sources	Proceeds	% of Total	Uses	Proceeds	% of Total							
Mortgage Loan ⁽²⁾	\$1,275,000,000	100.0%	Payoff Existing Debt	\$1,255,912,700	98.5%							
			Excess Loan Proceeds(3)	10,621,760	0.8							
			Closing Costs	8,465,540	0.7							
Total Sources	\$1,275,000,000	100.0%	Total Uses	\$1,275,000,000	100.0%							

- (1) The Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan was co-originated by JPMCB, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Barclays Bank PLC and Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A.
- (2) The Hilton Hawaiian Village Mortgage Loan is part of a whole loan comprised of (i) the mortgage loan (comprised of one senior note with an outstanding principal balance as of the Cut-off Date of \$80.0 million), (ii) two companion loans, each of which is pari passu with respect to the Hilton Hawaiian Village Mortgage Loan (such companion loans being comprised of 15 pari passu notes) with an aggregate outstanding principal balance as of the Cut-off Date of \$616.6 million and (iii) a subordinate companion loan (comprised of five pari passu notes) with an aggregate outstanding principal balance as of the Cut-off Date of \$578.4 million. The Pari Passu Debt Financial Information presented in the chart above reflects the \$696.6 million aggregate Cut-off Date balance of the Hilton Hawaiian Village Mortgage Loan and the Hilton Hawaiian Village Pari Passu Companion Loan, excluding the Hilton Hawaiian Village Subordinate Companion Loan. The Whole Loan Financial Information presented in the chart above reflects the Cut-off Date balance of the \$1.275 billion Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan, as defined in "The Loan" below.
- (3) Excess Loan Proceeds were distributed by the borrower to its member and utilized by affiliates of Park Hotels & Resorts to prepay other outstanding CMBS loans.
- (4) The lockout period will be at least 28 payment dates beginning with and including the first payment date of December 1, 2016. Defeasance of the full \$1.275 billion Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan is permitted after the date that is the earlier of (i) May 1, 2019 and (ii) two years from the closing date of the securitization that includes the last note to be securitized (the "REMIC Prohibition Period"). If the borrower has not previously elected to defease the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan, the borrower is also permitted to prepay the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan in whole, but not in part, after the expiration of the REMIC Prohibition Period with the payment of a yield maintenance premium.
- (5) The Hilton Hawaiian Village property also includes approximately 130,489 square feet of commercial/retail space leased to more than 100 tenants. Additionally, the property includes the 25-story Kalia Tower which is subject to a condominium regime. Kalia Tower contains six floors totaling 72 timeshare units that are not part of the collateral for the loan.
- (6) For a full description of Escrows and Reserves, please refer to "Escrows and Reserves" below.



Hilton Hawaiian Village

The Loan. The Hilton Hawaiian Village loan is secured by a first mortgage lien on the borrower's fee and leasehold interests in a 2,860room luxury full-service destination resort located in Honolulu, Hawaii. The whole loan was co-originated by JPMCB, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Barclays Bank PLC and Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and has an outstanding principal balance as of the Cut-off Date of \$1.275 billion (the "Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan"). The Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan is comprised of (i) a senior loan, comprised of 16 pari passu notes, with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$696.6 million (one of which, Note A-2-A-2, will be contributed to the JPMCC 2017-JP5 Trust, the "Hilton Hawaiian Village Mortgage Loan" and the remaining notes, collectively, the "Hilton Hawaiian Village Pari Passu Companion Loan") and (ii) a subordinate companion loan, comprised of five pari passu notes, with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$578.4 million (collectively, the "Hilton Hawaiian Village Subordinate Companion Loan"), each as described below. The Hilton Hawaiian Village Mortgage Loan and the Hilton Hawaiian Village Pari Passu Companion Loan are pari passu in right of payment with each other and are generally senior in right of payment to the Hilton Hawaiian Village Subordinate Companion Loan as and to the extent described in "Description of the Mortgage Pool—The Whole Loans—The Non-Serviced Whole Loans—The Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan" in the Preliminary Prospectus. The senior Note A-1-A was contributed to the Hilton USA Trust 2016-HHV securitization that governs the servicing and administration of the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan and is the controlling note under the related intercreditor agreement, the rights of which will be exercised by the related trustee (or, prior to the occurrence and continuance of a control termination event under the related trust and servicing agreement (the "Hilton USA Trust 2016-HHV Trust and Servicing Agreement"), the directing certificateholder under the Hilton USA Trust 2016-HHV Trust and Servicing Agreement). However, the JPMCC 2017-JP5 Trust will be entitled, under certain circumstances, to be consulted with respect to certain major decisions (which rights will be exercised by the Directing Certificateholder prior to a Control Termination Event). The Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan has a 10-year term and will be interest-only for the term of the loan. The prior debt secured by the Hilton Hawaiian Village property was previously securitized in the Hilton USA Trust 2013-HLT

Whole Loan Summary										
Companion A Notes (Hilton USA Trust 2016-HHV Securitization) \$171,600,000 Notes A-1-A, A-1-B, A-1-C, A-1-D and A-1-E	Companion A Notes (Securitized) \$326,125,000 Notes A-2-A-1, A-2-B-1, A-2-B-3, A-2-D-1, A-2-D-2, A-2-E-1 and A-2-E-2	Companion A Notes (Future Conduit Securitizations) \$118,875,000 Notes A-2-A-3, A-2-A-4, and A-2-B-2	Trust A Note \$80,000,000 Note A-2-A-2							
B Notes (Hilton USA Trust 2016-HHV Securitization) \$578,400,000 Notes B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4 and B-5										

The Borrower. The borrowing entity for the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan is Hilton Hawaiian Village LLC, a Hawaii limited liability company and special purpose entity.

The Loan Sponsor. The loan sponsor and nonrecourse carve-out guarantor is Park Intermediate Holdings LLC. Park Intermediate Holdings LLC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Park Hotels & Resorts Inc. ("Park Hotels & Resorts"), one of two spin-offs announced by Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. ("Hilton"). On February 26, 2016, Hilton announced plans to separate into three independent, publicly traded companies: Park Hotels & Resorts (NYSE: PK), Hilton Grand Vacations Inc. (NYSE: HGV) and Hilton (NYSE: HLT). The spin-offs were completed in January 2017. Park Hotels & Resorts now owns most of Hilton's owned and leased real estate properties and, with over 35,000 rooms and 67 hotels, is the second-largest publicly traded real estate investment trust in the lodging industry. Hilton Grand Vacations Inc. owns and operates Hilton's timeshare business, while Hilton retains its core management and franchise business and continues to trade on the NYSE as a leading global hospitality company. The aggregate liability of the guarantor with respect to all full recourse carve-outs in the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan documents may not exceed an amount equal to 10.0% of the principal balance of the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan outstanding at the time of the occurrence of such event, plus any and all reasonable third-party collection costs actually incurred by the lender. In addition, the guarantor is not a party to the environmental indemnity. In lieu of the guarantor signing the indemnity, the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan documents require the borrower to obtain environmental insurance. At origination, the borrower obtained an environmental insurance policy with (i) a term of 10 years, (ii) limits of \$10,000,000 per occurrence and \$25,000,000 in the aggregate and (iii) a \$25,000 deductible.

Hilton Hawaiian Village

The Property. The Hilton Hawaiian Village property is a 2,860-room, full-service luxury resort located on the island of Oahu in Honolulu, Hawaii. The Hilton Hawaiian Village is one of Hawaii's premier urban resort destinations, situated on an entire city block overlooking Waikiki Beach. The property is situated on an approximately 22-acre site, the majority of which is fee-owned. The property is comprised of 2,860 guest rooms spread across five towers: the Ali'i Tower (348 rooms), Diamond Head Tower (380 rooms), Rainbow Tower (796 rooms), Kalia Tower (315 rooms) and Tapa Tower (1,021 rooms). The towers each offer unique guest room accommodations and are situated on ocean-front property, offering views of Waikiki Beach, Diamond Head and downtown Honolulu. The property is the only self-contained destination resort in Waikiki and offers the largest guest room inventory in the state of Hawaii, as well as the most meeting space within its competitive set. The property offers a host of resort-style amenities and services, including 20 food and beverage outlets, over 150,000 square feet of flexible indoor and outdoor function space, three conference centers, five swimming pools, a saltwater lagoon, spa grottos, the Mandara Spa and Fitness Center, a chapel and a retail component comprised of over 100 retail tenants.

The property was initially constructed by Hilton in 1961 and has undergone several extensive renovations throughout its existence. According to the sponsor, since 2008, the loan sponsor has invested approximately \$232.2 million (approximately \$81,188 per room) in capital expenditures spread across all segments of the property. Most recently, the loan sponsor completed a full-scale renovation of its premier luxury guest room tower, the Ali'i Tower, in 2012, updating the guest rooms and suites, main lobby and library at an estimated cost of approximately \$20.6 million. Additionally, the loan sponsor completed a comprehensive renovation of the Diamond Head Tower in 2014 at an estimated cost of approximately \$17.9 million.

Historical Capital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾											
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	YTD 2016 ⁽²⁾	Total	
Capital Expenditures ⁽³⁾	\$22,216	\$16,509	\$8,834	\$56,117	\$42,568	\$28,138	\$32,965	\$15,559	\$9,293	\$232,198	
Per Room	\$7,768	\$5,772	\$3,089	\$19,621	\$14,884	\$9,838	\$11,526	\$5,440	\$3,249	\$81,188	

- (1) Based on actual capital expenditures as provided by the loan sponsor.
- (2) YTD 2016 Capital Expenditures are as of September 30, 2016.
- (3) Capital Expenditures are presented in (000)'s.

The property offers approximately 150,000 square feet of indoor and outdoor meeting and function space, which is split between three primary locations: the second floor of the Tapa Tower, the base of the Kalia Tower and the Mid-Pacific Conference Center. The property features over 65,000 square feet of indoor meeting space spread throughout four buildings, as well as two outdoor lawns: the Lagoon Green and the Village Green. The Mid-Pacific Conference Center, a stand-alone building, underwent a full-scale refurbishment in 2013 and features 35,000 square feet of meeting/event space, including the 24,840 square foot Coral Ballroom, which is divisible into five separate breakout rooms. It is among the largest conference centers in the Hawaiian Islands and offers the largest capacity ballroom, accommodating up to 2,600 quests.

The property features approximately 130,489 square feet of leased retail and restaurant space, which was 78.5% occupied by over 100 tenants as of September 2016. The retail component of the property generated TTM September 2016 sales of approximately \$136.1 million for reporting tenants. For the trailing 12-month period ending September 30, 2016, the retail component of the property generated approximately \$20.8 million in retail revenue (retail revenue is inclusive of reimbursements for common area maintenance, taxes and marketing expenses, as provided by the loan sponsor) which, net of undistributed expenses attributable to the retail component (as estimated by the loan sponsor), accounts for approximately 13.1% of net cash flow, providing diversity to traditional hotel revenue streams. While the majority of the property's leased space is made up of traditional retail and restaurant tenants, the hotel also leases some office space to Hilton Grand Vacations and third-party travel wholesalers, such as Kintetsu and JTB. The hotel's Ocean Crystal Chapel and Lagoon Chapel are also leased to a third-party operator.

Historical Retail Component Sales ⁽¹⁾											
2013 2014 2015 TTM ⁽²⁾											
Total Sales	\$130,613,993	\$141,808,186	\$137,316,925	\$136,055,744							
Sales PSF	\$1,552	\$1,651	\$1,590	\$1,496							

- (1) Historical Sales for reporting tenants were provided by the loan sponsor.
- (2) TTM is as of September 30, 2016.

Hilton Hawaiian Village

Collateral Tenant Summary ⁽¹⁾											
Tenant	Ratings ⁽²⁾ Moody's/S&P/Fitch	Net Rentable Area (SF)	% of Total NRA	Lease Expiration Date	Base Rent PSF	% of Total Base Rent	Most Recent Sales ⁽³⁾	Most Recent Sales PSF ⁽³⁾			
Mandara Spa	NA / NA / NA	12,583	9.6%	8/31/2017	\$53.61	3.9%	\$2,903,709	\$231			
Hatsuhana Hawaii	NA / NA / NA	6,026	4.6%	11/30/2018	\$52.38	1.8%	\$2,969,958	\$493			
Fresco	NA / NA / NA	5,983	4.6%	12/31/2018	\$58.38	2.0%	\$3,331,316	\$557			
Benihana of Tokyo	NA / NA / NA	5,300	4.1%	5/31/2021	\$127.6	3.9%	\$6,561,789	\$1,238			
Best Bridal - Lagoon Chapel	NA / NA / NA	4,755	3.6%	10/31/2022	\$57.45	1.6%	\$520,020	\$109			
Watabe Wedding ⁽⁴⁾	NA / NA / NA	4,158	3.2%	1/14/2019	\$63.93	1.5%	\$167,697	\$40			
ABC Stores - Tapa Tower	NA / NA / NA	3,500	2.7%	8/31/2022	\$384.2	7.7%	\$12,225,380	\$3,493			
Louis Vuitton	NA / A+ / NA	3,500	2.7%	8/18/2023	\$146.7	2.9%	\$7,978,397	\$2,280			
Lamonts & Whalers General Store	NA / NA / NA	2,800	2.1%	MTM	\$163.1	2.6%	\$1,856,972	\$663			
ABC Discount Store	NA / NA / NA	2,145	1.6%	12/31/2018	\$812.2	10.0%	\$14,519,183	\$6,769			

- (1) Based on the underwritten rent roll.
- (2) Ratings provided are for the parent company of the entity listed in the "tenant" field whether or not the parent company guarantees the lease.
- (3) Most Recent Sales and Most Recent Sales PSF for reporting tenants were provided by the loan sponsor as of September 30, 2016.
- (4) Most Recent Sales and Most Recent Sales PSF for Watabe Wedding represent only partial year performance as the venue opened in 2016.

The Hilton Hawaiian Village property is located in Honolulu, Hawaii, in the greater Oahu lodging market and the Waikiki submarket. The island of Oahu serves as an economic center of the Hawaiian Islands. Oahu maintains its status as one of the world's foremost tourist destinations, with cultural venues, golf courses, restaurants, retail and recreational attractions. In 2015, approximately 5.3 million tourists, or 62.4% of Hawaii's total air tourists, visited the island of Oahu, making it the most popular destination in the Hawaiian Islands. The total number of air visitors has increased by 435,867 from 2012 to 2015, which represents a 2.9% year-over-year increase. International travel to Oahu represented 46.3% of Oahu's 5.3 million air visitors in 2015 and was marginally unchanged from 2014. Additionally, visitor expenditures in Oahu totaled \$7.4 billion in 2015, which represents 49.3% of total expenditures by air visitors in 2015. Honolulu is the strongest lodging market in Oahu and all of the eight Hawaiian Islands, a status attributable to a temperate year-round climate, popularity as one of the leading group and leisure destinations of Hawaii, superior visitor infrastructure and high barriers to new supply. Honolulu encompasses more than 24,000 guest rooms in 74 properties and consistently achieved occupancy rates in the mid 70% to 80% range, never dropping below 74%, between 2009 and 2015. During this same period, RevPAR in Honolulu increased at an average annual rate of 9.5%, ending 2015 at \$190, while the average daily rate achieved a premium of \$69 over 2009. The market's RevPAR in 2009, which represented the trough during the downturn, reflects a 14.6% decline relative to 2007, less than other leading markets.

The appraisal identified two hotels either recently opened or currently under construction in the Waikiki submarket that are expected to have some degree of competitive interaction with the Hilton Hawaiian Village property. The 623-room Hilton Garden Inn (Ohana Waikiki West Redevelopment) opened in June 2016, while the 230-room boutique Hyatt Centric (Waikiki Trade Center Redevelopment) is expected to open in March 2017. Though offered at a competitive price-point with national brand affiliations, the appraisal notes that both options are non-beachfront locations with select-service product offerings. Additionally, the appraisal notes significant barriers to entry, including nearly no developable ocean-front land and prohibitively high costs.

	Historical Occupancy, ADR, RevPAR ⁽¹⁾													
	Competitive Set ⁽²⁾ Hilton Hawaiian Village ⁽³⁾ Penetration Factor ⁽⁴⁾													
Year	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR					
2013	89.0%	\$248.36	\$221.07	89.9%	\$237.77	\$213.84	101.0%	95.7%	96.7%					
2014	87.8%	\$250.07	\$219.50	90.7%	\$238.34	\$216.26	103.4%	95.3%	98.5%					
2015	89.0%	\$256.75	\$228.38	94.4%	\$240.62	\$227.20	106.2%	93.7%	99.5%					
TTM ⁽⁵⁾	89.9%	\$259.08	\$232.92	94.6%	\$250.09	\$236.65	105.3%	96.5%	101.6%					

- (1) Variances between the underwriting, the appraisal and the above table with respect to Occupancy, ADR and RevPAR at the Hilton Hawaiian Village property are attributable to variances in reporting methodologies and/or timing differences.
- (2) Data provided by a third-party information provider. The competitive set contains the following properties: Sheraton Waikiki, Marriott Waikiki Beach Resort & Spa, Hyatt Regency Waikiki Beach Resort & Spa, Westin Moana Surfrider, Sheraton Hotel Princess Kaiulani, Outrigger Reef Waikiki Beach Resort and Outrigger Waikiki Beach Resort
- (3) Based on operating statements provided by the borrower, with the exception of 2013 and 2014 which have been adjusted by STR for both ADR and RevPAR in order to normalize for a change in accounting methodology in 2015. Prior to 2015, borrower operating statements presented ADR and RevPAR inclusive of resort fees. For all years presented above, ADR and RevPAR are calculated exclusive of resort fees.
- (4) Penetration Factor is calculated based on data provided by STR for the competitive set and borrower-provided operating statements for the property.
- (5) TTM represents the trailing 12-month period ending on September 30, 2016.

Competitive Hotels Profile ⁽¹⁾												
				2015 Est	2015 Estimated Market Mix			2015 Estimated Operating Statistics				
Property	Rooms	Year Opened	Meeting Space (SF)	Wholesale	Transient	Meeting & Group	Occupancy	ADR	RevPAR			
Hilton Hawaiian Village ⁽²⁾	2,860	1961	150,000	37%	44%	19%	94.4%	\$240.62	\$227.20			
Primary Competitors												
Sheraton Waikiki	1,636	1971	48,210	65%	15%	20%	90-95%	\$300-325	\$280-290			
Marriott Waikiki Beach Resort & Spa	1,310	1971	55,000	20%	60%	20%	85-90%	\$210-220	\$180-190			
Hyatt Regency Waikiki Beach Resort & Spa	1,230	1976	23,130	60%	25%	15%	85-90%	\$250-260	\$220-230			
Westin Moana Surfrider	791	1901-1969	23,612	60%	30%	10%	85-90%	\$350-375	\$300-325			
Secondary Competitors												
Sheraton Hotel Princess Kaiulani	1,000	1955	14,000	65%	25%	10%	85-90%	\$150-160	\$130-140			
Outrigger Reef Waikiki Beach Resort	635	1956	9,600	55%	40%	5%	85-90%	\$250-260	\$220-230			
Outrigger Waikiki Beach Resort	524	1967	5,000	50%	40%	10%	80-85%	\$260-270	\$220-230			
Total ⁽³⁾	7,126											

- (1) Based on the appraisal.
- (2) Occupancy, ADR and RevPAR are based on operating statements provided by the borrower.
- (3) Excludes the Hilton Hawaiian Village property.

	Ор	erating History	and Underwritte	n Net Cash Flow			
	2013	2014	2015	TTM ⁽¹⁾	Underwritten	Per Room ⁽²⁾	% of Total Revenue ⁽³⁾
Occupancy	89.9%	90.7%	94.4%	94.6%	94.6%		
ADR ⁽⁴⁾	\$247.48	\$259.85	\$240.62	\$250.09	\$250.09		
RevPAR ⁽⁴⁾	\$222.57	\$235.77	\$227.20	\$236.65	\$236.65		
Room Revenue	\$232,345,007	\$246,124,088	\$237,172,233	\$247,711,744	\$247,034,700	\$86,376	66.0%
Resort Fee ⁽⁴⁾	0	0	22,462,635	22,641,808	22,752,381	7,955	6.1
Food and Beverage Revenue	56,844,007	62,740,100	70,771,369	69,023,623	68,996,667	24,125	18.4
Retail Revenue ⁽⁵⁾	19,071,361	20,048,658	20,582,018	20,786,062	19,162,812	6,700	5.1
Other Departmental Revenue	16,714,514	17,176,781	15,802,967	16,824,201	16,491,183	5,766	4.4
Total Revenue	\$324,974,888	\$346,089,627	\$366,791,222	\$376,987,438	\$374,437,742	\$130,922	100.0%
Room Expense	\$55,976,889	\$59,766,137	\$62,515,991	\$64,556,543	\$64,380,098	\$22,511	26.1%
Food and Beverage Expense	45,055,100	48,831,676	56,658,889	56,716,914	56,028,348	19,590	81.2
Other Departmental Expense	7,418,538	7,148,334	7,483,496	6,425,274	6,371,608	2,228	38.6
Departmental Expenses	\$108,450,526	\$115,746,148	\$126,658,376	\$127,698,731	\$126,780,054	\$44,329	33.9%
Departmental Profit	\$216,524,362	\$230,343,479	\$240,132,846	\$249,288,707	\$247,657,688	\$86,594	66.1%
Operating Expenses	\$61,997,168	\$64,229,329	\$62,250,540	\$64,897,454	\$62,099,714	\$21,713	16.6%
Gross Operating Profit	\$154,527,194	\$166,114,150	\$177,882,306	\$184,391,253	\$185,557,974	\$64,880	49.6%
Management Fee	\$9,159,509	\$9,759,316	\$10,366,617	\$11,551,940	\$10,658,248	\$3,727	2.8%
Incentive Management Fee	7,542,587	8,134,544	8,776,701	9,141,675	9,344,215	3,267	2.5
Retail Management Fee	1,081,185	1,142,850	1,168,053	1,174,867	1,053,955	369	0.3
Property Taxes	8,335,725	9,129,497	10,512,964	11,773,676	12,249,130	4,283	3.3
Property Insurance	3,138,410	3,058,106	2,452,071	2,579,098	3,343,630	1,169	0.9
Ground Rent & Other Expense	1,305,948	1,185,432	1,196,527	1,197,379	1,344,312	470	0.4
FF&E	12,998,996	13,843,585	14,671,649	15,079,498	14,977,510	5,237	4.0
Total Other Expenses	\$43,562,359	\$46,253,331	\$49,144,583	\$52,498,133	\$52,971,000	\$18,521	14.1%
Net Operating Income	\$110,964,835	\$119,860,819	\$128,737,723	\$131,893,120	\$132,586,975	\$46,359	35.4%
Net Cash Flow	\$110,964,835	\$119,860,819	\$128,737,723	\$131,893,120	\$132,586,975	\$46,359	35.4%

- (1) TTM represents the trailing 12-month period ending on September 30, 2016.
 (2) Per Room values based on 2,860 guest rooms.
 (3) % of Total Revenue for Room Expense, Food and Beverage Expense and Other Departmental Expenses is based on their corresponding revenue line items.
 (4) Prior to a change in industry accounting methodology in 2015, resort fees were accounted for as a component of Room Revenue and included in ADR and RevPAR calculations. Since 2014, resort fees have been netted out of Room Revenue and shown separately in the Resort Fee category. ADR and RevPAR are shown net of resort fees for 2015 and all future years.
- (5) Retail tenant spaces are occupied pursuant to partial net leases. Retail Revenue is inclusive of reimbursements associated with shared common area maintenance, tax and marketing expenses. Related expenses attributable to the retail component are included in undistributed Operating Expenses for the overall property.



Hilton Hawaiian Village

Property Management. The property is currently managed by Hilton Management LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and subsidiary of Hilton. The current management agreement expires on December 31, 2047, with two 20-year extension options, and provides for (i) a base management fee equal to 3.0% of gross revenue (less revenue from the retail component of the property), (ii) an incentive management fee equal to 6.0% of adjusted gross profit (exclusive of the retail component of the property), (iii) a management fee equal to 5.5% of net retail income with respect to the retail component of the property and (iv) monthly FF&E deposits equal to 4.0% of gross revenue for the prior month.

Escrows and Reserves. No upfront reserves were taken at origination.

Tax Escrows - The requirement for the borrower to make monthly deposits to the tax escrow is waived so long as the borrower has reserved such amounts with the property manager or the manager pays such taxes, in each case pursuant to the management agreement. In the event that the borrower is no longer required to reserve such amounts with the property manager, on each payment date, the borrower will be required to deposit 1/12 of annual estimated taxes upon the occurrence of a Trigger Period (as defined below).

Insurance Escrows - The requirement for the borrower to make monthly deposits to the insurance escrow is waived so long as the borrower has reserved such amounts with the property manager or the manager pays such premiums, in each case pursuant to the management agreement. In the event that the borrower is no longer required to reserve such amounts with the property manager, on each payment date, the borrower will be required to deposit 1/12 of annual estimated insurance premiums upon the occurrence of a Trigger Period. In addition, provided that no event of default has occurred and is continuing, the requirement to deposit such amounts is waived so long as the property is insured under a blanket policy reasonably acceptable to the lender insuring substantially all of the real property owned, directly or indirectly, by the guarantor.

Replacement Reserves - The requirement for the borrower to make monthly deposits for replacements reserves is waived so long as the borrower has reserved such amounts with the property manager pursuant to the management agreement. In the event that the borrower is no longer required to reserve such amounts with the property manager, on each payment date, the borrower will be required to deposit 4.0% of gross income for the calendar month that is two months prior to the applicable payment date (as calculated in the loan documents).

Lockbox / Cash Management. The loan is structured with a CMA lockbox. All revenues will be deposited into segregated property accounts maintained by the property manager on behalf of the borrower and the operating lessee, as applicable, and controlled by the lender (the "Property Accounts"). All revenues in the Property Accounts (less any account charges payable to the bank at which the Property Accounts are maintained and less any required minimum peg balance) will be transferred on each business day to accounts maintained by the property manager on behalf of the borrower and the operating lessee, as applicable (each, an "Operating Account"). Funds on deposit in the Operating Accounts will be disbursed in an amount equal to the monthly replacement reserve deposit into the manager replacement reserve account (the "Manager FF&E Reserve Account") (each of the Manager FF&E Reserve Account, the Operating Account and the Property Account are referred to as "Manager Accounts"). The property manager will be required to apply such funds to the payment of real property taxes and insurance, ground rent, debt service (but only prior to the restructuring), management fees, capital expenditures and reserves for the same, operating expenses, emergency repairs, tenant improvement costs and leasing commissions, working capital reserves, sales and use taxes owed to governmental authorities, custodial funds and required monthly reserves, in each case in accordance with the management agreement (the "Required Payments"). The lender will not require any reserves with respect to any Required Payments which are to be paid directly by or reserved by the property manager pursuant to the management agreement. On a monthly basis, the property manager will deposit all funds remaining in the Operating Accounts after the payment of the Required Payments ("Excess Cash") into a lender-controlled account as additional collateral for the mortgage loan (the "Cash Management Account"). So long as no Trigger Period is continuing, all funds in the Cash Management Account after payment of debt service, required reserves and operating expenses will be released to the operating lessee and/or the borrower, as applicable, not later than the business day immediately following the date such funds are deposited by the property manager. During a Trigger Period, all funds in the Cash Management Account will be deposited into the excess cash accounts and held as additional collateral for the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan. The operating lessee and/or the borrower, as applicable, is required to grant a security interest in all Manager Accounts (and the property manager will consent to the same); provided, that such amounts on deposit in the Manager Accounts will be available for use by the property manager in accordance with the management agreement following an event of default and the lender will not apply such amounts on deposit in the Manager Accounts to Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan.

A "Trigger Period" will commence upon the occurrence of: (i) an event of default or (ii) the date that the debt yield (as calculated in the loan documents) is less than 7.0%.

A Trigger Period will end when, if caused by (a) clause (i) above, the respective event of default has been cured or waived or (b) clause (ii) above, the debt yield (as calculated in the loan documents) exceeds 7.0% for two consecutive quarters.

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Partial Releases. The borrower is permitted to release (i) the ground leased parcel, (ii) the retail component and/or (iii) certain other parcels of property that do not materially and adversely affect the ongoing operations of the remaining property, other than the lost income associated with the released parcels, in each case through a partial prepayment of the Hilton Hawaiian Village Whole Loan at any time after the expiration of the lockout period upon certain terms and conditions contained in the loan documents (including, without limitation, payment of the yield maintenance premium, if applicable). Please see "Description of the Mortgage Pool—Certain Terms of the Mortgage Loans—Partial Releases" in the Preliminary Prospectus for additional details.