

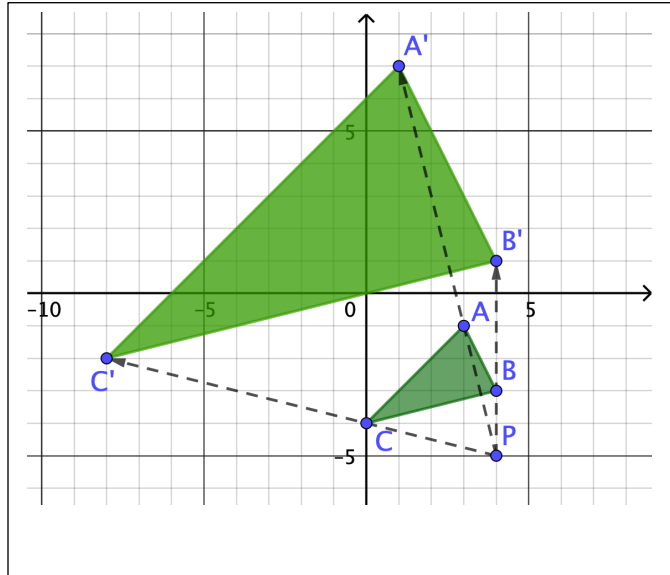
Similarity

1. Plot point P with coordinates $(4, -5)$.

Then, dilate triangle ABC using point P as the center of dilation and a scale factor of 3.

Figure how far it is horizontally and vertically from the Center of Dilation to each vertex of triangle ABC . Then multiply each of those distances by the scale factor to find the coordinates of A' , B' , and C' .

P to A : Go 1 left 4 up	P to A' : Go 3 left 12 up
P to B : Go 2 up	P to B' : Go 6 up
P to C : Go 4 left 1 up	P to C' : Go 12 left 3 up



2. $E'F'G'H'$ is the image of $EFGH$ under a dilation. Determine the center of dilation, and the scale factor of that dilation. Also, compare the areas of each shape.

Center: $(-2, -2)$ or Point E or E'

Draw lines from G through G' , F through F' , and H through H' . These all meet at the center of dilation. **Note:** if a point and its image point (like E and E') are the same point, that is the center of dilation.

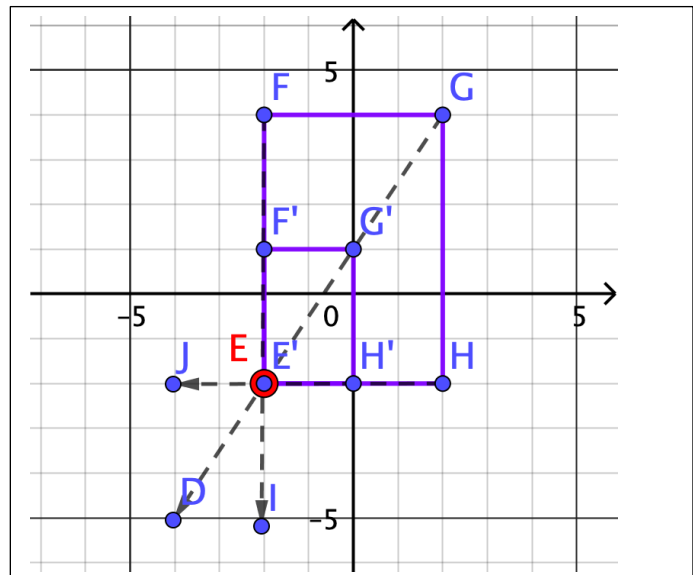
Scale Factor: 0.5

Distance from Center of dilation to G is 6 up, 4 right. Distance from Center of Dilation to G' is 3 up, 2 right. $3/6 = 2/4 = 0.5$. Or, length of EF is 6 and length of $E'F'$ is 3. $3/6 = 0.5$

Determine the area of each rectangle:

$EFGH$: $4 \times 6 = 24$ square units

$E'F'G'H'$: $2 \times 3 = 6$ square units



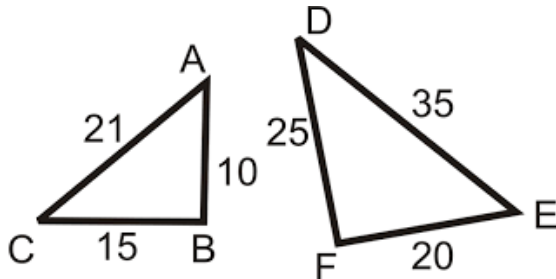
ACP: What is the scale factor between the areas? Area Scale factor $= 6/24 = 0.25$. This is equal to the **square** of the dilation scale factor because it is a 2-dimensional figure where the image figure is half the length of the original **and** half the width of the original.

3. Triangle ABC has an area of 15 cm^2 . If ABC is dilated by a scale factor of 3, what is the area of $A'B'C'$, the dilated image?

*The area of the image triangle would be equal to the original area, 15, multiplied by the **square** of the scale factor, or 9.*

Area of $A'B'C'$: $9 \times 15 = 135 \text{ cm}^2$

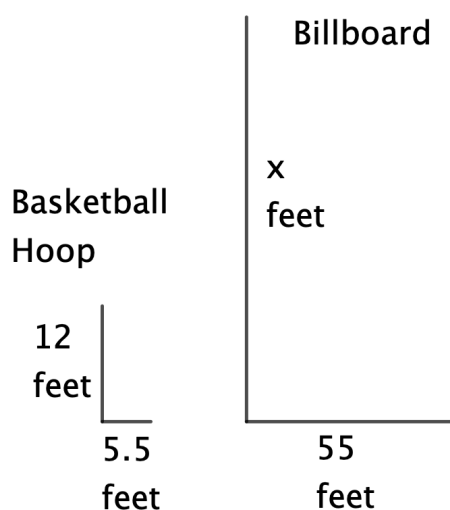
4. Are the triangles below **similar**? If so, how do you know? (AA, SAS, SSS?) Show your work.



1. Line up side lengths from smallest to longest:
10 15 21 and 20 25 35

2. Determine if ratios are the same: $\frac{10}{20} = \frac{15}{25} = \frac{21}{35}$? This is **not** true because 10 is half of 20 but 15 is not half of 25 and 21 is not half of 35.

5. A 12-foot high basketball hoop casts an 8.5-foot long shadow. A billboard nearby casts a shadow 55 feet long. Draw a diagram of this situation and determine the height of the billboard. *Draw a picture.*



(Figure not draw to scale)

Since figures we are similar, we can create a proportion from corresponding sides:

$$\frac{55}{5.5} = \frac{x}{12}$$

Cross multiply to get: $5.5x = 12 \times 55 = 660$

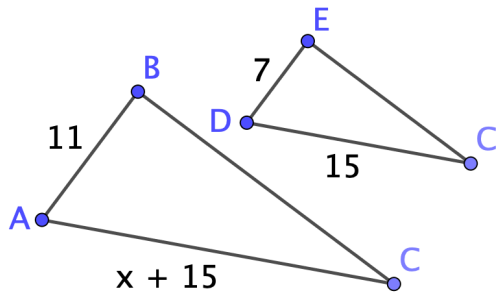
$$5.5x = 660$$

$$x = 120 \text{ (Divide both sides by 5.5)}$$

You might also have seen that the scale factor going from the hoop to the billboard is 10, so the billboard would be $10 \times 12 = 120$ feet.

6. $\triangle ABC$ is similar to $\triangle DEC$.

First, draw the two triangles separately. Label the vertices and known side lengths. Then solve for x .



Since the two triangles are similar, we can set up the following proportion:

$\frac{x+15}{15} = \frac{11}{7} \rightarrow \frac{Big}{Small} = \frac{Big}{Small}$, where each ratio matches two corresponding sides, one from the big triangle, one from the small.

Cross multiplying, we get

$$7(x + 15) = 15 * 11$$

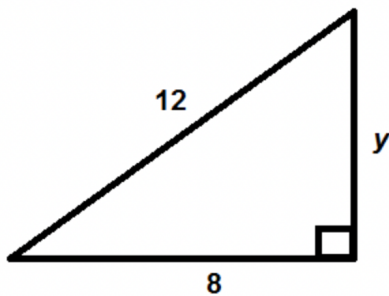
$$7x + 105 = 165$$

$$7x = 60$$

$$x = 60/7 = 8.57$$

PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM:

7. Which equation below will allow you to solve for y ? Circle your answer.



$$12^2 + 8^2 = y^2 \quad \text{OR} \quad 8^2 + y^2 = 12^2$$

$12^2 + 8^2 = y^2$ is the correct equation because the hypotenuse (always the longest side) must be isolated on one side of the equation.

Now, solve for y . Round your answer the nearest tenth.

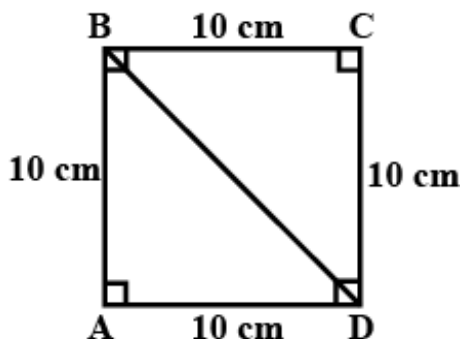
$$12^2 + 8^2 = y^2$$

$$144 + 64 = y^2$$

$$208 = y^2$$

$$y = \sqrt{208} = 14.42$$

8. A square has side lengths of 10cm. Find the length of the diagonal.



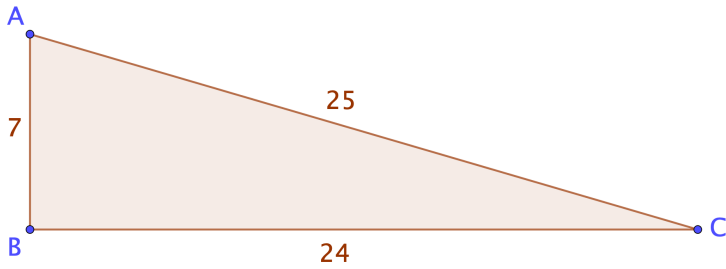
Since ABD is a right triangle, we can use the Pythagorean Theorem:

$$10^2 + 10^2 = \text{Diagonal}^2$$

$$100 + 100 = 200 = \text{Diagonal}^2$$

$$\text{Diagonal} = \sqrt{200} \approx 14.1$$

9. a) Sketch a triangle below that has side lengths of 7, 24 and 25.



b) Is this a RIGHT triangle? Show work to prove or disprove.

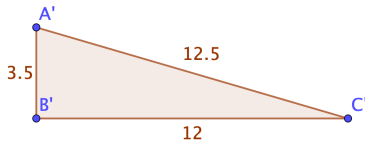
If it is a right triangle, then $7^2 + 24^2 = 25^2$

$$49 + 576 = 625?$$

$$625 = 625 \checkmark$$

c) Sketch **2 more triangles** below that are similar to your triangle above. Be sure to label the side lengths on each.

All sides multiplied by 0.5



All sides multiplied by 1.5

