Reference	F1713514
Feedback date	09/02/2021 13:39
Language	English
User type	Company/Business organisation
First name	Daniel
Surname	Mesic
Scope	
Governance level	
Organisation name	CEZ a.s.
Transparency register number	429600710582-32
Organisation size	Large (250 or more)
Country	Czech Republic
Publication privacy settings	The feedback can be published with your personal information
What is the scope of your organisation or institution?	International European Union National
If you selected 'other', please specify here:	
Does your organisation or institution primarily deal with energy, climate	Yes
and/or environmental issues?	
In which sector / activity? (more choices are possible)	Energy
Does your organisation or institution primarily deal with OTHER issues than	No
energy, climate and/or environmental issues?	
In which sector / activity? (one choice is possible – please chose the	
predominant one)	
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_1	
Ruler	
1.1 To what extent do you agree with the following statement?	Neither agree nor disagree
"The original objectives of the EED - to increase energy efficiency across the	
EU and to remove barriers and market failures in energy supply and energy	
use - are still relevant"?: Please sele	
Please explain your answer:	Morever, the strategic target is carbon neutrality. The direct measure,
	i.e. one high CO2 price in each and every sector would provide the clear
	signal for the most efficient decarbonisation
1.2 To what extent has the EED attained its objectives – to increase energy	To some extent
efficiency across the EU and to remove barriers and market failures in energy	
supply and energy use ?: Please select your answer	

Please explain your answer:_2	There are certainly some improvements in the field of energy efficiency in Europe made thanks to the EED. On the other hand, questions remain if the EED addresses the main barriers and if the efficiency gains are always performed in the most efficient way. Limits of the delivery of the EED objectives were the delayed implementation of the obligations by the Member states. Also: - measures often consist of some financial support without tackling other market barriers - measures often accompanied with heavy bureaucracy, lengthy administration and complicated rules - measures are often not efficient, so the society do not get all the potential benefits from the public support (lack of market principles)
1.2.A Which factors helped the most to achieve the objectives of the EED? (multiple options are possible)	Binding nature of the measures of the EED (e.g. Article 5 on exemplary role for public buildings and Article 7 on energy savings obligation, etc.) Significant flexibility left to Member States how to achieve various obligations under the EED
If you selected 'other', please explain your answer here: 1.2.B Which factors contributed the most to the failure to fully achieve the objectives of the EED? (multiple options are possible) If you selected 'other', please explain your answer here:_3 1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes (achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in 2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): 1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes (achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in 2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent2 1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes (achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in 2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent3	2

1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	1
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	1
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent4 1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	4
· ·	4
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent5	No opinion
1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	No opinion
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent6	
1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	1
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent7	
1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	2
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent8	
1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	1
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent9	
1.3 To what extent could the below mentioned positive effects and outcomes	2
(achieved to date) be associated with the EED since its entry into force in	
2012? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a	
very large extent10	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	4
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED led to higher administrative burden	
besi	

1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated with the EED?	No opinion
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED led to disproportionately higher costs	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	No opinion
with the EED? (use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Enterprises have lost substantial revenues	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	4
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED led to flawed investment decisions	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	2
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED further complicated existing rules	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	2
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Guidance on implementation of the EED from national	
authorities to	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	4
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED put strain on already limited national	
a	
1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	3
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): Obligations under the EED led to too diverging implementation	
acro	

1.4 To what extent could the below mentioned negative effects be associated	3
with the EED?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very	
large extent): The benefits of the EED were unequally distributed among the	
popul	
Please explain what administrative burden you perceive:	
1.5 Which measures stemming from the EED have been the most successful in	
your country in terms of energy savings and other benefits? (multiple options	energy efficiency
possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain your answer here:_4	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	4
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Buildings	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	3
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Heating and cooling	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	3
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Industry	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	1
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Information and	
communication technologies (ICT)	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	1
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Transport	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	1
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Agriculture	
1.6 To what extent has the EED stimulated energy efficiency efforts in the	2
following sectors?	
(1 = to a very little extent and 5 = to a very large extent): Services (i.e.	
commercial and public)	

1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Lack of clear information am	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	3
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Split incentives (different	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Administrative burden associ	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	2
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Regulatory barriers preventi	
	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Lack of awareness among inve	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	3
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): High transaction costs to fi	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	3
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Limited access to capital fo	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	3
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Lack of available skills to	

1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Low profitability and return	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Complexity or hassle associa	
1.7 To what extent do the following factors represent barriers impeding the	4
energy efficiency improvements across different sectors?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 5, where 1 = to a little extent and 5 = to a very large	
extent): Lack of fiscal measures and	
Please explain your answer (optional):	
1.8 To what extent were the costs associated with the implementation of the	No opinion
EED proportionate to the achieved energy savings and other benefits?	
(please rate 1 to 5, where 1 - disproportionate, 5 - proportionate): Please	
select your answer	
Please explain, provide further data and information on the costs and benefits	
associated with the implementation of the EED and specific EED articles.	
1.9 Are there any parts / specific provisions of the EED that are obsolete or	Yes
have proven inappropriate?	
Please explain your answer:_5	- Mandatory and uniform obligations under the Article 7 which do not
	respect natural conditions, macroeconomic situation, availability and
	costs of decarbonization alternatives and progress already achieved by
	different Member States.
	- PEF of electricity which presents rather a barrier to further
	electrification of the European economy
1.10 In your view, does the EED have positive synergies with the Effort Sharing	No
Regulation and the Emission Trading System? If yes, what are those?	
Please explain your answer:_6	Paralel climate policies have to be avoided, i.e. avoid overlaps among
	ETS and EED (and ETS and REDII)
1.11 In your view, does the EED have positive synergies with the Renewable	No
Energy Directive? If yes, what are those?	

1.12 In your view, does the EED have positive synergies with the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive? If yes, what are those? Please explain your answer:_8 1.13 To what extent has the EED contributed to an optimisation of the overall energy system (higher system efficiency)?	The directives are to a large extent independent. They do not always allow to use the most efficient decarbonisation path (for example, it can be sometimes cheaper to generate emission-free RES electricity than realizing an energy efficiency measure). Yes Objectives of both these regulations are the same. Only to a little extent, as even the motto "energy efficiency first" does not take into account the possibility that other tools/measures can reach the same objective (decarbonisation) in a cheaper way. There are sometimes negative overlaps with other climate policies (EU ETS).
1.14 What are the main lessons learned from the implementation of the EED?	Paralel climate policies have to be avoided, i.e. avoid overlaps among
1.15 What is missing in the EED?	ETS and EED (and ETS and REDII) Paralel climate policies have to be avoided, i.e. avoid overlaps among ETS and EED (and ETS and REDII)
Ruler_9 2.1 Do you agree that energy efficiency should play a key role in delivering a	Disagree
higher climate ambition (of at least 55% net) for 2030 and in view of achieving	Disagree
the EU's carbon neutrality by 2050? Please explain your answer:_10	The role of the energy efficiency should be defined by its
2.2 Given the suggested increase in energy efficiency efforts by 2030, which	competitiveness vis-a-vis other decarbonisation options. The EU should provide additional technical support to Member States
instruments of general nature should be considered to achieve the higher energy efficiency ambition? (multiple options possible)	Stronger focus on fiscal measures and incentives including through carbon pricing. Stronger focus on awareness raising of energy
	efficiency and behavioural change
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_11 2.3 Do you agree that the EED should be strengthened by introducing new	No
measures and stricter requirements in the context of a higher energy efficiency ambition for 2030?	
Please explain your answer:_12	Additional energy efficiency gains should be primarily driven by market principles (e.g. carbon pricing) instead of inflexibly and mandatory
2.4 Could the EED be simplified while preserving its objectives and if so, how?	regulation. N/A

2.5 With the suggested increase in ambition for energy efficiency for 2030,	Indicative
what should the nature of the EU targets be?	
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_13	
2.6 With the suggested increase in ambition for energy efficiency for 2030,	Indicative national targets (to contribute to EU energy efficiency target
what should the nature of the national targets be?	for 2030)
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_14	
2.7 In which sectors would additional energy efficiency efforts be most needed	Other (please specify)
to achieve a higher energy efficiency ambition for 2030? (multiple options	
possible)	
Please explain your answer:_15	It depends on the cost/benefit ratio together with the energy savings
	potential in each sector.
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	3
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Strengthening the renovation obligations for public buildings	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	3
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Strengthening energy efficiency requirements for public procurement	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	3
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Requiring that local authorities (above a certain size) develop an	
energy efficiency action	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	1
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Requiring that large enterprises implement certain energy efficiency	
improvements identified	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	3
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Requiring that small and medium-sized enterprises are offered free	
energy audits	

2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	5
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Extending the requirement on frequent consumption information from	
electricity and thermal e	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	1
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Establishing sector specific goals or measures addressing sectors for	
which the energy effic	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	3
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Strengthening the requirements for efficiency in energy	
transformation, transmission and dis	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	4
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Strengthening the requirements for using energy performance	
contracting in renovation of pub	
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher	6
ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Introducing or extending fiscal measures and incentives, including	
carbon pricing and energy	6
2.8 Should the following measures be considered to achieve a higher ambition?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Other (please specify)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:	Imposing RES surplus payments to all energy carriers, not only on the
if you selected other, picase explain here.	electricity.
	ciccultury.

Please explain your answer:_16	Public authorities should promote market principles (carbon pricing) and easy access to the information (more frequent information to households, energy audits to firms). Public procurement of energy efficiency measures (where it makes economic sense) will help increase the size and maturity of the corresponding market. On the other hand, public authorities shouldn't try to plan detailed contributions of specific sectors as this risks to be inefficient.
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation objectives?	1
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly agree): Member States	
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation objectives?	4
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Fossil fuels i 2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation objectives?	3
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Fossil fuel he 2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation objectives?	2
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Member Stat11 2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation objectives?	2
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly agree): Allow public s	

2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be	4
considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation	
objectives?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): The recovery o	
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be	2
considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation	
objectives?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Specific requi	
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be	2
considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation	
objectives?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Requiring dist	
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be	No opinion
considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation	
objectives?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Member Stat12	
2.9 Should the following measures in the heating and cooling policy area be	6
considered in order to achieve more effectively the decarbonisation	
objectives?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Other (please	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_17	Introduce carbon pricing also for fossil fuels usually used in individual
	households' heating.
	Imposing RES surplus payments to all energy carriers, not only on the
	electricity.
Please explain your answer:_18	Fossil fuels both in district heating systems and in households will have
	to be eventually phased out, but this should happen as a consequence
	of a carbon pricing system. Also when talking about fossil fuels, we
	have to distinguish between high emission-intesive fuels (coal) and low
	carbon intensive (gas) ones.

2.10 Can the following principles ensure overall consistency of energy	1
efficiency and renewable energy as key policies for decarbonisation?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Having distinct energy efficie	
2.10 Can the following principles ensure overall consistency of energy	4
efficiency and renewable energy as key policies for decarbonisation?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Member States' progress toward	
2.10 Can the following principles ensure overall consistency of energy	2
efficiency and renewable energy as key policies for decarbonisation?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Member States need to progress	
2.10 Can the following principles ensure overall consistency of energy	6
efficiency and renewable energy as key policies for decarbonisation?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Non-binding nature of national	
2.10 Can the following principles ensure overall consistency of energy	2
efficiency and renewable energy as key policies for decarbonisation?	
(use a rating scale of 1 to 6, where 1 = strongly disagree and 6 = strongly	
agree): Energy efficiency policies and	
2.11 How could synergies between the EED and the Renewables Energy	RES surcharges should be distributed to all energy carriers, not just the
Directive be strengthened in the future?	electricity.
	If mandatory volumes of energy efficiency measures are maintained,
	then possibility to count RES installations on or in building as an
	efficiency measure would also be a good synergy.
2.12 How could synergies between the EED and the Energy Performance of	Primary Energy Factor should be calculated from the future energy mix,

not the existing one. The buildings will be here for decades. Moreover,

the current way of PEF calculation prefers fossil fuels to nuclear emission-free electricity, what is completely wrong and should be

changed

Buildings Directive be strengthened in the future?

2.13 How could synergies between the EED and the Emission Trading System (ETS) be strengthened in the future, especially in the context of a possible	Strong EU ETS with a reasonable EUA price will provide an important incentive also for energy savings.
extension of the ETS?	Extending EU ETS to other sectors (buildings, transport) would bring this market principle also to these sectors with a high energy savings
2.14 How could synergies between the EED and the Effort Sharing Regulation	potential. If the ESR sectors are not included in the EU ETS, they should be subject
be strengthened in the future?	to another form of carbon pricing, which should again have a potential to further incentivise energy efficiency.
	Specifically in the transport sector, electrification when using RES
	electricity would have benefits also in terms of energy efficiency.
2.15 How could EU citizens - and especially young people - be more engaged	- Provide a sufficient pricing signal for all consumers
and contribute to achieving a higher ambition of energy efficiency?	- promote the spread of information
2.16 The "Francy Efficiency First" principle is established in anary logislation	- offer a qualified consultancy and technical assistance services
2.16 The "Energy Efficiency First" principle is established in energy legislation to contribute to a higher energy efficiency ambition. Which measures in your	None
view could be implemented to ensure the principle is consistently applied?	
(multiple options pos	
Please elaborate on your answer:	In principle, the "Energy Efficiency First" principle is misleading as it
	does not allow for a cost-effective competition with other
	decarbonisation options.
2.17 Is there a need to develop a common methodology on the application of	No, the energy networks in the EU are too diverse to be covered by a
the "Energy Efficiency First" principle in energy networks investment	common methodology (principle of subsidiarity)
programmes and operation practices?	
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_19 Ruler 20	
Do you want to continue with part II on the technical aspects of different	Yes
articles?	
Ruler_21	
About you - What is your field of expertise?	Energy policy Energy efficiency Energy performance of buildings Heating and cooling Other (please specify)
If you selected 'other', please specify here:_22	CEZ is an integrated energy utility covering the whole energy value
	chain including energy services
Ruler_23	

3.1 How do you assess the level of ambition of the existing EU energy	Too high
efficiency targets?	
(too high - adequate level - too low): For 2020 targets	
3.1 How do you assess the level of ambition of the existing EU energy	Too high
efficiency targets?	
(too high - adequate level - too low): For 2030 targets	
3.2 Could you please give your opinion on the current aspects of the Union's	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): The nature of	
the target is not specified (whether it is binding or indicativ	
3.2 Could you please give your opinion on the current aspects of the Union's	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Indicators used	
for defining the target: primary or final energy consumption	
3.2 Could you please give your opinion on the current aspects of the Union's	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Same level of	
ambition for both primary and final energy consumption	
3.2 Could you please give your opinion on the current aspects of the Union's	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Definition of	
the baseline (2007 Reference Scenario projections for 2020)	
3.2 Could you please give your opinion on the current aspects of the Union's	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Clarity of the	
target	
Please explain your answer here (optional):	
3.3 Could you please give your opinion on the following aspects of the national	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Approaches for	
setting national targets are not prescribed - Member State	
3.3 Could you please give your opinion on the following aspects of the national	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Indicative	
nature of national targets (no sanctions for non-compliance)	

3.3 Could you please give your opinion on the following aspects of the nationa	Difficult to say
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): No reference	
values/formula at EU level for assessing the level of nation	Annyanyiata
3.3 Could you please give your opinion on the following aspects of the national	Appropriate
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): No need to set intermediate milestones/ trajectory to targets	
3.3 Could you please give your opinion on the following aspects of the nationa	Annropriato
energy efficiency targets for 2020?	Арргорпасе
(Appropriate – Not appropriate – Difficult to say/ No opinion): Possibility to	
revise the national targets	
Please explain your answer here (optional): _24	
3.4 Has the EED provided the right monitoring and enforcement mechanisms	No opinion
to achieve national energy efficiency targets?	- Spinon
Please explain your answer: _25	Monitoring: national progress is easy to monitor as Eurostat provides
·	data on both primary and final energy consumption
	Enforcement: National targets are indicative so it is difficult to enforce
	them
Ruler_26	
3.5 Has the EED made central government buildings in your country more	No opinion
energy efficient?	
Please explain your answer:_27	Some of them yes.
3.6 What are the main factors limiting central government in effective and	
efficient renovation of its buildings (multiple options possible)?	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_28	
3.7 How do you assess the current 3% annual goal on renovation of central	The 3% goal is too high
government's buildings in line with Article 5?	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_29	
3.8 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	
Article 5 be made more effective? (multiple options possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_30	
Ruler_31	

3.9 Has the requirement for central governments to purchase only products,	No opinion
services and buildings with high energy-efficiency performance helped to	
develop a market for energy efficiency products and services in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_32	
3.9.A Which are the main factors limiting the effectiveness of the rules on	
purchasing by public bodies under Article 6? (multiple options possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_33	
3.10 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	
Article 6 be made more effective? (multiple options possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_34	
Ruler_35	
3.11 Taking into consideration the required higher energy efficiency efforts for	Too high
2030, how do you assess the current level of ambition of Article 7(1) on energy	
savings obligation?	
(too high - adequate level - too low): Please select your answer	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	No opinion
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Increase the	
ambition level of energy savi	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Strengthen the	
additionality criteria for	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Make the EEOS a	
mandatory instrument in al	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Require Member	
States to set a certain lev	

3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Require Member	
States to set a certain 13	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Strengthen the	
monitoring and verification	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Require Member	
States to target specific s	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	1
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Set mandatory	
requirements to implement a	
3.12 What elements of Article 7 should be addressed to ensure the higher	6
level of energy efficiency for 2030 (ranking the measures by using the scale 1-	
6, 1 – not important and 6 – very important; or No opinion): Other (please	
specify)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_36	As energy efficiency targets are indicative in general, obligatory energy
	savings measures are not consistent with this approach (sometimes
	this obligation can be even higher than the overall energy efficiency
	target).
	If the provisions in the Art. 7 are maintained, then a uniform level of
	these savings does not fit all Member states. There should be a
	mechanism similar to the Effort Sharing which would give each
	Member state its specific target (dependent also on the economic
	performance).
Ruler_37	V
3.13 Current rules oblige enterprises that are not small or medium-sized to	Yes
carry out every four years an energy audit to learn about their energy	
consumption profile and identify energy saving opportunities. Should these	
rules be changed?	

Please explain your answer:_38	These audits should be promoted (and even subsidised for all interested enterprises, and should not be mandatory. Regarding 3.13.A
	In our opinion energy audits should not be mandatory. Thus, we
	indicate "no opinion" as the question refers only to mandatory audits
	and our answer might be disinterpreted.
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: depend on energy consumption and not	
size or ownership	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: depend only on size of the enterprise	
but not on who owns it	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: depend both on energy consumption	
and on size	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: be made more frequently than every	
four years	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: be accompanied by an obligation for	
enterprises to implement certain measures identified in energy audits	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: be accompanied by a requirement to	
disclose non-sensitive information from energy audits	
3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: include recommendations for utilising	
renewable energy	

3.13.A Would the following option address the shortcomings you have	No opinion
observed	
(select one answer for every option)?: Include recommendations on resource	
efficiency	
Ruler_39	
3.14 To what extent has the EED contributed to final customers being	I do not know
informed of actual gas consumption and costs properly and frequently enough	
to understand what drives their consumption and make informed choices	
about possible energy saving measures?	
Please explain your answer:_40	
Ruler_41	
3.15 Have the requirements under Article 14 increased energy efficiency in the	No opinion
heating and cooling sector in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_42	
3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): It increased	
energy efficiency of energy supply	
3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): It increased	
energy efficiency of heating and cooling	
3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): High-efficiency	
cogeneration was more often deployed	
3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): Efficient district	
heating and cooling was more often	
3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): Increased reuse	
of waste heat from industry	

3.16 What was the impact in your country of the requirement to carry out a	No opinion
cost-benefit analysis under Article 14(5) in the following areas	
(please rank: Very high – High – moderate – Low – Very low): It increased	
reuse of waste heat from services (inclu	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating scal	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s14	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s15	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s16	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s17 3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	•
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s18	
(ase a rading see	

3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	1
implemented	
(use a rating s19	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented (use a rating s20	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s21	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s22	
3.17 Given that additional energy efficiency efforts are needed, how could	1
Article 14 and related Annexes and definitions (Article 2) be made more	
effective? To what extent do you agree that the following measures should be	
implemented	
(use a rating s23 If you selected 'other', please explain here: _43	The subtargets make the system less efficient and generate extra costs
if you selected other, picase explain here45	The subtargets make the system less emelent and generate extra costs
3.18 Which of the following measures would be important to increase energy	Important to some extent
efficiency of data centres? (select one answer for each option): large data	
centres are encouraged to be located where their waste heat can be used	
3.18 Which of the following measures would be important to increase energy	Important to some extent
efficiency of data centres? (select one answer for each option): the potential	
for waste heat reuse is assessed when new data centres apply for planning	
permissions	

3.18 Which of the following measures would be important to increase energy	Not important
efficiency of data centres? (select one answer for each option): existing	
provisions to exploit industrial waste heat potential are strengthened	
Please explain your answer (optional):_44	
Ruler_45	
3.19 Do electricity and gas networks (transmission and distribution) operate in	I don't know
the most energy efficient way in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_46	
3.20 Which are the main factors limiting energy efficiency improvements of	
the networks in your country? (multiple options possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_47	
Ruler_48	
3.21 Are you aware of the certification schemes, accreditation schemes and	No opinion
equivalent qualification schemes for providers of energy services, energy	
audits, energy managers and installers available in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_49	
3.21.A What are the benefits of having the certification and/or accreditation	
schemes in your country? (multiple options possible)	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_50	
3.22 How you would assess the effectiveness of the existing certification	I do not know/ no opinion
and/or accreditation schemes in your country?: Please select your answer	
Please explain your answer:_51	
3.23 In your view, has the EED (Article 16) contributed to setting up the	No opinion
certification and/or accreditation schemes and/or equivalent qualification	
schemes, including training programmes?	
Please explain your answer:_52	
Ruler_53	
3.24 Have the requirements under Article 18 contributed to the development	No opinion
of energy services market in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_54	
3.24.A Which were the most important factors that contributed to the	
development of the energy services market in your country?	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_55	

3.25 What possible elements should be considered as part of the EED revision	
to improve the functioning of energy services and energy performance	
contracting?	
If you selected 'other', please explain here:_56	
Ruler_57	
3.26 How do you perceive the existence of regulatory, legal or administrative	Somewhat significant
barriers to energy efficiency in the following areas:: Split incentives between	
the owner and the tenant(s) of a building	
3.26 How do you perceive the existence of regulatory, legal or administrative	Somewhat significant
barriers to energy efficiency in the following areas:: Split incentives between	
owners in multi-owner properties	
3.26 How do you perceive the existence of regulatory, legal or administrative	No opinion
barriers to energy efficiency in the following areas:: Investments in energy	
efficiency by individual public bodies prevented due to national or regional	
rules on public purchas	
Please explain your answer:_58	
Ruler_59	
3.27 Has Article 20 facilitated access to finance for energy efficiency projects	No opinion
in your country?	
Please explain your answer:_60	
3.28 What was the impact of Article 20 in your country in the following areas?:	No opinion/ difficult to assess
Setting up an Energy Efficiency National Fund or a similar national financial	
support scheme for energy efficiency in households	
3.28 What was the impact of Article 20 in your country in the following areas?:	No opinion/ difficult to assess
Setting up specific financing facilities for increasing energy efficiency in	
different sectors	No opinion / difficult to page
3.28 What was the impact of Article 20 in your country in the following areas?:	No opinion/ difficult to assess
Setting up specific technical support schemes for increasing energy efficiency	
in different sectors	No opinion / difficult to access
3.28 What was the impact of Article 20 in your country in the following areas?:	NO Opinion/ unricuit to assess
Dissemination of best practice in the field of financing energy efficiency	

3.28 What was the impact of Article 20 in your country in the following areas?: No opinion/ difficult to assess Using revenues from annual emission allocations under Decision No 406/2009/EC for the development of innovative financing mechanisms for improving the energy performance of bu Ruler_61 3.29 Should Annex IV on "Energy content of selected fuels for end use" be Yes revised? If so, how? Please explain your answer: 62 Primary Energy Factor should be updated so that it takes into account the future energy generation mix instead of the past one. Also, the PEF methodology for the nuclear should be modified so that it is consistent with other emission-free sources (non-combustion renewables). 3.30 In your view, how could the default Primary Energy Factor (the coefficient Lower PEF for electricity would facilitate the electrification of the referred to in footnote (3) of Annex IV) facilitate decarbonisation? economy and - assuming the increasing share of emission-free generation - enable its further decarbonisation.