Stock Price Prediction Using LSTM

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1 Introduction

Stock price prediction is a challenging task due to the dynamic nature of financial markets. In this project, we develop a Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) model using TensorFlow to predict stock prices based on historical data.

2 Dataset Description

The dataset contains historical stock price data with columns including:

• Date: The date of the stock record

• Open Price: Stock's opening price

• **High Price**: Highest price of the day

• Low Price: Lowest price of the day

• Close Price: Stock's closing price

• Volume: Number of shares traded

Before training the model, we handled missing values and normalized the dataset to improve model performance.

3 Data Preprocessing

To prepare the dataset:

- Missing Data Handling:
 - Used forward fill (ffill) and backward fill (bfill) to fill NaN values.
 - Used interpolation (mean of previous and next rows) to handle remaining NaNs.
- Feature Scaling:

- Applied MinMaxScaler to normalize stock prices between 0 and 1.

• Data Reshaping:

- Converted the dataset into a time series format suitable for LSTM.

4 Model Architecture

We implemented an LSTM model using TensorFlow with the following structure:

- Input Layer: LSTM layers to capture time-dependent patterns
- LSTM Layers: Two stacked LSTM layers with 50 units each
- Dense Layer: Fully connected layer to output stock price predictions
- Activation Function: ReLU for hidden layers, Linear for output
- Loss Function: Mean Squared Error (MSE)
- Optimizer: Adam with gradient clipping

5 Training Evaluation

- Train-Test Split: 80% training, 20% testing.
- Training:
 - 50 epochs with a batch size of 32.
 - Early stopping to prevent overfitting.
- Evaluation Metrics:
 - Mean Squared Error (MSE)
 - Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)

6 Results

Future Improvements

- The model successfully learned stock price patterns, but performance varied depending on market volatility.
- Future Improvements:
 - Use additional technical indicators (e.g., Moving Averages, RSI, MACD).
 - Train on a larger dataset for better generalization.
 - Experiment with hybrid models (CNN + LSTM) for feature extraction.

7 Model Data Saving

- Saved Model: model.save("lstm_stock_model.keras")
- Saved Scaler: joblib.dump(scaler, "scaler.pkl")
- Load Model: model = load_model("lstm_stock_model.keras")

This project demonstrates the feasibility of LSTM models in stock price prediction, providing insights for financial forecasting and investment strategies.