

Powers of Governor-General.	101. The Governor-General[3] may, when a recommendation of the Government Agent or a decision of the Minister[1] is submitted to him for confirmation, order the cancellation of the grant or make such other order as he may consider just. Any order made by the Governor-General[3] under this section shall be final and conclusive for all purposes.
Order of cancellation to be registered. Effect of such registration.	102. Every order made by the Governor-General[3] for the cancellation of a grant shall be registered, and, upon such registration, the grant shall be deemed to be cancelled with effect from the date of the Governor-General's [8] order and the holding shall revert to and become the exclusive and absolute property of the Crown, free from all encumbrances.
Exclusion of claims in court for compensation.	103. No claim against the Crown for compensation of any kind whatever by any person shall be entertained by any court in any case where the grant of a holding has been cancelled ; but nothing in this section contained shall preclude the free grant of compensation in such cases.
Powers of the Governor-General in the case of failure of succession to a holding.	104. The Governor-General[3] may make order cancelling the grant of a holding if he is satisfied that there has been a failure of succession thereto either because there is no person lawfully entitled to succeed or because no person so entitled is willing to succeed.
Delay or acceptance of annual payment not to be considered as condonation of breach of condition of ownership.	105. Delay in the issue of a notice under section 88, or the acceptance from the owner of any annual payment after a breach by him of any of the conditions of his grant shall, under no circumstances, be regarded or construed as condonation of any breach of the conditions of ownership.
Notice to permit-holder where there has been a breach of the conditions of permit.	106. If it appears to the Government Agent that a permit-holder has failed to observe a condition of his permit, the Government Agent may issue a notice in the prescribed form intimating to such permit-holder that his permit will be cancelled unless sufficient cause to the contrary is shown to the Government Agent on a date and at a time and place specified in such notice.
Period allowed for showing cause.	107. The date specified in a notice issued under section 106 shall not be less than thirty days from the date of the issue of such notice on the permit-holder.
Notice to be posted on land and served on interested parties.	108. <p>(1) A copy of every notice issued under section 106 shall be served on the permit-holder and a copy shall also be affixed in a conspicuous position on the land affected by such notice. The Government Agent may also cause a copy of such notice to be served on any person who, in his opinion, is interested in the land or may be affected by a cancellation of the permit.</p> <p>(2) If a permit-holder who has to be served under subsection (1) with a notice issued under section 106 cannot by the exercise of due diligence be found, the notice shall be deemed to be duly served on that permit-holder if a copy thereof is left with some adult member of his family or with his servant residing with him ; and, if there is no member of the family or servant of that permit-holder on whom the notice can be so served by way of substitution for personal service, the notice shall be deemed to be duly served on that permit-holder if a copy thereof is affixed to some conspicuous part of the house or homestead in which he ordinarily resides.</p>
Order cancelling permit if permit-holder fails to appear.	109. <p>(1) If the permit-holder fails to appear on the date and at the time and place specified in a notice issued under section 106, or appears and states that he has no cause to show why his permit should not be cancelled, the Government Agent may, if he is satisfied that there has been due service of such notice and that there has been a breach of any of the conditions of the permit, make order cancelling such permit but no such order shall be made until after the expiry of a period of fourteen days reckoned from the date specified in the notice issued under section 106.</p> <p>(2) If, within a period of fourteen days reckoned from the date specified in the notice issued under section 106, the permit-holder satisfies the Government Agent that he has cause to show why his permit should not be cancelled and that he was prevented by accident, illness, misfortune or other unavoidable cause from appearing on the date and at the time and place specified in such notice, the Government Agent shall appoint another date, time and place for the purpose of enabling the permit-holder to show cause why his permit should not be cancelled.</p>