

party in occupation to vacate holding.	notice on any person in possession or occupation of the holding calling upon such person forthwith to vacate the holding.
Report to a Magistrate if person served with notice refuses to vacate holding.	120. If any person on whom a notice has been issued under section 119 fails forthwith to vacate the holding and deliver over possession thereof in terms of the notice so issued and served upon him, the Government Agent, or some other person deputed by him for the purpose, may present to the Magistrate a written report stating the fact that the grant relating to such holding has been duly cancelled and that the person named in such report is in unlawful possession or occupation of such holding and has failed to vacate such holding though served with a notice issued under section 119.
Summons to issue.	121. Upon receipt of a written report presented to him under section 120, the Magistrate shall forthwith issue a summons to the person named in such report to appear and show cause on a specified date why he should not be ejected from the holding.
Order of ejectment where no cause is shown.	122. If on the date specified in a summons issued under section 121, the person to whom such summons was issued fails to appear, or appears and informs the court that he has no cause to show against an order of ejectment, the court shall forthwith issue an order directing such person to be ejected from the holding.
Inquiry if cause is shown.	123. If the person to whom summons has been issued under section 121 appears on the date specified in such summons and states that he has cause to show against the issue of an order of ejectment, the Magistrate may proceed forthwith to hear and determine the matter or may set the case down for inquiry on some future date.
Scope of inquiry.	124. At such inquiry it shall not be open to the person whose grant has been cancelled or any other person claiming title to the holding through or under the person whose grant has been cancelled to assert or prove- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that the holding does not belong to the Crown ; (b) that the order of cancellation of the grant should not have been made.
Order of ejectment.	125. If, after due inquiry, the Magistrate is not satisfied that the person showing cause is entitled to the possession or occupation of the holding, he shall make order directing such person forthwith to be ejected from the holding.
Appeal to Supreme Court.	126. Any person aggrieved by an order made against him by the Magistrate under section 125 may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court; and the provisions of Chapter XXX of the Criminal Procedure Code shall apply accordingly as though the appeal were preferred against a final order of a Magistrate in respect of which an appeal lies to the Supreme Court under that Chapter of that Code.
Execution of order of ejectment.	127. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) If no appeal has been preferred against an order of ejectment made by a Magistrate under section 125 within the time allowed for such an appeal, or, if an appeal has been preferred after the final decision of the Supreme Court affirming the order of ejectment shall have been duly certified to the Magistrate's Court, the Magistrate shall, on the application of the Government Agent, direct the Fiscal or a peace officer to eject from the holding any person bound by the order of ejectment and to deliver possession of the holding to the Government Agent or to his representative. (2) The Fiscal or the peace officer entrusted with the execution of the order of ejectment shall comply with the directions of the Magistrate and make due return of the manner in which he executes the order. (3) In executing an order of ejectment, the Fiscal or the peace officer or any officer authorized by either of them may use such force as may be necessary to enter the holding, to eject any person bound by the order of ejectment and to deliver possession of the holding to the Government Agent or to his representative.
Ejectment from land alienated on permit.	128. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply, mutatis mutandis, in a case where any person is in unlawful or unauthorized possession or occupation of Crown land after the cancellation of the permit whereby such land was alienated.

CHAPTER X

RECOVERY OF ANNUAL PAYMENTS AND MONEYS DUE TO THE CROWN

Payment of moneys due to the Crown.	129. Any annual or other payment of any money due to the Crown by an owner or by a permit-holder in respect of any land alienated under this Ordinance may be made at the district kachcheri to the Government Agent or to an officer authorized by the Government Agent to receive such payments and to issue receipts therefor.
Remission, reduction and	130.