

Where do we want to go: biological reference points in FLR

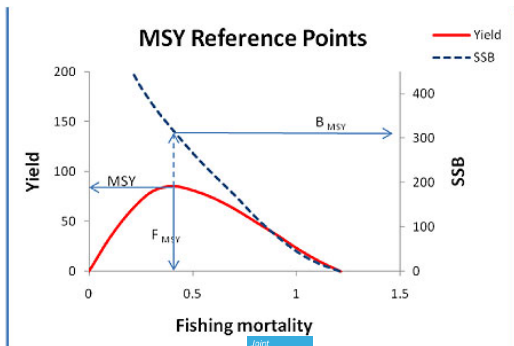


FISHREG
Maritime Affairs Unit - IPSC
European Commission
Joint Research Center

Biological Reference Points

Management requires targets and limits:

- Where to go
- When to stop



YPR and SPR

In general, reference points from yield-per-recruit (YPR) and spawning-stock-biomass-per-recruit (SPR) analyses are easy to calculate because relatively few data are required; in particular, it is not necessary to obtain stock-recruitment data.

For this reason, YPR and SPR reference points are often used as proxies for other reference points that do require stock and recruitment data

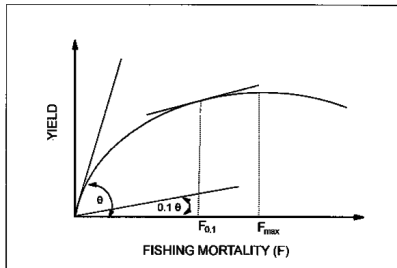
Common Target Reference Points

F_{\max}

- Consider the long-term yield per recruit, Y/R , as a function of F , for a certain exploitation pattern.
- F_{\max} is the point of the curve, Y/R against F , where Y/R is maximum. If Y/R is flat topped F_{\max} can't be estimated. F_{\max} only indicates the value of F which gives the maximum possible yield per recruit from a cohort during its life, for a given exploitation pattern

F0.1

- F0.1 is the fishing mortality rate at which the slope of the yield per recruit curve as a function of fishing mortality is 10% of its value at the origin
- F0.1 can be calculated even when the curve is asymptotical or flat-top.

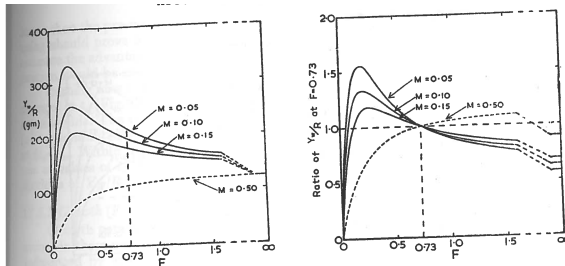


Fmsy

- Fmsy is defined as being the value of F which produces the maximum yield in the long-term. It is necessary to select an S-R relation to estimate FMSY. This point is different from F_{max} , if no S-R will be equal to F_{max} . The EU CFP mandates stocks to be at the level of Fmsy

YPR sensitivity to change in M

Levels of M in the stock change significantly the YPR curve.



source(Beverton & Holt 1957)

YPR sensitivity to change in max age

Maximum age of fish in the stock affects YPR curve in the peak.

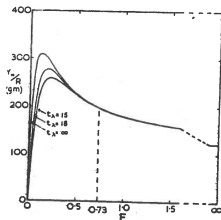


FIG. 17.20 PLAICE: EFFECT OF DIFFERENT VALUES OF MAXIMUM AGE ON YIELD-FISHING MORTALITY CURVES

[Yield per recruit, Y_w/R , as a function of F with $t_0' = 3.72$ yrs. taking $t_A = 15, 18$ and ∞ yrs. respectively.]

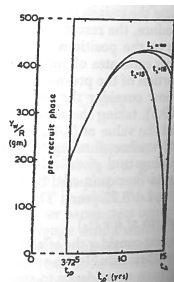


FIG. 17.21 PLAICE: EFFECT OF DIFFERENT VALUES OF MAXIMUM AGE ON YIELD-MESH CURVES

[Yield per recruit, Y_w/R , as a function of $F = 0.73$, taking $t_A = 15, 18$ and ∞ yrs. respectively.]

source(Beverton & Holt 1957)

FLBRP

- From stock assessment results and SR model fit
- let's see how it works in FLR \Rightarrow FLBRP