# Machine Learning (PG)

Monsoon 2020

TOTAL MARKS: 200 | ASSIGNMENT 2 | DUE DATE: 13 OCT, 2020

**Instructions:**

(1) The assignment is to be attempted individually.
(2) You can use only Python as the programming language.
(3) You are free to use math libraries like Numpy, Pandas; and use Matplotlib, Seaborn library for plotting.
(4) Usage instructions regarding the other libraries is provided in the questions. Do not use any ML module that is not allowed.
(5) Create a '.pdf' report that contains your approach, pre-processing, assumptions etc. Add all the analysis related to the question in the written format in the report, anything not in the report will not be marked. Use plots whereever required.
(6) Implement code that is modular in nature. Only python (*.py) files should be submitted.
(7) Submit code, readme and analysis files in ZIP format with naming convention '**A2_rollno_name.zip**.' This nomenclature has to be followed strictly.
(8) You should be able to replicate your results during the demo, failing which will fetch zero marks.
(9) There will be no deadline extension under any circumstances. According to course policies, no late submissions will be considered. So, start early.

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**Important Instructions (applicable to all the questions)**

- All the experiments are to be done with 5-fold splits with one fold used as a validation set and remaining four folds as the training sets at a particular instance. In this way, you will have a total of five models. You have to implement a generic function that can split the dataset in $n-$folds. You **can not** use any inbuilt function for this.
- Save your models using 'joblib'. During demo, you *must* be able to load your saved models and replicate the reported results.

(1) For this question you have to use **'regression_data'** attached with the assignment. The dataset consists of nine columns, and the last column represents the target variable. The remaining columns denote the features.
   (a) A file named 'Regression.py' containing a 'Regression' class is attached with the assignment. You need to fill the suitable code in this class. In this class you can use **'.fit()'** of 'LinearRegression' from the sklearn. However, you have to write **'.predict()'** from scratch using the outcomes of **'.fit()'**.
   (b) Use the 'Regression' class to prepare a table containing training and validation mean square (MSE) error for each fold. Also, report the mean training and validation MSE. Implement your own MSE function. Also, compare the output of your function with MSE from the sklearn. **20 Points**
   (c) Now, instead of using the 'Regression' class, use **normal equations**[1] to make the predictions, and repeat the table in part (b) above. **20 Points**
   (d) Finally, use the 'LinearRegression' from the sklearn to make the predictions, and prepare a similar table as in (a) and (b). Is there any deviation between the performance of the three approaches? If yes, why? **10 Points**

[1] Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer, Christopher M. Bishop, page 142.

(2) For this question you have to use **'dataset_1.mat'** attached with the assignment.
   (a) Visualize the dataset in the form of a scatter plot. **5 Points**
   (b) A file with the name 'LogRegression.py' containing a 'LogRegression' class is attached with the assignment. You have to write this class from the scratch without using sklearn.
   (c) Using 'LogRegression' class, report the performance over 5-folds in terms of accuracy. Prepare a table similar to question (1) above. Also, plot the training curves with each fold as the validation set. For each fold there should be two plots, one for accuracy, and other for loss. Each plot should contain two curves, one representing training statistics, and other validation statistics. **30 Points**
   (d) Modify the 'LogRegression' class to include the $l_2$ regularization. Perform a grid search over the regularization constant ($\lambda$) to obtain its optimal value. With the optimal value of $\lambda$, repeat the tables and curves of part (c) above. Explain any difference in the performance. **30 Points**
   (e) Now, use the logistic regression from the sklearn to obtain the performance over the 5-folds in (c) and (d). Is the performance similar to (c) and (d)? **10 Points**

(3) For this question you have to use **'dataset_2.mat'** attached with the assignment.
   (a) Visualize the dataset in the form of a scatter plot. **5 Points**
   (b) Logistic Regression is a binary classifier, i.e. it can be used to classify the datasets into two classes. However, it can be extended to multi class problem using **One-vs-one (OVO) and One-vs-Rest (OVR)**[2] approaches. Extend the 'LogRegression' class in part 2 (d) to include the *One-vs-One (OVO)* approach. Prepare a performance table similar to question (2) above. Apart from this, prepare a table containing class-wise accuracy for each fold. Apart from provided reference for OVO and OVR, you can search for the other different sources also. **30 Points**
   (c) Further extend 'LogRegression' class in (b) above to include the *One-vs-Rest (OVR)* approach. Repeat the results of part (b) above. **30 Points**
   By now, you must have a generic 'LogRegression' capable of handling $l_2$ *regularization*, *OVO*, and *OVR* for any number of classes (and not just the class numbers' in the question).
   (d) Finally, use logistic regression from the sklearn to repeat the above parts. Is there any performance difference? **10 Points**

[2]Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer, Christopher M. Bishop, page 182.