

SQL PROJECT

Pizza Sales Analysis

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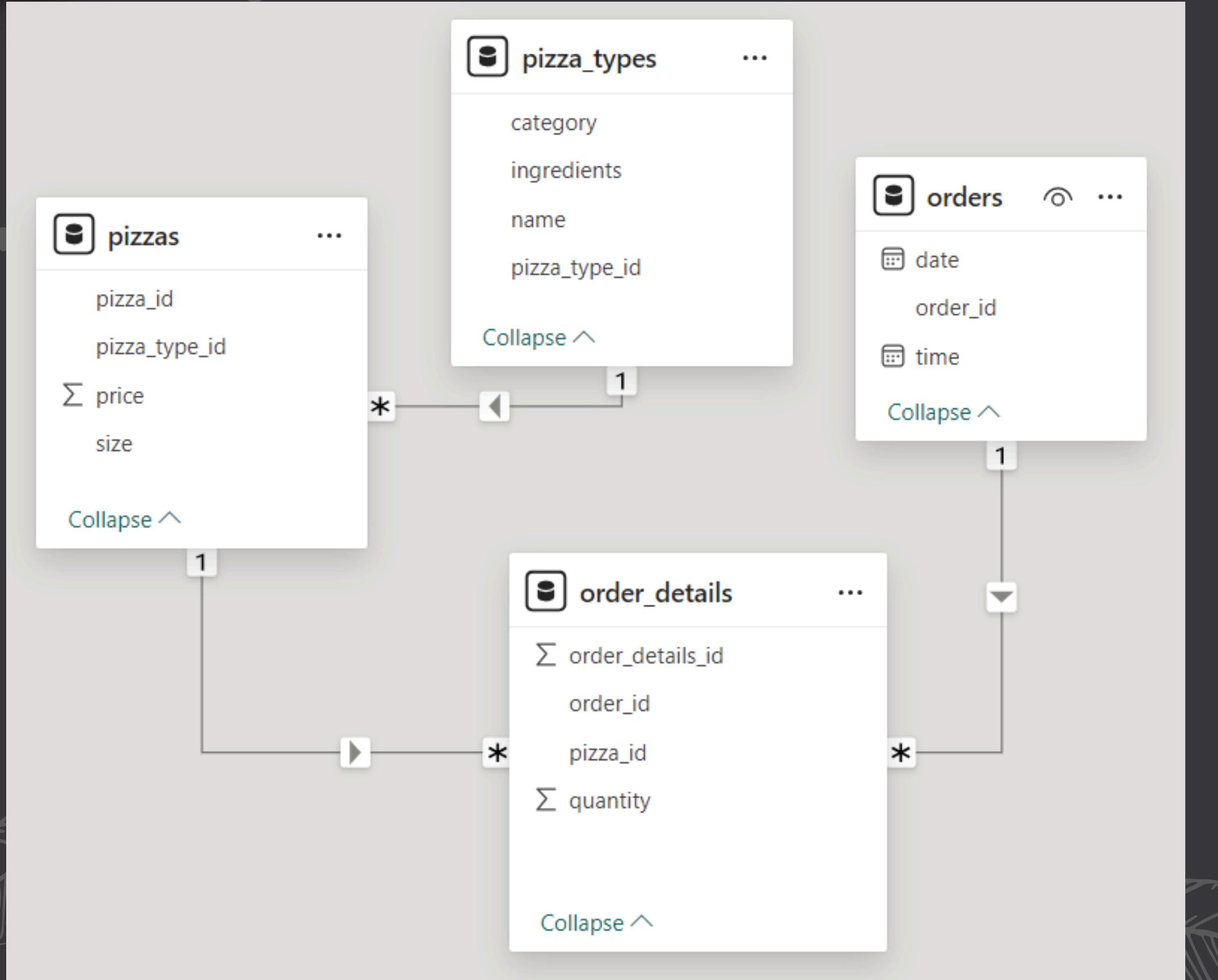


Objectives



- ✿ The primary objective of the Pizza Sales Analysis is to achieve the sustainable business growth while addressing existing challenges
- ✿ We need to examine the dataset with SQL and help the Pizza Sales understand its business growth by answering simple questions.

Pizza Sales Database Schema



Division Of Questions

BASIC

INTERMEDIATE

ADVANCE



BASIC

Question - 1

- ✿ Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS Total_Orders

FROM

orders;

| Result Grid | |
|-------------|--------------|
| | Total_Orders |
| ▶ | 21350 |

Question - 2

- ✿ Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales..

- **SELECT**

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
      2) AS Total_Revenue
```

- FROM**

```
order_details
```

- JOIN**

```
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a result grid. The grid has one column labeled "Total_Revenue" and one row containing the value "817860.05". There are navigation arrows at the bottom left of the grid.

| Total_Revenue |
|---------------|
| 817860.05 |

Question - 3

- ✿ Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

| | name | price |
|---|-----------------|-------|
| ▶ | The Greek Pizza | 35.95 |

Question - 4

- ♣ Identify the most common pizza size ordered..

- ```
SELECT
 pizzas.size,
 COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS Order_Count
FROM
 pizzas
 JOIN
 order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY Order_Count DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

| size | Order_Count |
|------|-------------|
| L    | 18526       |
| M    | 15385       |
| S    | 14137       |
| XL   | 544         |
| XXL  | 28          |

# Question - 5

- ❖ List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

- **SELECT**

```
 pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity
```

- FROM**

```
 pizza_types
```

- JOIN**

```
 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
```

- JOIN**

```
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
```

- GROUP BY** pizza\_types.name

- ORDER BY** Quantity **DESC**

- LIMIT** 5;

|   | <b>name</b>                | <b>Quantity</b> |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| ▶ | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453            |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432            |
|   | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422            |
|   | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418            |
|   | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371            |

# INTERMEDIATE

## Question - 1

- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered..

- **SELECT**

```
 pizza_types.category,
 SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity
FROM
 pizza_types
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
 JOIN
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

| category | Quantity |
|----------|----------|
| Classic  | 14888    |
| Supreme  | 11987    |
| Veggie   | 11649    |
| Chicken  | 11050    |

## Question - 2

- ✿ Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
• SELECT
 HOUR(order_time) AS Hour, COUNT(order_id) AS Order_Count
FROM
 orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

|   | Hour | Order_Count |
|---|------|-------------|
| ▶ | 11   | 1231        |
|   | 12   | 2520        |
|   | 13   | 2455        |
|   | 14   | 1472        |
|   | 15   | 1468        |
|   | 16   | 1920        |
|   | 17   | 2336        |
|   | 18   | 2399        |
|   | 19   | 2009        |
|   | 20   | 1642        |
|   | 21   | 1198        |
|   | 22   | 663         |
|   | 23   | 28          |
|   | 10   | 8           |
|   | 9    | 1           |

## Question - 3

- ♣ Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

- **SELECT**

```
category, COUNT(name)
```

- FROM**

```
pizza_types
```

```
GROUP BY category;
```

|   | category | COUNT(name) |
|---|----------|-------------|
| ▶ | Chicken  | 6           |
|   | Classic  | 8           |
|   | Supreme  | 9           |
|   | Veggie   | 9           |

## Question - 4

- ❖ Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

- **SELECT**

```
ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS Avg_Pizza_Ordered_per_day
```

```
FROM
```

```
(SELECT
```

```
 orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
```

```
FROM
```

```
 orders
```

```
JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
```

```
GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS Order_Quantity;
```

|   | Avg_Pizza_Ordered_per_day |
|---|---------------------------|
| ▶ | 138                       |

## Question - 5

- ✿ Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

• **SELECT**

```
 pizza_types.name,
 SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS Revenue
```

**FROM**

```
 pizza_types
```

**JOIN**

```
 pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
```

**JOIN**

```
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
```

**GROUP BY** pizza\_types.name

**ORDER BY** revenue **DESC**

**LIMIT** 3;

|   | name                         | Revenue  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
| ▶ | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |
|   | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |

# ADVANCED

## Question - 1

- ❖ Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

- **SELECT**

```
 pizza_types.category,
 ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
 ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
 2) AS Total_Revenue
)
 FROM
 order_details
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
 2) AS Revenue
FROM
 pizza_types
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
 JOIN
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY Revenue DESC;
```

# OUTPUT

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

|   | category | Revenue |
|---|----------|---------|
| ▶ | Classic  | 26.91   |
|   | Supreme  | 25.46   |
|   | Chicken  | 23.96   |
|   | Veggie   | 23.68   |



## Question - 2

- ❖ Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- ```
SELECT order_date,
       sum(Revenue) OVER(ORDER BY order_date) AS Cummulative_Revenue
  FROM
    (SELECT orders.order_date,
            sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS Revenue
   FROM order_details JOIN pizzas
  ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
   JOIN orders
  ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
 GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS Sales;
```

OUTPUT

| | order_date | Cummulative_Revenue |
|---|------------|---------------------|
| ▶ | 2015-01-01 | 2713.850000000004 |
| | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75 |
| | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15 |
| | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6 |
| | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55 |
| | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5 |
| | 2015-01-07 | 16560.7 |
| | 2015-01-08 | 19399.05 |
| | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4 |
| | 2015-01-10 | 23990.35000000002 |
| | 2015-01-11 | 25862.65 |
| | 2015-01-12 | 27781.7 |
| | 2015-01-13 | 29831.30000000003 |
| | 2015-01-14 | 32358.70000000004 |
| | 2015-01-15 | 34343.50000000001 |
| | 2015-01-16 | 36937.65000000001 |
| | 2015-01-17 | 39001.75000000001 |

| | order_date | Cummulative_Revenue |
|--|------------|---------------------|
| | 2015-01-18 | 40978.60000000006 |
| | 2015-01-19 | 43365.75000000001 |
| | 2015-01-20 | 45763.65000000001 |
| | 2015-01-21 | 47804.20000000001 |
| | 2015-01-22 | 50300.90000000001 |
| | 2015-01-23 | 52724.60000000006 |
| | 2015-01-24 | 55013.85000000006 |
| | 2015-01-25 | 56631.40000000001 |
| | 2015-01-26 | 58515.80000000001 |
| | 2015-01-27 | 61043.85000000001 |
| | 2015-01-28 | 63059.85000000001 |
| | 2015-01-29 | 65105.15000000016 |
| | 2015-01-30 | 67375.45000000001 |
| | 2015-01-31 | 69793.30000000002 |
| | 2015-02-01 | 72982.50000000001 |
| | 2015-02-02 | 75311.10000000002 |
| | 2015-02-03 | 77925.90000000002 |

| | order_date | Cummulative_Revenue |
|--|------------|---------------------|
| | 2015-02-04 | 80159.80000000002 |
| | 2015-02-05 | 82375.60000000002 |
| | 2015-02-06 | 84885.55000000002 |
| | 2015-02-07 | 87123.20000000001 |
| | 2015-02-08 | 89158.20000000001 |
| | 2015-02-09 | 91353.55000000002 |
| | 2015-02-10 | 93410.05000000002 |
| | 2015-02-11 | 95870.05000000002 |
| | 2015-02-12 | 98028.85000000002 |
| | 2015-02-13 | 100783.35000000002 |
| | 2015-02-14 | 103102.50000000001 |
| | 2015-02-15 | 105243.75000000001 |
| | 2015-02-16 | 107212.55000000002 |
| | 2015-02-17 | 109334.45000000001 |
| | 2015-02-18 | 111977.30000000002 |
| | 2015-02-19 | 114007.55000000002 |
| | 2015-02-20 | 116898.70000000001 |

Question - 3

- ❖ Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza type based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
• SELECT name, revenue  
  FROM  
  ( SELECT category, name, revenue,  
    RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS RN  
    FROM  
    ( SELECT pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,  
      sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS Revenue  
      FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas  
      ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
      JOIN order_details  
      ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
      GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) AS A) AS AA  
  WHERE RN <= 3;
```

OUTPUT

| | name | revenue |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------|
| ▶ | The Thai Chicken Pizza | 43434.25 |
| | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 42768 |
| | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5 |
| | The Classic Deluxe Pizza | 38180.5 |
| | The Hawaiian Pizza | 32273.25 |
| | The Pepperoni Pizza | 30161.75 |
| | The Spicy Italian Pizza | 34831.25 |
| | The Italian Supreme Pizza | 33476.75 |
| | The Sicilian Pizza | 30940.5 |
| | The Four Cheese Pizza | 32265.70000000065 |
| | The Mexicana Pizza | 26780.75 |
| | The Five Cheese Pizza | 26066.5 |



THANK
YOU!!!

