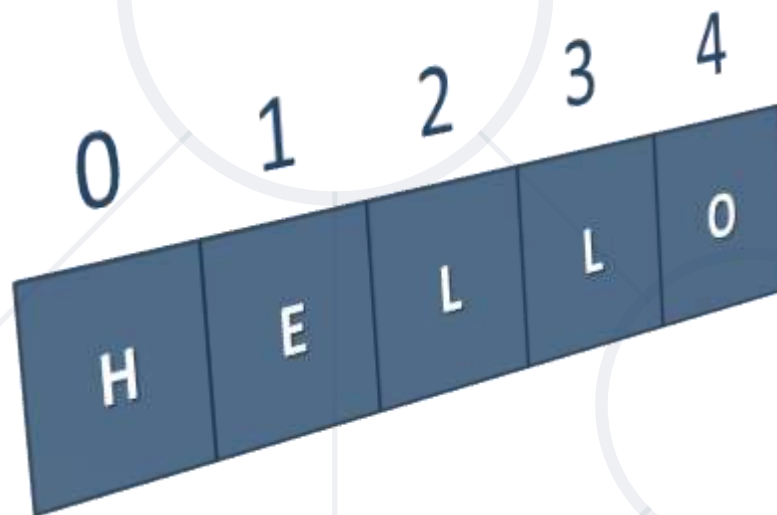


Strings and Text Processing



SoftUni Team
Technical Trainers



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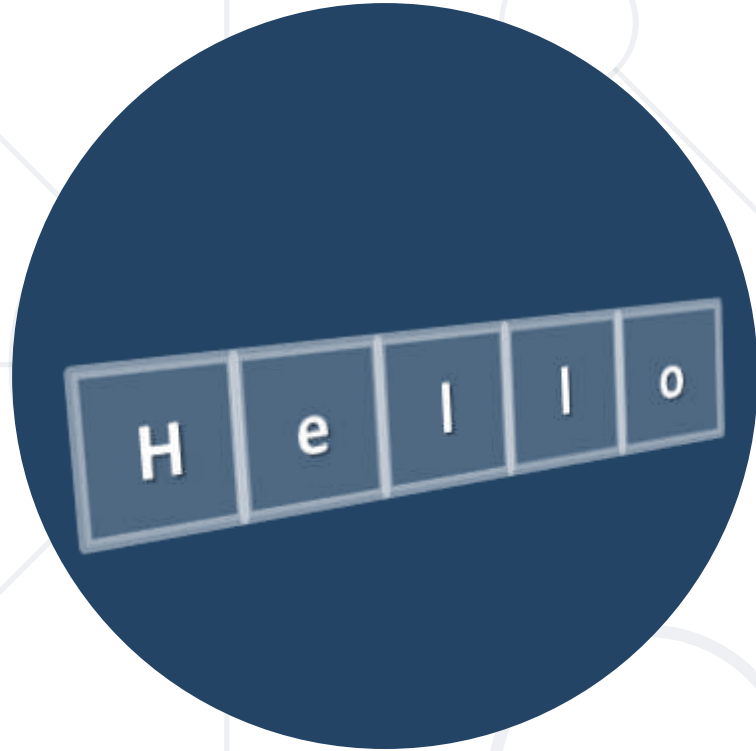
Questions?

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1. What is a String?
2. Manipulating Strings
 - Substring
 - Replace
 - Delete
 - Split
3. Additional Functions





Strings

What is String?

What is String?

- Strings are sequences of characters (texts)
- Strings hold a sequence of characters
 - Like arrays, they have **length** (access by index)
- Strings are enclosed in three types of quotes:



```
let str = "Hello"; let str = 'Hello'; let str = `Hello`;
```

- Concatenated using the **+** operator:

```
let s = "Hello" + " " + "JS";
```

Strings are Immutable

- Strings are **immutable** (read-only) sequences of characters
- Accessible by index

```
let str = "Hello, JS";  
let ch = str[2]; //1  
ch = str.charAt(2); //1
```

Both declarations
are the **same**



Problem: Print Characters

- Write a function that receives a string and prints all the characters on separate lines

Input	Output
AWord	A W o r d

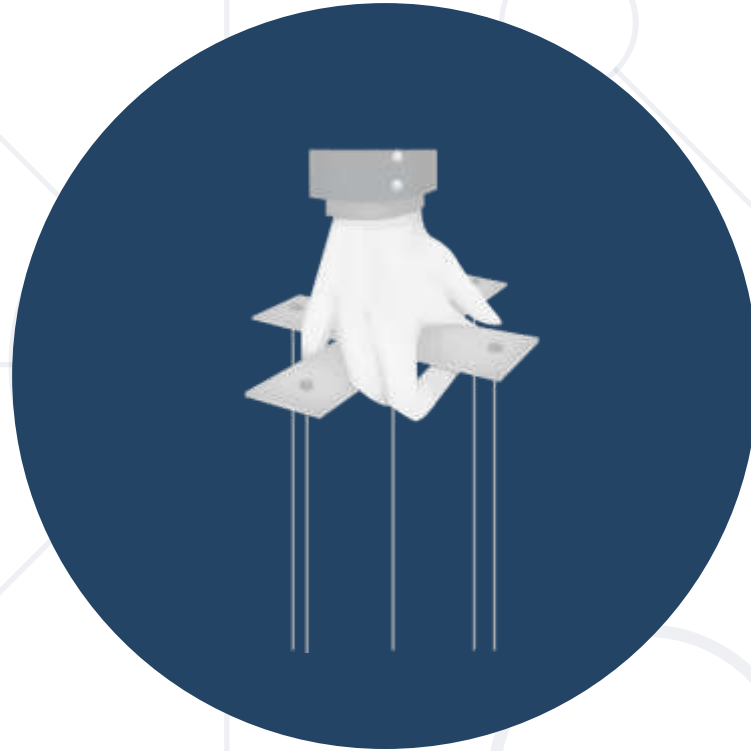
Solution: Print Characters

- Loop through the string and print each character

```
function solve(string) {  
  for (let ch of string) {  
    console.log(ch);  
  }  
}
```

- Test the function by calling it

```
solve("AWord");
```

Manipulating Strings

Concatenating

- Use the **+** or the **+=** operators

```
let text = "Hello" + ", " + "JS!"; // "Hello, JS!"
```

```
let text = "Hello, ";  
text += "John"; // "Hello, John"
```

- Use the **concat()** method

```
let greet = "Hello, ";  
let name = "John";  
let result = greet.concat(name);  
console.log(result); // "Hello, John"
```

Problem: Concatenation

- Write a function that receives an array of strings and prints a resulting string containing all of them

Input	Output
<code>["First", "Second", "Third"]</code>	<code>FirstSecondThird</code>

- Loop through the array and add each element to a resulting string

```
function solve(arr) {  
  let result = '';  
  for (let word of arr) {  
    //TODO: concatenate  
  }  
  console.log(result);  
}
```

- **Index of:**

```
let str = "I am JavaScript developer";  
console.log(str.indexOf("Java")); // 5  
console.log(str.indexOf("java")); // -1
```

- **Last index of:**

```
let str = "Intro to programming";  
let last = str.lastIndexOf("o");  
console.log(last); // 11
```

- **Substr:**

```
let str = "I am JavaScript developer";  
let sub = str.substr(5, 10);  
console.log(sub); // JavaScript
```

Receives **start index** and **count**

- **Substring:**

```
let str = "I am JavaScript developer";  
let sub = str.substring(5, 10);  
console.log(sub); // JavaS
```

Receives **start index** and **end index** (exclusive)

Problem: Substring

- Write a function that receives a string and two numbers. The numbers will be a starting index and count of elements to substring

Input	Output
ASentance 1 8	Sentnace

- Create a new string that takes the needed amount of elements from the given string

```
function solve(string, startIndex, count) {  
  let result = //TODO  
  console.log(result)  
}
```


String Operations (2)

- **Split:**

```
let text = "I love fruits";  
let words = text.split(' ');  
console.log(words); // ['I', 'love', 'fruits']
```

- **Includes:**

```
let text = "I love fruits."  
console.log(text.includes("fruits")); //True  
console.log(text.includes("banana")); //False
```

- **Replace** – replaces first occurrence
 - The result is a new **string**

```
let text = "Hello, john@softuni.bg, you have been using  
john@softuni.bg in your registration.";
```

```
    let replacedText = text.replace(".bg", ".com");
```

```
    console.log(replacedText);
```

//Output:

*//Hello, john@softuni.com, you have been using
john@softuni.bg in your registration.*

Problem: Censored Words

- Write a function that receives a text and a word. Find all occurrences of that word in the text and replace them with the corresponding amount of '*'

Input	
A small sentence with some words	
small	
Output	
A ***** sentence with some words	

- Save the new text in a new variable

```
function solve(text, word) {  
  let censored = text.replace(word, repeat(word));  
  while (censored.includes(word)) {  
    censored = censored  
      .replace(word, repeat(word));  
  }  
  //TODO: create the repeat function  
}
```

- The repeat function should take the length of the word and return that amount of stars '*'



Additional Functions

Checking, Padding, Removing Spaces

Starts with/Ends with

- Use **startsWith()** to determine whether a string **begins** with the characters of a specified substring

```
let text = "My name is John";  
console.log(text.startsWith('My')); // true
```

- Use **endsWith()** to determine whether a string **ends** with the characters of a specified substring

```
let text = "My name is John";  
console.log(text.endsWith('John')); // true
```

Padding at the Start and End

- Use **padStart()** to add to the current string **another substring** at the **start** until a **length** is reached

Receives **length** and **substring**

```
let bitAsStr = "010";  
console.log(text.padStart(8, '0')); // 00000010
```

- Use **padEnd()** to add to the current string **another substring** at the **end** until a **length** is reached

```
let sentence = "He passed away";  
console.log(text.padEnd(20, '.'));  
// He passed away.....
```

- Use **trim()** method to remove **whitespaces** (spaces, tabs, no-break space, etc.) from **both ends** of a string

```
let text = "  Annoying spaces  ";  
console.log(text.trim()); // "Annoying spaces"
```

- Use **trimStart()** or **trimEnd()** to remove whitespaces **only** at the beginning or at the end

```
let text = "  Annoying spaces  ";  
text = text.trimStart(); text = text.trimEnd();  
console.log(text); // "Annoying spaces"
```


- Use **repeat()** to construct and return a **new string** which contains the **specified number** of copies of the string on which it was called

```
let n = 3;  
for(let i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
  console.log('*'.repeat(i));  
}
```

```
// *  
// **  
// ***
```

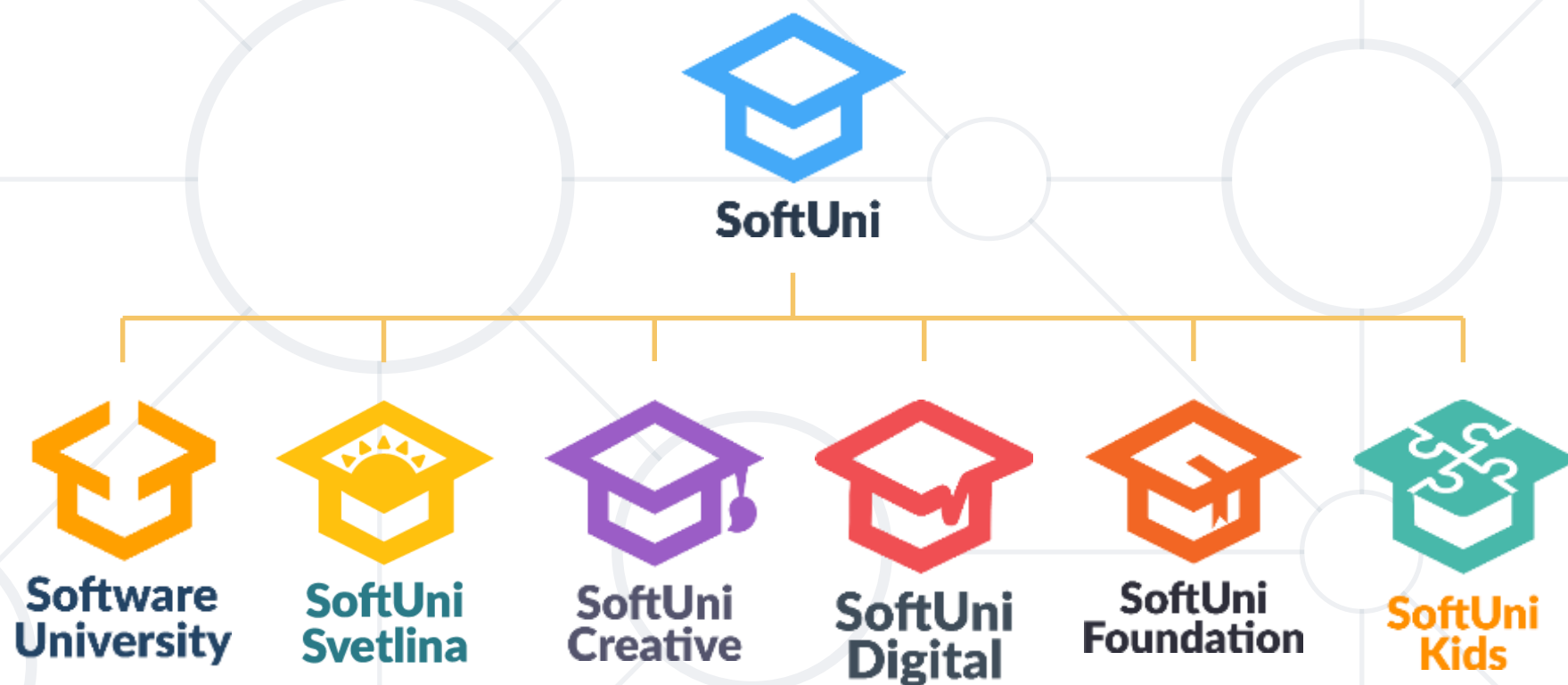


Live Exercises

- Strings are **immutable** sequences of Unicode characters
- String processing methods
 - `concat()`
 - `indexOf()`
 - `includes()`
 - `substring()`



Questions?



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