

# Problem 1

$$\text{let } f(x,t) = z^t \exp(ikx)$$

$$\frac{f(t+dt, x) - f(t-dt, x)}{2dt} = -v \left( \frac{f(t, x+dx) - f(t, x-dx)}{2dx} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{z^t \exp(ikx) (z^{dt} - z^{-dt})}{2dt} = -v \left[ \frac{z^t \exp(ikx) (e^{ikdx} - e^{-ikdx})}{2dx} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow z^{dt} - z^{-dt} = -v \frac{dt}{dx} 2i \sin(kdx)$$

$$z^{2dt} + z^{dt} v \frac{dt}{dx} 2i \sin(kdx) - 1 = 0$$

$$z^{dt} = \left( -2i \sin(kdx) v \frac{dt}{dx} \pm \sqrt{-4v^2 \left( \frac{dt}{dx} \right)^2 \sin^2(kdx) + 4} \right) / 2$$

$$z^{dt} = -i \sin(kdx) v \frac{dt}{dx} \pm \sqrt{1 - v^2 \left( \frac{dt}{dx} \right)^2 \sin^2(kdx)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |z^{dt}|^2 &= \sin^2(kdx) v^2 \left( \frac{dt}{dx} \right)^2 + 1 - v^2 \left( \frac{dt}{dx} \right)^2 \sin^2(kdx) \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Thus There is no amplitude/Energy  
dissipation  $\forall v dt \leq dx$