

# Td 1 : Spring Security

## Key Features:

- User registration and authentication
- JWT token generation and validation
- Refresh token mechanism
- Role-based authorization (ADMIN, STUDENT, PARTNER, TRAINER)
- Password reset functionality

## Create your Own Poject with Spring Initializr :

The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web application interface. The interface is dark-themed and includes a sidebar with a menu icon and a refresh icon. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column contains the 'Project' and 'Spring Boot' sections, while the right column contains the 'Dependencies' section.

**Project**

☐ Gradle - Groovy ☐ Gradle - Kotlin ☒ Java ☐ Kotlin ☐ Groovy

☒ Maven

**Spring Boot**

☐ 3.5.0 (SNAPSHOT) ☐ 3.5.0 (RC1) ☐ 3.4.6 (SNAPSHOT) ☐ 3.4.5

☐ 3.3.12 (SNAPSHOT) ☒ 3.3.11

**Project Metadata**

Group

Artifact

Name

Description

Package name

Packaging ☒ Jar ☐ War

Java ☐ 24 ☐ 21 ☒ 17

**Dependencies** ADD DEPENDENCIES... CTRL + B

**Spring Web** WEB  
Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

**Spring Security** SECURITY  
Highly customizable authentication and access-control framework for Spring applications.

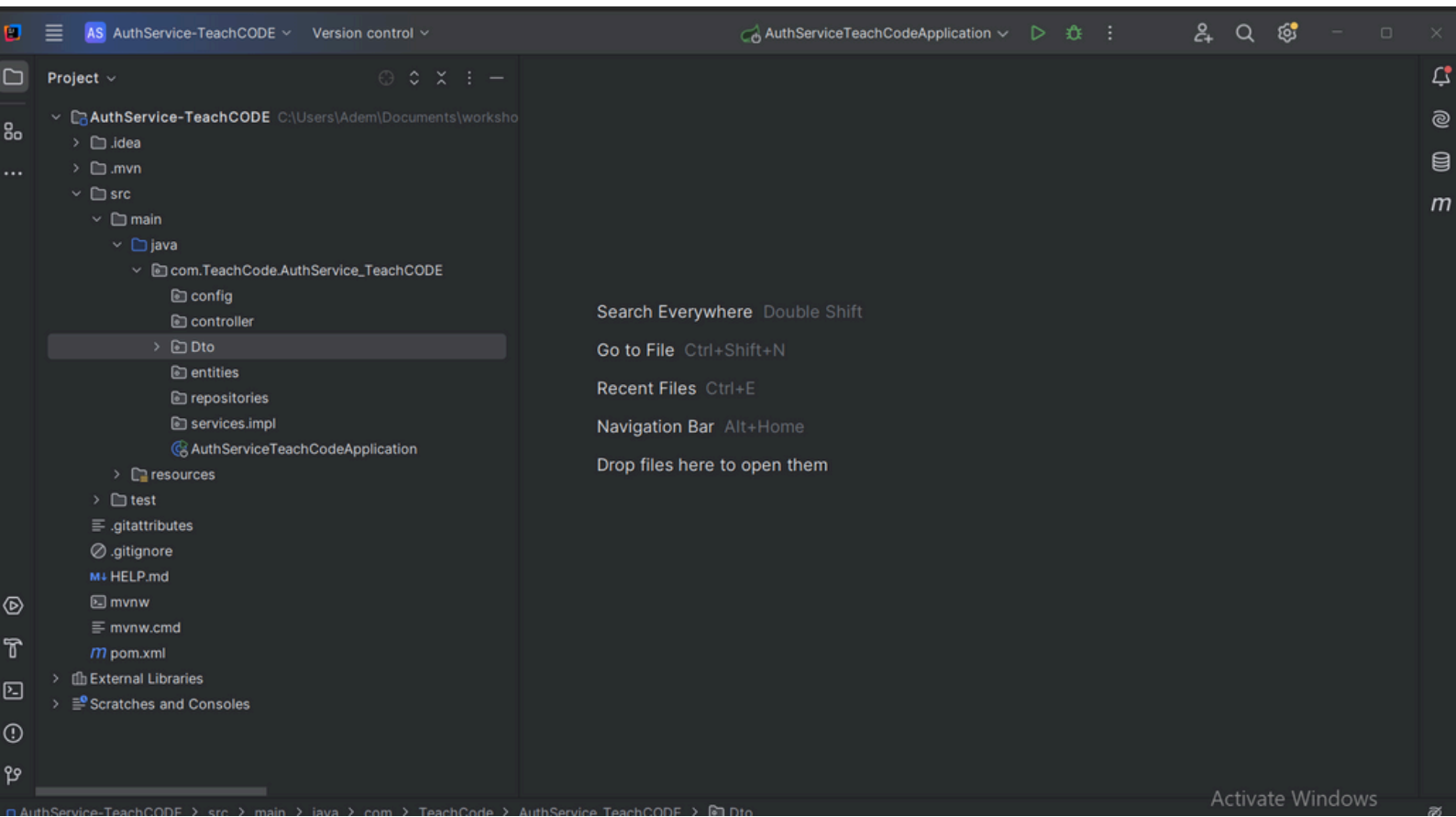
**Spring Data JPA** SQL  
Persist data in SQL stores with Java Persistence API using Spring Data and Hibernate.

**MySQL Driver** SQL  
MySQL JDBC driver.

**Lombok** DEVELOPER TOOLS  
Java annotation library which helps to reduce boilerplate code.

**Spring Boot DevTools** DEVELOPER TOOLS  
Provides fast application restarts, LiveReload, and configurations for enhanced development experience.

# Create your own packages in your project



Entities Package

```

14  @Data  ▲ Amira-Laabidi *
15  @Builder
16  @Entity
17  @NoArgsConstructor
18  @AllArgsConstructor
19  @Table(name = "Users")
20  public class User implements UserDetails {
21
22      @Id
23      @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
24      private Integer id;
25
26      private String name;
27
28      @Column(unique = true, nullable = false)
29      private String email;
30
31      @Column(unique = true)
32      private String phoneNumber;
33
34      private String address;
35
36      private Date dateOfBirth;
37
38      private String password;
39
40      @ElementCollection(fetch = FetchType.EAGER)
41      @Enumerated(EnumType.STRING)
42      private Set<Role> roles;
43

```

```

// Add this method to get role names as strings
public Set<String> getRoleNames() { no usages new *
    return roles.stream() Stream<Role>
        .map(Role::name) Stream<String>
        .collect(Collectors.toSet());
}

@Override 1 usage ▲ Amira-Laabidi
public Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> getAuthorities() {
    return roles.stream() Stream<Role>
        .map(role -> new SimpleGrantedAuthority(role.name())) Stream<SimpleGrantedAuthority>
        .collect(Collectors.toList());
}

@Override ▲ Amira-Laabidi
public String getUsername() {
    return email; // Email is used as the username
}

```

```

@Override no usages Amira-Laabidi
public boolean isAccountNonExpired() {
    return true;
}

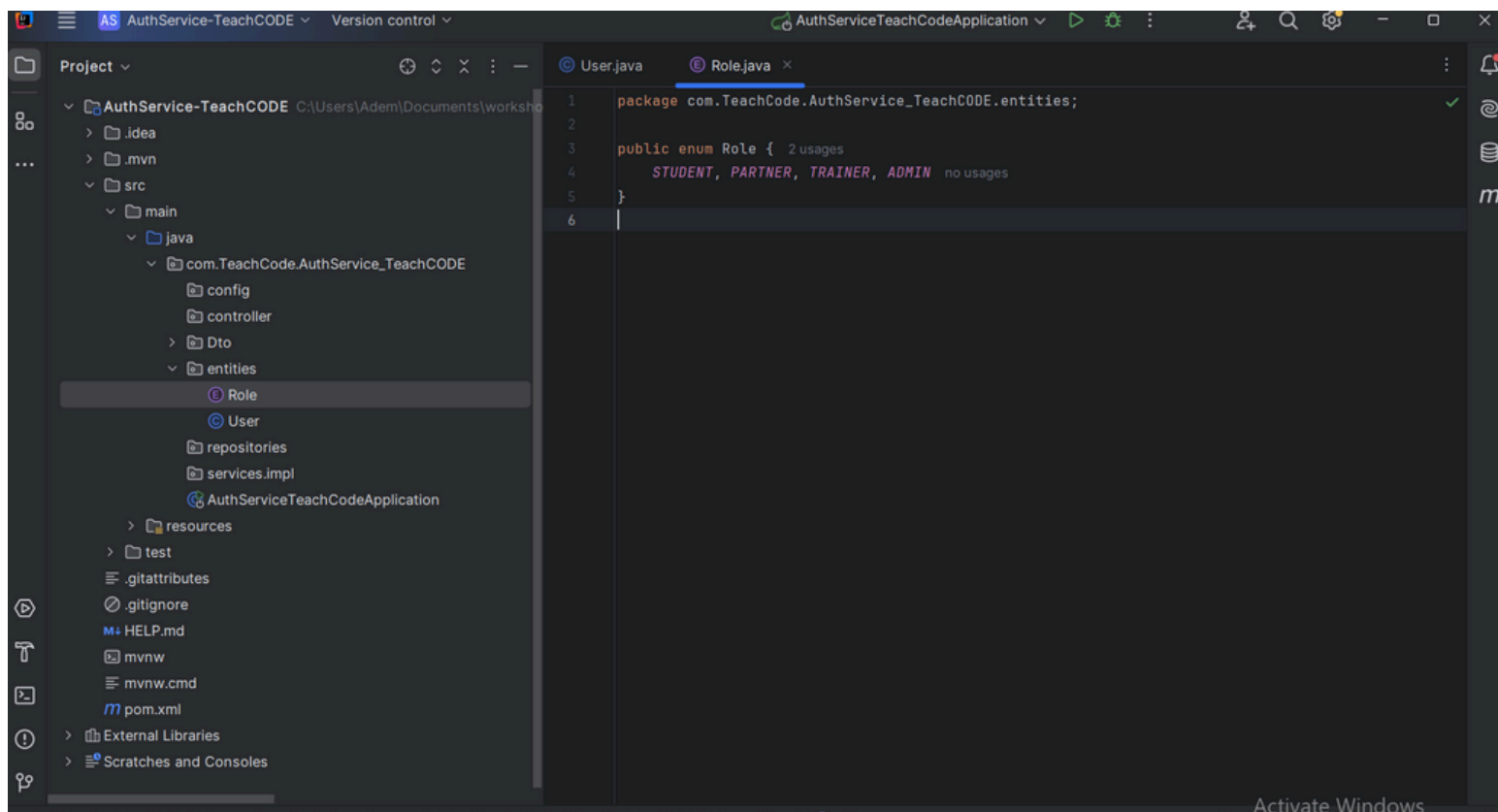
@Override no usages Amira-Laabidi
public boolean isAccountNonLocked() {
    return true;
}

@Override no usages Amira-Laabidi
public boolean isCredentialsNonExpired() {
    return true;
}

@Override Amira-Laabidi
public boolean isEnabled() {
    return true;
}

```

## Enum Role



## UserRepository

```

public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Integer> { no usages

    // Find user by email
    Optional<User> findByEmail(String email); no usages
}

```

## UserService

```

package com.TeachCode.AuthService_TeachCODE.services.impl;

import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;

public interface UserService { no usages
    // UserDetails contient les informations nécessaires pour créer
    // un objet d'authentification à partir de DAO ou d'une autre source de données de sécurité.
    // Cette déclaration de méthode définit une méthode appelée
    // userDetailsService qui retourne un objet de type UserDetailsService.
    UserDetailsService userDetailsService(); no usages
}

```

## UserServiceImpl

```

import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

@Service
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService {

    private final UserRepository userRepository;

    @Override no usages
    public UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
        return new UserDetailsService() {

            @Override no usages
            public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
                // .orElseThrow(): C'est une méthode de la classe Optional qui permet de récupérer
                // la valeur contenue dans l'objet Optional. Si la valeur est présente, elle est retournée. Sinon, une exception est levée.
                // Une expression lambda est une fonction anonyme, c'est-à-dire une fonction sans nom,
                // qui peut être utilisée comme un argument ou retournée dans une méthode.
                return userRepository.findByEmail(username).orElseThrow(() -> new UsernameNotFoundException("User not found"));
            }
        };
    }
}

```

## JwtService

```
4
5 public interface JwtService { no usages
6
7     String extractUserName(String token); no usages
8
9     // Cette méthode est utilisée pour générer un jeton JWT. Elle prend un nom d'utilisateur en entrée,
10    // crée un ensemble de claims (e.g., subject, issued-at, expiration,
11    // puis construit un jeton JWT en utilisant les claims et la clé de signature. Le jeton résultant est re
12    String generateToken(UserDetails userDetails); no usages
13
14    boolean isValid(String token, UserDetails userDetails); no usages
15 }
16
```

## configuration

```
1 spring.application.name=AuthService-TeachCODE
2 server.port=8081
3
4 # Database Configuration for JnpMyAdmin
5 spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/AuthDb?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true&useSSL=false&serverTimezone=UTC
6 spring.datasource.username=root
7 spring.datasource.password=
8 spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
9
10 # Hibernate/JPA Configuration
11 spring.jpa.show-sql=true
12 spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
13 spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect
14 spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.format_sql=true
15
16 # JWT Configuration
17 token.signing.key=413F4428472B4B6250655368566D597033733676397924422645294840406351
18 jwt.refresh.expirationMs=86400000
```

## JwtServiceImpl

```

@Service
public class JwtServiceImpl implements JwtService {
    @Value("${token.signing.key}")
    private String jwtSigningKey;
    @Override 1 usage
    public String extractUserName(String token) { return extractClaim(token, Claims::getSubject); }

    @Override no usages
    public String generateToken(UserDetails userDetails) {
        return generateToken(new HashMap<>(), userDetails);
    }

    @Override no usages
    public boolean isTokenValid(String token, UserDetails userDetails) {
        final String userName = extractUserName(token);
        return (userName.equals(userDetails.getUsername())) && !isTokenExpired(token);
    }

    private <T> T extractClaim(String token, Function<Claims, T> claimsResolvers) { 2 usages
        final Claims claims = extractAllClaims(token);
        return claimsResolvers.apply(claims);
    }

    private String generateToken(Map<String, Object> extraClaims, UserDetails userDetails) { 1 usage
        return Jwts.builder().setClaims(extraClaims).setSubject(userDetails.getUsername())
            .setIssuedAt(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis()))
            .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + 1000 * 60 * 24))
            .signWith(getSigningKey(), SignatureAlgorithm.HS256).compact();
    }
}

```

```

private String generateToken(Map<String, Object> extraClaims, UserDetails userDetails) { 1 usage
    return Jwts.builder().setClaims(extraClaims).setSubject(userDetails.getUsername())
        .setIssuedAt(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis()))
        .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + 1000 * 60 * 24))
        .signWith(getSigningKey(), SignatureAlgorithm.HS256).compact();
}

private boolean isTokenExpired(String token) { return extractExpiration(token).before(new Date()); }

private Date extractExpiration(String token) { return extractClaim(token, Claims::getExpiration); }

private Claims extractAllClaims(String token) { 1 usage
    return Jwts.parserBuilder().setSigningKey(getSigningKey()).build().parseClaimsJws(token)
        .getBody();
}

private Key getSigningKey() { 2 usages
    byte[] keyBytes = Decoders.BASE64.decode(jwtSigningKey);
    return Keys.hmacShaKeyFor(keyBytes);
}
}

```



## RefreshToken

```
10
11 @Data no usages
12 @Builder
13 @NoArgsConstructor
14 @AllArgsConstructor
15 @Entity(name = "refresh_token")
16 public class RefreshToken {
17
18     @Id
19     @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)
20     private long id;
21
22     @OneToOne
23     @JoinColumn(name = "user_id", referencedColumnName = "id")
24     private User user;
25
26     @Column(nullable = false, unique = true)
27     private String token;
28
29     @Column(nullable = false)
30     private Instant expirydate;
31
32
33 }
```

```
public interface RefreshTokenService { no usages

    public RefreshToken createRefreshToken(User user); no usages
    public Optional<RefreshToken> findByToken(String token); no usages
}
```



```

7
8 import java.util.Optional;
9
10 public interface RefreshTokenRepository extends JpaRepository<RefreshToken, Integer> { 2 usages
11
12
13 Optional<RefreshToken> findByUser(User user); 1 usage
14 Optional<RefreshToken> findByToken(String token); 1 usage
15
16 }
17

```

```

16 @Service
17 @RequiredArgsConstructor
18 public class RefreshTokenServiceImpl implements RefreshTokenService {
19
20     @Value("86400000")
21     private Long refreshTokenDuration;
22
23     private final RefreshTokenRepository refreshTokenRepository;
24     private final UserRepository userRepository;
25
26     @Override no usages
27     public RefreshToken createRefreshToken(User user) {
28
29         Optional<RefreshToken> existingToken = refreshTokenRepository.findByUser(user);
30
31         RefreshToken refreshToken;
32         if (existingToken.isPresent()) {
33             refreshToken = existingToken.get();
34             refreshToken.setToken(UUID.randomUUID().toString());
35             refreshToken.setExpirydate(Instant.now().plusMillis(refreshTokenDuration));
36         } else {
37             refreshToken = new RefreshToken();
38             refreshToken.setUser(user);
39             refreshToken.setToken(UUID.randomUUID().toString());
40             refreshToken.setExpirydate(Instant.now().plusMillis(refreshTokenDuration));
41         }
42
43         return refreshTokenRepository.save(refreshToken);
44     }
45

```

```

@Override no usages
public Optional<RefreshToken> findByToken(String token) { return refreshTokenRepository.findByToken(token); }

@Override no usages
public RefreshToken verifyExpiration(RefreshToken token) {
    if(token.getExpirydate().isBefore(Instant.now())){
        refreshTokenRepository.delete(token);
        throw new TokenRefreshException(token.getToken(),"Refresh token expired");
    }
    return token;
}

```

## TokenRefreshException

```

@ResponseStatus(HttpStatus.FORBIDDEN) no usages
public class TokenRefreshException extends RuntimeException {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L; no usages

    public TokenRefreshException(String token,String message){ no usages
        super(String.format("Failed for [%s]: %s",token,message));
    }
}

```

## JwtAuthenticationFilter

```

@Component // Assure que Spring détecte et gère cette classe
@RequiredArgsConstructor // Lombok génère un constructeur avec les dépendances injectées
public class JwtAuthenticationFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {

    @Autowired
    JwtService jwtService;
    @Autowired
    UserService userService;

    @Override // no usages
    protected void doFilterInternal(@NonNull HttpServletRequest request,
                                    @NonNull HttpServletResponse response,
                                    @NonNull FilterChain filterChain)
        throws ServletException, IOException {

        final String authHeader = request.getHeader("Authorization");
        final String jwt;
        final String userEmail;

        if (StringUtils.isEmpty(authHeader) || !StringUtils.startsWithIgnoreCase(authHeader, "Bearer ")) {
            filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
            return;
        }

        jwt = authHeader.substring(7);
        userEmail = jwtService.extractUserName(jwt);

        if (StringUtils.hasText(userEmail) && SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication() == null) {
            UserDetails userDetails = userService.userDetailsService().loadUserByUsername(userEmail);
            if (jwtService.isTokenValid(jwt, userDetails)) {

```

```

                if (jwtService.isTokenValid(jwt, userDetails)) {
                    SecurityContextHolder.createEmptyContext();
                    UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authToken = new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
                        userDetails, null, userDetails.getAuthorities());
                    authToken.setDetails(new WebAuthenticationDetailsSource().buildDetails(request));
                    context.setAuthentication(authToken);
                    SecurityContextHolder.setContext(context);
                }
            }

            filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
        }
    }
}

```

## SecurityConfiguration

```

22
23 @Configuration
24 //L'annotation @EnableWebSecurity active la sécurité Web de Spring et configure les aspects
25 @EnableWebSecurity
26 @RequiredArgsConstructor
27 public class SecurityConfiguration {
28
29     private final JwtAuthenticationFilter jwtAuthenticationFilter;
30     private final UserService userService;
31
32     @Bean
33     public SecurityFilterChain securityFilterChain(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
34         http.csrf(AbstractHttpConfigurer::disable)
35             //Une liste blanche des requêtes {/api/v1/auth/**},
36             .authorizeHttpRequests(request -> request.requestMatchers("/api/v1/auth/**")
37                 //toute autre requête doit être authentifiée
38                 .permitAll().anyRequest().authenticated())
39
40             //Gestion sans état,
41             // ce qui signifie que nous ne devrions pas stocker l'état d'authentification
42             .sessionManagement(manager -> manager.sessionCreationPolicy(STATELESS))
43             //DaoAuthenticationProvider - qui est responsable de récupérer
44             // les informations utilisateur
45             // et d'encoder/décoder les mots de passe.
46             //Ajout de JwtAuthenticationFilter avant UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter
47             // car nous extrayons le nom d'utilisateur et le mot de passe,
48             //puis les mettons à jour dans SecurityContextHolder dans JwtAuthenticationFilter.
49             .authenticationProvider(authenticationProvider()).addFilterBefore(
50                 jwtAuthenticationFilter, UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
51         return http.build();
52     }

```

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```

@Bean
//Définition du bean passwordEncoder que Spring utilisera pour décoder les mots de passe
public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() { return new BCryptPasswordEncoder(); }

@Bean
//Définition du bean authenticationProvider utilisé lors du processus d'authentification
public AuthenticationProvider authenticationProvider() {
    DaoAuthenticationProvider authProvider = new DaoAuthenticationProvider();
    authProvider.setUserDetailsService(userService.userDetailsService());
    authProvider.setPasswordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
    return authProvider;
}

@Bean
//Définition du bean authentication manager.
public AuthenticationManager authenticationManager(AuthenticationConfiguration config)
    throws Exception {
    return config.getAuthenticationManager();
}
}

```

## AuthenticationService

```
1 package com.TeachCode.AuthService_TeachCODE.services;
2
3 public interface AuthenticationService { no usages
4
5
6     JwtAuthenticationResponse SignUp(SignUpRequest request); no usages
7     JwtAuthenticationResponse SignIn(SigninRequest request); no usages
8 }
9 |
```

## AuthenticationServiceImpl

```
@Service
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class AuthenticationServiceImpl implements AuthenticationService {

    private final UserRepository userRepository;
    private final PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;
    private final AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    private final JwtService jwtService;
    private final RefreshTokenService refreshTokenService;

    @Override no usages
    public JwtAuthenticationResponse SignUp(SignUpRequest request) {
        // Assign default role if no roles are provided
        Set<Role> assignedRoles = request.getRoles() != null ? request.getRoles() : Set.of(Role.STUDENT);

        // Create new User entity
        var user = User.builder()
            .name(request.getName())
            .email(request.getEmail())
            .password(passwordEncoder.encode(request.getPassword()))
            .phoneNumber(request.getPhoneNumber())
            .address(request.getAddress())
            .dateOfBirth(request.getDateOfBirth())
            .roles(assignedRoles) // Updated to handle multiple roles
            .build();
```

```

        // Save user to the database
        userRepository.save(user);

        // Generate JWT & Refresh Token
        var jwt = jwtService.generateToken(user);
        var refreshToken = refreshTokenService.createRefreshToken(user);

        return JwtAuthenticationResponse.builder()
            .token(jwt)
            .refreshToken(refreshToken.getToken())
            .role(assignedRoles.toString()) // Convert Set<Role> to String
            .userId(user.getId())
            .build();
    }
}

```

`@Override` no usages

```

@Override no usages
public JwtAuthenticationResponse SignIn(SinginRequest request) {
    // Authenticate user
    authenticationManager.authenticate(
        new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(request.getEmail(), request.getPassword());

    // Fetch user from DB
    var user = userRepository.findByEmail(request.getEmail())
        .orElseThrow(() -> new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid email or password"));

    // Generate JWT & Refresh Token
    var jwt = jwtService.generateToken(user);
    var refreshToken = refreshTokenService.createRefreshToken(user);

    return JwtAuthenticationResponse.builder()
        .token(jwt)
        .refreshToken(refreshToken.getToken())
        .role(user.getRoles().toString()) // Convert Set<Role> to String
        .userId(user.getId())
        .build();
}
}

```

## AuthenticationController



```

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/v1/auth")
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class AuthenticationController {
    private final AuthenticationService authenticationService;

    private final RefreshTokenService refreshTokenService;

    private final JwtServiceImpl jwtService;

    @PostMapping("/signup")
    public ResponseEntity<JwtAuthenticationResponse> signup(@RequestBody SignUpRequest request) {
        return ResponseEntity.ok(authenticationService.SignUp(request));
    }

    @PostMapping("/signin")
    public ResponseEntity<JwtAuthenticationResponse> signin(@RequestBody SignInRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
        JwtAuthenticationResponse jwtResponse = authenticationService.SignIn(request);

        if (jwtResponse != null && jwtResponse.getToken() != null) {
            // Set the token in the response header
            response.setHeader("Access-Control-Expose-Headers", "Authorization");
            response.setHeader("Access-Control-Allow-Headers", "Authorization, X-Pingother, Origin, X-Requested-with, " +
                "Content-Type, Accept, X-Custom-header");
            response.setHeader("Authorization", "Bearer " + jwtResponse.getToken());
            // Return a response with user details in the body
            JSONObject responseBody = new JSONObject();
            responseBody.put("userID", jwtResponse.getUserId());
            responseBody.put("role", jwtResponse.getRole());
            return ResponseEntity.ok(jwtResponse);
        } else {

```

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```

        } else {
            return ResponseEntity.badRequest().body(jwtResponse); // Assuming jwtResponse can be null
        }
    }

    @PostMapping("/refresh-token")
    public ResponseEntity<JwtAuthenticationResponse> refreshToken(@RequestBody Map<String, String> request) {
        String refreshToken = request.get("refreshToken");
        RefreshToken token = refreshTokenService.findByToken(refreshToken).orElseThrow(
            () -> new TokenRefreshException(refreshToken, "Refresh token not found")
        );

        String newToken = jwtService.generateToken(token.getUser());

        return ResponseEntity.ok(JwtAuthenticationResponse.builder().token(newToken).refreshToken(refreshToken).build());
    }
}

```

## AuthorizationController

```

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/v1/resource")
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class AuthorizationController {
    @GetMapping
    public ResponseEntity<String> sayHello() { return ResponseEntity.ok("Here is your resource"); }
}

```



