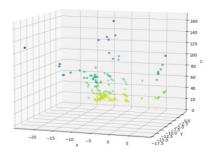
# **Vision Aided Navigation 2022 – Exercise 3**

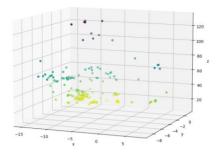
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https://github.com/chayamushka/slam\_project.git

#### 2.1

Two 3D point clouds, one for pair 0 (from exercise 2) and one for pair 1.





#### 2.2

Match features between the two left images (left0 and left1)

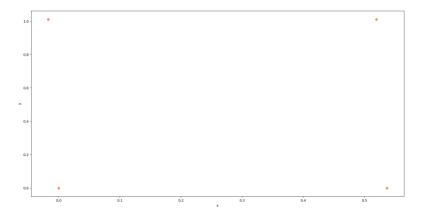


#### 2.3

- We define a transformation T that transforms from left<sub>0</sub> coordinates to left<sub>1</sub> coordinates like this:  $T(x_0, y_0, z_0) = R \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix} + t$
- For three cameras A, B, C: If camera A has extrinsic matrix  $[I \mid 0]$ , transformation  $T_{A \rightarrow B}(x) = R_1 x + t_1$  transforms from the coordinates of A to the coordinates of camera B and transformation  $T_{B \rightarrow C}(x) = R_2 x + t_2$  transforms from the coordinates of B to the coordinates of camera C. So we get that:

$$T_{A\to C}(x) = R_2(R_1(x) + t_1) + t_2$$

- For a camera with extrinsic matrix  $[R \mid t]$ , the location of the camera in the global coordinate system is  $R \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + t$
- The relative position of the four cameras (from above)



# 2.4

## Good matches:



# Bad Matches:



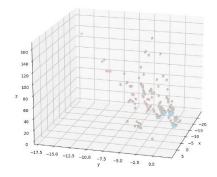
key points, supporters in orange, others in blue: left0 and left1





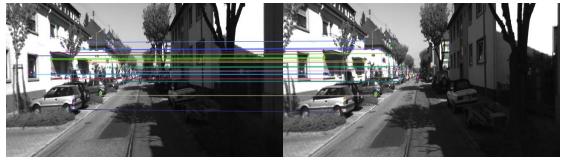
### 2.5

• In orange: the first cloud before T, in blue: the cloud after transition



### • After RANSAC:

### Inlier Matches:



Outlier Matches:

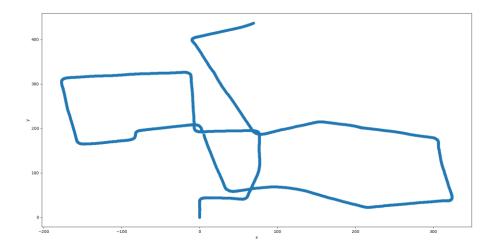


Accepted and rejected key points: (Supporters in orange), left0, left1



2.6 – next page

- The tracking took **30 minutes**
- A trajectory of all the left camera locations in the coordinates of camera left0, as viewed from above.



• ground-truth added to the plot the ground truth locations

