

# Image Recognition with TensorFlow DeepLearning in ROS

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Use a TensorFlow Model that has learned hundreds of images from the ImageNet Database

```
catkin_create_pkg tf-uint1-pkg rospy std_msgs sensor_msgs
```

```
cd ..; source devel/setup.bash; rospack profile
```

Scripts :

- One responsible for retrieving ROS images from a topic and sending them to a classification class that will decide which objects are in the scene

- `classify_image.maybe_download_and_extract()`

It will download the frozen-tensorflow-model  $\rightarrow$  `classify_image_graph_def.pb` from the imagenet-2012-challenge. It's a model prepared for image recognition of hundreds of objects, trained with thousands of pre-labeled images  $\rightarrow$  `imagenet-synset-to-human-label-map`  $\rightarrow$  21840 different classes

- `self._session = tf.Session()`

starting a TensorFlow session  $\rightarrow$  access to all functionalities and be able to use `tensor softmax` from the downloaded model

- `classify_image.create_graph()`

initializing all required elements for recognition using the model

- `self._cv_bridge = CvBridge()`

- `self.score_threshold = rospy.get_param('score_threshold', 0.1)`

you can increase up to 1.0. The higher the value, the more sure the detection has to be to consider it a correct and a valid one

The lower, the more detections

- classify\_image.py

This one does all the heavy lifting of preparing the downloaded model to have human readable tags

- DATA\_URL = "download.tensorflow.org/models/image/imagenet/...tgz"

It will download and extract the compressed model and labeling that you choose to use in /tmp/imagenet folder each time you run the script so you have updated versions. You can also download it to your package and use it from there

To visualise Deep learning Model file graphically  
↳ see how learning process is going

1° Select a Tensorboard model → download dataset

2° Generate the log files for TensorBoard from the model

From the model from the previous episode (classify\_image\_graph\_def.pb)

TensorBoard needs to convert it to log files

- `import_pb_to_tensorboard.py`
- `python import_pb_to_tensorboard.py --model_dir = ... /showcase_pb_model`  
`--log_dir = learning_logs`
- `tensorboard --log_dir = learning_logs`

3° Connect to tensorboard

- public ip ~~192.168.1.1~~
- in the browser : ip : 6006

That's your local tensorboard

## Train your own TensorFlow image recognition model

What happens if you want to recognise something that is not on the ImageNet model list?

### 1. Labeling images

The most time-consuming task, unavoidable if you want to train a custom ~~model~~ element

labeling  $\rightarrow$  generates .xml based on images and how you label them.  
↳ so you don't have to write by hand

• python3 /home/user/.labeling/labeling.py

Once labeled, copy 10% of images into a test folder and the other 90% into a train folder

IMPORTANT: images in test folder DON'T APPEAR in train folder  
This guarantees that when testing, training model is tested with images it doesn't know

### 2. Prepare Image Data for TensorFlow training

TensorFlow needs .records instead of .xml

.xml  $\rightarrow$  .csv  $\rightarrow$  .record

(rm -rf  $\rightarrow$  linux command to delete folders entirely)

xml\_to\_csv.py

• python <sup>scripts/</sup>xml\_to\_csv.py

generate\_tfrecord\_n.py + extract\_training\_labels.py

[... weird middle process]  $\rightarrow$  copy from repo course\_tf\_image\_student\_data

and compile the protobufs

• python scripts/generate\_tfrecords\_n.py

-- image\_path\_input = images/train

-- csv\_input = data/train\_labels.csv

-- output\_path = data/train.record

• "do the same for test"

3° Copy Model Data for training

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4° Create label list file object-detection.pb.txt

5° Time to train

6° Tensorboard to check training process

7° Export inference graph

8° Copy validation images

9° Launch testing training Script

10° Launch testing training script

## Domain Randomization in DNN with Keras

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• Use a Deep Convolutional Neural Network trained with images to recognize an object and know where it is located in the world

1° Train a NN so it can recognise an object and tell us its location in 3D space

2° Use the info from the recognition and send it to the robot to do something

• Keras: high-level NN API allows to use transparently TensorFlow  
(We will use MobileNetV2 model to make robot learn)

a) `catkin_create_pkg my_random_gazebo_manager_pkg gazebo_ros rospack roscpp`

b) `mkdir launch; mkdir scripts`

c) `create_training_material.py`

`touch ./scripts/create_training_material.py`

`chmod +x ./`

• ...

• store an image of the scene

• get pose data of the Sparan → it does it through gazebo