Dictatorship-A government system controlled by one ruler who has absolute power and usually controlled by force.-https://o.quizlet.com/x5L6LF9Vgk1KZvC7fbNS7w\_m.jpg

Monarchy-A government ruled by a king or queen

A strong central government ruled by a king or queen-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3609/3617748008\_6579c5a6f8\_m.jpg

Communism-A theory or system of social organization based on the holding of all property in common, actual ownership being ascribed to the community as a whole or to the state.

A political and economic system where factors of production are collectively owned and directed by the state.-https://o.quizlet.com/i/D2BM-LqnXRm9T3\_1CfuGyg\_m.jpg

Democracy-A political system in which the supreme power lies in a body of citizens who can elect people to represent them-https://o.quizlet.com/lGx4T8jhKF6AwjXJoN-rVQ\_m.png

Direct Democracy-A form of government in which citizens rule directly and not through representatives-https://o.quizlet.com/eviaahvhVMseV2RJI-5yPg\_m.jpg

Representative Democracy-A system of government in which citizens elect representatives, or leaders, to make decisions about the laws for all the people. This is also called a republic, The U.S. is a republic-https://farm5.staticflickr.com/4133/4832057388\_22e27384d5\_m.jpg

Republic-A form of government with elected leaders-https://o.quizlet.com/i/aBvnje7KmWyV-v7QbJlGdQ\_m.jpg

Privy Council-A body of persons who advise the king or queen in matters of state.

Royal advisers who set policy for the thirteen colonies-https://farm1.staticflickr.com/162/362493554\_745ab4c169\_m.jpg

Proprietary Colony-A colony run by individuals or groups to whom land was granted by the king-https://o.quizlet.com/zXjf2K95eWVCTuJq8kykpw\_m.jpg

Company Colony-colonies funded by companies in England in order to make profit, sometimes for religious reasons as well.-https://farm3.staticflickr.com/2896/14786131953\_0b6b8d280f\_m.jpg

Royal Colony-A colony under the direct control of a monarch-https://o.quizlet.com/7PDZAbjrWeuuVyPY7rxgBQ\_m.png

Three Parts of Colonial Government-Governor - selected by the crown, proprietor, company/group

Advisory council -selected by the crown, proprietor, company/group

Colonial Assembly - selected by the citizen, laws must be approved by the Governor and Advisory Council

Mercantilism-Economic philosophy of 17th and 18th century European nations; sought to increase wealth and power through acquisition of gold and silver and establishing a favorable balance of trade. Colonies served interest of mother country through importation of its manufactured goods. Exportation > importation-https://o.quizlet.com/DsfsOgKWELNcfU6fh.dskQ\_m.jpg

Triangular Trade-1600 - 1800's Trading System between Europe, Africa, and the colonies; European purchased slaves in Africa and sold them to colonies, new materials from colonies went to Europe while European finished products were sold in the colonies.-https://o.quizlet.com/aXsQQDxFk7cAIpmQnskGpg\_m.jpg

The Middle Passage-The journey of slaves from Africa, across the Atlantic, to the West Indies or colonial America, so called because it was the middle portion of the triangular trade route. Many slaves did not survive the trip.-https://o.quizlet.com/QDwGadPxE-atoB2xTwTSjw\_m.jpg

New England Colonies-English colonies that became the states of Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, and Maine.-https://o.quizlet.com/U41uJU-jZkJkX3CeZgu.TQ\_m.jpg

Middle Colonies-Delaware, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania-https://o.quizlet.com/mvINWFfzwGqlM82zS8S4HQ\_m.jpg

Southern Colonies-Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia-https://o.quizlet.com/joapsXL4masuz51dT1ie6Q\_m.jpg

Mayflower Compact-1620 - The first agreement for self-government in America. It was signed by the 41 men on the Mayflower and set up a government for the Plymouth colony.-https://o.quizlet.com/m9BaGxZwXfBTUytuePizuQ\_m.jpg

House of Burgesses-1619, the first elected legislative assembly in the New World established in the Colony of Virginia in 1619, representative colony set up by England to make laws and levy taxes but England could veto its legislative acts; it set a precedent for future parliaments to be established in other colonies

Civics-The study of citizenship and government-https://farm9.staticflickr.com/8071/8293230388\_5200183611\_m.jpg

Citizen-Someone who is legally considered to be a member of a country.

A legally recognized subject or national of a state or commonwealth, either native or naturalized.-https://o.quizlet.com/pjFjKjKnXBEYbAzA6fEOLg\_m.jpg

Duties and Rights-Duties - Pay Taxes, Attend School, Perform Jury Duty

Rights - Right to vote, Bill of rights, Constitutional rights-https://o.quizlet.com/x1uMJXgPzbVBTbGURQOKSQ\_m.jpg

Values of Every citizen-Equality - Equality means that each citizen has the same right to enjoy the many benefits granted to all citizens. Everyone has the right to seek an education or choose a job or career.

Liberty - FREEDOM

Justice - Our government has given power to the police to prevent others from violating our rights. But if those rights are infringed, or violated, our government has given the courts the power to punish those responsible.

Qualities of a good Citizen-1. Responsible family members

2. respect and obey the law

3. respect the rights and property of others

4. loyal to and proud of their country

5. take part in and improve live in their communities

6. Take an active part in their government

7. use natural resources wisely

8.are informed on key issues and

willing to take a stand on these issues

9. believe in equal opportunity for all people

10. respect individual differences, points of view and ways of life that are different from their own.

11. Voting in elections

12. Expressing your opinion-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3058/2776293553\_e807b10c18\_m.jpg

Aliens-People who have come from other countries and are not yet citizens-https://o.quizlet.com/vLbGu2Huygv7QsttfmmOMA\_m.jpg

Immigration-The process of individuals moving into a new country with the intentions of remaining there.-https://o.quizlet.com/kFkCJ5AmH2pcEtLBxRJUyg\_m.jpg

Native born-Born in the United States

Naturalized-The legal process by which an alien may become a citizen

Qualifications of being a citizen-A person must be 18 years of age and have a background check showing "Good moral Character", which includes no criminal record.

Step 1 of Citizenship-Apply for a permanent residency visa-https://o.quizlet.com/i/dd3Xr\_S2Ig\_d7ma9PGOl\_g\_m.jpg

Step 2 of Citizenship-Apply for citizenship-https://o.quizlet.com/i/8hk4OAWXpDFXKE5kcesqNw\_m.jpg

Step 3 of Citizenship-Get Fingerprinted-https://farm3.staticflickr.com/2298/2133774193\_bf8384bde4\_m.jpg

Step 4 of Citizenship-Be interviewed and pass tests on civics, U.S. History and the English language-https://o.quizlet.com/34d1oo7hzC5CFnQboZqieg\_m.jpg

Step 5 of Citizenship-Take the Oath of Allegiance to the United States-https://o.quizlet.com/Hat3gq9dKWlHsKNj4nHgpw\_m.jpg

Glorious Revolution-Following the English Civil War, this event involve the British Parliament once again overthrowing their monarch in 1688-1689. James II was expelled and William and Mary were made king and queen. Marks the point at which Parliament made the monarchy powerless, gave themselves all the power, and wrote a bill of Rights. The whole thing was relatively peaceful and thus glorious.-https://o.quizlet.com/xujy6IAume4dQ1ERtD7ZqQ\_m.jpg

French and Indian War-(1754-1763) War fought in the colonies between the English and the French for possession of the Ohio Valley area. The English won.-https://o.quizlet.com/tqE-Kxe.I7ndZsam5gPTDg\_m.jpg

Sugar Act-(1764) British deeply in debt partly to The French & Indian War. English Parliament placed a tariff on sugar, coffee, wines, and molasses. colonists avoided the tax by smuggling and by bribing tax collectors.-https://o.quizlet.com/uUSokHYOMDG4W0s5a4vDiw\_m.jpg

Stamp Act-An act passed by the British parliament in 1756 that raised revenue from the American colonies by a duty in the form of a stamp required on all newspapers and legal or commercial documents-https://o.quizlet.com/MZ8s.lVFgtYYOkrUSGz5-g\_m.jpg

Quartering Act-1765 - Required the colonials to provide food, lodging, and supplies for the British troops in the colonies.-https://o.quizlet.com/9dLRxfnKpPH5-eu1uNALrA\_m.jpg

Townshend Acts-A tax that the British Parliament passed in 1767 that was placed on leads, glass, paint and tea-https://o.quizlet.com/t1oxglOzzVUnpDs09GAufQ\_m.jpg

Boston Massacre-Conflict between British soldiers and Boston civilians on March 5, 1770; after civilians threw rocks and snowballs at the soldiers, the soldiers opened fire, killing five and wounding six.-https://o.quizlet.com/09.iOWKw.mdCbBrC0ItXPw\_m.jpg

Tea Act-A Law passed in 1773 by parliament allowing the British East India Company to sell its low-cost tea directly to the colonies - undermining colonial tea merchants; led to the Boston Tea Party-https://o.quizlet.com/i/AvImlUhBQ6iqvEhpQkayZw\_m.jpg

Intolerable acts-A series of laws passed in 1774 to punish Boston for the Tea Party-https://o.quizlet.com/i/nk\_h6qVF80AT19jsXjsa0w\_m.jpg

First Continental Congress-September 1776, 56 delegates met to discuss the Issues in Massachusetts and the intolerable acts placed on the colonists. They sent a "Declaration of resolutions to King George III which included the rights of "life, liberty, and property"-https://o.quizlet.com/i/Kh7ePcKihDoLaPiudNg6Hw\_m.jpg

Battle of Lexington and Concord-These two battles occurred on the same day. They were the first military conflicts of the war. Lexington was the first one, in which a shot suddenly rang out as minutemen were leaving the scene at Lexington. Fighting then occurred. The British won the brief fight. In the second battle, Concord, the British had gone onto Concord and, finding no arms, left to go back to Boston. On the bridge back, they met 300 minutemen. The British were forced to retreat, and the Americans claimed victory.

These are the first shots of the american revolution fired " The shot heard round the world"-https://farm8.staticflickr.com/7033/6459470013\_0ac65364fa\_m.jpg

Second Continental Congress-Convened in May 1775, the Congress opposed the drastic move toward complete independence from Britain. In an effort to reach a reconciliation, the Congress offered peace under the conditions that there be a cease-fire in Boston, that the Coercive Acts be repealed, and that negotiations begin immediately. King George III rejected the petition.

It then met again in 1776 and drafted and signed the Declaration of Independence, which justified the Revolutionary War and declared that the colonies should be independent of Britain.-https://o.quizlet.com/ifKjaUSQmuwzh4ql.QtdUQ\_m.jpg

Declaration of Independence--The document recording the proclamation of the second Continental Congress (4 July 1776) asserting the independence of the colonies from Great Britain

-Drafted in 1776 by T. Jefferson declaring America's separation from Great Britain (3 parts-New theory of government, reasons for separation, formal declaration of war and independence)-https://o.quizlet.com/KP7pGwT6bky39oKFgFKr4g\_m.jpg

Human Rights--The basic rights to which all people are entitled as human beings

-Human rights are rights inherent to all human beings, whatever our nationality, place of residence, sex, national or ethnic origin, color, religion, language, or any other status.

10th Amendment-The powers not given to the federal government by the Constitution are retained by the states.-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3188/2502535352\_8703e5cac1\_m.jpg

11th Amendment-One State cannot be sued by another state-https://farm5.staticflickr.com/4080/4797699465\_1c854c1290\_m.jpg

12th Amendment-Separation of votes for President and Vice President. If there is a time, this amendment gives the House of Representatives the power to select the president.-https://farm1.staticflickr.com/27/60721301\_3cb71a120d\_m.jpg

13th Amendment-Abolished slavery.-https://farm6.staticflickr.com/5069/5886696982\_2a7577f757\_m.jpg

14th Amendment-(1) All persons born in the U.S. are citizens; (2) no person can be deprived of life, liberty or property without DUE PROCESS OF LAW; (3) no state can deprive a person of EQUAL PROTECTION of the laws.-https://farm2.staticflickr.com/1180/4727571810\_f8164d49b2\_m.jpg

15th Amendment-States cannot deny any person the right to vote because of race.-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3145/3003317191\_5255eea8f6\_m.jpg

16th Amendment-Power of Congress to tax income-https://farm7.staticflickr.com/6092/6355360253\_30e095425d\_m.jpg

17th Amendment-Established the direct election of senators (instead of being chosen by state legislatures)-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3507/3864815721\_962f256891\_m.jpg

18th Amendment-Prohibition of alcohol-https://farm1.staticflickr.com/70/228959553\_c8d98407cd\_m.jpg

19th Amendment-States cannot deny the right to vote based on gender-https://farm6.staticflickr.com/5501/10294368055\_b6fb087ee4\_m.jpg

1st Amendment-Freedom of religion, speech,press and peaceful assembly-https://farm3.staticflickr.com/2481/3706639354\_6916bc3278\_m.jpg

20th Amendment-Congress begins on January 30th; President starts on January 20th

"Lame-duck" Amendment-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3399/3336548665\_f7a92e2c62\_m.jpg

21st Amendment-Repeal of Prohibition-https://farm9.staticflickr.com/8052/8365442338\_cba94befce\_m.jpg

22nd Amendment-Limits the president to two terms or 10 years.-https://farm1.staticflickr.com/42/84796578\_51922c2167\_m.jpg

23rd Amendment-Gives Washington DC electoral college votes as if it were a state (DC still has no representation in Congress)-https://farm5.staticflickr.com/4093/4767475712\_8a7b208375\_m.jpg

24th Amendment-Abolishes poll taxes-https://farm8.staticflickr.com/7142/6629120915\_556a318093\_m.jpg

25th Amendment-(1) Succession of VP if president dies or become incapable to do his job.(2) if there is no VP, president must appoint one, and congress must approve-https://farm8.staticflickr.com/7366/9778624394\_01a51e96d3\_m.jpg

26th Amendment-States cannot deny the right to vote based on age (18+)-https://farm3.staticflickr.com/2212/2245209899\_49ce7e9aab\_m.jpg

27th Amendment-congressional pay raises are not begun until the next election-https://farm1.staticflickr.com/175/455279239\_720dfc98c8\_m.jpg

2nd Amendment-Right to bear arms.-https://farm8.staticflickr.com/7037/6921767965\_9ca589dda2\_m.jpg

3rd Amendment-Prohibits the forced quartering of soldiers during peacetime.-https://farm9.staticflickr.com/8009/7102837233\_9e91eec560\_m.jpg

4th Amendment-Searches and seizures (search warrant)-https://farm3.staticflickr.com/2379/2215345128\_d212a4ec24\_m.jpg

5th Amendment-(1) No Self-Incrimination

(2) No Double Jeopardy

(3) No deprivation of life liberty or property without "due process of law" (fair treatment)

(4) Plead the fifth-https://farm9.staticflickr.com/8062/8213432552\_fd1a8cc461\_m.jpg

6th Amendment-You have the right to a speedy trial. And the right to have an attorney-https://farm5.staticflickr.com/4055/4544138976\_14a96ee8fa\_m.jpg

7th Amendment-Right to jury in civil trials.-https://farm8.staticflickr.com/7075/14052322313\_8f7260023d\_m.jpg

8th Amendment-Government cannot inflict cruel and unusual punishment and excessive bail.-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3056/3023460872\_fc2b2a945c\_m.jpg

9th Amendment-Rights retained by the people, that some rights were not listed out still can not be violated.-https://farm4.staticflickr.com/3379/3664187720\_4c5884aefa\_m.jpg