Tattvaratnāvaloka and Vivaraņa

Vāgīśvarakīrti

November 27, 2024

1 Sigla and Abbreviations

TaRaA Tattvaratnāvaloka

TaRaA-Vi Tattvaratnāvalokavivaraņa E_{DH} Dhīḥ vol. 21, pp. 129–149. K NAK 5–252 = NGMPP A 915/4

TM_D De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba. Tōhoku no. 1889. sDe dge bstan

'gyur, vol. Pi, fols. 203r3-204r5. Tr. by 'Gos Lhas btsas

TVA_D De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba'i rnam par bshad pa. Tōh. 1890. sDe

dge bsTan 'gyur, vol. 44 (rGyud 'grel, Pi), fols. 204r5–214v4. Tr. by 'Gos

Lhas btsas.

TVB_N De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba'i rnam par bshad pa. Ōtani no. 4793.

bsTan 'gyur gSer bris ma, vol. 84 (83 in BDRC outline(?)), (rGyud 'brel,

Zhu), fols. 70v-85v. translator given.

TIB Both Tibetan translations (differences, if any, indicated in a mini-

aparatus)

ac ante correctionem

deest omitted in

diag. conj. diagnostic conjecture [e.g. 'reconstructed' from Tibetan]

conj. conjecture

em. emendation [an emendation is made with a high degree of confidence,

whereas a conjecture proposes a correction while acknowledging a gre-

ater possibility for alternatives]

fol./fols. folio/folios

pc post correctionem

 $egin{array}{ll} r & {
m recto} \\ v & {
m verso} \end{array}$

 $\Sigma_{\rm X}$ Reading shared in all witnesses but X

((kimcit)) Reading uncertain—either illegible or otherwise in doubt

<kimcit> Reading cancelled

†kiṃcit[†] Reading does not make sense to the editor and an adequate conjecture

was not able to be chosen.

[kiṃcit] Indication of a diagnostic conjecture
 ... Damaged akṣara (one . per half akṣara)
 ... Lacunae of an unknown quanity of akṣaras

° Mark of abbreviation

2 Text

2.1 Mangalācaraņa

[K fol. 1r] [siddhaṃ]¹ namaḥ śrīsadgurupādebhyaḥ |i anupamasukharūpī śrīnivāso 'nivāso nirupamadaśadevīrūpavidyaḥ² savidyaḥ | tribhuvanahitasaukhyaprāptikāro 'vikāro jayati kamalapāṇir yāvad āśāvikāśāḥ³ || 1 ||

[K fol. 2r3] namaḥ samantakāyavākcittavajrāya. ii

anupametyādi. kamalam padmam pāṇau yasya sa kamalapāṇir avalokiteśvaro bhagavāñ jayatīti sambandhaḥ. kiṃviśiṣṭaḥ? anupamam ity atipraṇītatvamahattvāsaṃsārasthāyitvalakṣaṇair⁴ dharmair yuktasyānyasyābhāvādⁱⁱⁱ upamārahitaṃ

i Scribal homage

ii Scribal homage

iii cf. Tib.: dpe med ces bya ba la sogs pa smos te/ dpe med pa ni (ni] TVA_D ; dang TVB_N) shin tu gya nom pa nyid dang/ rgya (rgya] TVA_D ; deest in TVB_N) che ba nyid dang/ 'khor ba'i mtha'i bar

¹ [siddham]] K; om E_{DH}

² nirupama°] E_{DH} ; nirūpama° K

³ āśāvikāśāḥ] corr.; āśāvikāsāḥ K E_{DH}

 $^{^4}$ °saṃsārasthāyitva°] K; °saṃsārasthāyisva° E_{DH} (note the two akṣaras, tva and sva, are very similar)

sukham eva rūpam svabhāvo yasya sa tathoktah. punar api kimviśiṣṭaḥ? śrīḥ pu-nyajñānasambhāralakṣaṇā, tasyā nivāsa āśrayo yaḥ sa tathā. dharmakāyarūpitvena⁵ sarvagatatvāt [E_{DH} p. 132] pratiniyatanivāsābhāvād anivāsaḥ.

punaḥ kīdṛśaḥ? nirupamāḥ paramarūpayauvanaśṛṅgārādirasamahākaruṇādiyuktatvenopamātikrāntā⁶ rūpavajrāditārāparyantadaśadevīrūpā vidyāḥ parivārakatvena⁷ yasya sa tathā. saha svābhārūpayā vidyayā⁸ vartata iti savidyaḥ. tribhuvanasya tribhuvanavartino janasya yaddhitam āyatipathyaṃ⁹ buddhatvādikam, saukhyaṃ tadāpātapathyaṃ¹⁰ cakravartitvādikam, tasya yā prāptiḥ¹¹ [K fol. 2v] sākṣāt kriyā, tasyāḥ karaṇaṃ kāro yasya sa tathā. aparinirvāṇadharmakatvenāpratiṣṭhitanirvāṇarūpatvenā¹²nyathātvalakṣaṇasya vikārasyābhāvād avikāraḥ. evaṃviśisto bhagavāñ jayati.

kiyantam kālam ity āha—yāvad āśāvikāśāh.¹³ āśā daśa diśo gaganasvarūpāḥ. yadvā āśāḥ sarvasattvānām bhavabhogatṛṣṇāh.¹⁴ tāsām vikāśā¹⁵ avakāśāḥ pravartanāni, prādurbhāvā iti yāvat. te yāvat¹⁶ tāvad bhagavāñ jayati, sarvahariharahiranyagarbhādibhyah prakrsto bhavatīty arthah.

atrānupamasukharūpīty anena svārthasaṃpattiḥ kathitā. śrīnivāsa ity anena tadupāyaḥ, puṇyajñānasambhārayoḥ śrīśabenābhihitatvāt. tribhuvanahitasaukhya-prāptikāra ity anena parārthasaṃpattir uktā. nirupamadaśadevīrūpavidyaḥ savi-dya ity anena tadupāyaḥ, ¹⁷tathābhūtadaśadevīdvātriṃśallakṣaṇāśītyanuvyañja-

du gnas pa'i mtshan nyid kyi chos dang ldan pa ste/ gzhan dag la de med pa'i phyir ro/ / (āha—anumapetyādi. anupamam iti atipraṇītatvamahattvāsaṃsārasthāyitvalakṣaṇair yuktam, anyasya tadabhāvād.)

 $^{^{5}}$ dharmakāyarūpitvena] K E_{DH} ; dharmakāyarūpatvena possible em. (cf. TVA $_{D}$ TVB $_{N}$: chos kyi sku'i ngo bo nyid kyis)

 $^{^6}$ °opamātikrāntā] K E_{DH} TVB $_N$ (dpe las 'das pa'o) ; dpe med pa ste/ dpe las 'das pa'i TVA $_D$ (nirupamā upamātikrāntā)

⁷ parivārakatvena] *em.*; saparivārakatvena K; saparivārakatvena E_{DH}

 $^{^8}$ vidyayā] K $E_{\rm DH};$ rig pa ste/ shes rab TVA $_{\rm D}$ TVB $_{\rm N}$ (vidyayā prajñayā)

⁹ āyatipathyam] variant word division in E_{DH}: āyati pathyam; and in K: āyati | pathyam

 $^{^{10}}$ tad āpātapathyam
] $\it{conj.}$ (TVAD: 'phral gyi phan pa); tad dāpayati pathyam K
 $\rm E_{DH}$; de la bde ba ni bde ba ste TVBN

¹¹ prāptih] K E_{DH}; thob pa ni rnyed pa ste TVA_D TVB_N

 $^{^{12}}$ °rūpatvenā°] K E_{DH} ; ngo bo rnyed pas TVA_D ; ngo bo brnyed pas TVB_N (°rūpaprāptyā°)

¹³ āśāvikāsāh] corr.; āśāvikāśāh E_{DH} K

^{14 °}trsnāh] E_{DH} (°tṛṣṇās); tṛṣṇā K

 $^{^{15}}$ vikāśā] corr.; vikāsā K E_{DH}

¹⁶ te yāvat] em.; tā yāvat K E_{DH}; deest in TIB

¹⁷ tathābhūta°] K E_{DH}; no reflect in TIB

nakāyākāraśūnyena¹⁸ sarvākāraparārthasampatteḥ kartum aśakyatvād iti.

2.2 prayojanādyabhidhānam

śrīmantranītigatacārucaturthasekarūpaṃ vidanti na hi ye sphuṭaśabdaśūnyam | nānopadeśagaṇasaṃkulasaptabhedais tesām sphutāvagataye kriyate prayatnah || 2 ||

śrīmantranītiśabdena sāmānyayogatantravācakenāpi śrīsamājaḥ parigṛhyate, caturthārthakasyānyatrāsambhavāt. śeṣaṃ subodham. nānācāryopadeśagaṇasaṃkulai $[E_{DH}\ p.\ 133]$ r vyākulaiḥ saptabhir bhedaiḥ prakārair atītānāgatavartamānācārya gatopadeśarāśisaṃgrāhakaiḥ. sphuṭāvagataye sukhena sphuṭapratītyartham iti.

2.3 tīrthikānām tattvasādhyayor prastāvah

sambhrāntabodhā nikhilā hi tīrthyās tattvasya sādhyasya ca rūpavittau | tebhyaḥ prakṛṣṭaḥ kila tattvavettā vedāntavādīti janapravādaḥ || 3 ||

sambhrāntetyādi. sambhrānto vibhrānto bodhaḥ prajñāviśeṣo yeṣāṃ tīrthikānāṃ te tatho[K fol. 3r]ktāḥ. 20 sarva eva tīrthyā ātmātmīyagrahatimiropahatabuddhinayanāḥ. tattvam idam iti sādhyam idam 21 iti ca tattvasya sādhyasya yat 22 svarūpam tasya yā vittih pratītih. tasyām bhrāntāh. śesam subodham.

nanu tattvasādhyayor upādeyatvenaikarūpatvāt tattvasya sādhyasya ceti kathaṃ²³ bhedena nirdeśa iti cet. asad etat. tattvaṃ hy upādeyatve 'pi²⁴ sukhaduḥkhopekṣādisakalapratibhāsasaṃdohavyāpakam. sādhyaṃ cānabhimataparihāreṇecchālakṣaṇaṃ phalam upādeyatve 'pi sakalaprāṇibhir avaśyam evāsādhyavyāvṛttyā sādhayitavyatvenābhimatam ity adoṣaḥ.

^{18 °}kāyā°] K E_{DH}; dam pa'i sku TIB (satkāya)

 $^{^{19}}$ °vartamānā°] $E_{DH};$ °pravartamānā° K

 $^{^{20}}$ te tathoktāḥ]; K^{pc} ; te thoktāḥ K^{ac} ; tathoktāḥ E_{DH}

 $^{^{21}}$ sādhyam idam] em.; sādhyam cedam K E_{DH}

²² yat] E_{DH} (em.); tat K

 $^{^{23}}$ tattvasya sādhyasya ceti katham] E_{DH} (em.); tat katham tatvasya sādhyasya ceti K

 $^{^{24}}$ upādevatve 'pi] coni. (TIB: blang bar bya ba nyid yin); upādeyatvenāpi K E_{DH}

2.4 vedāntavādinām śrāvakapratyekabuddhānām ca sādhyāni

tatra tāvad²⁵ vedāntavādyabhimatam sādhyam āha—ānandarūpam ityādi.

```
ānandarūpaṃ svavid aprakampyaṃ
vedāntinaḥ sādhyam uṣanti śāntam<sup>26</sup> |
saśrāvakāḥ<sup>27</sup> khaḍgajināś ca sādhyam
icchanti rūpādyupadher virāmam || 4 ||
```

ānandarūpam iti sadāsukhamayatvāt. svavid iti jyotīrūpatvena²⁸ svayaṃ prakā-śamānatvāt.²⁹ aprakampyam iti nityatayā³⁰ kampayitum aśakyatvāt. śāntam³¹ iti kleśopakleśaśūnyatvena parikalpitatvāt. evaṃvidhaṃ sādhyam uṣanti kāmayante.

saha śrāvakair vartante ye khaḍgajināḥ khaḍgaviṣāṇakalpā ekacāriṇo vargacāriṇaś³² ca pratyekabuddhās te sādhyam icchanti. kīdṛśam? rūpādyupadher virāmaṃ rūpavedanāsaṃjñāsaṃskāravijñānalakṣaṇānām upadhīnāṃ skandhānāṃ virāmaṃ vicchedam, nirodham iti yāvat. [E_{DH} p. 134] etad uktaṃ bhavati—sarvaśrāvakapratyekabuddhāḥ sopadhiśeṣanirupadhiśeṣabhedena bhinne 'pi nirvāṇe³³ nirupadhiśeṣam eva nirvāṇaṃ sā[K fol. 3v]kṣātkartavyatvena sādhyaṃ pratipannāḥ.

2.5 pāramitānayavādinām caturvidham sādhyam

idānīm pāramitānayavādinām abhimatam
 34 caturvidham sādhyam āha—ākāraśūnyam ityādi.

ākāraśūnyam gaganendurūpam pratyātmavedyam karuņārasam ca |

 $^{^{25}}$ tāvad] K $E_{\rm DH}$ TVA $_{\rm D}$ (re zhig); no reflex in TVB $_{\! N}$

 $^{^{26}}$ śāntam] corr.; sāntam K E_{DH} ; no reflex in TIB

 $^{^{27}}$ saśrāvakā
ḥ] $\mathit{em.};$ saśrāvakā K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

²⁸ jyotīrūpatvena] K; jyotirūpatvena E_{DH}

 $^{^{29}}$ prakāśamānatvāt] $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$ (em.); prakāśamānāt K

 $^{^{30}}$ nityatayā] $E_{\rm DH};$ anityatayā K TIB (mi rtag pa nyid kyis)

 $^{^{31}}$ śāntam] corr.; sāntam K E_{DH}

³² vargacāriņaś] K (cf. Abhidharmakośabhāṣya); vanacāriņaś E_{DH}

³³ nirvāņe] E_{DH}; nirvāņa° K

³⁴ abhimatam] E_{DH}; abhimata K

sallakṣaṇair bhūṣitam³⁵ arthakāri dānādiniṣyandam apetasaukhyam || 5 || sānandasallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgaṃ sambhujyamānaṃ daśabhūmisaṃsthaiḥ | sattvārthakāri pravadanti sādhyaṃ dānādiṣaṭpāramitānayasthāḥ || 6 ||

2.5.1 pāramitānaye pratham sādhyam

ākārair nīlapītasukhaduḥkhādibhiś citrarūpaiḥ śūnyaṃ nirākāram. ata eva gaganasyeva nirākāratvenendor iva prabhāsvaratvena rūpaṃ svabhāvo yasya tat tathā. pratyātmavedyam iti svasaṃvedanaikavedyam.³6 karuṇā duḥkhād³7 duḥkhahetor vā sakalajagadabhyuddharaṇakāmatā.³8,iv saiva rasaḥ svabhāvo yasya tat tathoktam. etad uktaṃ bhavati—nīlapītādicitrākāraśūnyaṃ nirābhāsaṃ³9 nirañjanaṃv gaganopamaṃ svacchaṃ sakalajagadarthakārivi mahākaruṇāyuktaṃ pratyātmavedyaṃ pāramitopadeśaśabdābhidheyaṃ sādhyam iti pāramitānaye prathamaṃ sādhyam.

2.5.2 pāramitānaye dvitīyam sādhyam

śobhanāni ca tāni lakṣaṇāni ca dvātriṃśallakṣaṇasaṃjñakānīti.⁴⁰ tair bhūṣitam. arthaṃ janānāṃ prayojanaṃ kartuṃ śīlaṃ svabhāvo yasya tad arthakāri.⁴¹ dānādīnāṃ daśapāramitānāṃ niṣyandaṃ tatprakarṣaprabhavatvena sadṛśaṃ phalam.

 $^{^{}iv}$ This definition can be found in various older sources, such as the $Pram\bar{a}nav\bar{a}rttikavrtti$. Possibly in the Sāramanjarī?

^{vi} sakalajagadarthakāri can also be read in compound with mahākaruṇā°. This is reflected in both Tibetan translations: *'gro ba ma lus pa'i don byed pa'i snying rje chen po*

³⁵ bhūsitam] E_{DH}; bhuṣitam K

³⁶ svasaṃvedanaikavedyam] E_{DH} (em.) (°vedyaṃ); svasaṃvedyanaikavedyaṃ K

³⁷ karunā duhkhād] K; karunāduhkhā° E_{DH}

 $^{^{38}}$ abhyuddharaṇakāmatā] em.; °atyuddharaṇakāmatā K $\rm E_{DH}$

 $^{^{39}}$ nirābhāsaṃ] em.; nirābhāsa K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

 $^{^{40}}$ °saṃjñakānīti] conj. (Isaacson); °saṃjñakāni ceti K E_{DH} ; mdzes pa'i mtshan sum cu rtsa gnyis zhes bya ste TIB

⁴¹ tad arthakāri] K E_{DH}; de ni de'i don mdzad pa'o TIB (tad tadarthakāri)

duḥkhasya pūrvam eva prahīṇatvāt sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyām $^{42,\mathrm{vii}}$ saukhyasyāpy abhāvād 43 upekṣārūpatvenāpetasaukhyam apagatasaukhyam. etad uktaṃ bhavati —dvātriṃśallakṣaṇadharāśītyanuvyañjanavirājitaśarīraṃ sakalajagadarthakāri dānādipāramitābhyāsa † balenātmānaṃ 44 † samyaksaṃbuddharūpaṃ sukhaduḥkharahitatvenopekṣārūpaṃ dvitīyaṃ sādhyam.

2.5.3 pāramitānaye tṛtīyam sādhyam

[E_{DH} p. 135] sānandetyādi. sahānandena vartata iti sā[K fol. 4r]nandam. sānandam ca tat sallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgaṃ ca⁴⁵ sambhujyamānaṃ dharmadeśanādvāreṇopajīvyamānam.⁴⁶ kaiḥ? daśabhūmīśvaraiḥ, pariśiṣṭabhūmisthitānām⁴⁷ agocaratvāt. daśabhūmiprāptair avalokiteśvaramañjuśrīprabhṛtibhir upabhujyamānam iti yāvat. etad uktaṃ bhavati—śuddhāvāsopari ghanavyūhasaṃjñake⁴⁸ samyaksaṃbuddhabhuvane yathā bhagavān ānandarūpaḥ sambhogakāyātmā nirmāṇadvāreṇa⁴⁹ sakalajagadarthasampādakaḥ śrāvakapratyekabuddhanavabhūmīśvarair apy adṛśyaśarīro daśabhūmīśvarair eva paraṃ bodhisattvair⁵⁰ dharmaśravaṇadvāreṇopabhujyamāna⁵¹ āsaṃsāraṃ cakāsti, tathaiva tat sādhyam iti tṛtīyam.

In support of the former, see Saṃkṣipābhiṣekavidhi: tadanantaram ekatathatāmatena tayaiva bhinnamate tv ānayā svasaṃviditajñānasākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyāṃ pūrvoktagāthayā adhyeṣitavate śiṣyāya tatpāṇau tasyāḥ pāṇiṃ pratisthāpya

 $^{^{}vii}$ Isaacson (personal communication) proposes $s\bar{a}k\bar{s}\bar{a}tkaran\bar{a}vasth\bar{a}y\bar{a}m$ or $s\bar{a}k\bar{s}\bar{a}tkrty\bar{a}vasth\bar{a}-y\bar{a}m$ as potentially supperior readings.

 $^{^{42}}$ sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyāṃ] conj. (Isaacson); sākṣātkṛtāvasthāyāṃ E_{DH} ; sākṣātkṛtāvatāsthāyāṃ K

⁴³ abhāvāt] *em.* (Isaacson); abhāvatvāt K E_{DH}

⁴⁴ °balenātmānam] K E_{DH}; stobs kyis bdag nyid TVA_D; stobs kyis byung ba TVB_N

 $^{^{45}}$ sallaksanamanditāngam ca
] $\it{em.}$ (Isaacson); sallaksanamanditāngam K
 $\rm E_{DH}$

⁴⁶ °opajīvyamānam] K E_{DH}; nye bar longs spyod par gyur pa'o TIB (°opabhujyamānam)

 $^{^{47}}$ parișișțabhūmi°] corr.; parișișța bhumi° E_{DH}

⁴⁸ °samjñake] *em.*; °samjñako K; °samjñakah E_{DH} (*em.*)

⁴⁹ nirmāṇadvāreṇa] K E_{DH}; sprul pa'i sku'i sgo nas TIB (nirmāṇakāyadvārena)

 $^{^{50}}$ param bodhisatvair] K $\rm E_{DH}$ ('sattvair); mchog tu gyur pa'i byang chub sems dpa' TIB (paramabodhisattvair)

⁵¹ bhujyamāna] *em.*; bhujyamānam K E_{DH}

2.5.4 pāramitānaye tṛtīyam sādhyam

```
saṃpūrya dānādiguṇān aśeṣān
saṃbuddhakṛtyaṃ<sup>52</sup> sakalaṃ ca kṛtvā |
yad bhūtakoṭeḥ karaṇaṃ ca sākṣāt
sādhyam tad apy asti nirodharūpam || 7 ||
```

saṃpūryetyādi. dānādipāramitā eva guṇā, guṇyante 'bhyasyanta iti kṛtvā. tān saṃpūrya paripūrṇān⁵³ kṛtvā, yat saṃbuddhānāṃ kṛtyaṃ sakalam^{54,viii} avaśyakartavyaṃ kṛtsnaṃ tad api kṛtvā, bhūtakoṭeḥ śūnyatālakṣaṇāyāś cittacaittanirodhātmikāyā⁵⁵ yat sākṣāt karaṇaṃ tad api sādhyam astīti pāramitānayasthā evaṃ bruvate caturtham sādhyam iti.

2.6 mantranaye saptavidham sādhyam

2.6.1 mantranaye prathamam sādhyam

idānīṃ mantranayopadiṣṭaṃ saptavidhaṃ⁵⁶ sādhyaṃ kathayitum āha—svābhā-ṅganetyādi.

```
svābhāṅganāśleṣi<sup>57</sup> janārthakāri<sup>58</sup> duḥkhaiḥ sukhaiś caiva vimuktirūpam | aśītyanuvyañjanabhūṣitāṅgam apetakalpaṃ pravadanti sādhyam || 8 ||
```

viii The manuscript reading of simply sakalam instead of kṛtyam sakalam is asymmetrical given the following gloss, avaśyakartavyam kṛtsnam. Here Tib. reads simply nges par mdzad par bya ba ma lus pa, reflecting only the gloss and neither sakalam of the Sanskrit nor the conjecture kṛtyam sakalam. It is also possible that sakalam is a mistaken scribal addition, but it's also possible that even if the Tibetan translators saw kṛtyam sakalam, they chose not to render this because of the superfluous sounding result in Tibetan.

 $^{^{52}}$ saṃbuddhakṛtyaṃ] $\it em.$ (cf. TaRaA-V: saṃbuddhānāṃ ... avaśyakartavyaṃ kṛtsnaṃ); saṃbuddhya kṛtyaṃ K $\rm E_{DH}$

⁵³ paripūrņān] *em.*; paripūrņaṃ K E_{DH}

 $^{^{54}}$ kṛtyam sakalam] conj.;sakalam K $\rm E_{DH}$

⁵⁵ cittacaitta°] E_{DH} (em.); cittacaitya° K

⁵⁶ saptavidham] E_{DH} (Tib: rnam pa bdun); caturtham K

⁵⁷ svābhāṅganāśleṣi E_{DH} (corr.); svābhāṅgaṇāśleṣi K

 $^{^{58}}$ janārthakāri] conj. (Tib: 'gro ba yi don mdzad; TaRaA-V: jagadarthakāri); ta..rthakāri K (akçara uncertain, perhaps gna or mva); tadarthakāri $E_{\rm DH}$

svābhāṅganām⁵⁹ āśleṣituṃ śīlaṃ svabhāvo yasya tat svābhāṅganāśleṣi. ⁶⁰ [E_{DH} p. 136] apetakalpaṃ vyapagatakalpam, kalpanārahitam iti yāvat. anyat subodham. ayam arthaḥ—samāliṅgitasvābhāṅganāśleṣi jagadarthakāri dvātriṃśallakṣaṇavibhūṣitaśarīram upekṣārūpaṃ prathamaṃ sādhyam.

2.6.2 mantranaye dvitīyam sādhyam

svadevatākāraviśeṣaśūnyaṃ prāg eva sambhāvya sukhaṃ sphuṭaṃ sat | mahāsukhākhyaṃ jagadarthakāri cintāmaṇiprakhyam uvāca kaścit || 9 ||

svadevatetyādi. svadevatākāraviśeṣeṇa⁶⁴ sveṣṭadevatākāreṇa śūnyam, nirākāram iti yāvat. prāg eva prathamataram⁶⁵ upadeśānantaram eva⁶⁶ devatākāranirape-kṣaṃ sukhaṃ sambhāvya, bhāvanayā sākṣāt kṛtvā, sphuṭaṃ^{67,x} sphu[K fol. 4v] ṭīkṛtaṃ san mahāsukhasaṃjñakaṃ bhavati. tac ca jagadarthakāri cintāmaṇisa-mānarūpam. etad uktaṃ bhavati—upadeśānantaram eva mantramudrādevatākā-rarahitaṃ⁶⁸ bhāvanayā sphuṭīkṛtaṃ mahāsukhasaṃjñakaṃ cintāmaṇivaj jagadarthakāri māyopamam āsaṃsārasthāyi dvitīyaṃ sādhyam.

^{ix} The compound $^\circ$ svābhāṅganāśleṣajagadarthakāri is strinckly speaking not impossible, and could be read as a kind of instrumental tatpuruṣa, for example; however, given that this is a prose explanation of the verse, there is no need for the author to use such a compound and it seems mostly likely that the scribe left off the $ik\bar{a}ra$.

^x The understanding reflected in TIB, namely *aphuṭaṃ* instead of *sphuṭaṃ*, is an alternative word division and also yields sense. It seems more likely, however, that the author is glossing *sphuṭaṃ*.

⁵⁹ svābhāṅganām] E_{DH} (corr.); svābhāṅganām K

⁶⁰ svābhānganāślesi] corr.; svābhānganāślesi K E_{DH}

 $^{^{61}}$ °svābhāṅganāśleṣi jagadarthakāri] conj. (TVB_N: nyid dang mtshungs pa'i lha mos 'khyud pa can 'gro ba'i don mdzad pa); °svābhāṅganāśleṣajagadarthakāri K E_{DH}; nyid dang mtshungs pa'i lha mos 'khyud pa can | 'gro ba ma lus pa'i don mdzad pa TVA_D (°svābhāṅganāśleṣy aśeṣajagadarthakāri)

 $^{^{62}}$ śarīram] E_{DH} ; śarīra K

 $^{^{63}}$ upekṣārūpaṃ] K E_{DH} ; b
tang snyoms kyi ngo bo du 'khor ba ji srid du bzhugs pa (ji srid bzhugs pa
] TVA $_{\rm D}$; ju bzhugs pa TVB $_{\rm N}$) mngon du bya ba yin no zhe bya ba TIB (upekṣārūpaṃ āsaṃsārasthāyi sākṣātkriyata iti)

⁶⁴ svadevatā°] $\Sigma_{\text{TVA}_{\text{D}}}$; lha TVA_D (devatā°)

 $^{^{65}}$ prathamataram] K; prathamataro° E_{DH}

 $^{^{66}}$ upadeśānantaram eva] E_{DH} (em.); upadeśāntaram eva K; bshad ma thag pa'i TIB (anantarokta $^{\circ}$)

 $^{^{67}}$ sphuṭaṃ] K; deest in E_{DH} ; ma gsal ba TIB

 $^{^{68}}$ °rahitaṃ] $\Sigma_{\text{TVA}_{\text{D}}}$; spangs te | bde ba 'ba' zhig tsam TVA_D (°rahitaṃ sukhamātraṃ)

2.6.3 mantranaye tṛtīyam sādhyam

kṛtvā sākṣāt svādhipaṃ [K fol. 1v] sātarūpaṃ paścāt tyaktvā sātamātraṃ phalaṃ syāt | śuddhaṃ sākṣāc chakyate naiva kartuṃ tenākāro bhāvitah svādhipasya || 10 ||

kṛtvetyādi. svādhipaṃ sveṣṭadaivataṃ sākṣāt kṛtvāmukhīkṛtya sātarūpaṃ sukhaikasvabhāvam, paścād devatākāraṃ parityajya, sukhamātraṃ⁶⁹ phalaṃ sādhyaṃ vyavasthitam syāt.

nanu yadi 70 sākṣāt kṛtvāpi devatākāras tyaktavyaḥ, tarhi prathamam eva kasmād [E_{DH} p. 137] vibhāvitaḥ? sukhamātram eva dvitīyasādhyavat kiṃ na vibhāvitam? 71 kiṃ vṛthāprayāsenety 72 āha—śuddham ityādi. śuddhaṃ kevalaṃ devatākāravirahitaṃ sukhamātraṃ naiva sākṣāt kartuṃ śakyate, ākārarahitasya sukhasyānupalambhāt. tasmāt tena kāraṇenākāro bhāvitaḥ svādhipasyeti tṛtīyam. 73 ayam arthaḥ 74 —devatākārasaṃvalitam eva sukhaṃ vibhāvya, sākṣādbhūte devatākāraṃ tyaktvā, sukhamātram eva sādhyam uktaguṇam.

2.6.4 mantranaye caturtham sādhyam

```
gagaṇasamaśarīraṃ lakṣaṇair bhūṣitāṅgaṃ
nirupamasukhapūrṇaṃ<sup>75</sup> svābhayā saṃgataṃ ca |
sphuradamitamunīndraiḥ<sup>76</sup> sarvasattvārthakāri
pravadati punar anyaḥ sādhyam ucchedaśūnyam || 11 ||
```

gagaṇetyādi. gagaṇasamaṃ māyopamaṃ vicārāsahaṃ⁷⁷ śarīraṃ yasya. lakṣaṇair dvātriṃśadbhir aśītibhiś cānuvyañjanair maṇḍitāny aṅgāni yasya. nirupamaiḥ sthaulya⁷⁸nairantaryā⁷⁹saṃsāra⁸⁰pravāhitvanirāsravatvādibhir upamābhāvād u-

⁶⁹ sukhamātram] *em.*; sukhamātra° K E_{DH}

 $^{^{70}}$ nanu yadi] $\emph{conj.};$ nanu K $\rm E_{DH};$ gal te TVA $_{\rm D}$ ([nanu] yadi); TVB $_{\rm N}:$ not clearly rendered

⁷¹ vibhāvitam] em.; vibhāvitah E_{DH} (em.); vibhāgato K

⁷² vṛthāprayāsenety] E_{DH}; vyathāprayāsenety K

 $^{^{73}}$ tṛtīyam] *em.* TVB_N (gsum pa yin no); tṛtīyaḥ K E_{DH} ; bsgrub par bya ba gsum pa yin no TVA_D (trtīyam sādhyam)

⁷⁴ arthah] E_{DH}; artha K

⁷⁵ nirupama°] E_{DH}; nirupama° K

⁷⁶ munīndraih] em.; munīndrah K E_{DH}

⁷⁷ māyopamam vicārāsaham] K (reading slightly unclrear); māyopamavicārasaha E_{DH}

 $^{^{78}}$ sthaulya°] K E_{DH} ; rgya nam pa nyid dang | rgya che ba nyid dang TVA $_{D}$ (praṇītatvasthaulya°); lhun che ba nyid dang | TVB $_{N}$ (sthaulya ?)

⁷⁹ °nairantaryā°] E_{DH} (em.); °nairuttaryā° K

⁸⁰ °āsamsāra°] *em.*; °āsamsāram E_{DH} K

pamātikrāntaiḥ sukhaiḥ pūrṇaṃ romāgraparyantaṃ⁸¹ saṃpūrṇam. svābhayā ca tathābhūtayā saṃgataṃ samāliṅgitam. sphuradbhir anantanirmitair munīndrais tathābhūtair eva sarvasattvārthakāri.⁸² ucchedeneti nirodhena śūnyam tucchaṃ riktam.⁸³

etad uktaṃ bhavati—gaganamāyāmarīci⁸⁴gandharvanagarodakacandrapratibimbasvapnopamam⁸⁵ [K fol. 5r] ekānekabhāvābhāvagrāhyagrāhakasvabhāvarahitam anādyantam aśeṣavastusaṃdohasvabhāvam^{86,xi} anābhāsaṃ nirañjanaṃ sarvopamātikrāntaṃ paramasūkṣmātigambhīraprajñārūpatayā dharmakāyasvabhāvam, dvātriṃśallakṣaṇavibhūṣitaśarīram aśītyanuvyañjanavirājitagātraṃ⁸⁷ paramaśṛṅgārayauvanādyupetaṃ svābhāṅganāliṅgitāṅgaṃ rūpavajrāditārāparyantadevīgaṇair anantaprabhedānimittarati⁸⁸ svarūpaparamānandopabhogadvāreṇa pratibimbavat [E_{DH} p. 138] sambhujyamānaṃ karuṇāsaṃvalitodārarūpatayā sambhogakāyarūpam, nānādhimuktivineyajanaparipācanārtham anekavidhaprātihāryadvāreṇa⁸⁹ nirmitānantakulāntarbhūtasaṃbuddhabodhisattvaspharaṇasaṃhārakāritvena⁹⁰ nirmāṇakāyātmakam, śūnyatākaruṇābhinnabodhicitta⁹¹ svabhāvāmalaprajñopāyasamādhisambhūtasatsukhāpūrṇam^{xii} āsaṃsārasthitidharmaṃ⁹² apratisthitanirvānarūpam nirmalanivātaniścalapradīpaśikhāprabandhanityatayā

xi See parallels in Samantabhadrasādhana for mtshan ma med pa'i dga' ba

xii See Sahajavilāsa, Svādhiṣṭhānakurukullāsādhana (SāMā no. 183, p. 383): tataḥ prajñopāyāma-lasamādhisambhūtasatsukhāpūrṇam iva svadeham trailokya ca paśyet.

⁸¹ conj. (TIB: gang ba ni | ba spu rtse mo'i mthar thug pa); pūrnnam masimāgrapayantam K; pūrnatām samāśrayantam E_{DH}; TVA_D (pūrnam romāgraparyantam)

 $^{^{82}}$ sarvasattvārtha°] K E_{DH} (TVB $_{\!N}$: sems can thams cad kyi don); sems can gyi don TVA $_{\!D}$ (sattvārtha°)

⁸³ tuccham riktam K; bhūstham riktam E_{DH}; spangs pa'o TIB (tuccham | riktam)

 $^{^{84}}$ māyāmarīci] K E_{DH} (TVB $_{\!N}$: sgyu ma dang | smig rgyu dang |) ; sgyu ma dang | smig rgyu dang | smig rgyu dang | TVA $_{\!D}$ (māyāmarīcīndrajāla | māyendrajālamarīci)

⁸⁵ °svapnopayam] E_{DH}; svapnāpayam K

 $^{^{86}}$ anādyantam aśeṣavastusaṃdohasvabhāvam] K E_{DH} ; thog ma dang tha ma med pa'i dngos po ma lus pa'i rang bzhin TVA_D TVB_N (anādyantāśesavastusvabhāvam)

⁸⁷ °gātram] K E_{DH}; deest in TVA_D and TVB_N

⁸⁸ °ānimittarati°] *conj.* (TVA_D: mtshan ma med pa'i dga' ba'i); °ānimittārati° KE_{DH}; mtshan ma med pa'i TVB_N

 $^{^{89}}$ anekavidhaprātihārya°] K $E_{\rm DH};$ rdzu 'phrul dang cho 'phrul rnam pa du ma TVA $_{\rm D}$ TVB $_{\rm N}$ (anekarddhiprātihārya°)

 $^{^{90}}$ °bodhisattva°] conj. (TVBNbyang chub sems dpa'i); °bodhi° K $E_{\rm DH}$; byang chub sems dpa' la sogs pa'i TVAD (°bodhisattvādi°)

⁹¹ °bodhicitta°] E_{DH}; °bodhicittā° K

⁹² conj. (cf. Tib: chos can); dharmānām K E_{DH}

nirodhaśūnyam caturtham⁹³ sādhyam.

2.7 mantranaye pañcamam sādhyam

kṛtvā sākṣāt svādhipaṃ sātarūpaṃ tyaktvopekṣājñānamātraṃ⁹⁴ phalaṃ syāt | āsaṃsārasthāyi sattvārthakāri cintā⁹⁵ratnaprakhyam⁹⁶ ekāntaśāntam || 12 ||

kṛtvetyādi. sākṣāt svādhipaṃ kṛtvā, paścāt⁹⁷ tyaktvā, upekṣārūpaṃ yaj jñānaṃ tanmātraṃ sādhyaṃ syāt. anyat sugamam.⁹⁸ etad uktaṃ bhavati—maṇḍalacakrarūpaṃ sākṣāt kṛtvā, paścāt tan nirodhya, upekṣājñānamātraṃ sādhyaṃ syāt pañcamam.

2.8 mantranaye şaşthamam sādhyam

kṛtvā sākṣān maṇḍalaṃ sātarūpaṃ paścāt tasya svecchayā nirvṛtiś⁹⁹ ca| sattvārthasyāpy asty abhāvo na vāsmin prādurbhāvo nirvṛtād¹⁰⁰ asti yasmāt || 13 ||

kṛtvetyādi. kṛtvā sākṣān maṇḍalaṃ sātasaṃvalitam. 101 tasya svecchayā nirvṛtir nirodhah.

nanu yadi sākṣāt kṛtvāpi paścāt svecchayā nirodhayita[K fol. 5v]vyam, ¹⁰² tadā karuṇāyā anekakālābhyastāyā abhāvaḥ syāt. tasyāś cābhāvāt sattvārthābhāvaḥ [E_{DH} p. 139] syād ity āśaṅkyāha—sattvārthasyāpy asty abhāvo na vetyādi.

⁹³ caturtham] E_{DH}; caturtha K

⁹⁴ tyaktvopekṣā°] K (E_{DH} reports as tyajyo°, but it cannot be; see commentary); bhāvopekṣā° E_{DH} (em.); not reflected in TM_D

 $^{^{95}}$ cintā°] K pc E $_{
m DH}$; cittā° K ac

⁹⁶ °prakhyam] E_{DH}; °prakhyamm K

⁹⁷ paścāt] E_{DH}; paścāta K

 $^{^{98}}$ sugamaṃ] $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$; sūgamaṃ K

 $^{^{99}}$ nirvṛtiś] K; nirvṛtiṃ] E_{DH}

¹⁰⁰ nirvrtād] E_{DH}; nivrtād K

 $^{^{101}}$ sātasaṃvalitam] em. (TIB: bde ba'i rang bzhin can); sātaṃ saṃvalitaṃ K E_{DH}

¹⁰² nirodhayitavyam] *em.*; nirodhayitavyah K E_{DH}

asmin pakṣe sattvārthābhāvo nāsti, yasmān nirvṛtāc cakrāt karuṇāsaṃvalitāt sattvārthasya prādurbhāvo 'sti. xiii

etenaitad evāha—sātasaṃpūrṇacakraṃ sākṣāt kṛtvā, yāvad iṣṭaṃ kālaṃ vyavasthāpya, paścāt tasya sarvathaiva pradīpavan nirodhaṃ kṛtvā sthātavyam. yadā punaḥ sattvārthābhilāṣo bhavati, tadā niruddhād eva cakrāntaram utpādya sattvārthaḥ kartavyaḥ. cakrāntarotpāde¹⁰³ 'pi ciraniruddhād¹⁰⁴ eva cakrād yathābhavyatayā¹⁰⁵ vineyānāṃ yathābhilaṣitaprāptir bhavatīti ṣaṣṭham.

2.9 mantranaye saptamam sādhyam

kṛtvā sphuṭaṃ rūpam abhīṣṭam eṣāṃ paścān nirodhaḥ¹06,xiv phalam āha kaścit | abhinnarūpaś ca yato nirodho na pakṣabhede 'pi tato 'sti bhedaḥ || 14 ||

kṛtvetyādi. ṣaṇṇāṃ pakṣāṇām anyatamasya phalasya
¹⁰⁷ sādhyatvād yad yad evābhiṣṭaṃ
¹⁰⁸ tad
¹⁰⁹ eva sākṣāt kṛtvā, paścāt sarvathaiva pradīpavan nirodha uttarakālam sattvārthādiśūnyah sāksāt kartavyah.

nanu ṣaṭpakṣabhedena ṣaḍ eva¹¹⁰ nirodhāḥ syuḥ. tat katham eka eva nirodha ity āśaṅkyāha—abhinnetyādi. abhinnaṃ¹¹¹ rūpaṃ yasya sa tathā.¹¹² na hi nirodhānāṃ ṣaṭpakṣalakṣaṇabhede 'pi bhedo 'sti, abhāvaikarūpatayā nirodhasya samānatvāt. ayam arthaḥ—anyatamapakṣaṃ sākṣāt kṛtvā paścāt tasya santānocchedarūpo nirodha iti saptamaṃ sādhyam.

 $^{^{\}rm xiii}$ TIB suggests reading <code>karuṇāsaṃvalitasya</code>: 'gags pa'i 'khor lo las snying rje'i rang bzhin can sems can gyi don ('gags pa'i] TVBN; 'gog pa'i TVAD)

^{xiv} It is possible to take *phala* as the direct object of \sqrt{ah} and then read *nirodhaṃ*, construing it as an accusative form; however, the agent of \sqrt{kr} and \sqrt{ah} would have to be the same. Rather, with the reading *nirodhaḥ phalaṃ*, we can avoid this problem and simply supply an *iti*.

 $^{^{103}}$ cakrāntarot
pāde] $\rm E_{DH};$ cakrāntaropāde K

 $^{^{104}}$ ciraniruddhād] em.(TIB: rin du 'gags pa'i); citaniruddhād K; cittaniruddhād $\rm E_{DH}$

¹⁰⁵ yathābhavyatayā] *variant word division in* E_{DH}: yathā bhavyatayā

¹⁰⁶ nirodhah] em.; nirodha(m) K (this may be corrected to h); nirodham E_{DH}

 $^{^{107}}$ anyatamasya phalasya] conj; arthaphalaysa K E_{DH} ; nang nas 'bras bu TIB

 $^{^{108}}$ phalasya sādhyatvād yad vad evābhiṣṭaṃ] K $E_{\rm DH}$; 'bras bu bsgrub bya gang kho na TVAD (phalaṃ yad eva); bsgrub bya gang kho na mngon par 'dod pa TVBN (phalaṃ yad evābhiṣṭaṃ); 109 tad] $E_{\rm DH}$; sa K

¹¹⁰ ṣaḍ eva] E_{DH}; ṣatreva K

¹¹¹ abhinnam] E_{DH}; abhinna K

 $^{^{112}}$ sa tathā] em.; tat tathā K E_{DH}

2.10 caturtho 'bhişekah

2.10.1 caturthaseke vipratipattih prathamā

prajñājñānād uttaraṃ bodhicittāsvādas turyaṃ sekam¹¹³ āhāvaraṃ tat | yasmāt¹¹⁴ sarvo bhāvanāsu prayāso vyarthaḥ prāptas tatphalasya prasiddheḥ || 15 ||

 $[E_{DH} \, p. \, 140]$ prajñājñānetyādi. prajñājñānopadeśād uttarakālaṃ 115 yat bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya 116 rasanayā grahaṇam, tat turyaṃ caturthaṃ [K fol. 6r] sekam āha kaścit. tac cāvaraṃ hīnam, vinikṛṣṭam iti yāvat. kasmād avaram? yasmāt sarvaprayāso mantramudrādevatādyākārabhāvanāsu punaḥ punar anuṣṭhānala-kṣaṇas tathāgatokto 117 vyarthaḥ prāptaḥ. kutaḥ? tatphalasya bhāvanāsādhyasya phalasya bodhicittāsvādakāla eva prasiddhatvāt prāptatvāt, anyasya viśiṣṭasya phalasyābhāvād iti yāvat.

2.10.2 caturthaseke vipratipattih dvitīyā

prajñājñānād uttaraṃ prāptarāmāsvādas turyaṃ sekam āhādhamaṃ tat | yasmāt sarvo bhāvanādau prayatno buddhoddiṣṭo niṣphalaḥ saṃprasaktaḥ || 16 ||

prajñetyādi. prajñājñānād uttarakālaṃ yāḥ prāptā yathāmilitā rāmāḥ striyas tāsāṃ samāpattidvāreṇa¹¹⁸ ya āsvādaḥ, tat turyaṃ sekam. tad apy adhamam. śeṣaṃ gatārtham.

¹¹³ sekam] E_{DH}; seşam K

¹¹⁴ yasmāt] E_{DH}; paścāt K

prajñājñānopadeśād uttarakālam] K E_{DH} ; shes rab dang ye shes ni shes rab ye shes te | dbang bskur ba'i bye brag go || phyis ni 'das pa'i 'og tu'o || gang zhe na | TVA_D (prajñājñānetyādi. prajñā ca jñānam prajñājñānam sekaviśeṣah. uttaram paścāt. kim?); TVB_N

 $^{^{116}}$ bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya] em. (TVA $_{\rm D}$: byang chub kyi sems te); saṃ bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya K $\rm E_{\rm DH}$; sems te TVB $_{\rm N}$ (cittasya)

¹¹⁷ tathāgatokto] K; tathāgatoktau E_{DH}

¹¹⁸ samāpattidvārena] E_{DH}; rig pa'i sgo nas TVA_D; reg pa'i sgo nas TVB_N (sparsadvārena)

āgamasya arthavyākhyānam 2.10.3

atha caturtham tat punas tatheti^{119,xv} vyākhyāyate. caturtham iti¹²⁰ prajñājñānam trtīyam apeksya caturtham ity ucyate. tad iti tacchabdena tad eva prajñājñānam tadrūpam parāmrśyate. punar iti punahśabdena tasmād viśesah. viśesaś cātra nirāsravaniruttarātyantasphītāvicchinnaprabandha¹²¹pravāhitvalaksanah.¹²² tatheti tathāśabdena tādrśatvam abhidhīyate. tādrśatvam ca yādrśyā prajñādiyuktyā¹²³ sāmagryā yādrśam prajñājñānam utpannam paścād api tādrśyaiva sāmagryā tathaiva cotpadyate, nānyatheti tathāśabdārthah. atra ca laksyalaksanabhāvenārtho boddhavyah. laksyate 'neneti laksanam anubhūyamānam prajñājñānam, apratīyamānasya laksanatvāyogāt, nāgrhītaviśesanā [E_{DH} p. 141] viśesyabuddhir iti nyāyāt. laksyate jñāyate pratipādyate 'neneti laksyam sāksāt karisyamānam caturtham.

2.10.4 caruthaseke vipratipattih tṛtīyā

atra caturtham nāstītv eke.xvi nanu caturtham itv etad asti tatpadam.124 tat katham nāstīty ucyate. satyam, upadeśasamraksārtham sattvavyāmohanāya ca trtīyam eva caturthaśabde[K fol. 6v]noktam bhagavatā. anyathā tat punar iti noktam svāt.xvii

xv Samājottara 112c

xvi TVAD adds near the beginning of this sentence Samājottara 112ab abhiṣekam tridhā bhedam asmin tantre prakalpitam |: 'dir 'ga' zhig | dbang ni rnam pa gsum dag tu | rgyud 'di las ni rab tu grags \parallel zhes gsungs pas na \mid bzhi pa ni yang dag pa ma yin no zhe na \mid xvii A portion seems to have dropped out from TVA_D.

¹¹⁹ punas tatheti] E_{DH} (em.); punar iti K

 $^{^{120}}$ caturtham iti] K E_{DH} TV A_{D} (bzhi pa ni); deest in TV B_{N}

^{121 °}niruttarātyantasphītāvicchinnaprabandha°] K EDH; shin tu rgyas pa nyid rgyun mi chad par TVB_N (°ātyantasphītāvichinnaprabandha°); nirantarātyantasphītāvicchinnaprabandha° E_{DH} (em.); shin tu rgyas pa nyid dang | bar chad med pa nyid dang | rgyun mi 'chad par ('ātyantasphītāvicchinnaprabandhanirantara)

¹²² °lakṣaṇaḥ] E_{DH}; °lakṣaṇaṃ K

¹²³ °yuktayā] conj. (TIB: dang ldan pa'i); °yuktyā K E_{DH}

¹²⁴ nanu caturtham ity etad asti tatpadam] K (nanu caturtham ity etad asti | tat padan) E_{DH}; de ltar de bzhin bzhi pa yang || zhes bya ba'i tshig bcom ldan 'das kyis gsungs pa yod pa ma yin nam | TVA_D (caturtham tat punas tatheti padam bhagayatā notkam vā); de lta na de ma yin pa gzhan de ltar de bzhin bzhi pa yang zhes bya ba der bzhi pa zhes bya ba'i tshig bcom ldan 'das kyis gsungs pa yod pa ma yin nam | TVB_N (nanu yadi evam na syāt, tadā carutham tat punas tatheti padam bhagavatā noktam vā)

tad atyantāsaṃgatam, caturthasya pramāṇasiddhasya pratipāditatvāt pratipādayiṣyamāṇatvāc ceti. xviii

2.10.5 lakşyasya vicāraņam

atra lakṣaṇaṃ prajñājñānaṃ pratītam eva sarvaiḥ. lakṣye¹²⁵ paraṃ vyāmohaḥ. tad vicāryate. lakṣyaṃ hi bhaved¹²⁶ artharūpaṃ vā syāt jñānarūpaṃ vā. na tāvad artharūpam, arthasyaikasyābhāvāt, ekānekaviyogitvena pramāṇena tasya nirākṛtatvāt. mantranaye ca vijñānavādamadhyamakamatayor¹²⁷ eva pradhānatvād jñānarūpaṃ vā syāt. jñānaṃ ca sākāraṃ vā nirākāraṃ vā. sākāram api citrādvaitarūpam vā syād anekarūpam vā syād iti vikalpāh.

tatra sākāravijñānam sarvathaiva gagaṇakamalavan nāstīti nirākāravādino bruvate. nanu nīlapītaśuklādighaṭapaṭaśakaṭādi¹²⁸rūpeṇākārāḥ¹²⁹ pratibhāsante¹³⁰ pratyakṣataḥ.^{xix} te cārthasyābhāvād jñānarūpā eva. tat kathaṃ sākāraṃ nāstīti;^{xx} satyam. pratibhāsanta evākārāḥ, param alīkarūpeṇa. alīkarūpatā caikānekaviyogitvena¹³¹ pramāṇalakṣaṇena¹³² prasiddhā. tasya ca pramāṇasvarūpasyānyatra¹³³ kathitatvān neha¹³⁴ pratanyate. alīkatvaprasiddhā ca māyāmayā ivākārā bhrāntirūpāḥ prakāśyante.¹³⁵ bhrāntinivṛttau ca nirākāram eva¹³⁶ śuddhasphaṭikasaṃ-

 x^{viii} Tib. discusses two further pak as here: that the fourth referred to in the $Sam\bar{a}jottara$ is the four ang of $sev\bar{a}$ and so forth; and what appears to be the idea that the four initiation consists in the third accompanied by its fruits (' $bras\ bu\ dang\ bcas\ pa$).

xix TIB phrases this sentence as a rhetorical question, as if the Sanskrit started kim na

^{xx} TVA_D's expression of the argument runs differently: $don(rnam\ pa)de\ dag\ kyang\ med\ pa'i\ phyir$ shes $pa'i\ ngo\ bo\ nyid\ kyang\ med\ yin\ na\ |\ de\ ji\ ltar\ rnam\ pa\ dang\ bcas\ pa\ ma\ yin\ zhe\ na\ |\ 'Because$ those objects [i.e., $\bar{a}k\bar{a}ras$] also do not exist, the nature of cognition too cannot exist. So how can cognition not have $\bar{a}k\bar{a}ras$?'

¹²⁵ laksye] E_{DH} (em.); laksyā K

 $^{^{126}}$ lakṣyaṃ hi bhavet] $\it{conj.}$ (TIB: mtshon par bya ba yang srid na); lakṣyaṃ hi bhagavat K $\rm E_{DH}$ (°gavad)

¹²⁷ matayor] E_{DH}; tamayor K

 $^{^{128}}$ °śakaṭādi°] $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$ (em.); °prakaṭādi° K

 $^{^{129}}$ °ākārāḥ] conj.; ((cā))kārāḥ] K; vākārāḥ $\rm E_{DH}$

¹³⁰ pratibhāsante] E_{DH}; pratibhāsante K

¹³¹ °viyogitvena] conj. °viyogitva° K E_{DH}

 $^{^{132}}$ °pramāṇalakṣaṇena] K E_{DH} (TVB $_{\!N}$: tshad ma'i mtshan nyid kyis); mtshan nyid kyis TVB $_{\!N}$ (°lakṣaṇena)

¹³³ pramāṇasvarūpasyā°] E_{DH}; pramāṇa(((pe)))rūpasyā° K

¹³⁴ neha] E_{DH}; eha K

¹³⁵ prakāśante] K (prakāsante) ; prakāśyante E_{DH}

 $^{^{136}}$ nirākāram eva] K $E_{DH}\ TVB_N$ (rnam pa med pa kho na); rnam pa med pa de kho na TVB_N (nirākāram eva tad)

kāśaṃ pāramārthikaṃ¹³⁷ siddhaṃ bhavati.¹³⁸ ataś citrādvaitarūpam anekarūpaṃ ca sākāraṃ vijñānam astīti vikalpadvayaṃ nirastaṃ bhavatīti.

nanu nirākāram api vijñānam upalabdhilakṣaṇaprāptaṃ svapne 'pi nopalabhyate. tat kathaṃ tad asti paramārthata i [K fol. 7r]ty ucyate? ucyate. sukhākāraṃ vijñānam antaḥparisphuradrūpaṃ nirākāraṃ saṃvedyata eva. nīlādyākārāḥ punar alīkāḥ pratibhāsante. anyathā teṣāṃ satyatve sarva evākārāḥ satyāḥ syuḥ. tathā hi grāhyagrāhakabhāvādikam api satyaṃ [E_{DH} p. 142] syāt. tataś ca sarveṣām eva satyapratibhāsatvena muktiprasaṅgāt, keṣāñcid api mithyāpratibhāsasya bhrāntirūpasyāpratibhāsanāt. tathā coktam—

drastavyam¹⁴¹ bhūtato bhūtam bhūtadarśī vimucyate |xxi

tasmād akāmakenāpi nīlādyākārāṇām alīkatvam evaiṣṭavyam. sukhādikaṃ nirākāraṃ 142 satyam upalabhyate. tat kathaṃ nopalabhyata iti.

nanu sukhādyākāram sākāram eva vijñānam¹⁴³ upalabhyate, sukhāder ākārasvabhāvatvāt. na ca sukhādyākāraśūnyam jñānam svapne 'pi samvedyate. sakalabhrāntivigamād aṣṭamyām bhūmāv upalabdhilakṣaṇaprāptir bhavatīty atrāpi kośapānam¹⁴⁴ vinā anyan na¹⁴⁵ pramāṇam asti prasādhakam iti. tad asat,¹⁴⁶ abhiprāyāparijñānāt, sukhādyākārasyaiva nīlādyākārarahitasya vijñānasya nirākāratveneṣṭatvāt. tac cedānīm eva svasamvedanapramāṇasiddham sakalaprāṇabhṛtam¹⁴⁷ astīti kateaṃ nopalabdhiḥ? tad¹⁴⁸ apy ekānekasvabhāvaviyogād alīkam eva bhrāntimātram, ekānekasvabhāvarahitasya sākāranirākāravijñānavyāpitvāt.

nanv anena nyāyena sakalasākāranirākāravijñānasyālīkatvaprasādhanān na kiñcid api pāramārthikam vastutattvam asti. 149 tat katham laksyasya svarūpam

xxi Abhisamayālaṅkāra 5.21; Ratnagotravighāba 154; Pratītyasamputpādahṛdayakārikā 7; etc.

¹³⁷ pāramārthikam] E_{DH} (em.); pārarthikam K

¹³⁸ bhavati] K; bhavatīti E_{DH}

 $^{^{139}}$ paramārthata] $\it em.$; paramārtham K $\rm E_{DH}$

 $^{^{140}}$ muktiprasaṅgāt] $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$ (em.);yuktiprasaṅgāt K

¹⁴¹ drastavyam] E_{DH}; drastavya K

¹⁴² nirākāram] K E_{DH}; rnam pa brdzun pa TIB (alīkākāram)

 $^{^{143}}$ sākāram eva vij
ñānam] $\mathit{conj}.(TIB:$ rnam pa dang b
cas pa'i kho na shes pa); eva vijñānam K E_{DH}

 $^{^{144}}$ kośapānam] K (kosapānam); śapathollanghanam E_{DH} (em.)

¹⁴⁵ anyan na] E_{DH}; anyatra K

¹⁴⁶ tad asat] conj. (TIB: de ni bden pa ma yin te); tad K E_{DH}; asad etat possible conj.

¹⁴⁷ °bhrtam] *em.*; °bhrtām K E_{DH}

 $^{^{148}}$ tad] conj.; nanu tad K E_{DH}

¹⁴⁹ asti] *conj.*; astīti K E_{DH} (astīti?) (*iti* has no reflex in TIB)

pramāṇata upalakṣayitavyam? naiṣa doṣaḥ, madhyamakamate pramāṇato 'līkatāsiddhāv api māyopamapratibhāsamātrasyaikānekasvabhāvarahitasya dharmirūpasyāpratiṣedhāt. tatraiva cālīke pratibhāsamātre lakṣyalakṣaṇasaṃsāranirvāṇa[K fol. 7v]maṇḍalacakrādibhāvanāsakalajagadarthakriyādīnām¹⁵⁰ avyāhatā vyavasthā¹⁵¹ sidhyati. ¹⁵²,xxii tathā coktam—

buddhatvam vajrasattvatvam samv
rtyaiva prasādhayet $|^{\rm xxiii}$ iti. 153

nanu sarvam eva vastujātam alīkarūpatayā niḥsāram. tadā kimartham maṇḍala-cakrādibhāvanāprayāsaḥ¹⁵⁴ kriyate? asad etat,

```
mithyādhyāropahānārtha<br/>ṃ^{155}yatno 'saty api^{156} [\rm E_{DH}p. 143] bhoktar<br/>i|^{157,xxiv}
```

iti vacanāt. yady api vicāryamāṇaṃ pāramārthikaṃ vasturūpaṃ nāsti, tathāpy ahaṃ sukhī bhaveyaṃ mā¹⁵⁸ duḥkhy abhūvam iti tṛṣṇā sakalaprāṇabhṛtām asti. yathā tulye 'pi mithyātve śubhāśubhasvapnayoḥ śubhasvapnadarśanāt saumanasyam aśubhasvapnadarśanāc ca daurmanasyam, tadapanayanāya ca saddharmapāṭhamantrajāpādau pravṛttir bhavati, tathā mithyātvāviśeṣe 'pi duḥkhādiprākṛtavikalpahānāya^{xxv} samyaksaṃbodhilakṣaṇaprāptaye¹⁵⁹ ca prekṣāvatām arthinām pravṛttir bhavisyatīti.

 $^{^{}xxii}$ E_{DH} appears to understand the text as saying that both $bh\bar{a}van\bar{a}$ and $jagadarthakriy\bar{a}d\bar{n}n\bar{a}m$ $vyavasth\bar{a}$ are established. TIB suggests that it is $bh\bar{a}van\bar{a}$ which is the instrument by which the $vy\bar{a}vasth\bar{a}$ is established. The manuscript reading suggests taking $^{\circ}bh\bar{a}van\bar{a}$ in compound with the following word—i.e., in the Madhyamaka system, although mere appearance is false, the framework of everything starting with laksyalaksana is established.

xxiii Kurukullākalpa 3.16cd

xxiv *Pramāṇavārttika*, Pramāṇasiddhi 193cd.

 $^{^{}xxv}$ cf. $Samantabhadras\bar{a}dhana$ (as quoted in Kamalanātha's $Ratn\bar{a}val\bar{\iota}$ ad HeTa 2.2.45, fol. 16r6): prākṛtavikalpavṛttair aparaṃ na hi kiñcad asti bhavaduḥkham | tasya viruddhaṃ caitat sākṣādavagamyate cetah ||

 $^{^{150}}$ °bhāvanā°] K; °bhāvanā $E_{\rm DH}$ (variant word division); bsgoms pas TIB (bhāvanayā)

 $^{^{151}}$ vyavasthā] K; vyavasthā ca E_{DH} (em.)

 $^{^{152}}$ sidhyati] conj.; sidhyatīti K E_{DH} (no reflext of iti in TIB)

¹⁵³ itil E_{DH}; deest in K

¹⁵⁴ mandala°] E_{DH}; bri ba'i 'dkyil 'khor (lekhyamandala°)

 $^{^{155}}$ mithyādhyāropahānārtham] em.; mithyādhyāropaṇārtham K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

^{156 &#}x27;saty api] K; 'styopi E_{DH}

¹⁵⁷ bhoktari] K (bhoktari°) (the letter no is added abhove bho); muktaye E_{DH} (em.)

¹⁵⁸ mā] E_{DH} (em.); deest in K

¹⁵⁹ lakṣaṇaprāptaye] K E_{DH}; mtshan nyid kyi 'bras bu thob par bya ba'i phyir TVA_D (lakṣaṇapha-laprāptaye); mtshan nyid 'bras bu thob par bya ba'i phyir TVB_N (lakṣaṇaphalaprāptaye)

2.10.6 saptavidheşu sādhyeşu sārāsāravicāraņam

nanu yadarthas tavāyam¹60,xxvi ārambhaḥ so 'rthaḥ pralayaṃ gataḥ. tathā hi la-kṣyalakṣaṇacintātra prastutā. sā ca vismṛtā, kva gateti na jñāyate.

na tu¹⁶¹ kṛtaiva sā saptabhir bhedaiḥ?

satyam, kintu guḍagorasanyāyena. tathā hi na jñāyate, kiṃ tat sāram asāraṃ veti.

ucyate.

2.10.6.1 prathamasya asāratvam

mantranayavihitakramābhāvāt samāpattibhāvanāvaiyarthyād¹⁶² yuktyabhāvāc¹⁶³ ca prathamasya niḥsāratā. tathā hi samagrasāmagrīkam yat phalam¹⁶⁴ tad avaśyam eva bhavati. anyathā samagrasāmagrīkam eva tan na bhavet. sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyāṃ samagrasāmagrīkaṃ tad vartate. tad avaśyaṃ tena¹⁶⁵ bhavitavyam. sati ca bhavati^{166,xxvii} prathamasya hānir iti.

2.10.6.2 dvitīyasya asāratvam

śarīrādyākāraśūnyasya kevalasātarūpasyānupalabdher¹⁶⁷ na dvitīyasya sāratā. tathā hi pramāṇaniścitaṃ prekṣāvatā bhāvanīyam, na yathākathañcit. pramā[K fol. 8r]ṇena saṃvalitarūpam eva sarvadopalabhyate.**xviii tad eva sarvajanānāṃ ka-

xxvi The manuscript's reading yadarthasvā'yam seems like a plausible corruption of yadarthas tavā'yam, but Tibetan shows no reflex of tava. TVA_D reads: rtsom pa 'di'i don gang yin pa. TVB_N reads: gal te gang gi don du (bzhi pa bshad pa'i bshad pa'i dus) 'di brtsams pa'i.

 $^{^{}xxvii}$ TIB could be rendered as something like *evamsati ca prathamasya hānir iti*. Indeed this seems to be the sense, but the manuscript reading of *bhavane na* or *bhavanena* is hard to account for. xxviii TVAD lacks a reflex of *sarvadā*, whereas TVBN lacks a reflect of *eva*.

 $^{^{160}}$ yadarthas tavāyam] conj; yadarthasvā'yam K; yadarthatvād ayam E_{DH}

 $^{^{161}}$ na tu] conj.; nanu K E_{DH}

 $^{^{162}}$ samāpatti°] K E_{DH} TVB $_{\!N}$ (snyom par 'jug pa); lha'i rnal 'byor gyi snyoms par 'jug pa'i TVA $_{\!D}$ (devatāyogasamāpatti°)

 $^{^{163}}$ yuktyabhāvāc] $\rm E_{DH};$ yuktābhāvāc K

¹⁶⁴ yat phalam] conj. (TIB: 'bras bu gang yin pa); yat KE_{DH}

¹⁶⁵ tena K E_{DH} TVB_N (de); de'i 'bras bu TVA_D (tena phalena)

 $^{^{166}}$ conj.; bhavane na K $\rm E_{DH};$ de l
tar gyur pas dang po nyams pa yin no TVA $_{D};$ de l
tar gyur pa dang po nyams pa yin no TVB $_{N}$ (evams
ati)

¹⁶⁷ °labdher] E_{DH}; °bdher K

manīyatayā pratibhāsate. tasmāt kevalasya rucyabhāvāc cakrākārasaṃvalitasyopalabdheḥ sākṣātkartum aśakyatvāc^{168,xxix} ca dvitīyasya kalpanāmātrateti.¹⁶⁹

2.10.6.3 tṛtīyasya asāratvam

nirupadravabhūtārthasvabhāvatvena sātmībhūtasya tyaktum aśakyatvāt, saṃvalitarūpasya [E_{DH} p. 144] bhedābhāvāt, prayojanābhāvāc ca na tṛtīyasya¹⁷⁰ kalyāṇabhāvaḥ.¹⁷¹ tathā hi sahopalambhena¹⁷² tādātmyasiddhāv ekasya parityāge 'parasyāvaśyaṃ parityāgo na vā kasyacid iti.

2.10.6.4 pañcamasya sārāsāratvavicāraņam

prapañcatvena bahuprayāsatvād vicārāsahatvena bhrāntirūpatayāparamārtharūpatayā ca na tṛtīyāntapakṣasya¹⁷³ kalyāṇateti.¹⁷⁴ atra kecid yuktiṃ varṇayanti.^{xxx} prapañcarūpatvabhāve¹⁷⁵ 'pi sūkṣmasya bindvādeḥ punaḥ punar bhāvanayā sā-kṣātkaraṇaṃ yāvat prayāsas tāvat sarvatraiva bhāvyavastuni sambhavati. tad atra yadi prayāsabhayam, na kiñcid api bhāvanīyaṃ prapañcarūpatvād iti cet, prapañcāprapañcayor bhāvanāvasthāyāṃ ko viśeṣa iti cet, aprapañcaṃ śīghram eva sthirībhavatīty ayaṃ viśesah.

TIB also adds the reason 'bad pa mtshung pa'i phyir ('becaue the effort is equal'). The purport of this is unclear.

 xxx TVA $_{\!\!D}$ renders this sentence differently: de la 'ga' zhig las rigs pa cung zhig cig brjod par mi bya ste |

xxix TIB suggests reading: kevalasyānupalabdheḥ rucyabhāvāc cakrākārasaṃvalitasyānupalabdheḥ sākṣātkartum aśakyatvāc ca. The addition of anupalabdheḥ after kevalasya renders the flow of argument's logic less smooth. The addition of the same word after cakrākārasaṃvalitasya does not change the argument in its overall sense. Note that the Tibetan 'khor lo'i rang bzhin could instead imply the reading cakrasvabhāva or something similar, but it may simply be a free rendering of cakrākārasamvalita.

 $^{^{168}}$ aśaky
atvāc] E_{DH} (em.); aśakyatāc K

¹⁶⁹ kalpanāmātrateti] E_{DH} (em.); kalpanātrateti K

 $^{^{170}}$ trtīyasya] conj.; trtīya K; trtīyah E_{DH}

 $^{^{171}}$] conj. (Tib: dge ba [ma] yin); kalyanībhāvaḥ K pc ; kalyānībhāvaḥ K ac ; dge ba ma yin [na] kalyāṇabhāvaḥ

¹⁷² sahopalambhena] E_{DH}; saholambhena K

¹⁷³ tṛtīyāntapakṣasya] *em.*; tṛtīyapakṣasya E_{DH}; tṛtīyāntaḥ | pakṣasya K; gsum pa'i tha' ma'i phyogs TVA_D; gsum pa'i mtha' ma'i phyogs TVB_N

¹⁷⁴ kalyāṇateti] E_{DH}; kalyānateti K

 $^{^{175}}$ prapañcarūpatvabhāve] $\it em.$ (TIB spros pa'i ngo bo nyid du gyur); prapañcarūpatvābhāve K $\rm E_{DH}$

nanu yatraivālambane cittam punah punah preryat nirantaram¹⁷⁶ dīrghakālam ca tatraiva sthirībhavatīty āgamah. yuktiś cātrāsti. tathā coktam-

```
tasmād bhūtam abhūtam vā yad yad evābhibhāvyate | bhāvanābalaniṣpattau^xxxi tat sphuṭākalpadhīphalam^177 ||xxxii
```

punaś coktam-

aho kusīdatvam aho vimūḍhatā aho janasyāsya sadarthavakratā | svacittamātrapratibaddhabuddhatā¹⁷⁸ adūravartiny api yan na sevyate ||¹⁷⁹

iti. tasmān nāyam viśesah.

bhrāntirūpatvenāparamārthatvam api sarvatraiva bhāvanāviśeṣe vastuni sambhavatīti na kiñcid api bhāvanīyaṃ syāt. [K fol. 8v] tataś ca sarvatraiva mokṣamārge bhāvanāyā vaiyarthyaṃ syāt. māyopamākārānupraveśena bhrāntirūpam apy aprapañcād [E_{DH} p. 145] bhāvyamānam¹⁸⁰ aduṣṭaṃ bhavatīti cet, na tv ayaṃ māyākārānupraveśaḥ prapañce 'pi samāna iti? tatrāpi ko doṣasyāvakāśaḥ? tasmāt prapañcam aprapañcaṃ vā yad eva rocate pramāṇasaṃgatam itarad vā, tad evālasyaṃ vihāya mahāpuruṣārthibhir bhāvayitavyam¹⁸¹ ity alam atiprasaṅgeneti. atra ca sāretaravibhāgaḥ paryupāsitagurubhir eva jñātavyaḥ.

2.10.6.5 pañcamasya asāratvam

tṛtīyapakṣoktadoṣatvān¹⁸² nīrasatvena¹⁸³ prayojanābhāvān mantranayakramābhāvāc ca na pañcamaḥ parikṣīṇadoṣaḥ.

xxxi The reading *bhāvanābalaniṣpattau* is supported by the Tibetan translation and occurs in other sources (*bsgom pa'i stobs ni rdzogs pa na*). Another more mainstream reading for this *pāda* is *bhāvanāpariniṣpattau*.

xxxii Pramāṇavārttika, Pratyaksapramāna 285

 $^{^{176}}$ nirantaram] E_{DH} (em.) TIB (rgyun mi 'chad par); niruttaram K

 $^{^{177}}$ kalpadhī
phalam] em.; kalpadhīḥ phalam K $\rm E_{DH}$

 $^{^{178}}$ °pratibaddha°] conj. (TIB; 'brel pa); °pratibuddha° K $\rm E_{DH}$

¹⁷⁹ Untraced. Also cited in *Saptāṅga fol. 202r7.

 $^{^{180}}$ aprapañcād bhāvyamānam] $E_{\mathrm{DH}};$ aprapañcā bhāvyamāṇam

¹⁸¹ bhāvayitavyam] E_{DH}; bhaviyitavyam K

 $^{^{182}}$ tṛtīyapakṣoktaṣatvān *conj.* (TVB_N: gsum pa'i phyogs la bshad pa'i nyes pa yod pa dang); tṛtīyapakse ktato K; trtīyapakse kuto E_{DH} ; *no reflex* in TVA_D

 $^{^{183}}$ nīrasatvena] conj.; nīrasatvena te K E_{DH}

nanu sākṣātkaraṇāt pūrvaṃ mantranayaprayogo 'sti. tat kathaṃ tasyābhāvaḥ? satyam, sākṣātphalāvasthā sādhyā. tasyāṃ ca nāsty asau kramaḥ. sākṣātparityāge ca na prayojanam utpaśyāma iti.

2.10.6.6 şaşthamasya asāratvam

svecchayā nirvāyayitum¹⁸⁴ aśakyatvāt, prayojanābhāvāt, sattvārthābhāvāc ca na pañcāntaraprabhedakalpanā¹⁸⁵ kalaṅkāśūnyā. tathā hi kasyacin nivṛttiḥ kāraṇa-nivṛttyā vyāpakanivṛttyā¹⁸⁶ vā bhavati. na cātra sākṣātkṛtamaṇḍalacakrasya nivartakam kāranam vyāpakam vā icchākāle drśyate.^{xxxiii}

nanu śūnyataiva nivartikāsti. yathā dārusaṅghātaprajvalito¹⁸⁷ vahnir niḥśeṣam indhanaṃ bhasmīkṛtya paścāt svarasata eva nivartate, tathā maṇḍalacakraprajvalitaḥ śūnyatājñānāgniḥ sākṣātkṛtvā¹⁸⁸ maṇḍalacakraṃ nivartayiṣyatīti cet.¹⁸⁹ tad asat, viṣamatvād dṛṣṭāntasya. tathā hi tatrendhanaṃ kāraṇaṃ¹⁹⁰ vahneḥ. kāraṇasya indhanalakṣaṇasya nivṛttau¹⁹¹ yuktaiva vahnilakṣaṇasya kāryasya nivṛttiḥ. iha tu na śūnyatā kāraṇaṃ maṇḍalacakrasya. tat ka[K fol. 9r]thaṃ tannivrttau nivrttih? na¹⁹² ca śūnyatāyā nivrttir asti.^{xxxiv}

xxxiii TIB lacks a reflex of $icch\bar{a}k\bar{a}le\ dr$, yate. Both translations add an extra sentence to this paragraph: $rang\ gi\ 'dod\ pas\ ('dos\ pas\ TVB_N;\ 'gog\ par\ TVB_N)$ 'gog $pa\ yang\ mi\ nus\ te\ mi\ mthun\ pa\ med\ pa'i\ phyir\ |\ sdug\ bsngal\ la\ sogs\ pa\ 'gog\ pa\ 'dod\ kyang\ sdug\ bsngal\ la\ sogs\ pa\ la\ 'jug\ pa\ mthong\ ba'i\ phyir\ ro\ ||$

xxxiv The response the objection is considerably different in Tibetan. It states that while fire is regarded by mundane consensus as having a causal effect on fuel insofar as it transforms it, emptiness has no such effect on the *maṇḍalacakra*. It is also therefore not something that causes it to cease, nor is it known to itself cease of its own accord. Although the Sanskrit MS is very corruprt in this paragraph, it is difficult to see how the text it transmits corresponds to the Tibetan translation.

¹⁸⁴ nirvāyayitum] K; nirvāpayitum E_{DH}

 $^{^{185}}$ pañcāntara] $\it em.$ TIB(l
nga pa'i mtha'i rab tu dbye ba); prapañcāntara° K $\rm E_{DH}$

¹⁸⁶ vyāpakanivṛttyā] E_{DH}; vyāpakānivṛttyā K

 $^{^{187}}$ dārusamghātaprajvalito] conj.; dārusaṃghāte prajvalito $\rm E_{DH}$; dārusaṃghāt pravjalito K

 $^{^{188}}$ sākṣātkṛtvā] $\mathit{conj.};$ sākṣān K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

 $^{^{189}}$ TIB a fuller sentence here. TVB_N reads: de ltar dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo stong pa nyid kyi ye shes kyi me rab tu 'bar bas mngon sum du byas nas kyang | dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo ma lus par ldog par byed la | bdag nyid kyang rang gi ngang gis ldog par 'gyur ro zhe na | TVA_D appears to be slightly more corrupt, but suggests that same readings: de dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo stong pa nyid kyi ye shes kyi me rab tu 'bar bas mngon sum du byas nas kyang | dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo ma lus par ldog par byed la | de yang rang gi ldog par 'gyur ro zhe na |

 $^{^{190}}$ kāraṇaṃ] $\mathit{conj.};$ na kāraṇaṃ K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

¹⁹¹ kārvasya indhanalaksanasya nivrttau] *coni.*; kārvam indhanalaksananivrttau

 $^{^{192}}$ na] conj.; athavā na] K E_{DH}

nanu sā na¹⁹³ bhavatu kāraṇaṃ. śūnyatā vyāpakaṃ tu bhaviṣyati. vyāpakasya vṛkṣasya nivṛttau śiṃśapātvasya vyāpyasya nivṛttivan nivṛttir bhaviṣyatīti cet. etad apy asāram. tathā hi śūnyatā sarvadā sarvajñeyamaṇḍalavyāpikā tattvarūpā. 194 na ca tasyā nivṛttiḥ kadācid apy asti. yadi syāt samyaksaṃbodhisākṣātkaraṇāt [$E_{\rm DH}$ p. 146] pūrvam anantaram eva vā nivṛttiḥ syāt. na ca bhavati, samyaksaṃbuddhībhūyāpi katipayakālāvasthānasya svayam eva svīkṛtatvāt. kintu śūnyatāpi jñānarūpā, cakram api jñānarūpam. śūnyatājñānotpattyā cakrajñānasyānivṛttau śūnyatājñānaṃ kena nivartanīyam. tena nivṛttiś ca virodhino 'bhāvāt kāraṇavyāpakayoś cābhāvān nāsti tasmāc chūnyatājñānasya nivṛttiḥ. nāpi mandalacakrasya śūnyatāto nivṛttir iti śūnyatā na nivartikā.

ko brūte śūnyatā nivartikā? kiṃ tarhi yan nivartakās tad gurūpadeśato jñeyam ity apy asāram. gurūpadeśato 'pi na śūnyatāvyatiriktaḥ¹¹⁵ pramāṇato 'stīti. yatkiñcid etat. pratikṣaṇanivṛttiś ca kṣaṇabhaṅgarūpā sarvapadārthavyāpinī. na sā santānanivartikā. tasmān na svecchayā nivṛttiḥ.¹¹⁶ na ca nivvṛttyā¹¹⊓ nīrasarūpayā prayojanam asti preksāvatām. tathā coktam—

mucyamāneṣu sattveṣu ye te prāmodyasāgarāḥ | tair eva nanu paryāptaṃ mokṣeṇārasikena kim \parallel^{xxxv}

iti.

sattvārtho 'pi nivṛttau nāsti. na hi gagane¹⁹⁸ gaganakamale vā kācid arthakriyā sambhavati. ciraniruddhād apy atītād avasturūpāc¹⁹⁹ cakrāt sattvārtho bhaviṣyatīty apy asāram, ciranīrutasyāpi²⁰⁰ kukku[K fol. 9v]ṭasya kaṇṭhadhvaniprasaṅgāt.

nanu yogyadhiṣṭhānād gaganād apy arthakriyāḥ sambhavantīti cet. 201 na sambhavanti, yogyadhiṣṭhānād eva cittarūpād arthakriyā, na gaganāt, nīrūpatvāt tasya. xxxvi

```
Bodhicaryāvatāra 8.108
```

xxxvi TVA_D varies significantly for this paragraph.

 $^{^{193}}$ na] E_{DH} (em.); deest in K

¹⁹⁴ tattvarūpā] E_{DH}; tatvarūpāḥ K

¹⁹⁵ vyatiriktah] E_{DH}; vyatiri((ktih)) K (i *in* kti *lacks a* prsthamātrā)

 $^{^{196}}$ niv
rttiḥ] $\mathbf{K}^{ac};$ niv
r
rttiḥ \mathbf{K}^{pc}

 $^{^{197}}$ nivvṛttyā] E_{DH} (em.); nivartyā K

 $^{^{198}}$ gagane] K $E_{DH}\ TVB_{N};$ no reflext in TVA_{D}

 $^{^{199}}$ avasturūpāc] K $\rm E_{DH}$ TVB $_{\rm N}$ (d
ngos po med pa'i ngo bo); dngos po'i ngo bo TVA $_{\rm D}$ (vasturūpāc)

²⁰⁰ ciranīrutasyāpi] *conj.*; cirutasyāpi K; virutasyāpi E_{DH}; yun rin por khyim bya shi ba TVA_D; yun ring por long pa'i khyim bya shi ba TVB_N (ciramrtasyāpi)

²⁰¹ sambhavantīti cet] conj.; saṃbhavanti K E_{DH}

nanu nirodhya maṇḍalacakraṃ sattvārthakāle punar utpādyate. tato 'rthakriyā bhavati. tataḥ punar eva nirodhyate, punar evotpadyata iti cet. asad etat. yathā sattvārthakriyāyās tattvato²⁰² nāsti prādurbhāvaḥ, tathā cakrasyāpi. tato nārthakriyāyāḥ sambhavaḥ. na ca nirodhya²⁰³ punar utpāde kiñcit prayojanam astīty alam atiprapañceneti.

2.10.6.7 saptamasya asāratvam

ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktadoṣasandohasyāsaptame²⁰⁴ 'pi bhāvān na piṣṭapeṣaṇaṃ²⁰⁵ kriyate. nanu ṣaṣṭhena saptamasya samānatvāt kathaṃ saptamasya tato viśeṣaḥ? asti viśeṣaḥ. pūrvāvasthāyāṃ niyatacakrākāratā, punaḥ svecchayā nirvṛtiḥ svecchotpādanaṃ²⁰⁶ ceti. saptame punar etan nāsti. tato na samānatā. bhinnaś ca nirdiṣṭa iti.²⁰⁷

2.11 caturthasya sekasya svarūpam

```
dambholibījasrutidhautaśuddha-<sup>208</sup>
pāthojabhūtāṅkurabhūtapuṣṭi<sup>209</sup>|
turīyaśasyaṃ<sup>210</sup> paripākam eti<sup>211</sup>
sphuṭaṃ caturthaṃ viduṣo 'pi gūḍham || 17 ||
```

 $[E_{DH}\ p.\ 147]$ dambholītyādi. etat sadgurūpadešato j
neyam.

²⁰² tattvato] K (tatvato) E_{DH}; de las TIB (tato)

²⁰³ nirodhya] E_{DH} ; niro((dhya)) K (some kind of correction is made, but uncertain from what to what); 'gogas pa las (possibly nirodhāt)

 $^{^{204}}$ ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktadoṣasandohasyāsaptame] conj . (TIB: drug pa'i phyogs la bshad pa'i skyon gyi (gyi] TVA_D ; gyis TVB_N) tshogs bdun pa la); ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktaṃ saṃdāhasyāṣṭame K; ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktasamdohasyāstame E_{DH}

²⁰⁵ pistapesanam] K^{ac} E_{DH} ; pistapre | sanam K^{ac}

 $^{^{206}}$ nirvṛtiḥ svecchotpādanaṃ] conj. (TVB $_{\!N}$: yang rang gi 'dod pas 'gog cing rang gi 'dod pas skyed par byed pa); svecchetpādanaṃ K; svecchotpādanaṃ E_{DH} ; yang dang yang du rang gi 'dod pas skyed par byed pa nyid TVA $_{\!D}$

 $^{^{207}}$ K E_{DH} ; tha mi dad pa ma yin par bstan to TVA_D ; tha mi dad pa ma yin par bstan to TVB_N

 $^{^{208}}$ °sruti°] corr.; śruti K $\mathrm{E_{DH}}$

 $^{^{209}}$ pāthojā°] E_{DH} ($E_{DH}reports\ the\ ms.\ as\ reading\ pāthojña,\ but\ this\ seems\ to\ be\ incorrect$); pāthauja° K

²¹⁰ turīyaśasyam] E_{DH}; tutīyaśasyam K

²¹¹ eti] E_{DH} (em.); eta K

2.12 aparam mithyāsādhyam tattvam ca

pañcapradīpāmṛtabinducandrabhrūmadhyabindūdbhavamaṇḍalāni | vāyoḥ svarūpaṃ galaśuṇḍikādyam atattvarūpaṃ svayam ūhanīyam || 18 ||

pañcapradīpetyādi. pañcapradīpaśabdena gokudahanalakṣaṇasya, amṛtaśabdena vimumāraśulakṣaṇasya satatānuṣṭhānam eva sādhyaṃ manyante. bindur iti hṛccandrasthaṃ binduṃ dedīpyamānaṃ tattvaṃ sādhyaṃ ceti kṛtvā kecid bhāvayanti. candra iti hṛdisthaṃ kalārūpam ardhacandraṃ vā hṛtkamalasthaṃ kecid bhāvayanti.

bhrūmadhyabindūdbhavamaṇḍalānīti bhruvor madhye ūrṇāyāṃ binduṃ vibhāvya tadbindūdbhavāni maṇḍalāni vāyuvāruṇamāhendrāgneyalakṣaṇāni. etad uktaṃ bhavati—mukhaśravaṇanāsikācakṣurghrāṇarasanāni²¹² hastāṅgulībhiḥ pidhāya bhrūmadhyabindur draṣṭavyaḥ. tasya sphuṭāvasthāyāṃ śubhāśubhani[K fol. 10r]mittasaṃsūcakāni māhendrādimaṇḍalāny upajāyante. taṃ ca binduṃ tattvam iti manyante.

vāyoḥ svarūpam iti pūrakakumbhakarecakapraśāntakalakṣaṇam²¹³ ānāpānādilakṣaṇaṃ²¹⁴ ceti. etad²¹⁵ uktaṃ bhavati—śaivasāṃkhyādinirdiṣṭaṃ²¹⁶ vāyusvarūpaṃ jñātvā taṃ vāyuṃ nirodhabhāvanayā sthirīkṛtyākāśenotplutya gamanaṃ parapurapraveśaṃ yāvan muktiṃ ca sākṣātkurvanti vāyuvādinaḥ.

galaśuṇḍiketi. galapradeśe jihvāmūlopari hastiśuṇḍikākārā adhaḥpralambamānā upajihvāsaṃjñikā galaśuṇḍikāsti. sā ca śaktirūpā. tadadhaḥ śivarūpam 217 asti tattvam. sā ca [E_{DH} p. 148] jihvāgreṇa spṛśyamānā nirantarāmṛtaṃ sravati. tena ca ghargharāmṛtavarṣaṇena santarpyamānam ātmānaṃ dhyāyād iti galaśuṇḍikātattvam. ādiśabdena hṛnmadhyaṣoḍaśanāḍikācakramadhyasthajñānasvarūpam 218 śivarūpam tattvaṃ bhāvayitavyam ityādīnāṃ parigrahaḥ. xxxvii

xxxvii TIB continues to describe this practice. TVAD reads: yang smras pa | bcu las drug lhag rtsa

 $^{^{212}}$ mukhaśravaṇanāsikācakṣurghrāṇarasanāni] K $E_{DH};$ kha dang \mid rna ba dang \mid sna dang \mid mig TVAD TVBN

²¹³ °recaka°] E_{DH}; recakaṃ K

²¹⁴ ānāpānādilakṣaṇaṃ] E_{DH}; anāpānā° K

 $^{^{215}}$ etad] E_{DH} (em.); tad K

 $^{^{216}}$ śaivasāṃkhyādi°] E_{DH} (em.) TVB_{N} (shi ba dang grangs can la sogs pas); saivasaṃkhyādi° K; grangs can la sogs pas TVA_{D} (sṃākhyādi°)

 $^{^{217}}$ tadadhaḥ śivarūpam] K E_{DH} TVB $_{\!N}$ (de'i 'og na zhi ba'i ngo bo) ; sdig pa'i rang bzhin du yong pa TVA $_{\!D}$

²¹⁸ hṛnmadhyaṣoḍaśanāḍikācakramadhyasthajñānasvarūpaṃ] K E_{DH} TVB_N (snying ka'i dbus kyi 'khor lo rtsibs bcu drug pa'i dbus na gnas pa ye shes kyi rang bzhin); snying ga'i dbus kyi dkyil

tatsarvam tīrthikādibhis tattvarūpenābhimatam. atattvam iti svayam evohanīyam vicāranīyam iti yāvat.

2.13 upasamhāra

```
svapnendrajālapratibimbamāyā-
marīcigandharvapurāmbu[K fol. 2r]candraiḥ |
anyaiś ca śabdair<sup>219</sup> upamābhidheyair
naivāsti sādhyam kathitād ihānyat || 19 ||
```

svapnendrajāletyādi. svapnendrajālopamam pratibimbamāyāmarīcigandharvanagarodakacandropamam iti śabdair anyaiś ca gagaṇapratiśrutkaphenopamam ityādiśabdair upamābhidheyair upamāvācakair naivāsti sādhyam kathitāt sādhyād anyat. param kathita eva sādhye, ete śabdāḥ pravartanta iti svayam boddhavyam.

```
gambhīraśūnyapratibhāsamātra-<sup>220</sup>
śāntāti<sup>221</sup>sūkṣmānabhilāpyaśabdaiḥ |
nirlepanīrūpa<sup>222</sup>nirañjanādyair
bhrāntir na kāryāparasādhyasattve || 20 ||
```

 $[E_{DH} \ p. \ 149]$ gambhīraśūnyam pratibhāsamātram śāntātisūkṣmam anabhilāpyam nirlepam nīrūpam²²³ nirañjanādi. 224 ādiśabdāt śivam nirākāram niṣprapañcam anādyantanidhanam i[K fol. 10v]tyādiśabdair bhrāntir na kartavyā. aparasādhyasattve, aparasya sādhyasya sattve sattāyām. 225 ebhiḥ sarvair eva param api kiñcit

dang ldan pa'i 'khor lo yi \parallel dkyil na gnas pa'i snying gar rnam par gnas pa'i bdag \mid des ni de yi khyad par lta bu'i grub pa ster \parallel de ni mngon par mi g-yo ba yi yid dag gis \parallel rnal 'byor pa yi sems de de ltar mngon par bsam \parallel nub par gyur pa'i mgon po rgyal bar gyur de ni \parallel nus pa dag gis de ni yongs su bskor dang bcas \parallel TVB $_N$ reads: de yang smras pa \mid bcu las drug lhag rtsa dang ldan pa'i 'khor lo'i dkyil na gnas pa snying kar rnam par gnas pa'i bdag \mid des ni de'i khyad par lta bu yi grub pa ster \mid de ni mngon par mi g.yo ba'i yid dag gis \mid l rnal 'byor pa yis de ltar mngon par bsam par bya \mid l nus par gyur pa'i mgon po rgyal bar gyur \mid l de ni nus pa dag gis de ni yongs su bskyor dang bcas \mid l

^{&#}x27;khor rtsibs bcu drug pa'i dbus na hūm gnas pa ye shes kyi rang bzhin (hṛnmadhyaṣoḍaśanāḍikā-mandalamadhyahūṁsthajñānasvarūpam)

²¹⁹ śabdair em. (cf. comm.); sarvair K E_{DH}

 $^{^{220}}$ °mātra°] E_{DH} ; mātraṃ K

 $^{^{221}}$ śāntāti] $E_{DH};$ sāntādi K

²²² nirlepanīrūpa°] E_{DH} (em.); nirlepanīpa K

²²³ nīrūpam] E_{DH} (em.); nirupamam K

²²⁴ nirañjanādi] K; nirañjanaṃ E_{DH}

²²⁵ sattāyām] K; sattvāyā E_{DH}

sādhyam kathitād astīti bhrāntir na kartavyā. atha nātikathitam eva sādhyam ebhih sarvair abhidhīyata iti niścayah.

2.14 pariņāmanā

akhilagagaṇagarbhavyāpisaptaprakāra-²²²²² grathitavacanarūpād yan mayāsādi puṇyam | anupamasukhavidyāsaktasaddehanirmij-jinajanitajanārthas tena loko 'yam astu || tattvaratnāvalokaḥ samāptaḥ. kṛtir iyaṃ paṇḍitavāgīśvarakīrtipādānām.

śrīsamāje parā yasya bhaktir niṣṭhā ca nirmalā tasya vāgīśvarasyeyaṃ kṛtir vimatināśinī²²⁷ ||

vikacakumudatārākṣīrakundānukāri²²⁸ pracitam api ca puṇyaṃ yan mayā granthito 'smāt | anupamasukhapūrṇaḥ svābhavidyopagūḍho bhavatu nikhilalokas tena vāgīśvaraśrīḥ ||

tattvaratnāvalokavivaraņam samāptam. kṛtir iyam paṇḍitācāryavāgīśvarakīrtipādānām.

 $^{^{226}}$ °saptaprakāra°] $E_{DH};$ °sarvaprakāra° K

²²⁷ vimatināśinī] E_{DH}; vimatināsanī K

 $^{^{228}}$ vikacakumudatārākṣīrakundānukāri
 $\it{em.};$ vikacakumudakṣīratārakundānukāri
] $\rm{E_{DH}};$ vikarektāmudakṣīratārākundānukāri K