

# Tattvaratnāvaloka and Vivaraṇa

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## 1 Sigla and Abbreviations

TaRaA	Tattvaratnāvaloka
TaRaA-Vi	Tattvaratnāvalokavivaraṇa
E <sub>DH</sub>	Dhīḥ vol. 21, pp. 129–149.
K	NAK 5–252 = NGMPP A 915/4
TM <sub>D</sub>	<i>De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba</i> . Tōhoku no. 1889. sDe dge bstan 'gyur, vol. Pi, fols. 203r3–204r5. Tr. by 'Gos Lhas btsas
TVA <sub>D</sub>	<i>De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba'i rnam par bshad pa</i> . Tōh. 1890. sDe dge bsTan 'gyur, vol. 44 (rGyud 'grel, Pi), fols. 204r5–214v4. Tr. by 'Gos Lhas btsas.
TVB <sub>N</sub>	<i>De kho na nyid rin po che snang ba'i rnam par bshad pa</i> . Ōtani no. 4793. bsTan 'gyur gSer bris ma, vol. 84 (83 in BDRC outline(?)), (rGyud 'brel, Zhu), fols. 70v–85v. translator given.
TIB	Both Tibetan translations (differences, if any, indicated in a mini- aparatus)
<i>ac</i>	<i>ante correctionem</i>
<i>deest</i>	omitted in
<i>diag. conj.</i>	diagnostic conjecture [e.g. 'reconstructed' from Tibetan]
<i>conj.</i>	conjecture
<i>em.</i>	emendation [an emendation is made with a high degree of confidence, whereas a conjecture proposes a correction while acknowledging a greater possibility for alternatives]
fol./fols.	folio/folios
<i>pc</i>	<i>post correctionem</i>

<i>r</i>	recto
<i>v</i>	verso
$\Sigma_X$	Reading shared in all witnesses but X
((kiṃcit))	Reading uncertain—either illegible or otherwise in doubt
<kiṃcit>	Reading cancelled
†kiṃcit†	Reading does not make sense to the editor and an adequate conjecture was not able to be chosen.
[kiṃcit]	Indication of a diagnostic conjecture
..	Damaged <i>akṣara</i> (one . per half <i>akṣara</i> )
...	Lacunae of an unknown quantity of <i>akṣaras</i>
°	Mark of abbreviation

## 2 Text

### 2.1 Maṅgalācaraṇa

[K fol. 1r] [siddham]<sup>1</sup> namaḥ śrīsadgurupādebhyaḥ |<sup>i</sup>  
anupamasukharūpī śrīnivāso 'nivāso  
nirupamadaśadevīrūpavidyaḥ<sup>2</sup> savidyaḥ |  
tribhuvanahitasaukhyaprāptikāro 'vikāro  
jayati kamalapāṇir yāvad āśāvikāśāḥ<sup>3</sup> || 1 ||

[K fol. 2r3] namaḥ samantakāyavākcittavajrāya.<sup>ii</sup>

anupametyādi. kamalaṃ padmaṃ pāṇau yasya sa kamalapāṇir avalokiteśvaro  
bhagavāñ jayatīti sambandhaḥ. kiṃviśiṣṭaḥ? anupamam ity atipraṇītātva-maha-  
ttvāsaṃsārasthāyitvalakṣaṇair<sup>4</sup> dharmair yuktasyānyasyābhāvād<sup>iii</sup> upamārahitaṃ

<sup>i</sup> Scribal homage

<sup>ii</sup> Scribal homage

<sup>iii</sup> cf. Tib.: dpe med ces bya ba la sogs pa smos te/ dpe med pa ni (ni] TVA<sub>D</sub>; dang TVB<sub>N</sub>) shin tu  
gya nom pa nyid dang/ rgya (rgya] TVA<sub>D</sub>; deest in TVB<sub>N</sub>) che ba nyid dang/ 'khor ba'i mtha'i bar

<sup>1</sup> [siddham] K; om E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>2</sup> nirupama° E<sub>DH</sub> ; nirūpama° K

<sup>3</sup> āśāvikāśāḥ] *corr.*; āśāvikāśāḥ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>4</sup> °saṃsārasthāyitva°] K; °saṃsārasthāyisva° E<sub>DH</sub> (*note the two akṣaras, tva and sva, are very similar*)

sukham eva rūpaṃ svabhāvo yasya sa tathoktaḥ. punar api kimviśiṣṭaḥ? śrīḥ pu-  
ṇyajñānasambhāralakṣaṇā, tasyā nivāsa āśrayo yaḥ sa tathā. dharmakāyarūpi-  
tvena<sup>5</sup> sarvagatatvāt [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 132] pratiniyatanivāsābhāvād anivāsaḥ.

punaḥ kīdrśaḥ? nirupamāḥ paramarūpayauvanaśṛṅgārādirasamahākaruṇādi-  
yuktatvenopamātikrāntā<sup>6</sup> rūpavajrāditārāparyantadaśadevīrūpā vidyāḥ parivā-  
rakatvena<sup>7</sup> yasya sa tathā. saha svābhārūpayā vidyayā<sup>8</sup> vartata iti savidyāḥ. tri-  
bhuvanasya tribhuvanavartino janasya yaddhitam āyatipathyam<sup>9</sup> buddhatvādi-  
kam, saukhyam tad āpātapathyam<sup>10</sup> cakravartitvādikam, tasya yā prāptiḥ<sup>11</sup> [K fol.  
2v] sāksāt kriyā, tasyāḥ karaṇam kāro yasya sa tathā. aparinirvāṇadharmakatve-  
nāpratiṣṭhitanirvāṇarūpatvenā<sup>12</sup> nyathātvalakṣaṇasya vikāsyābhāvād avikāraḥ.  
evaṃviśiṣṭo bhagavāñ jayati.

kiyantaṃ kālam ity āha—yāvad āśāvikāśāḥ.<sup>13</sup> āśā daśa diśo gaganasvarūpāḥ.  
yadvā āśāḥ sarvasattvānāṃ bhavabhogaṭṭṣṇāḥ.<sup>14</sup> tāsāṃ vikāśā<sup>15</sup> avakāśāḥ prava-  
rtanāni, prādurbhāvā iti yāvat. te yāvat<sup>16</sup> tāvad bhagavāñ jayati, sarvaharihara-  
hiraṇyagarbhādibhyaḥ prakṛṣṭo bhavatīty arthaḥ.

atrānupamasukharūpīty anena svārthasampattiḥ kathitā. śrīnivāsa ity anena  
tadupāyaḥ, puṇyajñānasambhārayoḥ śrīśābenābhihitatvāt. tribhuvanahitasaukhyā-  
prāptikāra ity anena parārthasampattir uktā. nirupamadaśadevīrūpavidyāḥ savi-  
dya ity anena tadupāyaḥ,<sup>17</sup> tathābhūtadaśadevīdvātrimśallakṣaṇāśītyanuvyañja-

du gnas pa'i mtshan nyid kyi chos dang ldan pa ste/ gzhan dag la de med pa'i phyir ro/ / (āha—  
anumapetyādi. anupamam iti atipraṇītattvamahattvāsaṃsārasthāyitvalakṣaṇair yuktam, anyasya  
tadabhāvād.)

<sup>5</sup> dharmakāyarūpitvena] K E<sub>DH</sub>; dharmakāyarūpatvena *possible em.* (cf. TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub>: chos kyi  
sku'i ngo bo nyid kyi)

<sup>6</sup> °opamātikrāntā] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (dpe las 'das pa'o) ; dpe med pa ste/ dpe las 'das pa'i TVA<sub>D</sub> (niru-  
pamā upamātikrāntā)

<sup>7</sup> parivāarakatvena] *em.*; saparivāarakatvena K; saparivāarakatvena E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>8</sup> vidyayā] K E<sub>DH</sub>; rig pa ste/ shes rab TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (vidyayā prajñayā)

<sup>9</sup> āyatipathyam] *variant word division in* E<sub>DH</sub>: āyati pathyam; *and in* K: āyati | pathyam

<sup>10</sup> tad āpātapathyam] *conj.* (TVA<sub>D</sub>: 'phral gyi phan pa); tad dāpayati pathyam K E<sub>DH</sub>; de la bde ba  
ni bde ba ste TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>11</sup> prāptiḥ] K E<sub>DH</sub>; thob pa ni rnyed pa ste TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>12</sup> °rūpatvenā°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; ngo bo rnyed pas TVA<sub>D</sub>; ngo bo brnyed pas TVB<sub>N</sub> (°rūpaprapṭyā°)

<sup>13</sup> āśāvikāśāḥ] *corr.*; āśāvikāśāḥ E<sub>DH</sub> K

<sup>14</sup> °ṭṣṇāḥ] E<sub>DH</sub> (°ṭṣṇās); ṭṣṇā K

<sup>15</sup> vikāśā] *corr.*; vikāśā K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>16</sup> te yāvat] *em.*; tā yāvat K E<sub>DH</sub>; deest in TIB

<sup>17</sup> tathābhūta°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; *no reflect in* TIB

nakāyākāraśūnyena<sup>18</sup> sarvākāraparārthasam̐patteḥ kartum aśakyatvād iti.

## 2.2 prajojanādyabhidhānam

śrīmantranītigatacārucaturthaseka-  
rūpaṃ vidanti na hi ye sphuṭaśabdaśūnyam |  
nānopadeśagaṇasaṃkulasaptabhedais  
teṣāṃ sphuṭāvagataye kriyate prayatnaḥ || 2 ||

śrīmantranītiśabdena sāmānyayogatantravācakenāpi śrīsamājaḥ pariḡrhyate, ca-  
turthārthakasyānyatrāsambhavāt. śeṣaṃ subodham. nānācāryopadeśagaṇasaṃ-  
kulai[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 133]r vyākulaḥ saptabhir bhedaḥ prakārair atītānāgatavartamā-  
nācārya<sup>19</sup> gatopadeśarāśisasaṃgrāhakaiḥ. sphuṭāvagataye sukhena sphuṭapratītya-  
rtham iti.

## 2.3 tīrthikānāṃ tattvasādhyaḥ prastāvaḥ

sambhrāntabodhā nikhilā hi tīrthyās  
tattvasya sādhyasya ca rūpavittau |  
tebhyaḥ prakṛṣṭaḥ kila tattvavettā  
vedāntavādīti janapravādaḥ || 3 ||

sambhrāntetyādi. sambhrānto vibhrānto bodhaḥ prajñāviśeṣo yeṣāṃ tīrthikānāṃ  
te tatho[K fol. 3r]ktāḥ.<sup>20</sup> sarva eva tīrthyā ātmātmiyagrahatimiropahatabuddhi-  
nayanāḥ. tattvam idam iti sādhyam idam<sup>21</sup> iti ca tattvasya sādhyasya yat<sup>22</sup> sva-  
rūpaṃ tasya yā vittīḥ pratītiḥ. tasyāṃ bhrāntāḥ. śeṣaṃ subodham.

nanu tattvasādhyaḥ upādeyatvenaika rūpatvāt tattvasya sādhyasya ceti ka-  
thaṃ<sup>23</sup> bhedenā nirdeśa iti cet. asad etat. tattvaṃ hy upādeyatve 'pi<sup>24</sup> sukhaduḥ-  
khopekṣādisakalapratibhāsaṃdohavyāpakam. sādhyāṃ cānābhimataparihāre-  
ṇecchālakṣaṇaṃ phalam upādeyatve 'pi sakalaprañibhir avaśyam evāsādhyaḥ  
vṛttyā sādhyatvenābhimatam ity adoṣaḥ.

<sup>18</sup> °kāyā°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; dam pa'i sku TIB (satkāya)

<sup>19</sup> °vartamānā°] E<sub>DH</sub>; °pravartamānā° K

<sup>20</sup> te tathoktāḥ]; K<sup>pc</sup>; te thoktāḥ K<sup>ac</sup>; tathoktāḥ E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>21</sup> sādhyam idam] *em.*; sādhyāṃ cedam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>22</sup> yat] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); tat K

<sup>23</sup> tattvasya sādhyasya ceti kathaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); tat kathaṃ tatvasya sādhyasya ceti K

<sup>24</sup> upādeyatve 'pi] *conj.* (TIB: blang bar bya ba nyid yin); upādeyatvenāpi K E<sub>DH</sub>

## 2.4 vedāntavādināṃ śrāvakapratyekabuddhānāṃ ca sādhyāni

tatra tāvad<sup>25</sup> vedāntavādyabhimataṃ sādhyam āha—ānandarūpam ityādi.

ānandarūpaṃ svavid aprakampyaṃ  
vedāntinaḥ sādhyam uṣanti śāntam<sup>26</sup> |  
saśrāvakāḥ<sup>27</sup> khaḍgajināś ca sādhyam  
icchanti rūpādyupadher virāmam || 4 ||

ānandarūpam iti sadāsukhamayatvāt. svavid iti jyotirūpatvena<sup>28</sup> svayaṃ prakāśamānatvāt.<sup>29</sup> aprakampyaṃ iti nityatayā<sup>30</sup> kampayitum aśakyatvāt. śāntam<sup>31</sup> iti kleśopakleśasūnyatvena parikalpitatvāt. evaṃvidhaṃ sādhyam uṣanti kāmaya-nte.

saha śrāvakair vartante ye khaḍgajināḥ khaḍgaviṣṇānakalpā ekacāriṇo varga-cāriṇāś<sup>32</sup> ca pratyekabuddhāś te sādhyam icchanti. kīdrśam? rūpādyupadher virāmam rūpavedanāsaṃjñāsaṃskāravijñānalakṣaṇānām upadhīnām skandhānām virāmam vicchedam, nirodham iti yāvat. [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 134] etad uktaṃ bhavati—sarvaśrāvaka-pratyekabuddhāḥ sopadhiśeṣanirupadhiśeṣabhedenā bhinne 'pi nirvāṇe<sup>33</sup> nirupadhiśeṣam eva nirvāṇam sā[K fol. 3v]kṣātkartavyatvena sādhyam pratipannāḥ.

## 2.5 pāramitānayavādināṃ caturvidhaṃ sādhyam

idānīm pāramitānayavādināṃ abhimataṃ<sup>34</sup> caturvidhaṃ sādhyam āha—ākāraśūnyam ityādi.

ākāraśūnyaṃ gaganendurūpaṃ  
pratyātmavedyaṃ karuṇārasaṃ ca |

<sup>25</sup> tāvad] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVA<sub>D</sub> (re zhig); *no reflex* in TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>26</sup> śāntam] *corr.*; sāntam K E<sub>DH</sub>; *no reflex* in TIB

<sup>27</sup> saśrāvakāḥ] *em.*; saśrāvakā K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>28</sup> jyotirūpatvena] K; jyotirūpatvena E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>29</sup> prakāśamānatvāt] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); prakāśamānāt K

<sup>30</sup> nityatayā] E<sub>DH</sub>; anityatayā K TIB (mi rtag pa nyid kyis)

<sup>31</sup> śāntam] *corr.*; sāntam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>32</sup> vargacāriṇāś] K (*cf. Abhidharmakośabhāṣya*); vanacāriṇāś E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>33</sup> nirvāṇe] E<sub>DH</sub>; nirvāṇa° K

<sup>34</sup> abhimataṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>; abhimata K

sallakṣaṇair bhūṣitam<sup>35</sup> arthakāri  
dānādiniṣyandam apetasaukhyam || 5 ||

sānandasallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgam  
sambhujyamānaṁ daśabhūmisamsthaiḥ |  
sattvārthakāri pravadanti sādhyam  
dānādiṣaṭpāramitānayaṣṭhāḥ || 6 ||

### 2.5.1 pāramitānaye pratham sādhyam

ākārair nīlapītasukhaduḥkhādibhiḥ citrarūpaiḥ śūnyaṁ nirākāram. ata eva gaganasyeva nirākāratvenendor iva prabhāsvaratvena rūpaṁ svabhāvo yasya tat tathā. pratyātmavedyam iti svasaṁvedanaikavedyam.<sup>36</sup> karuṇā duḥkhād<sup>37</sup> duḥkhahetor vā sakalajagadabhyuddharaṇakāmatā.<sup>38,iv</sup> saiva rasaḥ svabhāvo yasya tat tathoktam. etad uktaṁ bhavati—nīlapītādicitrākāraśūnyaṁ nirābhāsaṁ<sup>39</sup> nirāñjanaṁ<sup>v</sup> gaganopamaṁ svacchaṁ sakalajagadarthakāri<sup>vi</sup> mahākaruṇāyuktaṁ pratyātmavedyaṁ pāramitopadeśaśabdābhidheyaṁ sādhyam iti pāramitānaye prathamam sādhyam.

### 2.5.2 pāramitānaye dvitīyam sādhyam

śobhanāni ca tāni lakṣaṇāni ca dvātriṁśallakṣaṇasaṁjñakānīti.<sup>40</sup> tair bhūṣitam. arthaṁ janānāṁ prayojanaṁ kartuṁ śīlaṁ svabhāvo yasya tad arthakāri.<sup>41</sup> dānādīnāṁ daśapāramitānāṁ niṣyandam tatprakarṣaprabhavatvena sadṛśam phalam.

<sup>iv</sup> This definition can be found in various older sources, such as the *Pramāṇavārttikavṛtti*. Possibly in the *Sāramañjarī*?

<sup>v</sup> See also in *Amṛtakaṇika* and *Kāllotara mahātāntra* for instances of the pair *nirābhāsaṁ nirāñjanaṁ*. One word is probably acceptable as a *viśeṣaṇasamāsa*.

<sup>vi</sup> sakalajagadarthakāri can also be read in compound with mahākaruṇā°. This is reflected in both Tibetan translations: 'gro ba ma lus pa'i don byed pa'i snying rje chen po

<sup>35</sup> bhūṣitam] E<sub>DH</sub>; bhuṣitam K

<sup>36</sup> svasaṁvedanaikavedyam] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*) (°vedyam); svasaṁvedyanaikavedyam K

<sup>37</sup> karuṇā duḥkhād] K; karuṇāduḥkhā° E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>38</sup> abhyuddharaṇakāmatā] *em.*; °atyuddharaṇakāmatā K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>39</sup> nirābhāsaṁ] *em.*; nirābhāsa K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>40</sup> °saṁjñakānīti] *conj.* (ISAACSON); °saṁjñakāni ceti K E<sub>DH</sub>; mdzes pa'i mtshan sum cu rtsa gnyis zhes bya ste TIB

<sup>41</sup> tad arthakāri] K E<sub>DH</sub>; de ni de'i don mdzad pa'o TIB (tad tadarthakāri)

duḥkhasya pūrvam eva prahīnatvāt sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyām<sup>42, vii</sup> saukhyasyāpy abhāvād<sup>43</sup> upekṣārūpatvenāpetasaukhyam apagatasaukhyam. etad uktaṃ bhavati —dvātriṃśallakṣaṇadharāśītyanuvyañjanavirājitaśarīraṃ sakalajagadarthakāri dānādīpāramitābhyāsa<sup>†</sup>balenātmānam<sup>44†</sup> samyaksambuddharūpaṃ sukhaduḥkharahitatvenopekṣārūpaṃ dvitīyaṃ sādhyam.

### 2.5.3 pāramitānaye tṛtīyaṃ sādhyam

[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 135] sānandetyādi. sahānandena vartata iti sā[K fol. 4r]nandam. sānandam ca tat sallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgaṃ ca<sup>45</sup> sambhujiyamānam dharmadeśanādvāreṇopajīvyamānam.<sup>46</sup> kaiḥ? daśabhūmīśvaraiḥ, pariśiṣṭabhūmisthitānām<sup>47</sup> agocaratvāt. daśabhūmiprāptair avalokiteśvaramaṇjuśrīprabhṛtibhir upabhujiyamānam iti yāvat. etad uktaṃ bhavati—śuddhāvāsopari ghanavyūhasamjñake<sup>48</sup> samyaksambuddhabhuvane yathā bhagavān ānandarūpaḥ sambhogakāyātmā nirmāṇadvāreṇa<sup>49</sup> sakalajagadarthasampādakaḥ śrāvakaḥ pratyekabuddhanavabhūmīśvarair apy adṛśyaśariro daśabhūmīśvarair eva paraṃ bodhisattvair<sup>50</sup> dharmāśravaṇadvāreṇopabhujiyamāna<sup>51</sup> āsaṃsāraṃ cakāsti, tathaiva tat sādhyam iti tṛtīyam.

<sup>vii</sup> ISAACSON (personal communication) proposes *sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyām* or *sākṣātkṛtāvasthāyām* as potentially superior readings.

In support of the former, see *Samkṣipābhīṣekavidhi: tadanantaram ekatathatāmatena tayaiva bhinnamate tv ānayā svasaṃviditajñānasākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyām pūrvoktagāthayā adhyeṣitavate śiṣyāya tatpāṇau tasyāḥ pāṇim pratisthāpya |*

<sup>42</sup> sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyām] *conj.* (ISAACSON); sākṣātkṛtāvasthāyām E<sub>DH</sub>; sākṣātkṛtāvatāsthāyām K

<sup>43</sup> abhāvāt] *em.* (ISAACSON); abhāvatvāt K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>44</sup> °balenātmānam] K E<sub>DH</sub>; stobs kyis bdag nyid TVA<sub>D</sub>; stobs kyis byung ba TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>45</sup> sallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgaṃ ca] *em.* (ISAACSON); sallakṣaṇamaṇḍitāṅgaṃ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>46</sup> °opajīvyamānam] K E<sub>DH</sub>; nye bar longs spyod par gyur pa'o TIB (°opabhujiyamānam)

<sup>47</sup> pariśiṣṭabhūmi°] *corr.*; pariśiṣṭa bhūmi° E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>48</sup> °samjñake] *em.*; °samjñako K; °samjñakaḥ E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*)

<sup>49</sup> nirmāṇadvāreṇa] K E<sub>DH</sub>; sprul pa'i sku'i sgo nas TIB (nirmāṇakāyadvāreṇa)

<sup>50</sup> paraṃ bodhisattvair] K E<sub>DH</sub> (°sattvair); mchog tu gyur pa'i byang chub sems dpa' TIB (parama-bodhisattvair)

<sup>51</sup> bhujiyamāna] *em.*; bhujiyamānam K E<sub>DH</sub>

## 2.5.4 pāramitānaye caturthaṃ sādhyam

sampūrya dānādiguṇān aśeṣān  
saṃbuddhakṛtyaṃ<sup>52</sup> sakalam ca kṛtvā |  
yad bhūtakoteḥ karaṇam ca sākṣāt  
sādhyam tad apy asti nirodharūpam || 7 ||

sampūryetyādi. dānādipāramitā eva guṇā, guṇyante 'bhyasyanta iti kṛtvā. tām sampūrya paripūrṇān<sup>53</sup> kṛtvā, yat saṃbuddhānām kṛtyaṃ sakalam<sup>54, viii</sup> avaśyakartavyaṃ kṛtsnam tad api kṛtvā, bhūtakoteḥ śūnyatālakṣaṇāyāś cittacaittanirodhātmikāyā<sup>55</sup> yat sākṣāt karaṇam tad api sādhyam astiti pāramitānayasthā evaṃ bruvate caturthaṃ sādhyam iti.

## 2.6 mantranaye saptavidhaṃ sādhyam

### 2.6.1 mantranaye prathamam sādhyam

idānīm mantranayopadiṣṭam saptavidhaṃ<sup>56</sup> sādhyam kathayitum āha—svābhāṅganetyādi.

svābhāṅganāśleṣi<sup>57</sup> janārthakāri<sup>58</sup>  
duḥkhaiḥ sukhaiś caiva vimuktirūpam |  
aśītyanuvyañjanabhūṣitāṅgam  
apetakalpaṃ pravadanti sādhyam || 8 ||

<sup>viii</sup> The manuscript reading of simply *sakalam* instead of *kṛtyaṃ sakalam* is asymmetrical given the following gloss, *avaśyakartavyaṃ kṛtsnam*. Here Tib. reads simply *nges par mdzad par bya ba ma lus pa*, reflecting only the gloss and neither *sakalam* of the Sanskrit nor the conjecture *kṛtyaṃ sakalam*. It is also possible that *sakalam* is a mistaken scribal addition, but it's also possible that even if the Tibetan translators saw *kṛtyaṃ sakalam*, they chose not to render this because of the superfluous sounding result in Tibetan.

<sup>52</sup> saṃbuddhakṛtyaṃ] *em.* (cf. TaRaA-V: saṃbuddhānām ... avaśyakartavyaṃ kṛtsnam); saṃbuddhya kṛtyaṃ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>53</sup> paripūrṇān] *em.*; paripūrṇam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>54</sup> kṛtyaṃ sakalam] *conj.*; sakalam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>55</sup> cittacaitta°] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); cittacaitya° K

<sup>56</sup> saptavidhaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub> (Tib: rnam pa bdun); caturthaṃ K

<sup>57</sup> svābhāṅganāśleṣi E<sub>DH</sub> (*corr.*); svābhāṅgañāśleṣi K

<sup>58</sup> janārthakāri] *conj.* (Tib: 'gro ba yi don mdzad; TaRaA-V: jagadarthakāri); ta..rthakāri K (*akṣara uncertain, perhaps gna or mva*); tadarthakāri E<sub>DH</sub>



svābhāṅganām<sup>59</sup> āśleṣitum śīlam svabhāvo yasya tat svābhāṅganāśleṣi.<sup>60</sup> [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 136] apetakalpaṃ vyapagatakalpam, kalpanārahitam iti yāvat. anyat subodham. ayam arthaḥ—samāliṅgitasvābhāṅganāśleṣi jagadarthakāri<sup>61,ix</sup> dvātriṃśallakṣaṇavibhūṣitaśarīram<sup>62</sup> upekṣārūpaṃ<sup>63</sup> prathamam sādhyam.

## 2.6.2 mantranaye dvitīyaṃ sādhyam

svadevatākāraviśeṣasūnyaṃ  
prāg eva sambhāvya sukhaṃ sphuṭaṃ sat |  
mahāsukhākhyam jagadarthakāri  
cintāmaṇiprakhyam uvāca kaścit || 9 ||

svadevatetyādi. svadevatākāraviśeṣeṇa<sup>64</sup> sveṣṭadevatākāreṇa sūnyam, nirākāram iti yāvat. prāg eva prathamataram<sup>65</sup> upadeśānantaram eva<sup>66</sup> devatākāranirapekṣam sukhaṃ sambhāvya, bhāvanayā sāksāt kṛtvā, sphuṭaṃ<sup>67,x</sup> sphu[K fol. 4v] ṭikṛtaṃ san mahāsukhasaṃjñakaṃ bhavati. tac ca jagadarthakāri cintāmaṇisamānarūpam. etad uktaṃ bhavati—upadeśānantaram eva mantramudrādevatākārarahitaṃ<sup>68</sup> bhāvanayā sphuṭikṛtaṃ mahāsukhasaṃjñakaṃ cintāmaṇivaj jagadarthakāri māyopamam āsaṃsārasthāyi dvitīyaṃ sādhyam.

<sup>ix</sup> The compound °svābhāṅganāśleṣajagadarthakāri is strinckly speaking not impossible, and could be read as a kind of instrumental *tatpuruṣa*, for example; however, given that this is a prose explanation of the verse, there is no need for the author to use such a compound and it seems mostly likely that the scribe left off the *ikāra*.

<sup>x</sup> The understanding reflected in TIB, namely *aphuṭaṃ* instead of *sphuṭaṃ*, is an alternative word division and also yields sense. It seems more likely, however, that the author is glossing *sphuṭaṃ*.

<sup>59</sup> svābhāṅganām] E<sub>DH</sub> (*corr.*); svābhāṅganām K

<sup>60</sup> svābhāṅganāśleṣi] *corr.*; svābhāṅganāśleṣi K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>61</sup> °svābhāṅganāśleṣi jagadarthakāri] *conj.* (TVB<sub>N</sub>: nyid dang mtshungs pa'i lha mos 'khyud pa can 'gro ba'i don mdzad pa); °svābhāṅganāśleṣajagadarthakāri K E<sub>DH</sub>; nyid dang mtshungs pa'i lha mos 'khyud pa can | 'gro ba ma lus pa'i don mdzad pa TVA<sub>D</sub> (°svābhāṅganāśleṣy aśeṣajagadarthakāri)

<sup>62</sup> śarīram] E<sub>DH</sub>; śarīra K

<sup>63</sup> upekṣārūpaṃ] K E<sub>DH</sub>; btang snyoms kyi ngo bo du 'khor ba ji srid du bzhugs pa (ji srid bzhugs pa] TVA<sub>D</sub>; ju bzhugs pa TVB<sub>N</sub>) mngon du bya ba yin no zhe bya ba TIB (upekṣārūpaṃ āsaṃsārasthāyi sāksātkriyā ita)

<sup>64</sup> svadevatā°] Σ<sub>TVA<sub>D</sub></sub>; lha TVA<sub>D</sub> (devatā°)

<sup>65</sup> prathamataram] K; prathamataro° E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>66</sup> upadeśānantaram eva] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); upadeśāntaram eva K; bshad ma thag pa'i TIB (anantarokta°)

<sup>67</sup> sphuṭaṃ] K; *deest in* E<sub>DH</sub>; ma gsal ba TIB

<sup>68</sup> °rahitaṃ] Σ<sub>TVA<sub>D</sub></sub>; spangs te | bde ba 'ba' zhig tsam TVA<sub>D</sub> (°rahitaṃ sukhamātraṃ)

### 2.6.3 mantranaye tṛtīyaṃ sādhyam

kṛtvā sākṣāt svādhipaṃ [K fol. 1v] sātārūpaṃ  
paścāt tyaktvā sātāmātraṃ phalaṃ syāt |  
śuddhaṃ sākṣāc chakyate naiva kartuṃ  
tenākāro bhāvitaḥ svādhipasya || 10 ||

kṛtvetyādi. svādhipaṃ sveṣṭadaivataṃ sākṣāt kṛtvāmukhikṛtya sātārūpaṃ sukhai-  
kasvabhāvam, paścād devatākāraṃ parityajya, sukhamātraṃ<sup>69</sup> phalaṃ sādhyam  
vyavasthitaṃ syāt.

nanu yadi<sup>70</sup> sākṣāt kṛtvāpi devatākāras tyaktavyaḥ, tarhi prathamam eva ka-  
smād [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 137] vibhāvitaḥ? sukhamātraṃ eva dvitīyasādhyavat kiṃ na vibhā-  
vitam?<sup>71</sup> kiṃ vṛthāprayāsenety<sup>72</sup> āha—śuddham ityādi. śuddhaṃ kevalaṃ devatā-  
kāravirahitaṃ sukhamātraṃ naiva sākṣāt kartuṃ śakyate, ākārarahitasya sukha-  
syānupalambhāt. tasmāt tena kāraṇenākāro bhāvitaḥ svādhipasyeti tṛtīyam.<sup>73</sup> a-  
yam arthaḥ<sup>74</sup>—devatākārasamvalitaṃ eva sukhaṃ vibhāvya, sākṣādbhūte deva-  
tākāraṃ tyaktvā, sukhamātraṃ eva sādhyam uktaguṇam.

### 2.6.4 mantranaye caturthaṃ sādhyam

gagaṇasamaśarīraṃ lakṣaṇair bhūṣitāṅgaṃ  
nirupamasukhapūrṇaṃ<sup>75</sup> svābhayā saṃgataṃ ca |  
sphuradamitamunīndraiḥ<sup>76</sup> sarvasattvārthakāri  
pravadati punar anyāḥ sādhyam ucchedaśūnyam || 11 ||

gagaṇetyādi. gagaṇasamaṃ māyopamaṃ vicārāsahaṃ<sup>77</sup> śarīraṃ yasya. lakṣaṇair  
dvātriṃśadbhir aśītibhiś cānuvyañjanair maṇḍitāny aṅgāni yasya. nirupamaiḥ  
sthaulya<sup>78</sup> nairantaryā<sup>79</sup> saṃsāra<sup>80</sup> pravāhitvanirāsravatvādibhir upamābhāvād u-

<sup>69</sup> sukhamātraṃ] *em.*; sukhamātra° K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>70</sup> nanu yadi] *conj.*; nanu K E<sub>DH</sub>; gal te TVA<sub>D</sub> ([nanu] yadi); TVB<sub>N</sub>: *not clearly rendered*

<sup>71</sup> vibhāvitam] *em.*; vibhāvitaḥ E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); vibhāgato K

<sup>72</sup> vṛthāprayāsenety] E<sub>DH</sub>; vyathāprayāsenety K

<sup>73</sup> tṛtīyam] *em.* TVB<sub>N</sub> (gsum pa yin no); tṛtīyaḥ K E<sub>DH</sub>; bsgrub par bya ba gsum pa yin no TVA<sub>D</sub>  
(tṛtīyaṃ sādhyam)

<sup>74</sup> arthaḥ] E<sub>DH</sub>; artha K

<sup>75</sup> nirupama°] E<sub>DH</sub>; nirupama° K

<sup>76</sup> munīndraiḥ] *em.*; munīndraḥ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>77</sup> māyopamaṃ vicārāsahaṃ] K (*reading slightly unclear*); māyopamavicārāsaha E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>78</sup> sthaulya°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; rgya nam pa nyid dang | rgya che ba nyid dang TVA<sub>D</sub> (praṇītatvasthaulya°);  
lhun che ba nyid dang | TVB<sub>N</sub> (sthaulya ?)

<sup>79</sup> nairantaryā°] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); nairuttaryā° K

<sup>80</sup> āsaṃsāra°] *em.*; āsaṃsāraṃ E<sub>DH</sub> K

pamātikrāntaiḥ sukhaiḥ pūrṇaṃ romāgraparyantaṃ<sup>81</sup> saṃpūrṇaṃ. svābhayā ca tathābhūtayā saṃgataṃ samāliṅgitam. sphuradbhir anantanirmitair munindrais tathābhūtaiḥ eva sarvasattvārthakāri.<sup>82</sup> ucchedeneti nirodhena śūnyam tucchaṃ riktam.<sup>83</sup>

etad uktaṃ bhavati—gaganamāyāmarīci<sup>84</sup> gandharvanagarodakacandraprati-  
bimbavapnopamam<sup>85</sup> [K fol. 5r] ekānekabhāvābhāvagrāhyagrāhakasvabhāva-  
rahitam anādyantam aśeṣavastusaṃdohasvabhāvam<sup>86,xi</sup> anābhāsaṃ nirañjanaṃ  
sarvopamātikrāntaṃ paramasūkṣmātigambhīraprajñārūpatayā dharmakāyasva-  
bhāvam, dvātriṃśallakṣaṇavibhūṣitaśarīram aśītyanuvyañjanavirājitagātraṃ<sup>87</sup> pa-  
ramaśṛṅgārayauvanādyupetaṃ svābhāṅganāliṅgitāṅgaṃ rūpavajrādītārāparya-  
ntadevīgaṇair anantaprabhedānimittarati<sup>88</sup> svarūpaparamānandopabhogadvāreṇa  
pratibimbavat [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 138] sambhujiyamānaṃ karuṇāsaṃvalitodārarūpatayā sa-  
mbhogakāyarūpam, nānādhimuktivineyajanaparipācanārtham anekavidhaprāti-  
hāryadvāreṇa<sup>89</sup> nirmittānantakulāntarbhūtasambuddhabodhisattvaspharaṇasaṃ-  
hārakāritvena<sup>90</sup> nirmāṇakāyātmakam, śūnyatākaruṇābhinnabodhicitta<sup>91</sup> svabhā-  
vāmalaprajñopāyasamādhisambhūtasatsukhāpūrṇam<sup>xii</sup> āsaṃsārasthitidharmaṃ<sup>92</sup>  
apraṭiṣṭhitanirvāṇarūpaṃ nirmalanivātaniścalapradīpaśikhāprabandhanityatayā

<sup>xi</sup> See parallels in *Samantabhadrasādhana* for *mtshan ma med pa'i dga' ba*

<sup>xii</sup> See Sahajavilāsa, *Svādhiṣṭhānakurukullāsādhana* (SāMā no. 183, p. 383): *tataḥ prajñopāyāma-  
lasamādhisambhūtasatsukhāpūrṇam iva svadehaṃ trailokya ca paśyēt.*

<sup>81</sup> *conj.* (TIB: gang ba ni | ba spu rtse mo'i mthar thug pa); pūrṇaṃ masimāgrapayantaṃ K; pūrṇatāṃ samāśrayantaṃ E<sub>DH</sub>; TVA<sub>D</sub> (pūrṇaṃ romāgraparyantaṃ)

<sup>82</sup> sarvasattvārtha°] K E<sub>DH</sub> (TVB<sub>N</sub>: sems can thams cad kyi don); sems can gyi don TVA<sub>D</sub> (sattvārtha°)

<sup>83</sup> tucchaṃ riktam K; bhūsthaṃ riktam E<sub>DH</sub>; spangs pa'o TIB (tucchaṃ | riktam)

<sup>84</sup> mājāmarīci] K E<sub>DH</sub> (TVB<sub>N</sub>: sgyu ma dang | smig rgyu dang |); sgyu ma dang | smig rgyu dang | smig rgyu dang | TVA<sub>D</sub> (mājāmarīcīndrajāla | māyendrajālamarīci)

<sup>85</sup> °svapnopayam] E<sub>DH</sub>; svapnāpayam K

<sup>86</sup> anādyantam aśeṣavastusaṃdohasvabhāvam] K E<sub>DH</sub>; thog ma dang tha ma med pa'i dngos po ma lus pa'i rang bzhin TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (anādyantāśeṣavastusvabhāvam)

<sup>87</sup> °gātraṃ] K E<sub>DH</sub>; *deest* in TVA<sub>D</sub> and TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>88</sup> °ānimittarati°] *conj.* (TVA<sub>D</sub>: mtshan ma med pa'i dga' ba'i); °ānimittārati° KE<sub>DH</sub>; mtshan ma med pa'i TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>89</sup> anekavidhaprātihārya°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; rdzu 'phrul dang cho 'phrul nram pa du ma TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (anekaṛddhiprātihārya°)

<sup>90</sup> °bodhisattva°] *conj.* (TVB<sub>N</sub>: byang chub sems dpa'i); °bodhi° K E<sub>DH</sub>; byang chub sems dpa' la sogs pa'i TVA<sub>D</sub> (°bodhisattvādi°)

<sup>91</sup> °bodhicitta°] E<sub>DH</sub>; °bodhicittā° K

<sup>92</sup> *conj.* (cf. Tib: chos can); dharmāṇaṃ K E<sub>DH</sub>

nirodhaśūnyaṃ caturthaṃ<sup>93</sup> sādhyam.

## 2.7 mantranaye pañcamam sādhyam

kṛtvā sāksāt svādhipaṃ sātārūpaṃ  
tyaktvopekṣājñānamātraṃ<sup>94</sup> phalaṃ syāt |  
āsaṃsārasthāyi sattvārthakāri  
cintā<sup>95</sup>ratnaprakhyam<sup>96</sup> ekāntaśāntam || 12 ||

kṛtvetyādi. sāksāt svādhipaṃ kṛtvā, paścāt<sup>97</sup> tyaktvā, upekṣārūpaṃ yaj jñānaṃ tanmātraṃ sādhyam syāt. anyat sugamaṃ.<sup>98</sup> etad uktaṃ bhavati—maṇḍalacakra-rūpaṃ sāksāt kṛtvā, paścāt tan nirodhya, upekṣājñānamātraṃ sādhyam syāt pañcamam.

## 2.8 mantranaye ṣaṣṭhamam sādhyam

kṛtvā sāksān maṇḍalaṃ sātārūpaṃ  
paścāt tasya svecchayā nirvṛtiś<sup>99</sup> ca |  
sattvārthasyāpy asty abhāvo na vāsmiṃ  
prādurbhāvo nirvṛtād<sup>100</sup> asti yasmāt || 13 ||

kṛtvetyādi. kṛtvā sāksān maṇḍalaṃ sātasaṃvalitam.<sup>101</sup> tasya svecchayā nirvṛtir nirodhaḥ.

nanu yadi sāksāt kṛtvāpi paścāt svecchayā nirodhayita[K fol. 5v]vyam,<sup>102</sup> tadā karuṇāyā anekakālābhyastāyā abhāvaḥ syāt. tasyāś cābhāvāt sattvārthābhāvaḥ [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 139] syād ity āśaṅkyāha—sattvārthasyāpy asty abhāvo na vetyādi.

<sup>93</sup> caturthaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>; caturtha K

<sup>94</sup> tyaktvopekṣā°] K (E<sub>DH</sub> reports as tyajyo°, but it cannot be; see commentary); bhāvopekṣā° E<sub>DH</sub> (em.); not reflected in TM<sub>p</sub>

<sup>95</sup> cintā°] K<sup>pc</sup> E<sub>DH</sub>; cittā° K<sup>ac</sup>

<sup>96</sup> °prakhyam] E<sub>DH</sub>; °prakhyamṃ K

<sup>97</sup> paścāt] E<sub>DH</sub>; paścāta K

<sup>98</sup> sugamaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>; sūgamaṃ K

<sup>99</sup> nirvṛtiś] K; nirvṛtiṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>100</sup> nirvṛtād] E<sub>DH</sub>; nivṛtād K

<sup>101</sup> sātasaṃvalitam] em. (TIB: bde ba'i rang bzhin can); sātam saṃvalitam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>102</sup> nirodhayitavyam] em.; nirodhayitavyaḥ K E<sub>DH</sub>

asmin pakṣe sattvārthābhāvo nāsti, yasmān nirvṛtāc cakrāt karuṇāsaṃvalitāt sa-  
ttvārthasya prādurbhāvo 'sti.<sup>xiii</sup>

etenaitad evāha—sātasampūrṇacakram sāksāt kṛtvā, yāvad iṣṭam kālam vya-  
vasthāpya, paścāt tasya sarvathaiva pradīpavan nirodham kṛtvā sthātavyam. yadā  
punaḥ sattvārthābhilāṣo bhavati, tadā niruddhād eva cakrāntaram utpādy sa-  
ttvārthaḥ kartavyaḥ. cakrāntarotpāde<sup>103</sup> 'pi ciraniruddhād<sup>104</sup> eva cakrād yathā-  
bhavyatayā<sup>105</sup> vineyānām yathābhilaṣita-prāptir bhavatīti śaṣṭham.

## 2.9 mantranaye saptamaṃ sādhyam

kṛtvā sphuṭam rūpam abhiṣṭam eṣāṃ  
paścān nirodhaḥ<sup>106, xiv</sup> phalam āha kaścit |  
abhinnarūpaś ca yato nirodho  
na pakṣabhede 'pi tato 'sti bhedaḥ || 14 ||

kṛtvetyādi. śaṇṇām pakṣāṇām anyatamasya phalasya<sup>107</sup> sādhyatvād yad yad evā-  
bhiṣṭam<sup>108</sup> tad<sup>109</sup> eva sāksāt kṛtvā, paścāt sarvathaiva pradīpavan nirodha uttara-  
kālam sattvārthādiśūnyaḥ sāksāt kartavyaḥ.

nanu śaṭpakṣabhedenā śaḍ eva<sup>110</sup> nirodhāḥ syuḥ. tat katham eka eva niro-  
dha ity āśaṅkyāha—abhinnetyādi. abhinnaṃ<sup>111</sup> rūpam yasya sa tathā.<sup>112</sup> na hi ni-  
rodhānām śaṭpakṣalakṣaṇabhede 'pi bhedo 'sti, abhāvaika-rūpatayā nirodhasya  
samānatvāt. ayam arthaḥ—anyatamapakṣam sāksāt kṛtvā paścāt tasya santāno-  
cchedarūpo nirodha iti saptamaṃ sādhyam.

<sup>xiii</sup> TIB suggests reading *karuṇāsaṃvalitasya*: 'gags pa'i 'khor lo las snying rje'i rang bzhin can  
sems can gyi don ('gags pa'i] TVB<sub>N</sub>; 'gog pa'i] TVA<sub>D</sub>)

<sup>xiv</sup> It is possible to take *phala* as the direct object of *√ah* and then read *nirodham*, construing it as  
an accusative form; however, the agent of *√kr* and *√ah* would have to be the same. Rather, with  
the reading *nirodhaḥ phalam*, we can avoid this problem and simply supply an *iti*.

<sup>103</sup> cakrāntarotpāde] E<sub>DH</sub>; cakrāntaropāde K

<sup>104</sup> ciraniruddhād] *em.* (TIB: rin du 'gags pa'i); citaniruddhād K; cittaniruddhād E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>105</sup> yathābhavyatayā] *variant word division in* E<sub>DH</sub>: yathā bhavyatayā

<sup>106</sup> nirodhaḥ] *em.*; nirodha(m) K (*this may be corrected to h*); nirodham E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>107</sup> anyatamasya phalasya] *conj.*; arthaphalasya K E<sub>DH</sub>; nang nas 'bras bu TIB

<sup>108</sup> phalasya sādhyatvād yad yad evābhiṣṭam] K E<sub>DH</sub>; 'bras bu bsgrub bya gang kho na TVA<sub>D</sub>  
(phalam yad eva); bsgrub bya gang kho na mngon par 'dod pa TVB<sub>N</sub> (phalam yad evābhiṣṭam);

<sup>109</sup> tad] E<sub>DH</sub>; sa K

<sup>110</sup> śaḍ eva] E<sub>DH</sub>; ṣatreva K

<sup>111</sup> abhinnaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>; abhinna K

<sup>112</sup> sa tathā] *em.*; tat tathā K E<sub>DH</sub>

## 2.10 caturthe 'bhiṣekase vipratipattiḥ

### 2.10.1 caturthaseke vipratipattiḥ prathamā

prajñājñānād uttaram bodhicittā-  
svādas turyaṃ sekam<sup>113</sup> āhāvaraṃ tat |  
yasmāt<sup>114</sup> sarvo bhāvanāsu prayāso  
vyarthaḥ prāptas tatphalasya prasiddheḥ || 15 ||

[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 140] prajñājñānetyādi. prajñājñānopadeśād uttarakālaṃ<sup>115</sup> yat bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya<sup>116</sup> rasanayā grahaṇam, tat turyaṃ caturthaṃ [K fol. 6r] sekam āha kaścīt. tac cāvaraṃ hīnam, vinikṛṣṭam iti yāvat. kasmād avaram? yasmāt sarvaprāyāso mantramudrādevatādyākārabhāvanāsu punaḥ punar anuṣṭhānala-kṣaṇas tathāgatokto<sup>117</sup> vyarthaḥ prāptaḥ. kutaḥ? tatphalasya bhāvanāsādhyasya phalasya bodhicittāsvādakāla eva prasiddhatvāt prāptatvāt, anyasya viśiṣṭasya phalasyābhāvād iti yāvat.

### 2.10.2 caturthaseke vipratipattir dvitīyā

prajñājñānād uttaram prāptarāmā-  
svādas turyaṃ sekam āhādhamam tat |  
yasmāt sarvo bhāvanādaḥ prayatno  
buddhoddiṣṭo niṣphalaḥ saṃprasaktaḥ || 16 ||

prajñetyādi. prajñājñānād uttarakālaṃ yāḥ prāptā yathāmilitā rāmāḥ striyas tāsāṃ samāpattidvāreṇa<sup>118</sup> ya āsvādaḥ, tat turyaṃ sekam. tad apy adhamam. śeṣaṃ gatārtham.

<sup>113</sup> sekam] E<sub>DH</sub>; seṣam K

<sup>114</sup> yasmāt] E<sub>DH</sub>; paścāt K

<sup>115</sup> prajñājñānopadeśād uttarakālaṃ] K E<sub>DH</sub>; shes rab dang ye shes ni shes rab ye shes te | dbang bskur ba'i bye brag go || phyis ni 'das pa'i 'og tu'o || gang zhe na | TVA<sub>D</sub> (prajñājñānetyādi. prajñā ca jñānaṃ prajñājñānaṃ sekaviśeṣaḥ. uttaram paścāt. kim?); TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>116</sup> bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya] *em.* (TVA<sub>D</sub>: byang chub kyi sems te); saṃ bodhicittasyāmṛtarūpasya K E<sub>DH</sub>; sems te TVB<sub>N</sub> (cittasya)

<sup>117</sup> tathāgatokto] K; tathāgatoktau E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>118</sup> samāpattidvāreṇa] E<sub>DH</sub>; rig pa'i sgo nas TVA<sub>D</sub>; reg pa'i sgo nas TVB<sub>N</sub> (sparṣadvāreṇa)

### 2.10.3 āgamasya arthavyākhyānam

atha caturtham tat punas tatheti<sup>119, xv</sup> vyākhyāyate. caturtham iti<sup>120</sup> prajñājñānam ṛtīyam apekṣya caturtham ity ucyate. tad iti tacchabdena tad eva prajñājñānam tadrūpaṃ parāmṛśyate. punar iti punaḥśabdena tasmād viśeṣaḥ. viśeṣaś cātra nirāsravaniruttarātyantasphītāvicchinnaṃprabandha<sup>121</sup> pravāhitvalakṣaṇaḥ.<sup>122</sup> tatheti tathāśabdena tādrśatvam abhidhiyate. tādrśatvaṃ ca yādrśyā prajñādiyuktyā<sup>123</sup> sāmagryā yādrśaṃ prajñājñānam utpannam, paścād api tādrśyaiva sāmagryā tathaiva cotpadyate nānyatheti tathāśabdārthaḥ.

atra ca lakṣyalakṣaṇabhāvenārtho boddhavyaḥ. lakṣyate 'neneti lakṣaṇam a-nubhūyamānaṃ prajñājñānam, apratīyamānasya lakṣaṇatvāyogāt, nāgrhīta-viśeṣaṇā[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 141]viśeṣyabuddhir iti nyāyāt. lakṣyate jñāyate pratipādyate 'neneti lakṣyaṃ sākṣāt kariṣyamānaṃ caturtham.

### 2.10.4 caruthaseke vipratipattis ṛtīyā

atra caturtham nāstīty eke.<sup>xvi</sup> nanu caturtham ity etad asti tatpadam.<sup>124</sup> tat ka-tham nāstīty ucyate? satyam, upadeśasaṃrakṣārthaṃ sattvavyāmohanāya ca ṛtīyam eva caturthaśabde[K fol. 6v]noktaṃ bhagavatā. anyathā tat punar iti noktaṃ syāt.<sup>xvii</sup>

<sup>xv</sup> *Samājottara* 112c

<sup>xvi</sup> TVA<sub>D</sub> adds near the beginning of this sentence *Samājottara* 112ab *abhiṣekaṃ tridhā bhedaṃ asmin tanre prakalpitam* | : 'dir 'ga' zhiḡ | dbang ni rnam pa gsum dag tu | rgyud 'di las ni rab tu grags || zhes gsungs pas na | bzhi pa ni yang dag pa ma yin no zhe na |

<sup>xvii</sup> A portion seems to have dropped out from TVA<sub>D</sub>.

<sup>119</sup> punas tatheti] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); punar iti K

<sup>120</sup> caturtham iti] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVA<sub>D</sub> (bzhi pa ni); deest in TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>121</sup> 'niruttarātyantasphītāvicchinnaṃprabandha°] K E<sub>DH</sub>; shin tu rgyas pa nyid rgyun mi chad par TVB<sub>N</sub> ('ātyantasphītāvicchinnaṃprabandha°); nirantarātyantasphītāvicchinnaṃprabandha° E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); shin tu rgyas pa nyid dang | bar chad med pa nyid dang | rgyun mi 'chad par ('ātyantasphītāvicchinnaṃprabandhanirantara)

<sup>122</sup> 'lakṣaṇaḥ] E<sub>DH</sub>; 'lakṣaṇam K

<sup>123</sup> 'yuktyā] *conj.* (TIB: dang ldan pa'i); 'yuktyā K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>124</sup> nanu caturtham ity etad asti tatpadam] K (nanu caturtham ity etad asti | tat padan) E<sub>DH</sub>; de ltar de bzhi bzhi pa yang || zhes bya ba'i tshig bcom ldan 'das kyis gsungs pa yod pa ma yin nam | TVA<sub>D</sub> (caturtham tat punas tatheti padaṃ bhagavatā notkaṃ vā); de lta na de ma yin pa gzhan de ltar de bzhi bzhi pa yang zhes bya ba der bzhi pa zhes bya ba'i tshig bcom ldan 'das kyis gsungs pa yod pa ma yin nam | TVB<sub>N</sub> (nanu yadi evaṃ na syāt, tadā carutham tat punas tatheti padaṃ bhagavatā notkaṃ vā)

tad atyantāsaṃgatam, caturthasya pramāṇasiddhasya pratipāditatvāt prati-  
pādayiṣyamāṇatvāc ceti.<sup>xviii</sup>

### 2.10.5 lakṣyasya vicāraṇam

atra lakṣaṇam prajñājñānam pratītam eva sarvaiḥ. lakṣye<sup>125</sup> param vyāmohaḥ.  
tad vicāryate. lakṣyam hi bhaved<sup>126</sup> artharūpaṃ vā syāt jñānarūpaṃ vā. na tāvad  
artharūpaṃ, arthasyaikasyābhāvāt, ekānekaviyogitvena pramāṇena tasya nirā-  
kṛtatvāt. mantranaye ca vijñānavādamadhyamakamatayor<sup>127</sup> eva pradhānatvād  
jñānarūpaṃ vā syāt. jñānam ca sākāraṃ vā nirākāraṃ vā. sākāraṃ api citrādvai-  
tarūpaṃ vā syād anekarūpaṃ vā syād iti vikalpāḥ.

#### 2.10.5.1 sākārasya vijñānasya nirākaraṇam

tatra sākāravijñānam sarvathaiva gagaṇakamalavan nāstīti nirākāravādinō bru-  
vate. nanu nilapītaśuklādighaṭapaṭaśakaṭādi<sup>128</sup> rūpeṇākārāḥ<sup>129</sup> pratibhāsante<sup>130</sup> pra-  
tyakṣataḥ.<sup>xix</sup> te cārthasyābhāvād jñānarūpā eva. tat katham sākāraṃ nāstīti?<sup>xx</sup> sa-  
tyam. pratibhāsanta evākārāḥ, param alikarūpeṇa. alikarūpatā caikānekaviyogi-  
tvena<sup>131</sup> pramāṇalakṣaṇena<sup>132</sup> prasiddhā. tasya ca pramāṇasvarūpasyānyatra<sup>133</sup>

<sup>xviii</sup> Tib. discusses two further *pakṣas* here: that the fourth referred to in the *Samājottara* is the four *aṅga* of *sevā* and so forth; and what appears to be the idea that the four initiation consists in the third accompanied by its fruits ('*bras bu dang bcas pa*).

<sup>xix</sup> TIB phrases this sentence as a rhetorical question, as if the Sanskrit started *kim na ....*

<sup>xx</sup> TVAD's expression of the argument runs differently: *don (rnam pa) de dag kyang med pa'i phyir shes pa'i ngo bo nyid kyang med yin na | de ji ltar rnam pa dang bcas pa ma yin zhe na* | 'Because those objects [i.e., *ākāras*] also do not exist, the nature of cognition too cannot exist. So how can cognition not have *ākāras*?'

<sup>125</sup> lakṣye] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); lakṣyā K

<sup>126</sup> lakṣyam hi bhavet] *conj.* (TIB: mtshon par bya ba yang srid na); lakṣyam hi bhagavat K E<sub>DH</sub> ('gavad)

<sup>127</sup> matayor] E<sub>DH</sub>; tamayor K

<sup>128</sup> °śakaṭādi°] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); °prakaṭādi° K

<sup>129</sup> °ākārāḥ] *conj.*; ((cā))kārāḥ] K; vākārāḥ E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>130</sup> pratibhāsante] E<sub>DH</sub>; pratibhāṣante K

<sup>131</sup> °viyogitvena] *conj.* °viyogitva° K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>132</sup> °pramāṇalakṣaṇena] K E<sub>DH</sub> (TVB<sub>N</sub>: tshad ma'i mtshan nyid kyis); mtshan nyid kyis TVB<sub>N</sub> ('lakṣaṇena)

<sup>133</sup> pramāṇasvarūpasyā°] E<sub>DH</sub>; pramāṇa(((pe)))rūpasyā° K



kathitatvān neha<sup>134</sup> pratanyate. alikatvaprasiddhā ca māyāmayā ivākārā bhrānti-rūpāḥ prakāśante.<sup>135</sup> bhrāntinivṛttau ca nirākāram eva<sup>136</sup> śuddhasphaṭikasamkāśaṁ pāramārthikam<sup>137</sup> siddham bhavati.<sup>138</sup> ataś citrādvaitarūpam anekarūpam ca sākāram vijñānam astīti vikalpadvayaṁ nirastaṁ bhavatīti.

### 2.10.5.2 nirākārasya vijñānasya samarthanam

nanu nirākāram api vijñānam upalabdhilakṣaṇaprāptaṁ svapne 'pi nopalabhyate. tat katham tad asti paramārthata<sup>139</sup> i[K fol. 7r]ty ucyate? ucyate. sukhākāram vijñānam antaḥparisphuradrūpaṁ nirākāram samvedyata eva. nīlādyākārāḥ punar alikāḥ pratibhāsante. anyathā teṣāṁ satyatve sarva evākārāḥ satyāḥ syuḥ. tathā hi grāhyagrāhakabhāvādikam api satyaṁ [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 142] syāt. tataś ca sarveṣāṁ eva satyapratibhāsatvena muktiprasaṅgaḥ,<sup>140</sup> keṣāñcid api mithyāpratibhāsasya bhrāntirūpasyāpratibhāsanāt. tathā cōktam—

draṣṭavyaṁ<sup>141</sup> bhūtato bhūtaṁ bhūtadarśi vimucyate |<sup>xxi</sup>

tasmād akāmakenāpi nīlādyākārāṇāṁ alikatvam evaiṣṭavyam. sukhādikam nirākāram<sup>142</sup> satyam upalabhyate. tat katham nopalabhyata iti.

nanu sukhādyākāram sākāram eva vijñānam<sup>143</sup> upalabhyate, sukhāder ākāra-svabhāvatvāt. na ca sukhādyākārasūnyaṁ jñānam svapne 'pi samvedyate. sakalabhrāntivigamād aṣṭamyāṁ bhūmāv upalabdhilakṣaṇaprāptir bhavatīty atrāpi kośapānaṁ<sup>144</sup> vinā anyan na<sup>145</sup> pramāṇam asti prasādhakam iti. tad asat,<sup>146</sup> a-

<sup>xxi</sup> *Abhisamayālaṅkāra* 5.21; *Ratnagotravīghāba* 154; *Pratītyasamputpādahṛdayakārikā* 7; etc.

<sup>134</sup> neha] E<sub>DH</sub>; eha K

<sup>135</sup> prakāśante] K (prakāśante) ; prakāśyante E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>136</sup> nirākāram eva] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (rnam pa med pa kho na); rnam pa med pa de kho na TVB<sub>N</sub> (nirākāram eva tad)

<sup>137</sup> pāramārthikam] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); pārarthikam K

<sup>138</sup> bhavati] K; bhavatīti E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>139</sup> paramārthata] *em.*; paramārtham K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>140</sup> muktiprasaṅgaḥ] *conj.*; yuktiprasaṅgāt K; muktiprasaṅgāt E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*)

<sup>141</sup> draṣṭavyaṁ] E<sub>DH</sub>; draṣṭavya K

<sup>142</sup> nirākāram] K E<sub>DH</sub>; rnam pa brdzun pa TIB (alikākāram)

<sup>143</sup> sākāram eva vijñānam] *conj.*(TIB: rnam pa dang bcas pa'i kho na shes pa); eva vijñānam K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>144</sup> kośapānaṁ] K (kosapānaṁ); śapathollaṅghanam E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*)

<sup>145</sup> anyan na] E<sub>DH</sub>; anyatra K

<sup>146</sup> tad asat] *conj.* (TIB: de ni bden pa ma yin te); tad K E<sub>DH</sub>; asat etat *possible conj.*

bhiprāyāparijñānāt, sukhādyākārasyaiva nīlādyākārahitasya vijñānasya nirā-  
kāratveneṣṭatvāt. tac cedānim eva svasaṃvedanapramāṇasiddham sakalapraṇa-  
bhṛtam<sup>147</sup> astīti katham nopalabdhiḥ?

### 2.10.5.3 Establishing the Madhyamaka position

nanu tad<sup>148</sup> apy ekānekasvabhāvaviyogād alikam eva bhrāntimātram, ekāneka-  
svabhāvarahitasya sākāranirākāravijñānavyāpitvāt.

nanv anena nyāyena sakalasākāranirākāravijñānasyālikatvaprasāadhanān na  
kiñcid api pāramārthikam vastutattvam asti.<sup>149</sup> tat katham lakṣyasya svarūpaṃ  
pramāṇata upalakṣayitavyam? naiṣa doṣaḥ, madhyamakamate pramāṇato 'lika-  
tāsiddhāv api māyopamapratibhāsamātrasyaikānekasvabhāvarahitasya dharmi-  
rūpasyāpratiṣedhāt. tatraiva cālike pratibhāsamātre lakṣyalakṣaṇasaṃsāranirvāṇa[K  
fol. 7v]maṇḍalacakrādibhāvanāsakalajagadarthakriyādīnām<sup>150</sup> avyāhatā vyava-  
sthā<sup>151</sup> sidhyati.<sup>152,xxii</sup> tathā cuktam—

buddhatvaṃ vajrasattvatvaṃ saṃvṛtyaiva prasādhayet |<sup>xxiii</sup>

iti.<sup>153</sup>

nanu sarvam eva vastujātam alikarūpatayā niḥsāram. tadā kimarthaṃ ma-  
ṇḍalacakrādibhāvanāprayāsaḥ<sup>154</sup> kriyate? asad etat,

mithyādhyāropahānārthaṃ<sup>155</sup> yatno 'saty api<sup>156</sup> [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 143] bho-  
ktari |<sup>157,xxiv</sup>

<sup>xxii</sup> E<sub>DH</sub> appears to understand the text as saying that both *bhāvanā* and *jagadarthakriyādīnām vyavasthā* are established. TIB suggests that it is *bhāvanā* which is the instrument by which the *vyavasthā* is established. The manuscript reading suggests taking 'bhāvanā in compound with the following word—i.e., in the Madhyamaka system, although mere appearance is false, the framework of everything starting with *lakṣyalakṣaṇa* is established.

<sup>xxiii</sup> *Kurukullākālpa* 3.16cd

<sup>xxiv</sup> *Pramāṇavārttika*, *Pramāṇasiddhi* 193cd.

<sup>147</sup> °bhṛtam] *em.*; °bhṛtām K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>148</sup> nanu tad K E<sub>DH</sub>; tat *possible conj.*

<sup>149</sup> asti] *conj.*; astīti K E<sub>DH</sub> (astīti?) (*iti* has no reflex in TIB)

<sup>150</sup> °bhāvanā°] K; °bhāvanā E<sub>DH</sub> (variant word division); bsgoms pas TIB (bhāvanayā)

<sup>151</sup> vyavasthā] K; vyavasthā ca E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*)

<sup>152</sup> sidhyati] *conj.*; sidhyatīti K E<sub>DH</sub> (*no reflex of iti* in TIB)

<sup>153</sup> iti] E<sub>DH</sub>; deest *in* K

<sup>154</sup> maṇḍala°] E<sub>DH</sub>; bri ba'i 'dkyil 'khor (lekhyamaṇḍala°)

<sup>155</sup> mithyādhyāropahānārthaṃ] *em.*; mithyādhyāropaṇārthaṃ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>156</sup> 'saty api] K; 'styopi E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>157</sup> bhoktari] K (bhoktari°) (*the letter no is added abbove bho*); muktaye E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*)

iti vacanāt. yady api vicāryamāṇaṃ pāramārthikaṃ vasturūpaṃ nāsti, tathāpy ahaṃ sukhī bhaveyaṃ mā<sup>158</sup> duḥkhy abhūvam iti tṛṣṇā sakalapraṇabhṛtām asti. yathā tulye 'pi mithyātve śubhāśubhasvapnayoh śubhasvapnadarśanāt saumanasyam aśubhasvapnadarśanāc ca daurmanasyam, tadapanayanāya ca saddharmapāṭhamantrajāpādaḥ pravṛttir bhavati, tathā mithyātvāviśeṣe 'pi duḥkhādi-prākṛtavikalpahānāya<sup>xxv</sup> samyaksaṃbodhilakṣaṇaprāptaye<sup>159</sup> ca prekṣāvatām arthināṃ pravṛttir bhaviṣyati.

## 2.11 saptavidheṣu sādhyeṣu sārāsāravicāraṇam

nanu yadarthas tavāyam<sup>160,xxvi</sup> ārambhaḥ so 'rthaḥ pralayaṃ gataḥ. tathā hi lakṣyalakṣaṇacintātra prastutā. sā ca vismṛtā, kva gateti na jñāyate.

na tu<sup>161</sup> kṛtaiva sā saptabhir bhedaib?

satyam, kintu guḍagorasanyāyena. tathā hi na jñāyate, kiṃ tat sāram asāraṃ veti.

ucyate.

### 2.11.1 prathamasya asāratvam

mantranayavihitakramābhāvāt samāpattibhāvanāvaiyarthiā<sup>162</sup> yuktyabhāvāc<sup>163</sup> ca prathamasya niḥsāratā. tathā hi samagrasāmagrīkaṃ yat phalaṃ<sup>164</sup> tad avāśyam eva bhavati. anyathā samagrasāmagrīkaṃ eva tan na bhavet. sākṣātkaraṇāvasthāyāṃ samagrasāmagrīkaṃ tad vartate. tad avāśyaṃ tena<sup>165</sup> bhavitavyam.

<sup>xxv</sup> cf. *Samantabhadrasādhana* (as quoted in Kamalanātha's *Ratnāvalī* ad HeTa 2.2.45, fol. 16r6): prākṛtavikalpavṛttair aparaṃ na hi kiñcad asti bhavaduḥkham | tasya viruddhaṃ caitat sākṣādvagamyate cetaḥ ||

<sup>xxvi</sup> The manuscript's reading *yadarthasvā'yam* seems like a plausible corruption of *yadarthas tavā'yam*, but Tibetan shows no reflex of *tava*. TVAD reads: *rtsom pa 'di'i don gang yin pa*. TVBN reads: *gal te gang gi don du (bzhi pa bshad pa'i bshad pa'i dus) 'di brtsams pa'i*.

<sup>158</sup> mā] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); deest in K

<sup>159</sup> lakṣaṇaprāptaye] K E<sub>DH</sub>; mtshan nyid kyi 'bras bu thob par bya ba'i phyir TVAD (lakṣaṇaphalaprāptaye); mtshan nyid 'bras bu thob par bya ba'i phyir TVBN (lakṣaṇaphalaprāptaye)

<sup>160</sup> yadarthas tavāyam] *conj.*; yadarthasvā'yam K; yadarthatvād ayam E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>161</sup> na tu] *conj.*; nanu K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>162</sup> samāpatti] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVBN (snyom par 'jug pa); lha'i rnal 'byor gyi snyoms par 'jug pa'i TVAD (devatāyogasamāpatti°)

<sup>163</sup> yuktyabhāvāc] E<sub>DH</sub>; yuktābhāvāc K

<sup>164</sup> yat phalaṃ] *conj.* (TIB: 'bras bu gang yin pa); yat KE<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>165</sup> tena K E<sub>DH</sub> TVBN (de); de'i 'bras bu TVAD (tena phalena)

sati ca bhavati<sup>166,xxvii</sup> prathamasya hānir iti.

### 2.11.2 dvitīyasya asāratvam

śārīrādyākāraśūnyasya kevalasātarūpasyānupalabdher<sup>167</sup> na dvitīyasya sārātā. tathā hi pramāṇaniścitaṃ prekṣāvatā bhāvanīyam, na yathākathañcit. pramā[K fol. 8r]ṇena saṃvalitarūpam eva sarvadopalabhyate.<sup>xxviii</sup> tad eva sarvajanānāṃ ka-manīyatayā pratibhāsate. tasmāt kevalasya rucyabhāvāc cakrākārasaṃvalitasyo-palabdheḥ sāksāt kartum aśakyatvāc<sup>168,xxix</sup> ca dvitīyasya kalpanāmātrateti.<sup>169</sup>

### 2.11.3 tṛtīyasya asāratvam

nirupadravabhūtārthasvabhāvatvena sātmiḥhūtasya tyaktum aśakyatvāt, saṃvalitarūpasya [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 144] bhedābhāvāt, prayojanābhāvāc ca na tṛtīyasya<sup>170</sup> kalyāṇabhāvaḥ.<sup>171</sup> tathā hi sahopalambhena<sup>172</sup> tādātmyasiddhāv ekasya parityāge 'parasyāvaśyaṃ parityāgo na vā kasyacid iti.

<sup>xxvii</sup> TIB could be rendered as something like *evaṃsati ca prathamasya hānir iti*. Indeed this seems to be the sense, but the manuscript reading of *bhavane na* or *bhavanena* is hard to account for.

<sup>xxviii</sup> TVA<sub>D</sub> lacks a reflex of *sarvadā*, whereas TVB<sub>N</sub> lacks a reflect of *eva*.

<sup>xxix</sup> TIB suggests reading: *kevalasyānupalabdheḥ rucyabhāvāc cakrākārasaṃvalitasyaṇupalabdheḥ sāksātkartum aśakyatvāc ca*. The addition of *anupalabdheḥ* after *kevalasya* renders the flow of argument's logic less smooth. The addition of the same word after *cakrākārasaṃvalitasya* does not change the argument in its overall sense. Note that the Tibetan *'khor lo'i rang bzhin* could instead imply the reading *cakrasvabhāva* or something similar, but it may simply be a free rendering of *cakrākārasaṃvalita*.

TIB also adds the reason *'bad pa mtshung pa'i phyir* ('because the effort is equal'). The purport of this is unclear.

<sup>166</sup> *conj.*; bhavane na K E<sub>DH</sub>; de ltar gyur pas dang po nyams pa yin no TVA<sub>D</sub>; de ltar gyur pa dang po nyams pa yin no TVB<sub>N</sub> (evaṃsati )

<sup>167</sup> °labdher] E<sub>DH</sub>; °bdher K

<sup>168</sup> aśakyatvāc] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); aśakyatāc K

<sup>169</sup> kalpanāmātrateti] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); kalpanātrateti K

<sup>170</sup> tṛtīyasya] *conj.*; tṛtīya K; tṛtīyaḥ E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>171</sup> ] *conj.* (Tib: dge ba [ma] yin); kalyāṇībhāvaḥ K<sup>pc</sup>; kalyāṇībhāvaḥ K<sup>ac</sup>; dge ba ma yin [na] *kalyāṇabhāvaḥ*

<sup>172</sup> sahopalambhena] E<sub>DH</sub>; saholambhena K

#### 2.11.4 caturthasya sārāsaratvavicāraṇam

prapañcatvena bahuprayāsadvā vicārāsahatvena bhrāntirūpatayāparamārtharūpatayā ca na ṛtīyāntapakṣasya<sup>173</sup> kalyāṇateti.<sup>174</sup> atra kecid yuktiṃ varṇayanti.<sup>xxx</sup> prapañcarūpatvābhāve<sup>175</sup> 'pi sūkṣmasya bindvādeḥ punaḥ punar bhāvanayā sākṣātkaṛaṇam yāvat prayāsaś tāvāt sarvatraiva bhāvyavastuni sambhavati. tad atra yadi prayāsabhayaṃ, na kiñcid api bhāvanīyam.

prapañcarūpatvād iti cet, prapañcāprapañcayor bhāvanāvasthāyām ko viśeṣa<sup>176</sup>? nanu<sup>177</sup> aprapañcaṃ śīghram eva sthīrībhavatīty ayaṃ viśeṣaḥ. yatraivālabhane<sup>178</sup> cittam punaḥ punaḥ preryate nirantaram<sup>179</sup> dīrghakālam ca tatraiva sthīrībhavatīty āgamaḥ. yuktiś cātrāsti. tathā cuktam—

tasmād bhūtam abhūtam vā yad yad evābhībhavyate |  
bhāvanābalaniṣpattau<sup>xxx</sup> tat sphuṭākālpadhīphalam<sup>180</sup> ||<sup>xxxii</sup>

punaś cuktam—

aho kuśīdatvam aho vimūḍhatā  
aho janasyāśya sadarthavakratā |  
svacittamātrapratibaddhabuddhatā<sup>181</sup>  
adūravartiny api yan na sevyate ||<sup>182</sup>

<sup>xxx</sup> TVAD renders this sentence differently: *de la 'ga' zhig las rigs pa cung zhig cig brjod par mi bya ste* |

<sup>xxx</sup> The reading *bhāvanābalaniṣpattau* is supported by the Tibetan translation and occurs in other sources (*bsgom pa'i stobs ni rdzogs pa na*). Another more mainstream reading for this *pāda* is *bhāvanāpariniṣpattau*.

<sup>xxxii</sup> *Pramāṇavārttika*, Pratyakṣapramāṇa 285

<sup>173</sup> ṛtīyāntapakṣasya] *em.* (TVAD: gsum pa'i tha' ma'i phyogs TVAD; TVBN: gsum pa'i mtha' ma'i phyogs); ṛtīyāntaḥ | pakṣasya K; ṛtīyapakṣasya EDH

<sup>174</sup> kalyāṇateti] EDH; kalyāṇateti K

<sup>175</sup> prapañcarūpatvābhāve] K EDH; spros pa'i ngo bo nyid du gyur TIB

<sup>176</sup> conj.; viśeṣa iti cet K EDH

<sup>177</sup> nanu] conj. (TIB: 'on te); deest in K and EDH

<sup>178</sup> yatraivālabhane] conj. (*no reflect of nanu in TIB*); nanu yatraivālabhane

<sup>179</sup> nirantaram] EDH (*em.*) TIB (rgyun mi 'chad par); niruttaram K

<sup>180</sup> kālpadhīphalam] *em.*; kālpadhī phalam K EDH

<sup>181</sup> °pratibaddha°] conj. (TIB: 'brel pa); °pratibuddha° K EDH

<sup>182</sup> Untraced. Also cited in \**Saptāṅga* fol. 202r7.

iti. tasmān nāyaṃ viśeṣaḥ.

bhrāntirūpatvenāparamārthatvam api sarvatraiva bhāvanāviśeṣe vastuṇi sambhavatīti na kiñcid api bhāvanīyaṃ syāt. [K fol. 8v] tataś ca sarvatraiva mokṣamārge bhāvanāyā vaiyarthyaṃ syāt. māyopamākārānupraveśena bhrāntirūpam apy aprapañcād [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 145] bhāvyamānam<sup>183</sup> aduṣṭaṃ bhavatīti cet, na tv ayaṃ māyākārānupraveśaḥ prapañce 'pi samāna iti. tatrāpi ko doṣasyāvakāśaḥ? tasmāt prapañcam aprapañcam vā yad eva rocate pramāṇasaṃgatam itarad vā, tad evā-lasyaṃ vihāya mahāpuruṣārthibhir bhāvayitavyam<sup>184</sup> ity alam atiprasaṅgeneti.

atra ca sāretaravibhāgaḥ paryupāsitaḥ gurubhir eva jñātavyaḥ.

### 2.11.5 pañcamasya asāratvam

ṭṭīyapakṣoktaśatvān<sup>185</sup> nīrasatvena<sup>186</sup> prayojanābhāvān mantranayakramābhāvāc ca na pañcamāḥ parikṣīnadoṣaḥ.

nanu sākṣātkaraṇāt pūrvam mantranayaprayogo 'sti. tat katham tasyābhāvāḥ? satyam, sākṣātpthalāvasthā sādhyā. tasyāṃ ca nāsty asau kramāḥ. †sākṣātparityāge<sup>xxxiii</sup>† ca na prayojanam utpaśyāma iti.

### 2.11.6 ṣaṣṭhamasya asāratvam

svecchayā nirvāyayitum<sup>187</sup> aśakyatvāt, prayojanābhāvāt, sattvārthābhāvāc ca na pañcāntaraprabhedakalpanā<sup>188</sup> kalaṅkāśūnyā. tathā hi kasyacin nivṛttiḥ kāraṇa-nivṛtīyā vyāpakanivṛtīyā<sup>189</sup> vā bhavati. na cātra sākṣātkṛtamaṇḍalacakrasya nivartakaṃ kāraṇam vyāpakaṃ vā icchākāle dṛśyate.<sup>xxxiv</sup>

<sup>xxxiii</sup> Segment instead: kramāḥ sākṣāt. parityāge ?

<sup>xxxiv</sup> TIB lacks a reflex of *icchākāle dṛśyate*. Both translations add an extra sentence to this paragraph: *rang gi 'dod pas ('dos pas TVB<sub>N</sub>; 'gog par TVB<sub>N</sub>)'gog pa yang mi nus te mi mthun pa med pa'i phyir | sdug bsngal la sogs pa 'gog pa 'dod kyang sdug bsngal la sogs pa la 'jug pa mthong ba'i phyir ro ||*

<sup>183</sup> aprapañcād bhāvyamānam] E<sub>DH</sub>; aprapañcā bhāvyamānam

<sup>184</sup> bhāvayitavyam] E<sub>DH</sub>; bhaviyitavyam K

<sup>185</sup> ṭṭīyapakṣoktaśatvān *conj.* (TVB<sub>N</sub>: gsum pa'i phyogs la bshad pa'i nyes pa yod pa dang); ṭṭīyapakṣe ktato K; ṭṭīyapakṣe kuto E<sub>DH</sub>; *no reflex* in TVA<sub>D</sub>

<sup>186</sup> nīrasatvena] *conj.*; nīrasatvena te K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>187</sup> nirvāyayitum] K; nirvāpayitum E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>188</sup> pañcāntara°] *em.* TIB (lga pa'i mtha'i rab tu dbye ba); prapañcāntara° K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>189</sup> vyāpakanivṛtīyā] E<sub>DH</sub>; vyāpakānivṛtīyā K

nanu śūnyataiva nivartikāsti. yathā dāruṣaṅghātaprajvalito<sup>190</sup> vahnir niḥśe-  
 ṣam indhanaṃ bhaṣmīkṛtya paścāt svarasata eva nivartate, tathā maṇḍalacakra-  
 prajvalitaḥ śūnyatājñānāgniḥ sāksāt kṛtvā<sup>191</sup> maṇḍalacakraṃ nivartayiṣyatīti cet.<sup>192</sup>  
 tad asat, viṣamatvād dr̥ṣṭāntasya. tathā hi tatrendhanaṃ kāraṇaṃ<sup>193</sup> vahnēḥ. kā-  
 raṇasya indhanalakṣaṇasya nivṛttau<sup>194</sup> yuktaiva vahnīlakṣaṇasya kāryasya ni-  
 vṛttiḥ. iha tu na śūnyatā kāraṇaṃ maṇḍalacakrasya. tat ka[K fol. 9r]thaṃ tanni-  
 vṛttau nivṛttiḥ? na<sup>195</sup> ca śūnyatāyā nivṛttir asti.<sup>xxxv</sup>

nanu sā na<sup>196</sup> bhavatu kāraṇaṃ. śūnyatā vyāpakam tu bhaviṣyati. vyāpaka-  
 sya vṛkṣasya nivṛttau śiṃśapātvasya vyāpyasya nivṛttivan nivṛttir bhaviṣyatīti  
 cet. etad apy asāram. tathā hi śūnyatā sarvadā sarvajñeyamaṇḍalavyāpikā tattva-  
 rūpā.<sup>197</sup> na ca tasyā nivṛttiḥ kadācid apy asti. yadi syāt samyaksambodhisāksātka-  
 raṇāt [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 146] pūrvam anantaram eva vā nivṛttiḥ syāt. na ca bhavati, samya-  
 ksambuddhībhiḥyāpi katipayakālāvasthānasya svayam eva svīkṛtatvāt.

kintu śūnyatāpi jñānarūpā, cakram api jñānarūpam. śūnyatājñānotpattyā ca-  
 kraññānasyānivṛttau<sup>198</sup> śūnyatājñānaṃ kena nivartanīyam. tena nivṛttiś ca viro-  
 dhino 'bhāvāt kāraṇavyāpakayoś cābhāvān nāsti. tasmāc chūnyatājñānasya na  
 nivṛttiḥ,<sup>199</sup> nāpi maṇḍalacakrasya śūnyatāto nivṛttir iti śūnyatā na nivartikā.

ko brūte śūnyatā nivartikā? kiṃ tarhi yan nivartakaṃ<sup>200</sup> tad gurūpadeśato

<sup>xxxv</sup> The response the objection is considerably different in Tibetan. It states that while fire is regarded by mundane consensus as having a causal effect on fuel insofar as it transforms it, emptiness has no such effect on the *maṇḍalacakra*. It is also therefore not something that causes it to cease, nor is it known to itself cease of its own accord. Although the Sanskrit MS is very corrupt in this paragraph, it is difficult to see how the text it transmits corresponds to the Tibetan translation.

<sup>190</sup> dāruṣaṅghātaprajvalito] *conj.*; dāruṣaṅghāte prajvalito E<sub>DH</sub>; dāruṣaṅghāt pravjalito K

<sup>191</sup> sāksāt kṛtvā] *conj.*; sāksān K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>192</sup> TIB a fuller sentence here. TVB<sub>N</sub> reads: *de ltar dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo stong pa nyid kyi ye shes kyi me rab tu 'bar bas mngon sum du byas nas kyang | dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo ma lus par ldog par byed la | bdag nyid kyang rang gi ngang gis ldog par 'gyur ro zhe na* | TVA<sub>D</sub> appears to be slightly more corrupt, but suggests that same readings: *de dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo stong pa nyid kyi ye shes kyi me rab tu 'bar bas mngon sum du byas nas kyang | dkyil 'khor gyi 'khor lo ma lus par ldog par byed la | de yang rang gi ldog par 'gyur ro zhe na* |

<sup>193</sup> kāraṇaṃ] *conj.*; na kāraṇaṃ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>194</sup> kāryasya indhanalakṣaṇasya nivṛttau] *conj.*; kāryam indhanalakṣaṇanivṛttau

<sup>195</sup> na] *conj.*; athavā na] K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>196</sup> na] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); deest in K

<sup>197</sup> tattvarūpā] E<sub>DH</sub>; tatvarūpāḥ K

<sup>198</sup> ānivṛttau] K E<sub>DH</sub>; log na TIB(nivṛttau)

<sup>199</sup> na nivṛttiḥ] *conj.* (TIB: ldog pa med do); nivṛttiḥ K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>200</sup> nivartakaṃ] *em.*; nivartikās K E<sub>DH</sub>

jñeyam ity apy asāram. gurūpadeśato 'pi na śūnyatāvyatiriktam<sup>201</sup> pramāṇato 'stīti yatkiñcid etat.<sup>xxxvi</sup> pratikṣaṇanivṛttiś ca kṣaṇabhaṅgarūpā sarvapaḍārtha-vyāpinī. na sā santānanivartikā. tasmān na svecchayā nivṛttiḥ.<sup>202</sup> na ca nivṛtṭyā<sup>203</sup> nīrasarūpayā prayojanam asti prekṣāvatām. tathā cōktam—

mucyamāneṣu sattveṣu ye te prāmodyasāgarāḥ |  
tair eva nanu paryāptam mokṣeṇārasikena kim ||<sup>xxxvii</sup>

iti.

sattvārtho 'pi nivṛttau nāsti. na hi gagane<sup>204</sup> gaganakamale vā kācid arthakriyā sambhavati. ciraniruddhād apy atītād avasturūpāc<sup>205</sup> cakrāt sattvārtho bha-viṣyatīty apy asāram, ciranīrutasyāpi<sup>206</sup> kukku[K fol. 9v]ṭasya kaṇṭhadhvanipra-saṅgāt.

nanu yogyadhiṣṭhānād gaganād apy arthakriyāḥ sambhavantīti cet.<sup>207</sup> na sa-mbhavanti, yogyadhiṣṭhānād eva cittarūpād arthakriyā, na gaganāt, nīrūpatvāt tasya.<sup>xxxviii</sup>

nanu nirodhya maṇḍalacakram sattvārthakāle punar utpādyate. tato 'rthakriyā bhavati. tataḥ punar eva nirodhyate, punar evotpadyata iti cet. asad etat. yathā sattvārthakriyāyās tattvato<sup>208</sup> nāsti prādurbhāvaḥ, tathā cakrasyāpi. tato nārthakriyāyāḥ sambhavaḥ. na ca nirodhya<sup>209</sup> punar utpāde kiñcit prayojanam astīty alam atiprapaṇceneti.

<sup>xxxvi</sup> TVB<sub>N</sub>: bla ma'i man ngag las kyang stong pa nyid kyis ldog par byed pa ma yin ldog pa'i tshad ma cung zhiḡ kyang yod pa ma yin pas. TVA<sub>D</sub>: bla ma'i man ngag las kyang stong pa nyid dang | de ldog pa las ma gtogs pa'i ldog par byed pa'i tshad ma gzhan cung zad yod pa ma yin no ||

<sup>xxxvii</sup> Bodhicaryāvatāra 8.108

<sup>xxxviii</sup> TVA<sub>D</sub> varies significantly for this paragraph.

<sup>201</sup> śūnyatāvyatiriktam] conj. vyatiri((ktiḥ)) K (i in kti lacks a pṛṣṭhamātrā); vyatiriktāḥ E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>202</sup> nivṛttiḥ] K<sup>ac</sup>; nivṛrttiḥ K<sup>pc</sup>

<sup>203</sup> nivṛtṭyā] E<sub>DH</sub> (em.); nivartyā K

<sup>204</sup> gagane] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub>; no reflex in TVA<sub>D</sub>

<sup>205</sup> avasturūpāc] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (dngos po med pa'i ngo bo); dngos po'i ngo bo TVA<sub>D</sub> (vasturūpāc)

<sup>206</sup> ciranīrutasyāpi] conj.; cirutasyāpi K; virutasyāpi E<sub>DH</sub>; yun rin por khyim bya shi ba TVA<sub>D</sub>; yun ring por long pa'i khyim bya shi ba TVB<sub>N</sub> (ciraṃṛtasyāpi)

<sup>207</sup> sambhavantīti cet] conj.; sambhavanti K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>208</sup> tattvato] K (tatvato) E<sub>DH</sub>; de las TIB (tato)

<sup>209</sup> nirodhya] E<sub>DH</sub>; niro((dhya)) K (some kind of correction is made, but uncertain from what to what); 'gogas pa las (possibly nirodhāt)



### 2.11.7 saptamasya asāratvam

ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktadoṣasandohasyāsaptame<sup>210</sup> 'pi bhāvān na piṣṭapeṣaṇaṃ<sup>211</sup> kriyate. nanu ṣaṣṭhena saptamasya samānatvāt kathaṃ saptamasya tato viśeṣaḥ? asti viśeṣaḥ. pūrvāvasthāyāṃ niyatacakrākārātā, punaḥ svecchayā nirvṛtiḥ svecchotpādanaṃ<sup>212</sup> ceti. saptame punar etan nāsti. tato na samānatā. bhinnas ca nirdiṣṭa iti.<sup>213</sup>

### 2.12 caturthasya sekasya svarūpam

dambholibījasrutidhauṭasuddha-<sup>214</sup>  
pāthojabhūtāṅkurabhūtapuṣṭi<sup>215</sup> |  
turīyaśasyaṃ<sup>216</sup> paripākam eti<sup>217</sup>  
sphuṭaṃ caturthaṃ viduṣo 'pi gūḍham || 17 ||

[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 147] dambholityādi. etat sadgurūpadeśato jñeyam.

### 2.13 aparaṃ mithyāsādhyaṃ tattvaṃ ca

pañcapradīpāmṛtabinducandra-  
bhrūmadhyabindūdbhavamaṇḍalāni |  
vāyoḥ svarūpaṃ galaśuṇḍikādyam  
atattvarūpaṃ svayam ūhaniyam || 18 ||

pañcapradīpetyādi. pañcapradīpaśabdena gokudahanalakṣaṇasya, amṛtaśabdena vimumāraśulakṣaṇasya satatānuṣṭhānam eva sādhyam manyante. bindur iti hrcca-ndrasthaṃ binduṃ dedīpyamānaṃ tattvaṃ sādhyam ceti kṛtvā kecid bhāvayanti.

<sup>210</sup> ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktadoṣasandohasyāsaptame] conj. (TIB: drug pa'i phyogs la bshad pa'i skyon gyi (gyi) TVA<sub>D</sub>; gyis TVB<sub>N</sub>) tshogs bdun pa la); ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktaṃ saṃdāhasyāṣṭame K; ṣaṣṭhapakṣoktasamāndohasyāṣṭame E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>211</sup> piṣṭapeṣaṇaṃ] K<sup>ac</sup> E<sub>DH</sub>; piṣṭapre | ṣaṇaṃ K<sup>ac</sup>

<sup>212</sup> nirvṛtiḥ svecchotpādanaṃ] conj. (TVB<sub>N</sub>: yang rang gi 'dod pas 'gog cing rang gi 'dod pas skyed par byed pa); svecchetpādanaṃ K; svecchotpādanaṃ E<sub>DH</sub>; yang dang yang du rang gi 'dod pas skyed par byed pa nyid TVA<sub>D</sub>

<sup>213</sup> K E<sub>DH</sub>; tha mi dad pa ma yin par bstan to TVA<sub>D</sub>; tha mi dad pa ma yin par bstan to TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>214</sup> °sruti°] corr.; śruti K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>215</sup> pāthoja°] E<sub>DH</sub> (E<sub>DH</sub> reports the ms. as reading pāthojña, but this seems to be incorrect); pāthauja° K

<sup>216</sup> turīyaśasyaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub>; tutiyaśasyaṃ K

<sup>217</sup> eti] E<sub>DH</sub> (em.); eta K

candra iti hr̥disthaṃ kalārūpaṃ ardhacandraṃ vā hr̥tkamalasthaṃ kecid bhāva-  
yanti.

bhrūmadhyabindūdbhavamaṇḍalānīti bhruvor madhye ūrṇāyāṃ binduṃ vi-  
bhāvya tadbindūdbhavāni maṇḍalāni vāyuvāruṇamāhendrāgneyalakṣaṇāni. etad  
uktaṃ bhavati—mukhaśravaṇanāsikākacṣurghrāṇarasanāni<sup>218</sup> hastāṅgulibhiḥ pi-  
dhāya bhrūmadhyabindur draṣṭavyaḥ. tasya sphuṭāvasthāyāṃ śubhāśubhani[K  
fol. 10r]mittasaṃsūcakāni mātendrādimaṇḍalāny upajāyante. taṃ ca binduṃ ta-  
ttvam iti manyante.

vāyoḥ svarūpaṃ iti pūrakakumbhakarecakaprasāntakalakṣaṇam<sup>219</sup> ānāpānā-  
dilakṣaṇam<sup>220</sup> ceti. etad<sup>221</sup> uktaṃ bhavati—śaivasāṃkhyādinirdiṣṭam<sup>222</sup> vāyusva-  
rūpaṃ jñātvā taṃ vāyuṃ nirodhabhāvanayā sthīrīkṛtyākāśenotplutya gamanaṃ  
parapurapraveśaṃ yāvan muktiṃ ca sāṅskṛtākurvanti vāyuvādinaḥ.

galaśuṇḍiketi. galaṇḍiketi. galapradeśe jihvāmūlopari hastiśuṇḍikākārā adhaḥpralamba-  
mānā upajihvāsaṃjñikā galaśuṇḍikāsti. sā ca śaktirūpā. tadadhaḥ śivarūpaṃ<sup>223</sup>  
asti tattvam. sā ca [E<sub>DH</sub> p. 148] jihvāgreṇa spr̥śyamānā nirantarāmṛtaṃ sravati.  
tena ca ghargharāmṛtavarṣaṇena santarpyamānam ātmānaṃ dhyāyād iti galaśu-  
ṇḍikātattvam. ādīśabdena hr̥nmadhyāṣoḍaśanāḍikākakramadhyasthajñānasvarū-  
paṃ<sup>224</sup> śivarūpaṃ tattvaṃ bhāvayitavyam ityādināṃ parigrahaḥ.<sup>xxxix</sup>

<sup>xxxix</sup> TIB continues to describe this practice. TVA<sub>D</sub> reads: *yang smras pa | bcu las drug lhag rtsa  
dang ldan pa'i 'khor lo yi || dkyil na gnas pa'i snying gar rnam par gnas pa'i bdag | des ni de yi  
khyad par lta bu'i grub pa ster || de ni mngon par mi g-yo ba yi yid dag gis || rnal 'byor pa yi sems  
de de ltar mngon par bsam || nub par gyur pa'i mgon po rgyal bar gyur de ni || nus pa dag gis de ni  
yongs su bskor dang bcas ||* TVB<sub>N</sub> reads: *de yang smras pa | bcu las drug lhag rtsa dang ldan pa'i  
'khor lo'i dkyil na gnas pa snying kar rnam par gnas pa'i bdag | des ni de'i khyad par lta bu yi grub  
pa ster | de ni mngon par mi g-yo ba'i yid dag gis || rnal 'byor pa yis de ltar mngon par bsam par  
bya || nus par gyur pa'i mgon po rgyal bar gyur || de ni nus pa dag gis de ni yongs su bskyor dang  
bcas ||*

<sup>218</sup> mukhaśravaṇanāsikākacṣurghrāṇarasanāni] K E<sub>DH</sub>; kha dang | rna ba dang | sna dang | mig  
TVA<sub>D</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub>

<sup>219</sup> °recaka°] E<sub>DH</sub>; recakaṃ K

<sup>220</sup> ānāpānādīlakṣaṇam] E<sub>DH</sub>; anāpānā° K

<sup>221</sup> etad] E<sub>DH</sub> (em.); tad K

<sup>222</sup> śaivasāṃkhyādi°] E<sub>DH</sub> (em.) TVB<sub>N</sub> (shi ba dang grangs can la sogs pas); saivasāṃkhyādi° K;  
grangs can la sogs pas TVA<sub>D</sub> (sṃākhyādi°)

<sup>223</sup> tadadhaḥ śivarūpaṃ] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (de'i 'og na zhi ba'i ngo bo) ; sdiḡ pa'i rang bzhiḡ du yong  
pa TVA<sub>D</sub>

<sup>224</sup> hr̥nmadhyāṣoḍaśanāḍikākakramadhyasthajñānasvarūpaṃ] K E<sub>DH</sub> TVB<sub>N</sub> (snying ka'i dbus kyi  
'khor lo rtsibs bcu drug pa'i dbus na gnas pa ye shes kyi rang bzhiḡ); snying ga'i dbus kyi dkyil  
'khor rtsibs bcu drug pa'i dbus na hūm gnas pa ye shes kyi rang bzhiḡ (hr̥nmadhyāṣoḍaśanāḍikā-  
maṇḍalamadhyahūmsthajñānasvarūpaṃ)

tatsarvaṃ tīrthikādibhis tattvarūpeṇābhimatam. atattvam iti svayam evoha-  
nīyaṃ vicāraṇīyaṃ iti yāvat.

## 2.14 upasaṃhāra

svapnendrajālapratibimbamāyā-  
marīcigandharvapurāmbu[K fol. 2r]candraiḥ |  
anyaiś ca śabdair<sup>225</sup> upamābhidheyair  
naivāsti sādhyam kathitād ihānyat || 19 ||

svapnendrajāletyādi. svapnendrajālopamaṃ pratibimbamāyāmarīcigandharvana-  
garodakacandropamam iti śabdair anyaiś ca gagaṇapratīśrutkaphenopamam i-  
tyādiśabdair upamābhidheyair upamāvācakair naivāsti sādhyam kathitāt sādhyād  
anyat. paraṃ kathita eva sādhye, ete śabdāḥ pravartanta iti svayaṃ boddhavyam.

gambhīraśūnyapratibhāsamātra<sup>-226</sup>  
śāntāti<sup>227</sup> sūkṣmānabhilāpyaśabdaiḥ |  
nirlepanīrūpa<sup>228</sup> nirañjanādyair  
bhrāntir na kāryāparasādhyasattve || 20 ||

[E<sub>DH</sub> p. 149] gambhīraśūnyam pratibhāsamātraṃ śāntātīsūkṣmam anabhilāpyam  
nirlepaṃ nīrūpaṃ<sup>229</sup> nirañjanādi.<sup>230</sup> ādiśabdāt śivaṃ nirākāraṃ niṣprapañcam a-  
nādyantanidhanam i[K fol. 10v]tyādiśabdair bhrāntir na kartavyā. aparasādhyas-  
attve, aparasya sādhyasya sattve sattāyām.<sup>231</sup> ebhiḥ sarvair eva param api kiñcit  
sādhyam kathitād astiti bhrāntir na kartavyā. atha nātikathitam eva sādhyam e-  
bhiḥ sarvair abhidhīyata iti niścayaḥ.

## 2.15 pariṇāmanā

akhilagagaṇagarbhavyāpisaptaprakāra<sup>-232</sup>  
grathitavacanarūpād yan mayāsādi puṇyam |

<sup>225</sup> śabdair *em.* (cf. comm.); sarvair K E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>226</sup> °mātra°] E<sub>DH</sub>; mātraṃ K

<sup>227</sup> śāntāti] E<sub>DH</sub>; śāntādi K

<sup>228</sup> nirlepanīrūpa°] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*) ; nirlepanīpa K

<sup>229</sup> nīrūpaṃ] E<sub>DH</sub> (*em.*); nirupamaṃ K

<sup>230</sup> nirañjanādi] K; nirañjanaṃ E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>231</sup> sattāyām] K; sattvāyā E<sub>DH</sub>

<sup>232</sup> °saptaprakāra°] E<sub>DH</sub>; °sarvaprakāra° K

anupamasukhavidyāsaktasaddehanirmij-  
jinajanitajanārthas tena loko 'yam astu ||  
tattvaratnāvalokaḥ samāptaḥ. kṛtir iyaṃ paṇḍitavāgīśvarakīrtipādā-  
nām.

śrīsamāje parā yasya bhaktir niṣṭhā ca nirmalā  
tasya vāgīśvarasyeyaṃ kṛtir vimatināśinī<sup>233</sup> ||

vikacakumudatārākṣīrakundānukāri<sup>234</sup>  
pracitam api ca puṇyaṃ yaṃ mayā granthito 'smāt |  
anupamasukhapūrṇaḥ svābhavidyopagūḍho  
bhavatu nikhilalokas tena vāgīśvaraśrīḥ ||

tattvaratnāvalokavivaraṇaṃ samāptam. kṛtir iyaṃ paṇḍitācāryavāgīśvarakīrti-  
pādānām.

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<sup>233</sup> vimatināśinī] E<sub>DH</sub>; vimatināsanī K

<sup>234</sup> vikacakumudatārākṣīrakundānukāri *em.*; vikacakumudakṣīratārākundānukāri] E<sub>DH</sub>; vikare-  
ktāmudakṣīratārākundānukāri K