

# Lab 7 Azure Machine Learning

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This lab assumes you have completed Lab 5.

If you have any issues or concerns, please email: <a href="mailto:virtualbootcamphelp@microsoft.com">virtualbootcamphelp@microsoft.com</a>.

**Execution Time:** 45 minutes.

#### **Required Hardware:**

- Windows 10 PC
- IoT Hardware kit: <a href="https://www.adafruit.com/product/3605">https://www.adafruit.com/product/3605</a> or similar hardware.
- Access to a WiFi network (without a captive portal aka web page login)

### **Required Operating System:**

Windows 10

#### **Other Requirements:**

• Azure Subscription

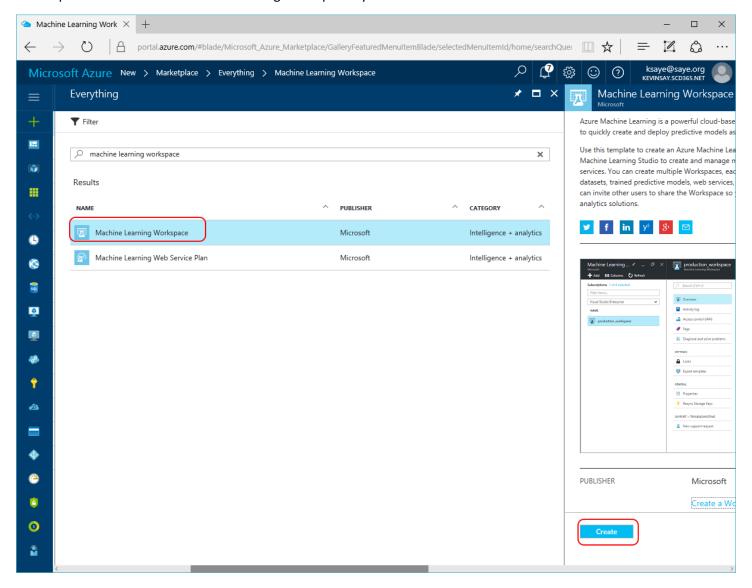
## **Required Software:**

• None

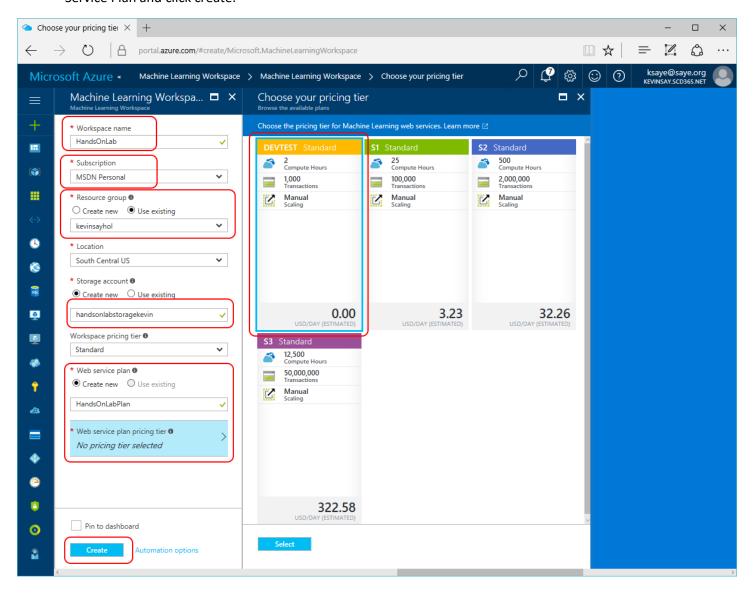
Step 1. Go to <a href="http://portal.azure.com">http://portal.azure.com</a> click the Plus sign on the left and search for <a href="Machine Learning Workspace">Machine Learning Workspace</a>.



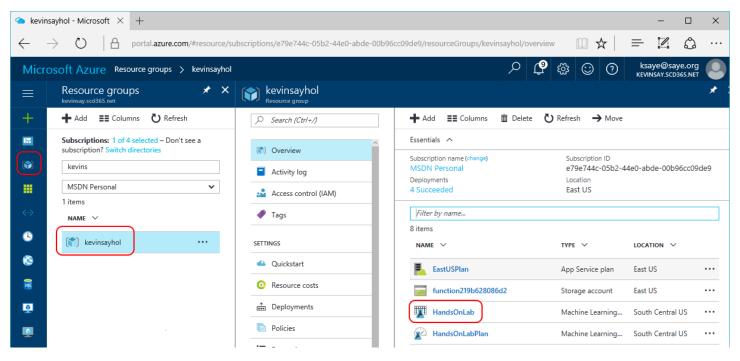
Step 2. Select the Machine Learning Workspace by Microsoft and click Create.



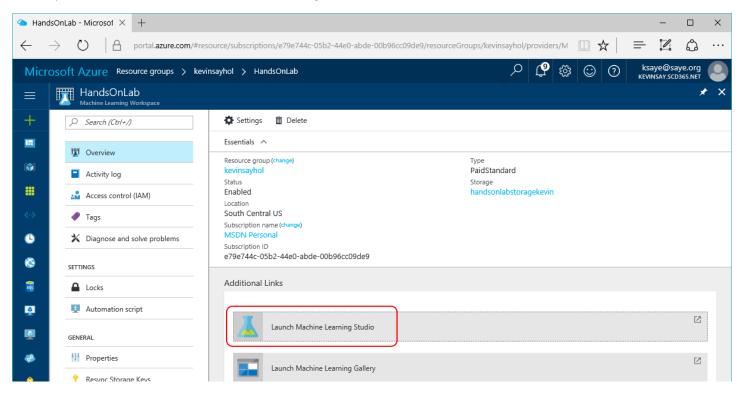
Step 3. Name your Workspace, select the subscription, existing resource group, storage account and Web Service Plan and click create.



Step 4. Click the Resource Group Icon on the left, select the resource group you created and click on the Workspace just created.



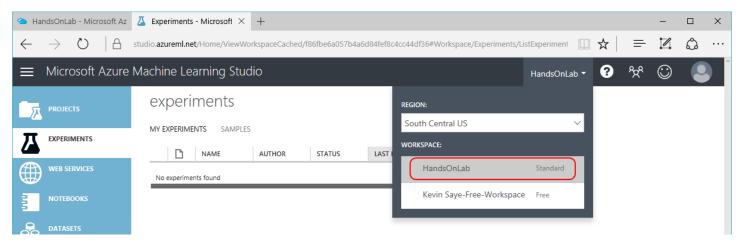
Step 5. Click the "Launch Machine Learning Studio" button.



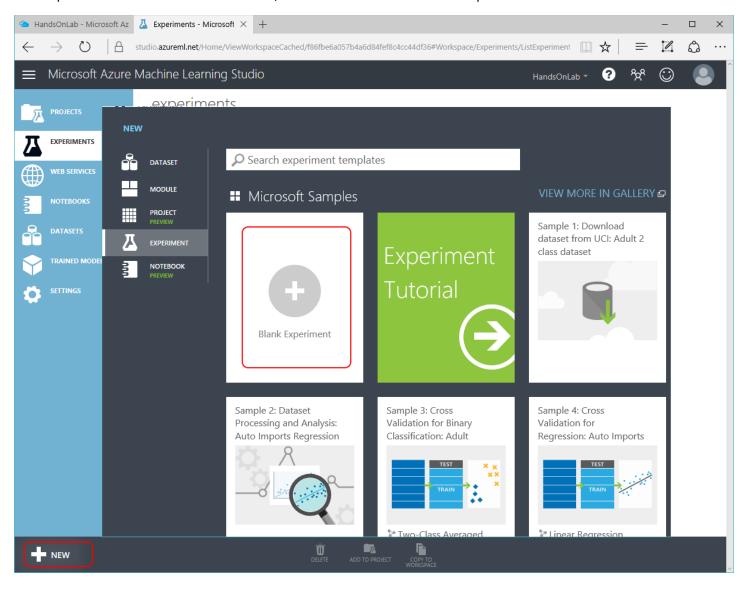
#### Step 6. At the Machine Learning Studio, click Sign In.



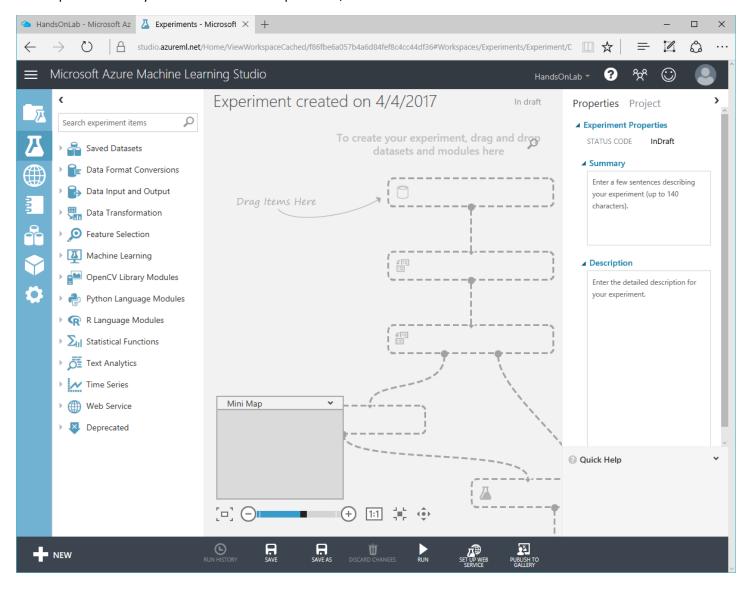
Step 7. At the Studio, you may need to change your Workspace



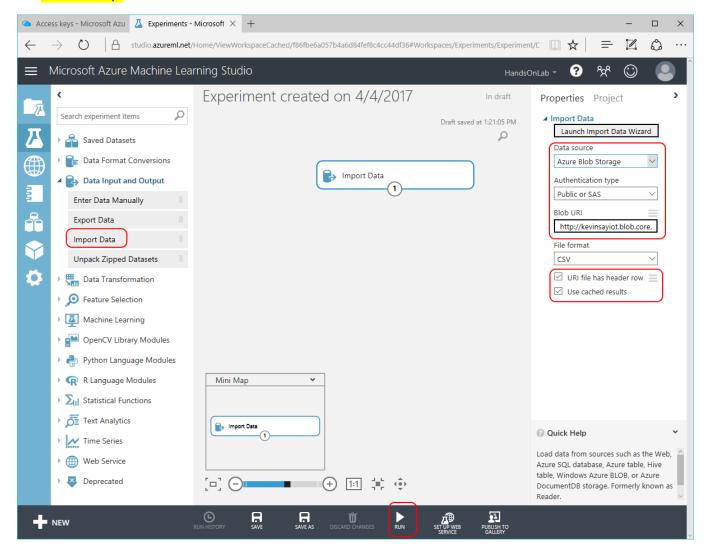
Step 8. At the bottom of the Studio, click New and then click Blank Experiment.



Step 9. Now you will be in a blank experiment, as shown below.



Step 10. Drag the Import Data item to the experiment. Select Blob Storage and use the SAS token below. For simplicity, click URI has header row ad use cached results. Lastly, click run at the bottom to cache the data for the next step.

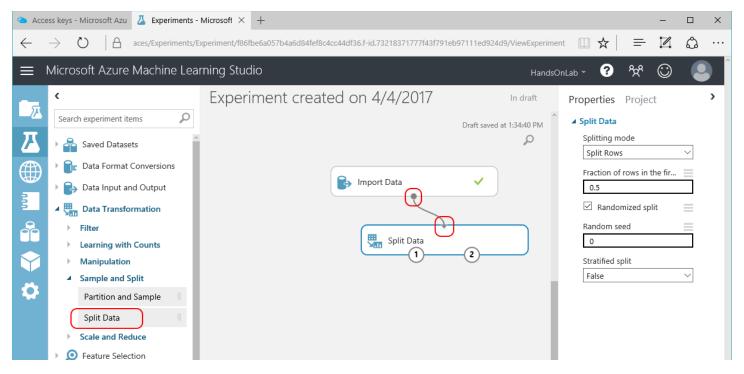


#### URL:

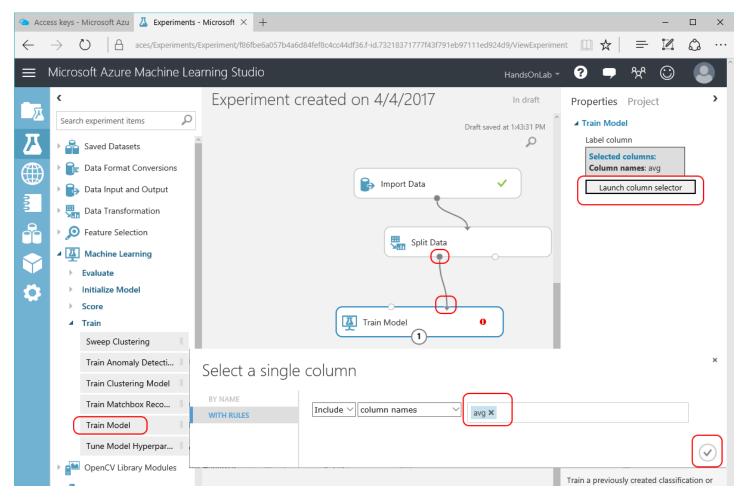
https://kevinsayiot.blob.core.windows.net/handsonlab/HandsOnLabCSV.csv

In our Hands-on Lab, we will use the data provided above. In a real world, we would have collected years of data and have used data created by the sensors.

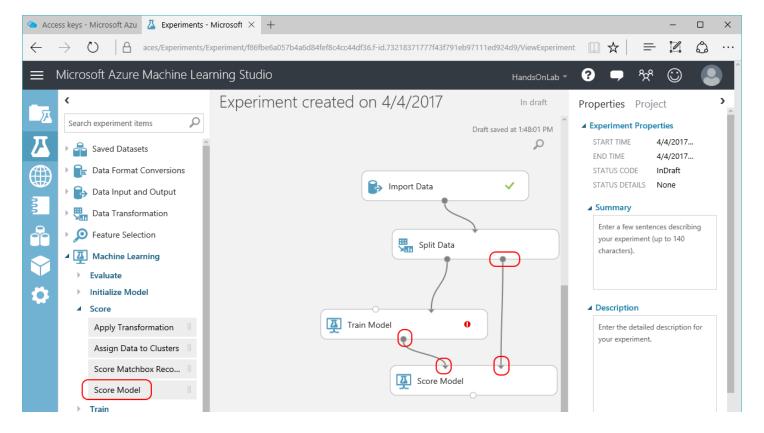
Step 11. Next, add the Split Data item, so we can train and test on the dataset.



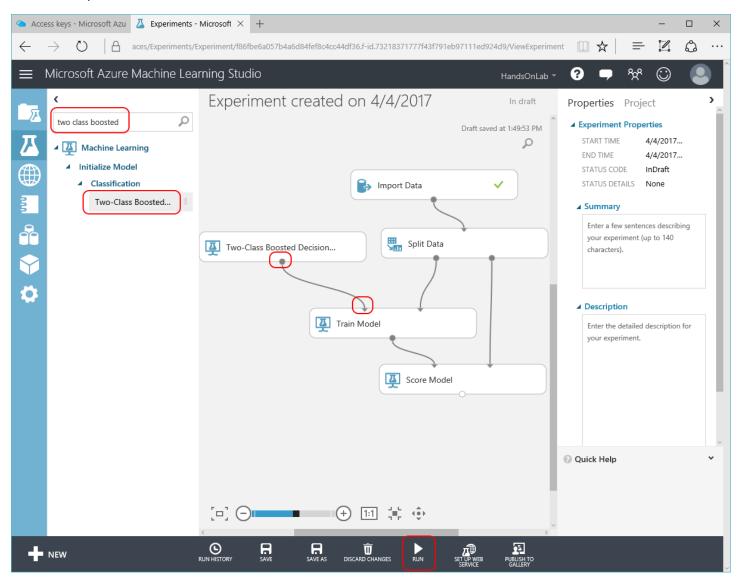
Step 12. Next, add a Train Model item, connect the data points and click the "launch column selector" to determine what element to predict. Select the avg column and click the check box at the bottom.



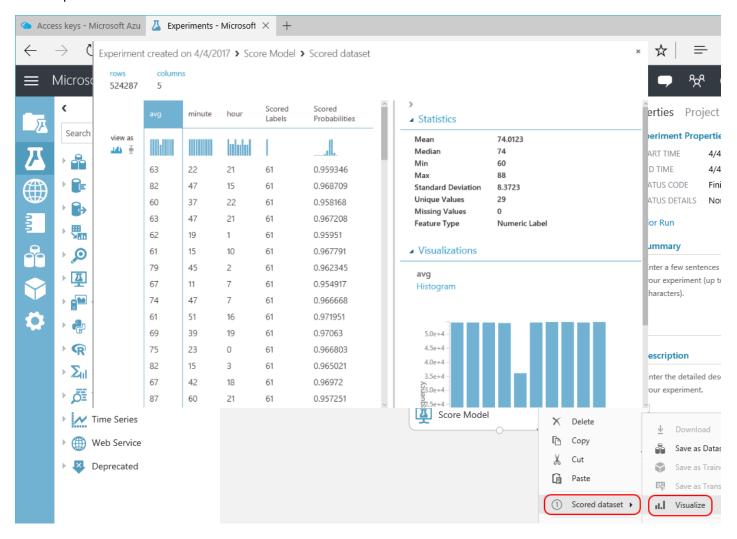
Step 13. Next, add a Score Model item, and connect the Split Data and Train Model outputs to the Score Model, as shown below.



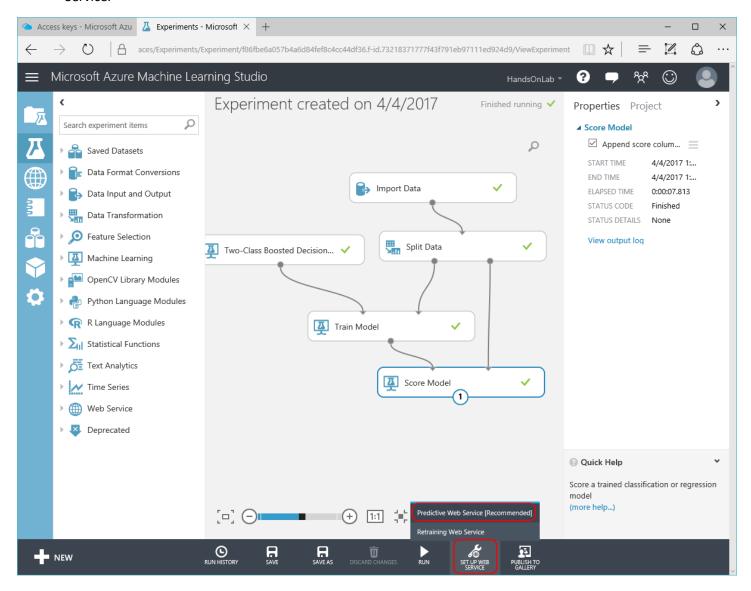
Step 14. Next, add a "Two-Class Boosted Decision Tree" item, and connect it to the Train Model, as shown below. Lastly, click the Run button to build and score the model.



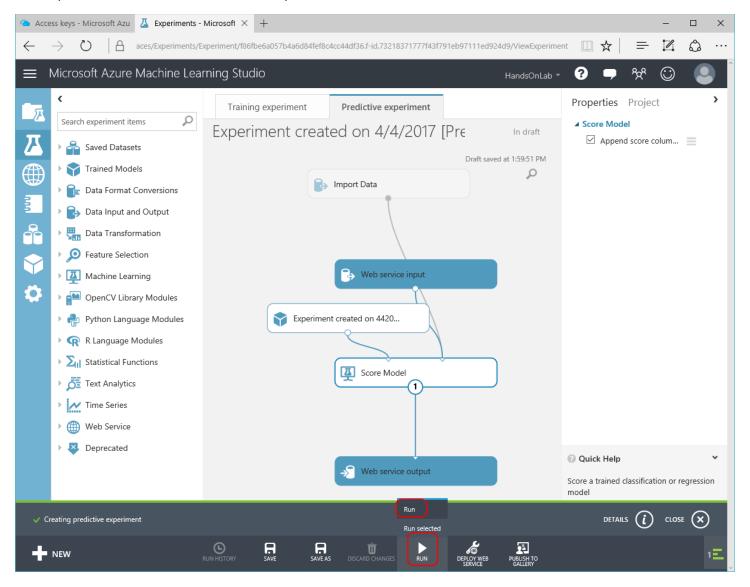
Step 15. Once the run is complete, right click on Score Model -> Scored Dataset -> Visualize to see the probabilities and statistics.



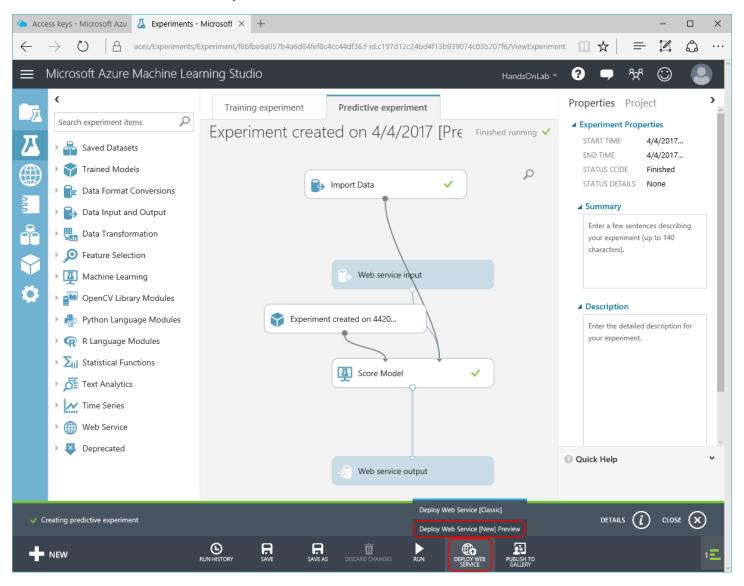
Step 16. Next, we will create a Predictive Web Service by clicking "Set-Up Web Service" → Predictive Web Service.



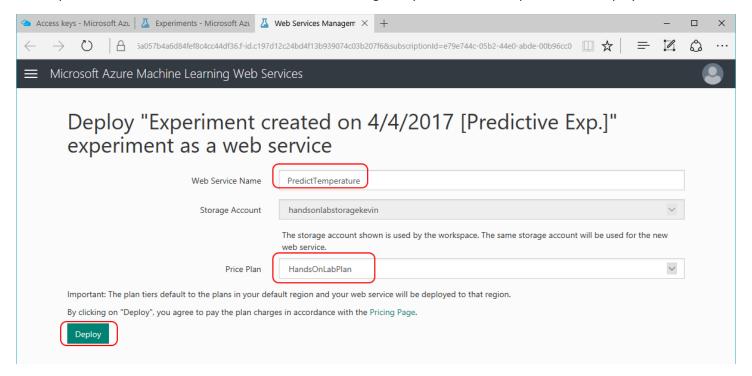
Step 17. Once the Web Service is Setup, Run the web service.



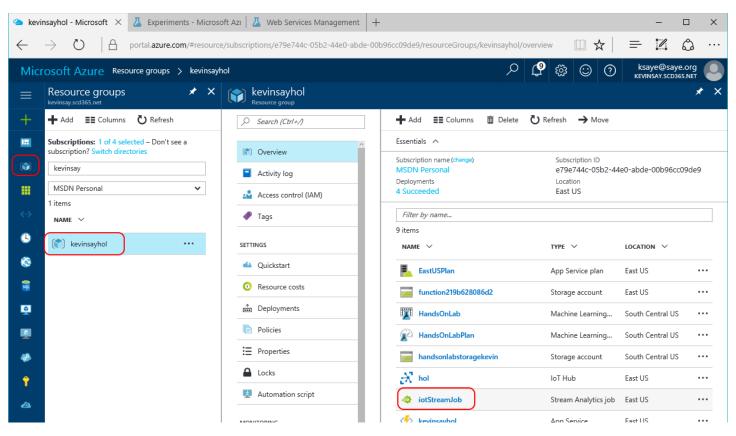
Step 18. Once the Web Service has been run, Deploy the Web Service using the [New] Option. **Note, this is not available for the Free Workspace.** 



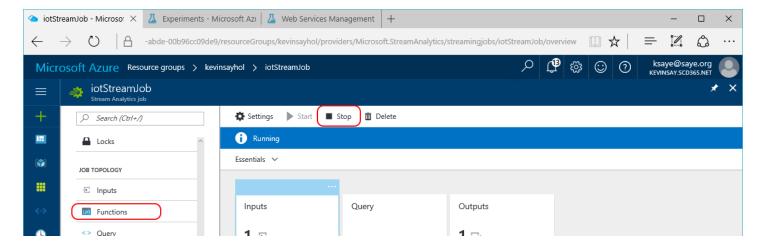
Step 19. Name the Web Service and Select the Pricing Plan you created in Step 3 and click Deploy.



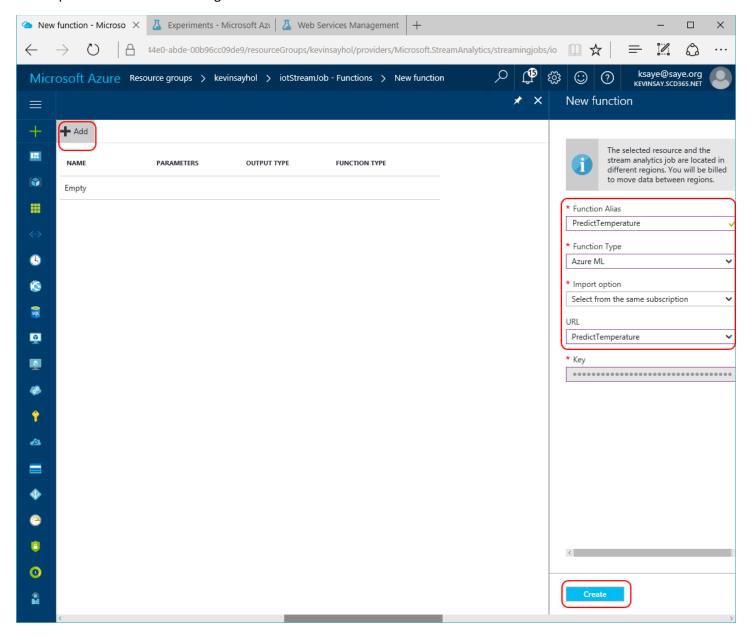
Step 20. Go back to the Azure Portal, and select the Stream Analytic Job.



Step 21. Assuming the Stream Job is running, stop the Job before the next step. Click on Functions to add a function.



Step 22. Click on Add and give the Web Service an Alias and select the URL as shown below. Click Create.



If you were unable to setup the AML, you can use my AML credentials below:

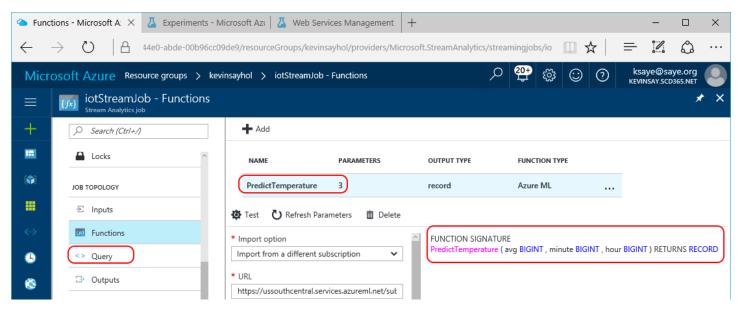
Type: Azure ML

Signature: PredictTemperature ( avg BIGINT , minute BIGINT , hour BIGINT ) RETURNS RECORD

URL: https://ussouthcentral.services.azureml.net/subscriptions/3c9dabba0f53453fa4284429f8c1009e/services/c66128 eb113f4ac5b0db30d37d2571c6/execute?api-version=2.0&details=true

Key: muet03S+erMJEebQgTsgKbjJIQPeiNQb0ARAKydONBqumkqLzkovx/M5U1esvPNXYuvKOajTzGlN/Bviwxg4tg==

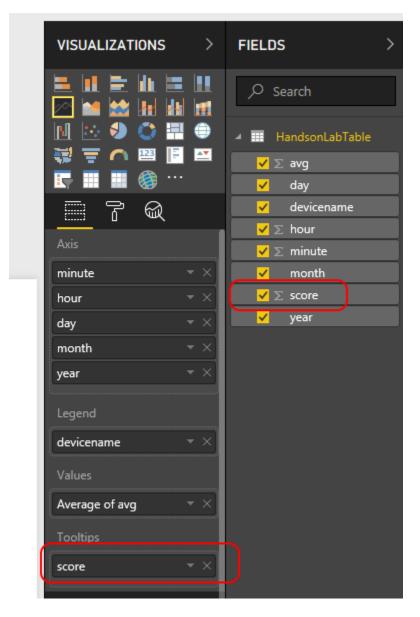
Step 23. Click on the newly created Stream Function to see what parameters it expects and returns. Lastly, click on the Query button on the left.



Step 24. We can modify the query as shown below and restart the Stream Analytics Job. You can copy and paste from: <a href="https://tinyurl.com/IOTVBCAML">https://tinyurl.com/IOTVBCAML</a>

```
1 With IoTData as (
 2 select *, udf.PredictTemperature (
3
       CAST(temperature as BigInt),
       DATEPART(minute, System.TimeStamp),
       DATEPART(hour, System.TimeStamp) ) as prediction
 6 from iothub
 7
8
9 SELECT
10
       AVG(temperature),
       IoTData.iothub.connectiondeviceid as deviceName,
11
12
       DATEPART(minute, System.TimeStamp) as minute,
13
       DATEPART(hour, System.TimeStamp) as hour,
       DATENAME(weekday, System.TimeStamp) as day,
14
       DATENAME(month, System.TimeStamp) as month,
15
       DATENAME(year, System.TimeStamp) as year,
16
17
      CAST(prediction.[Scored Probabilities] as float) as score
18 INTO powerbi
19 FROM IoTData
20
   group by
       TumblingWindow(minute, 1), [IoTData.iothub.connectiondeviceid, prediction.[Scored Probabilities]
21
23 SELECT *, CAST(prediction.[Scored Probabilities] as float) as score INTO blob from ToTData
```

Step 25. Returning to Power BI after Stream Analytics has been running, we see the new attribute. We can add the score attribute as a Tooltip, as shown below.



Step 26. We can also see that the temperature of 74.16 was in the 95% Scored Probability of the provided data.



This completes the lab.