Programming, Problem Solving, and Algorithms

CPSC203, 2019 W1

Announcements

Project 2 is released. Due 11:59p, Nov 7.

"Problem of the Day" continues!

Exam: of 72 pts. 85%

Today:

Markov Chains Fin

State Space Search

Representation

Implementation

Building a Song

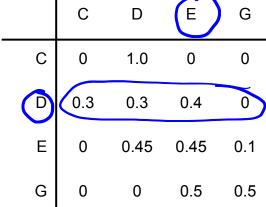
MITALL ex - Markor Chain

Type of stochastic process
random audies me





- 1. Randomly choose a start note and put it in a list
- 2. for 25 notes, in the rhythm of MHaLL
 - a. Generate a new note
 - b. Put the new note in the list
- 3. play the list of notes



The Technical Details

You have just learned about a particular type of random process called a *Markov Chain*.

We modelled it using a *transition table*, or a *finite state machine*, and we used it as the basis for an algorithm to generate music.

Now let's look at some code!

https://github.students.cs.ubc.ca/cpsc203-2019w-t1/LecMHALL/

Other Applications

PageRank: Google's first search algorithm

Some pages are likely to "follow" (be linked from) others.

Rank of page is based on the probability that you'll be there at any moment

Natural Language Processing

Some words are more likely to follow others.

"I just ate the whole desert" probably has a misspelling.

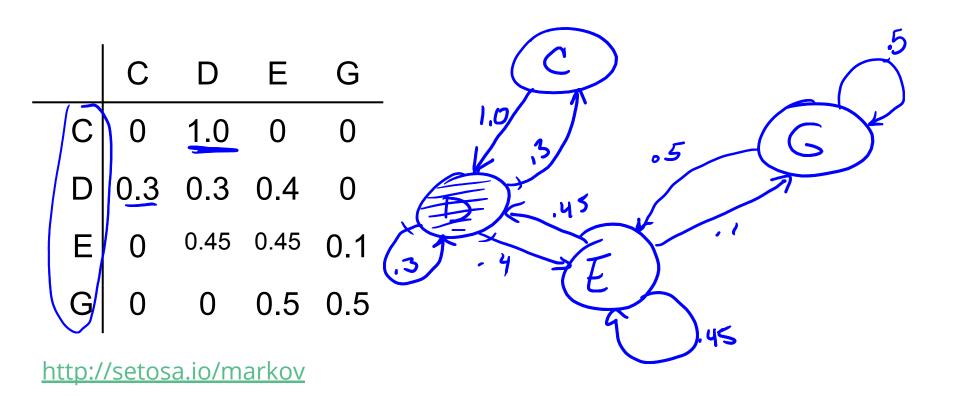
"For dinner I ___ ... " next word is probably "ate"

DNA matching

Chemical reaction simulation

Many others...

But I thought we were talking about graphs...



Representing Sudoku

A *representation* of a system is a model of the system that is useful in analysis.

A *state space* is a collection of all possible configurations of a physical system.

Each configuration is described using its representation, and is called a *state*.

2

4

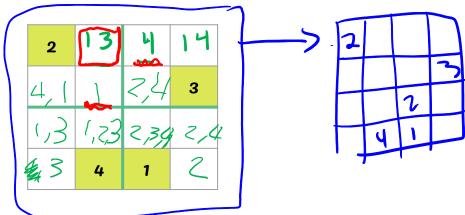
How would you represent the game of Sudoku?

State Space Graphs

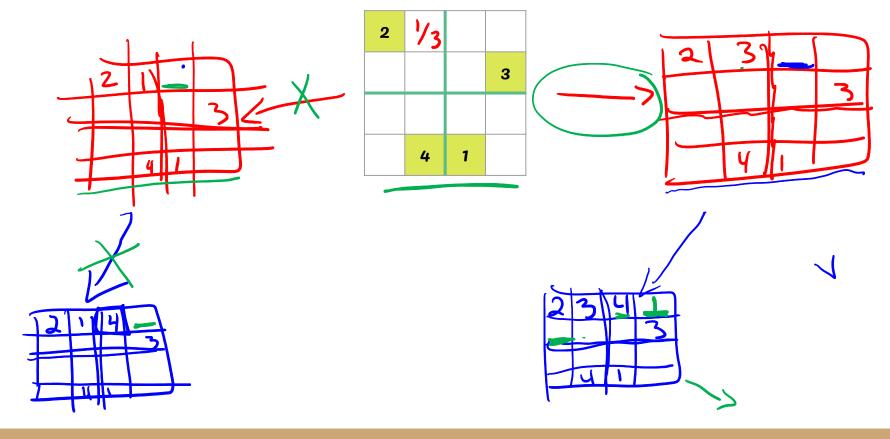
Define a graph where the set of vertices is the set of possible brand configs.

And the set of edges consists of pairs (u,v) where there is a valid

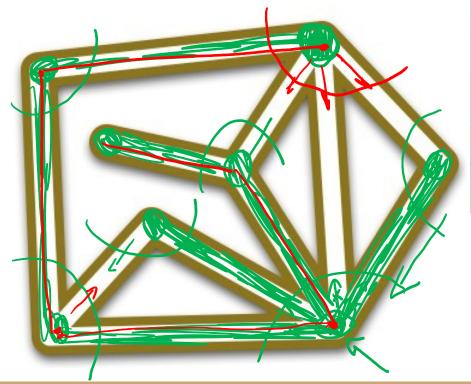
How many neighbors does this Sudoku puzzle state have?



Searching State Space Graphs



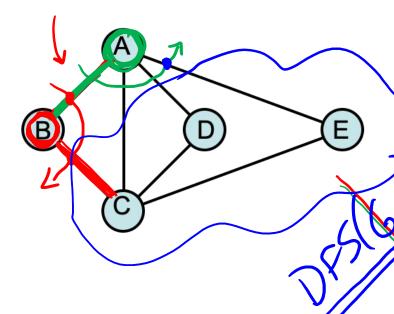
Depth First Search





Ariadne, Theseus, and the Minotaur

Depth First Search



Algorithm DFS(G,v)

Input: graph G and start vertex v

Output: labeling of the edges of G in the connected component of v as discovery edges and back edges

setLabel(v, VISITED)

For all w in G.adjacentVertices(v)

if getLabel(w) = UNVISITED

SetLabel((v,w),DISCOVERY)

else il getLabel((v,w)) =

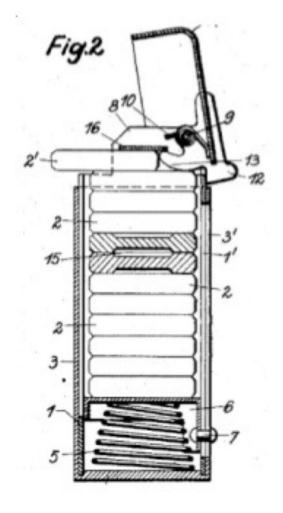
A new ADT: Stack

Programmatic manifestation of _____

ADT: Stack

Insert -- push(data)

Remove -- pop() returns data



Recursion: An abstract Stack

Moving toward implementation:

2 3

Need to be able to check whether a candidate entry is valid.

Suppose we have a variable grid, representing the board, and we want to place a value called num, in position (x, y).

Row check:

Column check:

Region check:

POTD #28 Thu

https://github.students.cs.ubc.ca/cpsc203-2019w-t1/potd28

Describe any snags you run into:

1.	Line:	
	Line:	

ToDo for next class...

POTD: Continue every weekday! Submit to repo.

Reading: TLACS Ch 10 & 12 (lists and dictionaries)

References:

https://brilliant.org/wiki/markov-chains/

https://medium.com/@eightlimbed/counting-on-pythons-defaultdictb652204780bd