Introduction to Programming (Adv)

School of Computer Science, University of Sydney



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Control flow

 $Control\ flow$

Jump first

Linear code execution. Line 1, 2, 3, 4...

Show the compounded monthly interest calculated for a whole year

```
float earned, new_savings;
char *endp = NULL;
float savings = strtof(argv[1], &endp);
float irate = strtof(argv[2], &endp); // no error checking!
earned = savings * irate / 12.0f;
new_savings = savings + earned;
printf("Savings are $%.2f. Monthly interest $%.2f\n", new_savings
    , earned);
savings = new_savings;
earned = savings * irate / 12.0f;
new_savings = savings + earned;
printf("Savings are $%.2f. Monthly interest $%.2f\n", new_savings
    , earned);
```

Execution context

Where are we?

```
float earned, new_savings;
   char *endp = NULL;
   float savings = strtof(argv[1], &endp);
   float irate = strtof(argv[2], &endp); // no error checking!
10
11
   earned = savings * irate / 12.0f;
12
   new_savings = savings + earned;
13
    printf("Savings: $%.2f. Monthly interest: $%.2f\n", new_savings,
14
        earned);
15
   savings = new_savings;
16
   earned = savings * irate / 12.0f;
17
   new_savings = savings + earned;
18
   printf("Savings: $\%.2f. Monthly interest: $\%.2f\n", new_savings,
19
        earned);
```

PC = Program counter (rip) and more memory!

The GNU debugger

Starting and stepping through the program

```
gcc -g -o program linear.c
```

```
gdb program
run
```

Execution:

run

```
breakpoint 12
info locals
list
print %pc
next
print %pc
next
print %pc
next
print %pc
next
print %pc
continue
```

Memory layout

Variables mapped onto registers by compiler

rbp/ebp - Base pointer (Address of beginning of stack memory)

rsp/esp - Stack pointer (Address of current stack position)

```
info frame
info stack
x/20x $rsp
x/20x $rbp
print new_savings
print &new_savings
x/1f &new_savings
```

Branching

Simple branching instructions

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    if ( argc > 3 ) {
        argc = 754;
        return 1;
    } else {
        argc = argc + 109;
    }

return 0;
}
```

```
gcc -S branch1.c
```

Branching

Comparison and jump

Program counter automatically changes

```
main:
    LFB0:
        .cfi_startproc
        pushq %rbp
        .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
        .cfi_offset 6, -16
10
        movq %rsp, %rbp
11
        .cfi_def_cfa_register 6
12
        movl \%edi, -4(\%rbp)
13
        movq \%rsi, -16(\%rbp)
14
        cmpl $3, -4(\% \text{rbp})
15
16
        ile .L2
        movl $754, -4(\% \text{rbp})
17
                 $1, %eax
18
        movl
        jmp .L3
19
```

```
.L2:
20
        addl
                 $109, -4(\% \text{rbp})
21
        movl
                 $0, %eax
22
    .L3:
23
        popq %rbp
24
        .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
25
26
        ret
        .cfi_endproc
27
```

```
mov - register <-> memory
add - ALU
cmp - comparison operation
jmp - unconditional jump
je/jne/jle/jge - conditional jump
call,ret - subroutine calls
push/pop - stack operations
```

Same effect

Loops are another case for jump instructions

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    while ( argc < 17 ) {
        argc++;
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Same effect (cont.)

```
main:
    LFB0:
        .cfi_startproc
        pushq %rbp
        .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
        .cfi_offset 6, -16
10
        movq %rsp, %rbp
11
12
        .cfi_def_cfa_register 6
        movl \%edi, -4(\%rbp)
13
        movq \%rsi, -16(\%rbp)
14
        jmp .L2
15
    .L3:
16
        addl $1, -4(\% \text{rbp})
17
    .L2:
18
        cmpl $16, -4(\% \text{rbp})
19
        ile .L3
20
                 $0, %eax
        movl
21
        popq %rbp
22
        .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
23
24
        ret
        .cfi_endproc
25
```

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
   while (argc < 17) {
       argc++;
   }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
mov - register <-> memory
add - ALU
cmp - comparison operation
jmp - unconditional jump
je/jne/jle/jge - conditional jump
call,ret - subroutine calls
push/pop - stack operations
```

Bad branching

The bank will grant bonus interest if X transactions are completed in the month.

```
float rate:
    if (bonus_eligible) {
        rate = base_rate + bonus_rate;
28
    } else {
29
        rate = base_rate;
30
31
    earned = savings * rate / 12.0 f;
33
    new_savings = savings + earned;
    if (bonus_eligible)
34
35
        printf("Savings: $\%.2f. Monthly interest (with bonus): $\%.2f\n",
             new_savings, earned);
36
        printf("Savings: $\%.2f. Monthly interest: $\%.2f\n", new_savings, earned)
```

More with GDB

Set the stopping conditions

```
breakpoint (line, function)
watch (data breakpoint)

list [<linenumber>]
info locals
print <variable/$register>
continue
backtrace
next (step over, no subroutines)
```

Let's watch the new_savings

Functions branch too

Subroutines require more work for making the jump work.

Save the state - PC & registers

```
int foo(int x) {
    int y = x - 1;
    return y;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    while (argc < 3) {
        argc = foo(argc);
    }

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Additionally, we have a return value to worry about

call - save return address, set new rsp

Functions branch too (cont.)

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```
26
                                             28
foo:
.LFB0:
                                             29
                                             30
     .cfi_startproc
     pusha
              %rbp
                                             31
     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
                                             32
     .cfi_offset 6, -16
                                             33
    mova
              %rsp, %rbp
                                             34
     .cfi_def_cfa_register 6
                                             35
              \%edi, -20(\%rbp)
                                             36
     movl
                                             37
    movl
              -20(\%\text{rbp}), \%\text{eax}
     subl
              $1, %eax
                                             38
     movl
              \%eax, -4(\%rbp)
                                             39
     movl
              -4(\%\text{rbp}), \%\text{eax}
                                             40
              %rbp
                                             41
     popq
     .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
                                             42
                                             43
                                             44
     .cfi_endproc
.LFE0:
                                             45
     .size
               foo, .-foo
                                             46
     .globl
              main
                                             47
              main, @function
                                             48
                                             49
                                             50
```

```
main:
.LFB1:
     .cfi_startproc
             %rbp
    pushq
     .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
     .cfi_offset 6. -16
             %rsp, %rbp
     .cfi_def_cfa_register 6
    suba
              $16, %rsp
             \%edi, -4(\%rbp)
    movl
             %rsi , -16(%rbp)
    movq
    jmp .L4
.L5:
    movl
              -4(\%\text{rbp}), \%\text{eax}
    movl
             %eax, %edi
    call
              foo
             \%eax, -4(\%rbp)
    movl
.L4:
              $2. -4(\% \text{rbp})
    cmpl
    ile .L5
    movl
              $0, %eax
    leave
    .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
    .cfi_endproc
```

Savings with functions

11

Identify the useful tasks for this program

What is a good interface to operate on inputs, what are the outputs, and what about errors?

```
static int parse_arguments(char **argv, float *savings, float *base_rate.
                         float *bonus_rate, bool *bonus_eligible);
10
    static void compound_interest_month(
        float *savings, const float base_rate,
        const float bonus_rate, const bool bonus_eligible,
13
14
        float *earned):
15
16
    static void print_statement (
        float savings, bool bonus_eligible, float earned);
17
```

Savings with functions (cont.)

73

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81 82

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90 91

92

```
float savings, base_rate, bonus_rate;
bool bonus_eligible;
int error = parse_arguments(argv, &savings, &base_rate,
                            &bonus_rate, &bonus_eligible);
if (0 != error)
   return error;
// post condition valid float and bool values
// calculate and update savings balance for 12 months
int month = 1:
while (month <= 12) {
    float earned:
    compound_interest_month(&savings, base_rate,
                            bonus_rate, bonus_eligible, &earned):
    print_statement(savings, bonus_eligible, earned):
   month++;
// post condition: savings variable updated based on interest rates
  post condition: output to stdout
```

Savings with functions (cont.)

73

83

```
static void compound_interest_month(
    float *savings, const float base_rate,
    const float bonus_rate, const bool bonus_eligible,
    float *earned)
{
    float rate;
    if (bonus_eligible) {
        rate = base_rate + bonus_rate;
    } else {
        rate = base_rate;
    }

    *earned = *savings * rate / 12.0 f;
    float new_savings = *savings + *earned;

    *savings = new_savings;
}
```

Navigate with GDB and functions

Set the stopping conditions

```
help running
step (step to next line, with subroutines)
finish (end of current stack frame)
```

Structured conditional local jumps

switch - equivalence for categorical options selection

```
if (x == value1) {
    statement1;
} else if (x == value2) {
    statement2;
} else if (x == value3) {
    statement3;
} else if (x == value4) {
    statement4;
} else {
    statement_when_x_matches_none;
}
```

```
switch (x) {
    case value1:
        statement1;
        break;
    case value2:
        statement2;
        break;
    case value3:
        statement3;
        break;
    case value4:
        statement4;
        break;
    default:
        statement_when_x_matches_none
    ;
        break;
}
```

Structured conditional local jumps (cont.)

Fall through case statements

```
switch (x) {
    case valuela:
    case value1b:
        statement1:
        break:
    case value2:
        statement2;
        break:
    case value3a:
        statement3a:
    case value3b.
    case value3c:
        statement3:
        break:
    case value4 ·
        statement4:
        statement_when_x_matches_none
        break:
```

break - specifically to escape a loop structure, switch

Unstructured unconditional local jumps

Notice that there are labels within the assembly code. These can also be used in C with the goto statement.

goto considered harmful!

Unstructured unconditional local jumps (cont.)

```
(conditionA)
    statement1;
    if (conditionB)
        statement2;
           (conditionC)
            goto special_place;
            statement3;
      else
        statement4;
special_place:
    // executes when !conditionA | (conditionA & conditionC)
    statement 5;
```

Unstructured unconditional local jumps (cont.)

goto useful for some cases, but it is generally hard to justify against using structured programming

```
static int transfer_money_mediator(
        int socket_a, int socket_b, int socket_c,
74
        char *bsb_a, char *bsb_b, char *bsb_c,
        char *acc_a, char *acc_b, char *acc_c,
77
        float amount, const char *type)
79
        if (-1 == connect(socket_a))
            goto failed_connect;
        if (-1 == check_bsb(bsb_a, socket_a):
82
             goto failed_accounts;
83
        if (-1 = \text{check\_acc}(\text{acc\_a}, \text{socket\_a});
84
             goto failed_accounts:
85
        if (-1 == init\_transaction(socket\_a, type))
86
             goto failed_transaction_type_type;
87
        // same for b. c
89
90
        // check mediator (C)
        if (-1 == confirm_parties(socket_c, bsb_a, bsb_b, acc_a, acc_b))
91
92
             goto failed_parties;
93
94
        // check party A
        if (-1 = confirm_parties(socket_a, bsb_a, bsb_b, acc_a, acc_b))
95
96
             goto failed_parties;
97
```

Unstructured unconditional local jumps (cont.)

```
98
        // check party B
99
        if (-1 == confirm_parties(socket_b, bsb_a, bsb_b, acc_a, acc_b))
00
            goto failed_parties;
01
02
03
04
        // SUCCESS
        return 0:
05
06
07
    failed_connect:
        fprintf(stderr, "A party could not connect\n");
08
09
        return 1:
    failed_accounts:
10
        fprintf(stderr, "A party rejected their own account details for the
11
             transaction \n");
12
        return 2;
13
    failed_transaction_type:
14
        fprintf(stderr, "A party rejected the type of transaction\n");
15
        return 3;
16
    failed_parties:
        fprintf(stderr, "A party disagreed with the transaction details\n");
17
18
        return 4;
19
20
```

Unstructured unconditional nonlocal jumps in C

jmp_buf - A C data structure to store the registers (required for state tracking)

```
setjmp(<jmp_buf> ); // Save register states
```

```
longjmp(<jmp_buf>, 1);
```

zero return value for setjmp, but non-zero return value for setjmp after a longjmp call

Summary

Computer programs operate on an execution context

Control flow is manipulation of the program counter and registers

Structured programming is built on top of the primitives of compare and jump operations.

Functions require special attention for the jump operations to isolate the execution context from the function caller

if, else, while, do/while, switch, break, continue, return are high level operators in control flow.