**CSI 5V93, Assignment 1, Parsing Big Data**

**Due Date: January 29, 2019**

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| **Background** |
| Ontology is a typical example of hierarchical data. Gene Ontology (GO) is one of the most widely used ontology databases in Bioinformatics, and provides a framework to elucidate biological roles of genes by semantic analysis. GO contains terms in a structured format (i.e., Directed Acyclic Graph) on three domains: biological processes (BP), molecular functions (MF), and cellular components (CC). |

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| **Description** |
| 1. Download the most recent version of ontology data (the OBO file). 2. Parse BP, MF and CC ontologies, separately, and build those 3 ontologies with "is-a" and "part-of" relationships. 3. Correct the errors that might exist in the data set. For example, remove the relationships between two different ontologies. |

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| **Submission** |
| * Source files * Answer the following questions:   1. How many terms does each ontology have? # size of the set   2. What is the term ID of the root of each ontology? # 遍历找parent\_list = 0 的   3. How many leaf nodes does each ontology have? # 遍历找child\_list = 0 的 转换一下 parent -> child\_list   4. What is the longest path length from the root to a leaf node?   5. What is the longest path length among the shortest paths from the root to leaf nodes? |

BP Size: 29692

MF Size: 11111

CC Size: 4206

BP Root: ['GO:0008150']

MF Root: ['GO:0003674']

CC Root: ['GO:0005575']

BP Leaf Size: 13627

MF Leaf Size: 9066

CC Leaf Size: 2751