



AREA Question1, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

ADR r1, STRING1 ;create a pointer point to the beginning of string1

ADR r2, STRING2 ;create a pointer point to the beginning of string2

ADR r0, STRING3 ;create a pointer point to the beginning of string3

LoadS1 LDRB r3, [r1], #1 ;load the value into r3, then increase the pointer to point to the next character

CMP r3, #0x00 ;compare the value with EOS

BEQ LoadS2 ; if it is EOS, then branch to string2

STRB r3, [r0], #1 ;if not, store the value into string3, then increase the pointer to point to the next empty position

B LoadS1 ;then load the next character in string1

LoadS2 LDRB r3, [r2], #1 ;load the value into r3, then increase the pointer to point to the next character

STRB r3, [r0], #1;store the value into string3, then increase the pointer to point to the next empty position

CMP r3, #0x00

BEQ Exit ;if it is EOS, means all the characters has been stored in string3 already, so exit the program

B LoadS2; if not, then load the next character in string2

Exit B Exit

AREA Question1, DATA, READWRITE

STRING1 DCB "This is a test string1"

EoS1 DCB 0x00

STRING2 DCB "This is a test string2"

EoS2 DCB 0x00

STRING3 space 0xFF

END

AREA Question2, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

В

string1		ADR		r1, STRING1		;make pointer point to the first character of		
Ü		ADR ı	r2, STRI	ING2	;make	pointer point to the first character of string1		
Loop pointer	LDRB	r0, [r1], #1		;load the first character of string1 to r0, then increase the				
		STRB I	r0, [r2],	, #1	;store	the character to string2		
		СМР		r0, #0x	74	;check if it is 't'		
	BEQ			Checkh ;if it is 't', then branch to checkh				
		СМР		r0, #0x	00	;if not, check whether it is the end of string1		
		BEQ		Exit	;if it is the end of string1, then exit			
		В		Loop	;other	wise, branch to loop and read the next character		
Checkh	LDRB	r0, [r1], i	#1	;load th	oad the character of string1, then increase the pointer			
		STRB r0, [r2]		, #1 ;stor		tore the chracter to string2		
		CMP		r0, #0x	68	;check if it is 'h'		
		BEQ		Checke ;if it is 'h', then branch to checke				
		CMP		r0, #0x	00	;if not, check whether it is the end of string1		
		BEQ		Exit	;if it is	the end of string1, then exit		

Loop ;otherwise, branch to loop and read the next character

Checke	LDRB	r0, [r1]	, #1	;load the character of string1, then increase the pointer		
		STRB	r0, [r2],	, #1 ;store		he chracter to string2
		СМР		r0, #0x65		;check if it is 'e'
		BEQ		CheckNext		;if it is 'e', then branch to checknext
		СМР		r0, #0x00		;if not, check whether it is the end of string1
		BEQ		Exit	;if it is t	he end of string1, then exit
		В		Loop	;otherv	rise, branch to loop and read the next character
CheckNext	LDRB	r0, [r1], #1		;load th	load the character of string1, then increase the pointer	
string2, if the p	MOV 3 characters are			;create a counter to delete the previous 3 characters in		
		CMP		r0, #0x	20	;test if the character is blank
then branch to delete		BEQ		Delete	;if it is k	plank, means the previous 3 characters are 'the',
		CMP		r0, #0x	00	;test if the character is EoS
then branch to	delete	BEQ		Delete	;if it is E	oS, means the previous 3 characters are 'the',
characters are	STRB r0, [r2], ed with this chara		#1 ;if it is n		either blank or EoS, means the previous 3 the character	
		В		Loop	;branch	to loop to read the next character
Delete	SUB		r2, #1	;return	the poir	nter of string2 to the previous character
		STRB	r4, [r2]	;set it t	o 0	
		ADD		r3, #1	;increas	se the count by 1
		CMP		r3, #4	;test wl	nether the delete loop has been processed 3
times		BEQ		Store	;branch	to store, if the previous 3 characters are set to 0

B Delete ;branch to store

Store STRB r0, [r2], #1 ;store the character to string2 after deleting

CMP r0, #0x20 ;test if it is blank

BEQ Loop ; if it is blank, branch to loop and read the next character

in string1

B Exit ;otherwise means it is EoS, so exit

Exit B Exit

AREA Question2, DATA, READWRITE

STRING1 DCB "and the man said they must go"; String1

EoS DCB 0x00 ;end of string1

STRING2 space 0xFF

END

AREA Question3, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV r0, #3 ;create x

ADR sp, Stack ;make sp points to the stack

BL SubR ;call the function to do the calculation

ADD r1, r0, r0 ;after calculating r0, calculate r1

Exit B Exit

SubR STMFD sp!, {r1-r6, lr} ;push elements into the stack

LDR r1, a ;set a

LDR r2, b ;set b

LDR r3, c ;set c

LDR r4, d ;set d

MUL r5, r0, r0 ;x*x

MUL r5, r1, r5 ;a*x*x

MLA r6, r0, r2, r3 ; b*x + c

ADD r0, r5, r6 ; r0 = a*x*x + b*x + c

CMP r0, r4 ; test whether r0 is greater than d

MOVPL r0, r4 ; if r0 is greater, then set r0 to d

LDMFD sp!, {r1-r6, pc} ;return value, and reset regesters

AREA Question3, DATA, READWRITE

a DCD 5

b DCD 6

c DCD 7

d DCD 50

SPACE 0xFF

Stack DCD 0x00

END