Class Variables

- · A class can have its own set of variables.
- These variables can be accessed through the class or via an object of the class
- Accessing a class variable via an object and updating its value will change the value of the variable ONLY for that object and not in the class
- Accessing and updating a class variable via the class will actually change the value of the class variable.
- Class variables can be used as a counter to keep track of objects created.

```
class HouseAtHogwarts:
 1
 2
 3
        selectionMethod = 'The Sorting Hat'
                                                #class variable
 4
        def __init__(self,name,emblem):
 5
            self.name = name
 6
            self.emblem = emblem
 7
            self.head = None
 8
 9
        def getTeacher(self):
10
            return 'Professor ' + self.head.upper()
11
12
   #Create instances
13
   house1 = HouseAtHogwarts('Gryffindor','Lion')
14
   house2 = HouseAtHogwarts('Slytherin', 'Snake')
15
16
   #Accessing class variables via class
17
   print ("The selection method is {} ".format(HouseAtHogwarts.selectionMethod))
18
19
   #Accessing class variables via object
20
   print ("The selection method is {} ".format(house1.selectionMethod))
21
22
   OUTPUT
23
   The selection method is The Sorting Hat
24
   The selection method is The Sorting Hat
```

• Updating class variable via class vs updating variable via object

```
1
   class HouseAtHogwarts:
 2
        selectionMethod = 'The Sorting Hat'
                                                 #class variable
 3
 4
        def __init__(self,name,emblem):
 5
            self.name = name
 6
            self.emblem = emblem
 7
           self.head = None
 8
        def getTeacher(self):
 9
            return 'Professor ' + self.head.upper()
10
11
12
   #Create instances
13
   house1 = HouseAtHogwarts('Gryffindor','Lion')
14
   house2 = HouseAtHogwarts('Slytherin',
15
16
17
   #updating the class variable
18
19
   #update at object-level
20
   house1.selectionMethod = 'RandomSelection'
21
22
   #Variable changes only for the particular object
23
   print("The selection method is {} ".format(house1.selectionMethod))
24
25
   print("The selection method is {} ".format(house2.selectionMethod))
26
27
   OUTPUT
28
   The selection method is RandomSelection
29
   The selection method is The Sorting Hat
```

• How to know if a variable is class var or object variable?

```
print(HouseAtHogwarts.__dict__)
print(house1.__dict__)

d OUTPUT:
    {'__module__': '__main__', 'getTeacher': <function getTeacher at 0x0000000002373E48>, '__init__':
    {'head': None, 'emblem': 'Lion', 'name': 'Gryffindor'}
```

· Using class variable as object counter

```
#00P Code
1
 2
 3
   class HouseAtHogwarts:
 4
 5
                                                 #class counter variable
        count_houses = 0
        def __init__(self,name,emblem):
 6
 7
            self.name = name
            self.emblem = emblem
 8
 9
            self.head = None
            {\tt HouseAtHogwarts.count\_houses} \ += \ 1
10
11
12
        def getTeacher(self):
            return 'Professor ' + self.head.upper()
13
14
15
    #Create instances
16
    house1 = HouseAtHogwarts('Gryffindor','Lion')
17
    house2 = HouseAtHogwarts('Slytherin', 'Snake')
18
   print("Total no. of houses = {}".format(HouseAtHogwarts.count_houses))
19
20
    OUTPUT
21
   Total no. of houses = 2
```