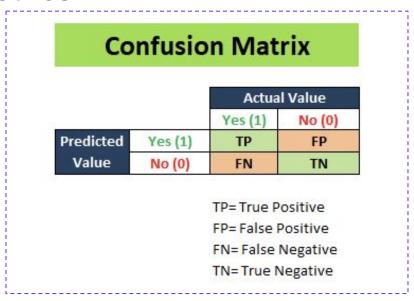
MIDS W207 Applied Machine Learning

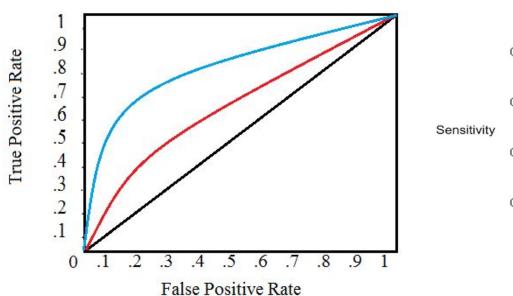
Summer 2022

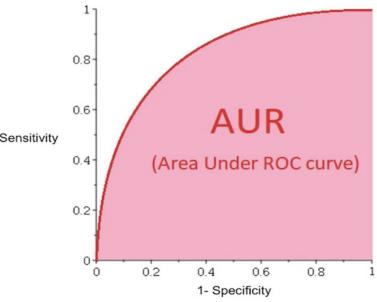
Week 5

Classification Metrics



- If you have supervised data, you will want to maximize an objective function.
 - **Precision**: $TP \div (TP + FP)$ % positives correctly identifed
 - **Recall**: $TP \div (TP + FN)$ % existing positives identified
 - Optimal point on ROC (precision/recall) curve
 - Accuracy: $(TP + TN) \div (TP + TN + FP + FN)$
 - \circ F-test: $2 \cdot (P \cdot R) \div (P + R)$

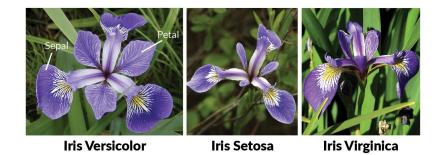




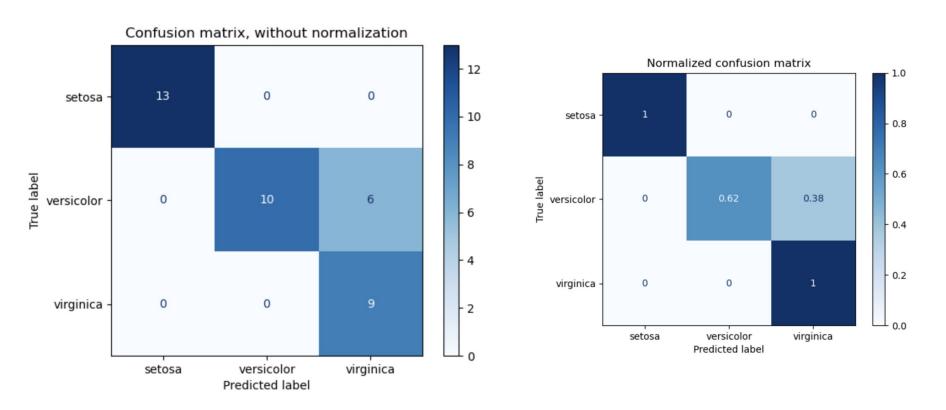
Multiclass Classification

Species	PetalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	SepalLengthCm
Iris-virginica	2.3	5.9	3.2	6.8
Iris-virginica	2.3	5.1	3.1	6.9
Iris-setosa	0.2	1.4	3.0	4.9
Iris-versicolo	1.5	4.5	3.0	5.6
Iris-setosa	0.2	1.6	3.1	4.8
Iris-virginica	2.4	5.1	2.8	5.8
Iris-virginica	2.5	6.1	3.6	7.2
Iris-setosa	0.3	1.4	3.5	5.1
Iris-setosa	0.2	1.6	3.2	4.7
Iris-versicolo	1.4	4.4	3.0	6.6

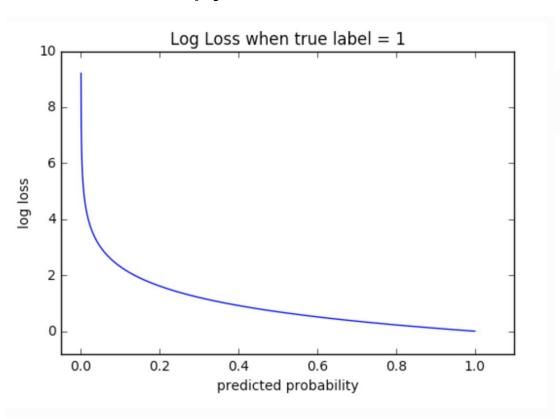
Fig.1: Iris dataset having three categories



Multiclass Classification Confusion Matrix



Cross Entropy

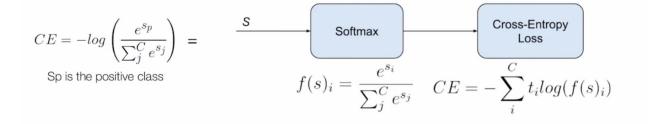


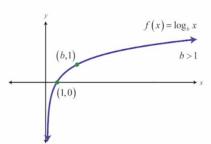
$$-(y \log(p) + (1 - y) \log(1 - p))$$

$$-\sum_{c=1}^{M}y_{o,c}\log(p_{o,c})$$

Categorical Cross Entropy Loss (Softmax Loss)

- It is a Softmax activation plus a cross-entropy loss





- Example:

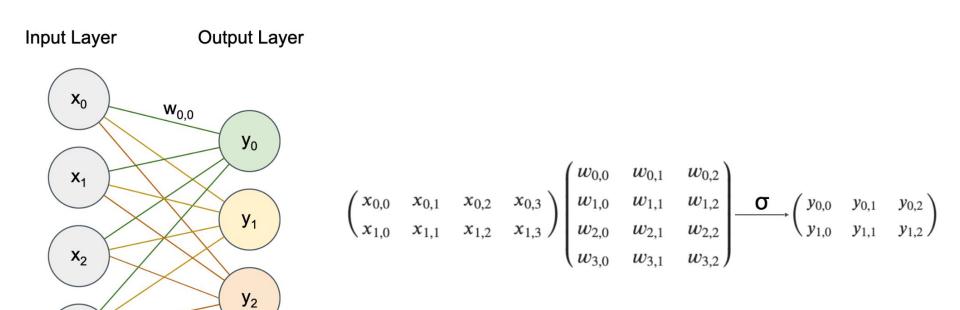
```
True Label: Rabbit
```

Prediction: Dog = 1, Cat = 4, Rabbit = 8, Squirrel = 2
Softmax : D =
$$e^1/SUM$$
, C = e^4/SUM , R = e^8/SUM , S = e^2/SUM
CE Loss = - (0 * ln(D) + 0 * ln(C) + 1 * ln(R) + 0 * ln(S))
= - (0 + 0 + (-?) + 0)

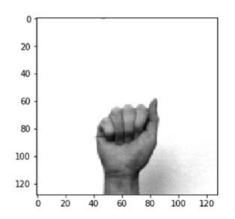
Logistic Regression Network Graph

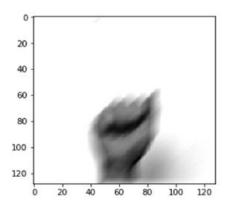
 $W_{3,2}$

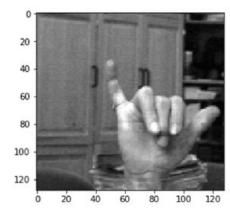
 X_3

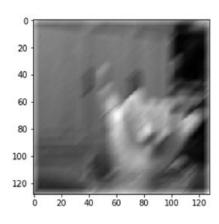


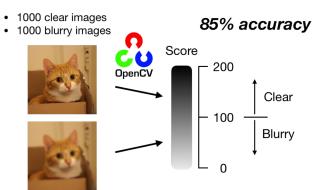
Linear Model Limitations





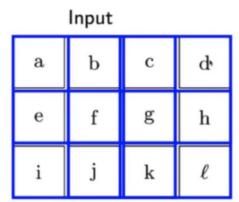


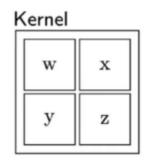




Convolution Operation

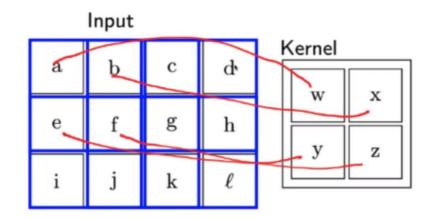






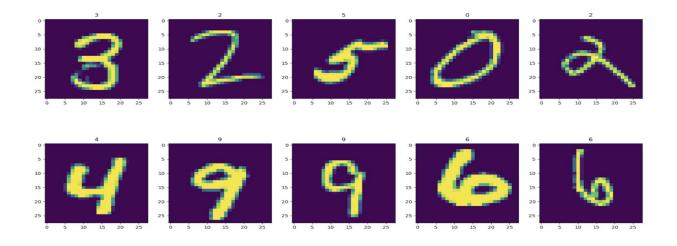
$$S_{ij} = (I * K)_{ij} = \sum_{a=0}^{m-1} \sum_{b=0}^{n-1} I_{i+a,j+b} K_{a,b}$$

Convolution Operation

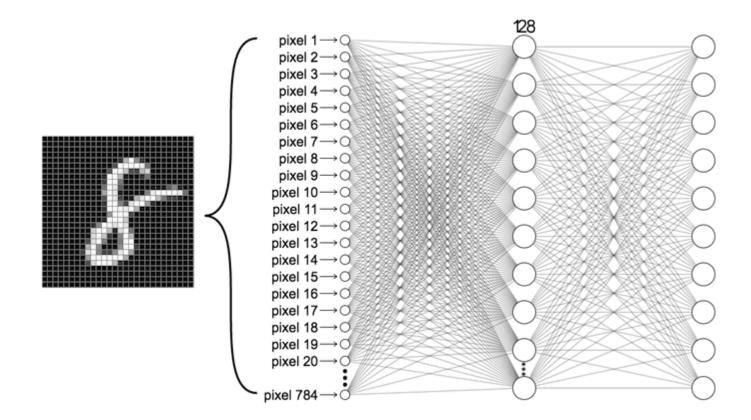


aw+bx+ey+fz bw+cx+fy+gz cw+dx+gy+hz

Digit Classification Problem



Digit Classification Problem



Code Review

We often use softmax function for classification problem, cross entropy loss function can be defined as:

$$p_j = \frac{e^j}{\sum_i e^j}$$

$$L = -\sum_i y_i log(p_i)$$

where L is the cross entropy loss function, y_i is the label.

For example, if we have 3 classes:

$$o=[2,3,4]$$

As to $y=\left[0,1,0\right]$

The softmax score is:

p= [0.090, 0.245, 0.665]

The cross entropy loss is:

$$L = -y_k log(p_k) = -log(p_k)$$

$$L = -log(0.245) = 1.406$$