



Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Daily Situation Report of the Robert Koch Institute

28/06/2020 - UPDATED STATUS FOR GERMANY

ABBREVIATED WEEK-END EDITION

Confirmed cases	Deaths	Deaths (%)	Recovered
193,499 (+ 256*)	8,957 (+ 3*)	4.6%	ca. 177,700**

*Change from previous day; **Estimate

COVID-19 cases are notified to the local public health department in the respective districts, in accordance with the German Protection against Infection Act (IfSG). The data are further transmitted through the respective federal state health authority to the Robert Koch Institute (RKI). This situation report presents the uniformly recorded nationwide data on laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases transmitted to RKI.

– Changes since the last report are marked **blue** in the text –

Summary (as of 28/06/2020 12:00 AM)

- The cumulative nationwide incidence over the past 7 days was **3.5** cases per 100,000 inhabitants. A total of **145** districts transmitted zero cases.
- In total, **193,499** laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases and **8,957** deaths due to COVID-19 have been electronically reported to the RKI in Germany.
- COVID-19 outbreaks continue to be reported sporadically in nursing homes and hospitals as well as **refugee facilities**.
- Outbreaks of COVID-19 in meat processing plants have been reported in several federal states. **In the district of Guetersloh in North Rhine-Westphalia, such an outbreak led to a high 7-day incidence of over 50 cases per 100,000 inhabitants.**

Epidemiological Situation in Germany

Geographical distribution of cases

Epidemiological analyses are based on validated cases notified electronically to the RKI in line with the Protection Against Infection Act (Data closure: 12:00 AM daily). Since January 2020, a total of **193,499** (+256) laboratory-confirmed cases of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) have been electronically reported to and validated by the RKI (see Table 1). A total of **145** districts reported no cases in the past 7 days. Information on laboratory-confirmed cases is also available on the RKI website at https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/InfAZ/N/Neuartiges_Coronavirus/Fallzahlen.html and <https://corona.rki.de>.

Table 1: Number and cumulative incidence (per 100,000 population) of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths for each federal state electronically reported to RKI, Germany (28/06/2020, 12:00 AM). The number of new cases refers to cases transmitted to the RKI on a daily basis. This includes cases that have been reported to the Local Health Authority on the same day or on earlier days.

Federal State	Total number of cases	Number of new cases	Cases/ 100,000 pop.	Cases in the last 7 days	7-day incidence per 100,000 pop.	Number of deaths	Number of deaths/ 100,000 pop.
Baden-Wuerttemberg*	35,530	0	321	178	1.6	1,829	16.5
Bavaria	48,294	32	369	296	2.3	2,592	19.8
Berlin	8,168	23	218	317	8.5	213	5.7
Brandenburg	3,417	-20	136	29	1.2	165	6.6
Bremen	1,661	2	243	17	2.5	50	7.3
Hamburg*	5,178	0	281	24	1.3	259	14.1
Hesse	10,761	30	172	169	2.7	506	8.1
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	801	3	50	8	0.5	20	1.2
Lower Saxony	13,478	22	169	192	2.4	628	7.9
North Rhine-Westphalia	42,723	152	238	1,532	8.5	1,674	9.3
Rhineland-Palatinate	6,974	3	171	56	1.4	235	5.8
Saarland	2,805	3	283	6	0.6	173	17.5
Saxony*	5,444	0	133	23	0.6	222	5.4
Saxony-Anhalt	1,868	3	85	26	1.2	58	2.6
Schleswig-Holstein	3,147	1	109	13	0.4	152	5.2
Thuringia	3,250	2	152	19	0.9	181	8.4
Total	193,499	256	233	2,905	3.5	8,957	10.8

*No cases were transmitted from Baden-Wuerttemberg, Hamburg and Saxony

Distribution of cases over time

The first COVID-19 cases in Germany were notified in January 2020. Figure 1 shows COVID-19 cases transmitted to RKI according to date of illness onset from 01.03.2020 onwards. Of these cases, the onset of symptoms is unknown in 57,489 cases (30%); for these, the date of reporting is provided in Figure 1.

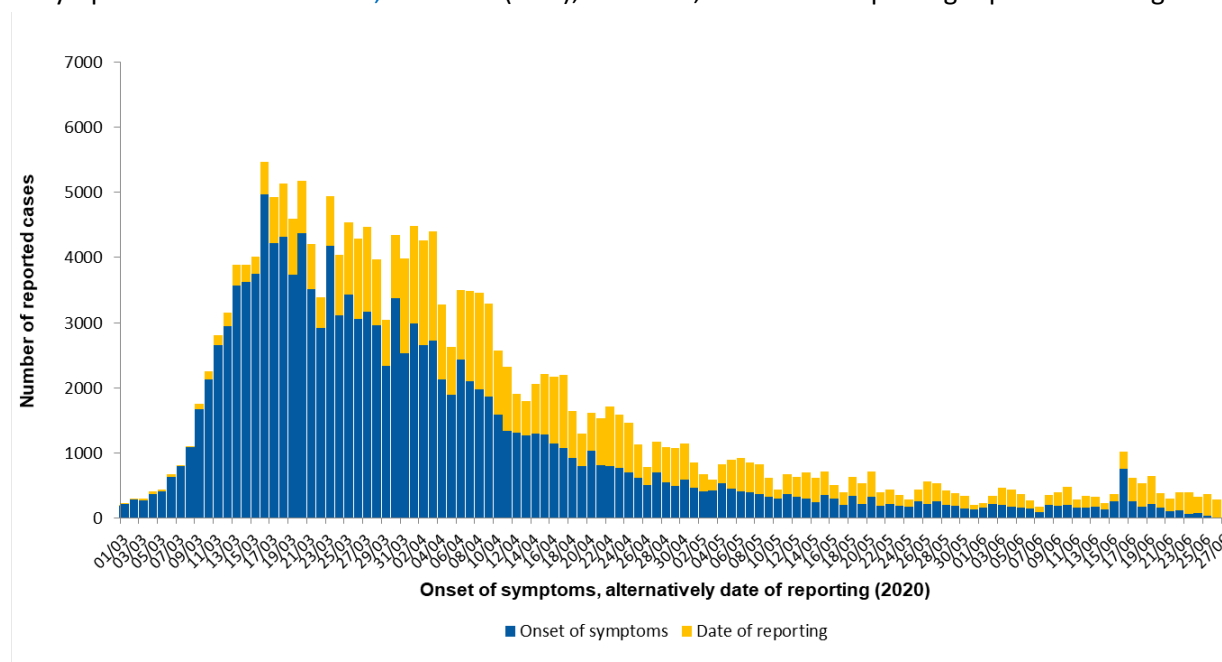


Figure 1: Number of COVID-19 cases in Germany electronically reported to the RKI by date of symptom onset or – if unknown – alternatively by date of reporting from 01/03/2020 (28/06/2020, 12:00 AM).

Clinical aspects

Approximately 177,700 people have recovered from their COVID-19 infection. Since the exact date of recovery is unknown in most cases, an algorithm was developed to estimate this number.

In total, 8,957 COVID-19-related deaths have been reported in Germany (4.6% of all confirmed cases). So far, three deaths among COVID-19 cases under 20 years of age have been reported to the RKI. Pre-existing medical conditions were reported for all three.

Table 2: Number of notified COVID-19 deaths by age group and gender electronically reported to RKI (Data available for 8,952 of notified deaths; 28/06/2020, 12:00 AM)

Gender	Age group (in years)										
	0-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	90-99	100+
Male	0	2	7	17	50	233	629	1,357	2,093	562	6
Female	1	0	3	6	22	84	224	659	1,884	1,068	45
Total	1	2	10	23	72	317	853	2,016	3,977	1,630	51

Occupation, accommodation or care in facilities

In accordance with the Protection Against Infection Act, the RKI receives information on occupation, accommodation or care in a facility relevant for infection control for reported COVID-19 cases

Since information on occupation, accommodation or care in these facilities is missing in 25% of cases, the proportion of cases working, accommodated or cared for in these facilities reported here should be considered minimum values. Among the COVID-19 cases reported from the above mentioned facilities, the proportion of cases that actually acquired their infection in these facilities is unknown.

Table 3: Notified COVID-19-cases according to possible occupation, accommodation or care in facilities relevant for transmission of infectious diseases electronically reported to RKI (192,401* cases, no data available for 48,535 cases; 28/06/2020, 12:00 AM)

Facility according to		Total	Hospitalised	Deaths	Recovered (estimate)
§ 23 IfSG (e.g. hospitals, outpatient clinics and practices, dialysis clinics or outpatient nursing services)	Cared for / accommodated in facility	3,350	2,396	621	2,600
	Occupation in facility	13,806	636	20	13,700
§ 33 IfSG (e.g. day care facilities, kindergartens, facilities for after school care, schools or other educational facilities, children's homes, holiday camps)	Cared for / accommodated in facility*	3,148	66	1	2,800
	Occupation in facility	2,716	139	8	2,600
§ 36 IfSG (e.g. facilities for the care of older, disabled, or other persons in need of care, homeless shelters, community facilities for asylum-seekers, repatriates and refugees as well as other mass accommodation and prisons)	Cared for / accommodated in facility	17,806	4,056	3,529	13,900
	Occupation in facility	9,872	422	45	9,800
§ 42 IfSG (e.g. meat processing plants or kitchens in the catering trade, in inns, restaurants, canteens, cafés, or other establishments with or for communal catering)	Occupation in facility	4,327	190	5	2,700
Neither cared for, accommodated in nor working in a facility		88,841	15,761	3,414	83,200

*for care according to § 33 IfSG only cases under 18 years of age are taken into account, as other information may be assumed to be incorrect.
IfSG: Protection Against Infection Law

Outbreaks

A high 7-day incidence with more than 50 cases per 100,000 inhabitants was observed in one district, the district of Guetersloh (North Rhine-Westphalia).

The high 7-day incidence in the district Guetersloh is due to an outbreak in a meat processing plant. Increased case numbers in neighboring districts are linked to the outbreak in Guetersloh as employees of the meat processing company are residents of these districts. More than 1,500 employees were tested positive for SARS-CoV-2. The affected plant was temporarily closed at short notice and all employees are in quarantine together with their household members. In addition, all schools and day-care centres in the district of Guetersloh were closed on 18/06/2020 until the end of the summer holidays (11/08/2020), in the neighboring district of Warendorf since 25/06/2020. On 23/06/2020, the state of North Rhine-Westphalia officially implemented the second stage of a lockdown for the districts of Guetersloh and Warendorf until 30/06/2020. Widespread testing for SARS-CoV-2 has been implemented in the affected region. Nursing facilities, hospitals, employees in the food retail sector, kiosk staff and residents of central shared accommodations are being tested in Gütersloh and Warendorf. Any resident can have a test performed free of charge.

Currently, two further outbreaks in other meat processing plants are ongoing in the district of Wesel in Northrhine-Westphalia and the district of Oldenburg in Lower Saxony. Both plants were temporarily closed.

A few COVID-19 outbreaks continue to be reported in nursing homes and hospitals [as well as refugee facilities](#).

Estimation of the reproduction number (R)

The presented case numbers do not fully reflect the temporal progression of incident COVID-19-cases, since the time intervals between actual onset of illness and diagnosis, reporting, as well as data transmission to the RKI vary greatly. Therefore, a nowcasting approach is applied to model the true temporal progression of COVID-19 cases according to illness onset. Figure 2 shows the result of this analysis.

The reproduction number, R , is defined as the mean number of people infected by one infected person. R can only be estimated based on statistical analyses such as nowcasting and not directly extracted from the notification system.

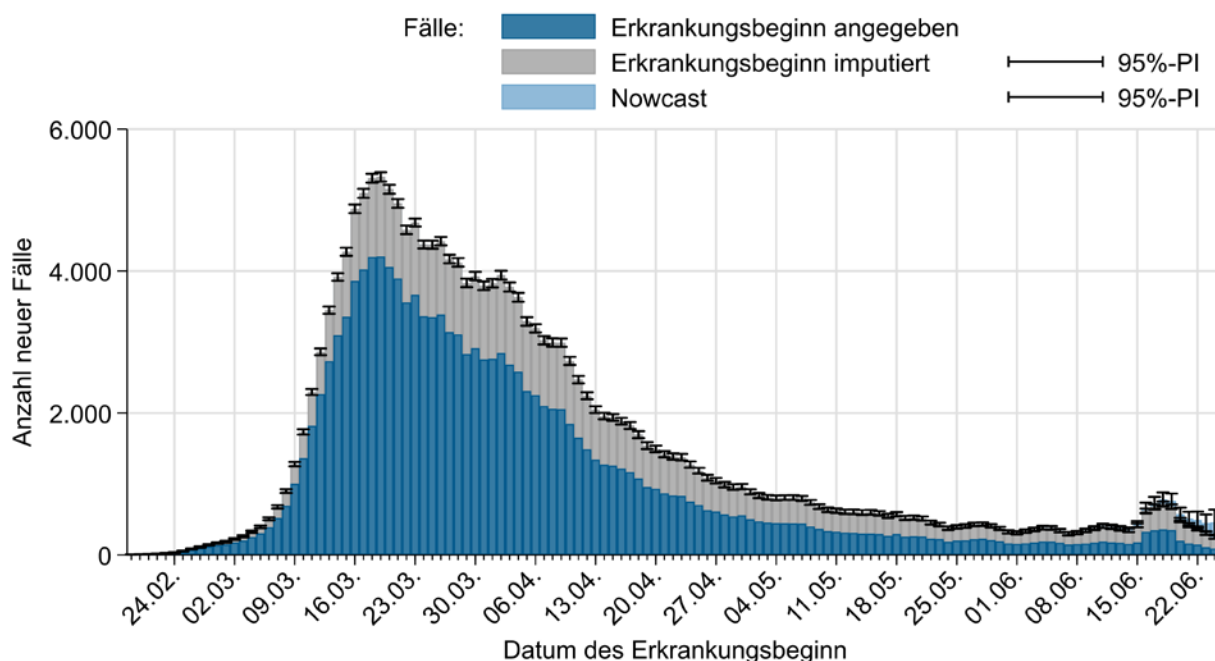


Figure 2: Number of notified COVID-19 cases with known date of illness onset (dark blue), estimated date of illness onset for cases without reported date of onset (grey) and estimated number of not yet notified cases according to illness onset electronically reported to RKI (light blue) (as of 28/06/2020, 12 AM, taking into account cases up to 24/06/2020).

The sensitive R -value reported can be estimated by using a 4-day moving average of the number of new cases estimated by nowcasting. This 4-day value reflects the infection situation about one to two weeks ago. This value reacts sensitively to short-term changes in case numbers, such as those caused by individual outbreaks. This can lead to relatively large fluctuations, especially if the total number of new cases is small. The current estimate of the 4-day R -value is **0.71** (95%-prediction interval: **0.59 – 0.84**) and is based on electronically notified cases as of 28/06/2020, 12:00 AM.

Similarly, the 7-day R -value is estimated by using a moving 7-day average of the nowcasting curve. This compensates for fluctuations more effectively, as this value represents a slightly later course of infection of about one to a little over two weeks ago. The 7-day R -value is estimated at **0.71** (95% prediction interval: **0.65 – 0.77**) and is based on electronically notified cases as of 28/06/2020, 12:00 AM.

After a temporary marked increase in the estimated reproduction numbers (R -value and 7-day R -value), they have again decreased to a value of 1 or below over the past few days. The marked increase over the preceding days was related to increased case numbers mainly due to local, outbreak-related increased COVID-19 transmission (see section “Outbreaks”, above), with the outbreak in North Rhine-Westphalia playing a particularly important role. The outbreak dynamics are also influenced in part by serial tests performed among possibly exposed persons, which led to the rapid detection of large numbers of additional COVID-19 cases in some of the outbreak settings. Since the case numbers in

Germany are at a low level overall, local outbreaks have a relatively strong influence on the value of the reproduction number. For this reason, the reproduction numbers may continue to fluctuate markedly.

Sample calculations as well as an excel sheet presenting both R-values with daily updates can be found under www.rki.de/covid-19-nowcasting. A detailed methodological explanation of the more stable 7day R-value is also available there. More general information and sample calculations for both R-values can also be found in our FAQs (<http://www.rki.de/covid-19-faq>).

A detailed description of the methodology is available at https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/Infekt/EpidBull/Archiv/2020/17/Art_02.html (Epid. Bull. 17 | 2020 from 23/04/2020)

Risk Assessment by the RKI

General assessment

At the global and the national level, the situation is very dynamic and must be taken seriously. The number of newly reported cases is currently decreasing. The RKI currently assesses the risk to the health of the German population overall as **high** and as **very high** for risk groups. This assessment may change at short notice based on new insights.

Infection risk

The risk of infection depends heavily on the regional spread, living conditions and also on individual behaviour.

Disease severity

In most cases, the disease is mild. The probability of progression towards serious disease increases with increasing age and underlying illnesses.

Burden on health system

The burden on the health care system depends on the geographical distribution of cases, health care capacity and initiation of containment measures (isolation, quarantine, physical distancing etc.). The burden is currently low in many regions, but may be high in some locations.

Measures taken by Germany

- Corona-Warn-App
https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/InfAZ/N/Neuartiges_Coronavirus/WarnApp/Warn_App.html
- Regulations for persons entering Germany in connection with the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 (15.06.2020) https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/InfAZ/N/Neuartiges_Coronavirus/Transport/BMG_Merkblatt_Reisende_Tab.html
- Information on additional regulations at the regional level regarding control measures such as physical distancing or quarantine regulations for persons entering from other countries can be accessed here: <https://www.bundesregierung.de/breg-de/themen/coronavirus/corona-bundeslaender-1745198> (in German)
- (Non-medical) face masks must be worn on public transport and in shops in all federal states.
- Data on current disease activity can be found in the daily situation reports and on the RKI dashboard:
<https://corona.rki.de/>

- A distance of 1.5 metres to other individuals must be maintained in public spaces:
<https://www.bundesregierung.de/breg-de/themen/coronavirus/besprechung-der-bundestkanzlerin-mit-den-regierungschefinnen-und-regierungschefs-der-laender-1733248> *(in German)*