Retrospective and Survey Research

Graduate Medical Education



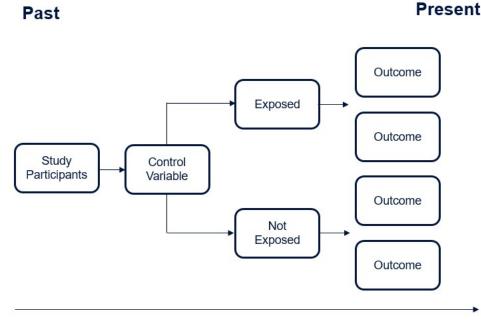
Agenda

- A. Retrospective Research
- B. Survey Research
- C. HCA Healthcare Graduate Medical Education Data Warehouse



Retrospective Research

- In a retrospective study, the outcome of interest has taken place before the start of the study
- Relatively faster and low cost
- May be limited by missing data or low counts of relevant information
- Wide variety of data sources

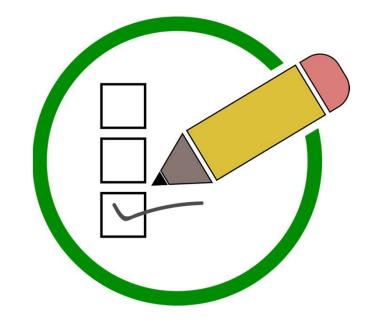


Start of Study



Survey Research

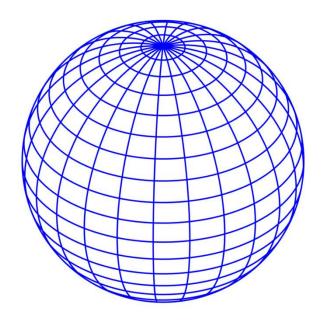
- Any measurement process that involves asking questions to respondents
- Relatively inexpensive, can be administered remotely, and produce precise data
- Inflexible, varying response rates, possible bias





HCA Healthcare GME Research Data Warehouse

- Available to all HCA Healthcare residents
- Includes data from all HCA Healthcare medical centers
- Residents and GME faculty may request HCA data with their 3-4 ID and a complete research protocol.
- All projects must be first submitted to your local GME office for approval.





Knowledge Test #1: What is a weakness of a retrospective study?

- A. Relatively time-consuming
- B. May contain missing data
- C. Rely on self-report measures



Knowledge Test #2: What is an appropriate source for retrospective data?

- A. Patient records
- B. HCA Healthcare administrative databases
- C. HCA Healthcare Data Analyst



Knowledge Test #3: Which of the following is not a form of survey?

- A. Online questionnaire
- B. Examining patient records
- C. Face-to-face interview



Knowledge Test #4: Which is not a the weakness of a survey study?

- A. Low response rates
- B. Vulnerable to self-report bias
- C. Low reliability

