Problem Set 4

NOTE: Some students have had problems compiling problem sets on Mac OS. This is due to the Apple compiler being very conservative with its choice of C++ standards. Using the C++11 standard should make this work -- use g++-std=c++11 to enable this.

Makefile

For the next two parts, create a single makefile contains a target for compiling the source files, and a target for running the resulting binaries.

Sorting w/ Lookup

The file sort_atoms.cpp contains a vector of strings, with each string containing an element symbol.

- 1. Sort this list such that all elements are in order by their element number (not in alphabetical order). Print out this sorted vector.
- 2. Find the unique elements of the vector (ie, remove duplicates), and print those out.

Calculating the Molecular Formula

The file molecule.cpp contains some pieces of the now-familiar molecule class. Your task is to write a function to calculate the molecular formula as a string from the atoms contained in the class.

The symbols should be in alphabetical order, with the appropriate element count (ie, H2O, not HHO).

Profiling C++ Code

In this repo is a file mcsim_cpp.cpp which contains code for the mcscim package from the bootcamp. Using gprof, profile this code and include the output in a file in this repo. Iinclude anything you find surprising or interesting. Put this information into the README.

Do the above for two optimization levels - -00 and -03. Is there anything interesting about one compared to the other?

Profiling Python Code

Similar to the above, but profiling the mcsim_psl.py program with python's cProfile. There are no optimization levels, so only one profiler run needs to be done. You can visualize the results using a program called snakeviz. Is there anything taking a surprising amount of time?

Class Design

Below is a block of code for a class that contains information about molecular conformers. A conformer, in this case, has the same atoms/elements with the same bonds, but a different orientation in space. It is common for

molecules to be able to adopt different conformations. For example, cyclohexane can adopt the chair, boat, and twist-boat conformations (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyclohexane_conformation).

```
class MoleculeConformers
{
    private:
        std::vector<int> atoms_; // Z number. 1 = H, 6 = C, etc
        std::vector<Bond> bonds_;
        std::vector<ConformerCoordinates> conformers_;
    public:
        // must construct with atoms and bonds, or things
        // get complicated very quickly
        MoleculeConformers(std::vector<int> atoms, std::vector<Bond> bonds)
           : atoms_(atoms), bonds_(bonds)
        { }
        void add_conformer(const ConformerCoordinates & ccoords)
            conformers_.push_back(ccoords);
        }
        void remove_conformer(int index)
        {
            conformers_.erase(conformers_.begin()+index);
        }
        ConformerCoordinates & get_conformer(int index)
          return conformers_.at(index);
        }
        const ConformerCoordinates & get_conformer(int index) const
          return conformers_.at(index);
        }
        size_t n_conformers() const { return conformers_.size(); }
};
```

Questions

Answer these questions in a README file. No need to write/compile any code for this, although you are free to do so to test some of your answers.

- 1. Should I have written a destructor for this class? Why or why not?
- 2. Should I have written a copy constructor? Why or why not?

- 3. When adding conformations with add_conformer, what kinds of checks should be performed to maintain consistency?
- 4. I mention in the code that MoleculeConformers objects should always be constructed with atoms and bonds first, otherwise things get complicated. What did I mean by that? What would a better comment say?
- 5. I have two functions named get_conformer. Is this allowed? If so, when is each used?
- 6. Both get_conformer functions return a reference. Is this a good idea? What happens if I change the data returned by these functions (for example, mc.get_conformer(2).clear()).
- 7. Can you explain what the code in remove_conformer does? What does .begin()+index mean and why am I doing that?
- 8. Is remove_conformer safe (that is, can it cause a crash)? If so, what can you do?