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Last Frolic—Then Books

A teen-aged surfer is silhouetted against the sea as he heads for one more ride on the waves at Misquamicutt beach, Westerly, R.I. Next week it's back to school for most of the nation's young men and women.—(AP)

Cambodia Slowly Yielding to Reds

Continued from Page 1

Thom, and food is so short that soldiers and townspeople slaughtered the animals in the city's zoo for meat.

The Communists have made no serious attempt to attack Phnom Penh, but the city's defenses are not particularly strong. The capital is particularly wide open to rocket and mortar attacks from across the Mekong River to the east.

Four of Cambodia's seven major highways have been closed almost continuously for three or more months. Highway 4, which links Phnom Penh with Kompong Som, the country's only remaining access to the ocean, remains open only because enemy troops have not blown one of the many lightly defended bridges running through the Elephant Mountains.

On the northern front, fighting areas populated mainly by ethnic Vietnamese have provided more or less willing recruits and transportation workers to the Communists, especially after the Cambodians slaughtered many Vietnamese living in Cambodia during the early days of the war. One source said the fishing villages had provided the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong "with about the equivalent of a new division."

The government officially denies that the Khmer Rouge, the Cambodian followers of Prince Sihanouk, pose any problem. But field commanders again tell a different story.

Communist sources say 8 per cent of the Communist force in Cambodia is now made up of Cambodians. It is assumed that many of these are in low-level jobs such as transportation, but the commander of a stronguoint just east of Phnom Penh reported after a recent attack that a major part of the attacking force was made up of Cambodians.

Reports from the Siem Reap area say the North Vietnamese there are steadily recruiting and arming Cambodian youths and that many of them are now considered reliable by Communist commanders.

American bombing in Cambodia has proved a mixed blessing. Massive attacks against Communist supply lines leading to Vietnam through Cambodia are now routine, and damage sometimes inevitably extends to civilian areas. Tactical strikes around Siem Reap are reported to have been one of the best recruiting points for the Communists, who claim that the Americans are out to conquer Cambodia and are destroying villages with their planes.

Nevertheless, experts comparing the war with the one in Vietnam say the Communists in Cambodia are fighting at little more than half speed.

"The Communists have had Kompong Thom surrounded for three months," one Western expert said. "They could have taken it, but they haven't. One of the unwholesome side effects is that the government is getting cocky when it should be getting more frightened when it looks at the situation map.

"The way they have set up the defenses of Phnom Penh shows they haven't learned the lessons of Vietnam or figured out the logical consequences of Hanoi's brand of mobile warfare. If the Communists wanted, they could put a regiment in the royal palace on the night of their choosing if they were willing to accept the casualties."

One Western diplomat commented: "That the Communists have not done more, a lot more, in Cambodia seems due either to a political decision in Hanoi or a reluctance to suffer battlefield casualties which could better be spent in Vietnam. Or maybe they just aren't ready yet."

Accused Deputy's Jury Report Read

Continued from Page 1

the pepper-fogger carrier and not leave him defenseless.

"I walked with deputy Bingham by himself. There was no other deputy around."

Most other testimony has been that the pepper-fogger wielder was accompanied by two other deputies.

Then Riche said the rocks started to shower around him.

"They were big rocks, fairly good sized. There was one rock that hit a car I was standing beside and it missed me by 12 inches or so.

"I fired a little bit above . . . up high above the level of the cars . . . just to try to clear the area.

"I didn't see anybody get hit at the time but then after I had fired I saw several people standing there so I walked over to the sidewalk.

"I looked down and there was somebody trying on the ground and somebody standing above him saying, 'He has been hit — he has been hit.'

"I figured that they weren't going to be throwing any more rocks from that area . . . that group anyway."

Chotin: You decided not to go over and assist him?

Riche: Sir, my objective was to protect that pepper-fogger.

Chotin: Without regard to human life or safety?

Riche: Sir, that was my whole reason for being there that day, human life and safety.

Chotin: Even though you shot a man on top of the roof and shot a man on Chilton Way and Parker?

Riche: Yes sir.

Riche said that several times during the day he had rejected buckshot ammunition because "I didn't want to kill anybody, sir. At that time buckshot was a pretty hot item and none of us wanted it."

Riche's testimony was that he fired birdshot— "It was all I had in my weapon."

Told Rundle was shot with 7mm shot — "That would be buckshot" — Riche said, "I am sure that was not the man I shot. That man appeared to be hit in the upper extremities.

"Rundle was shot in the leg and head."

Yesterday's chief in person witness was David Moor, 22, who was the second U.C. student shot on Parker St. that May 15.

Moor, brought from the University of Illinois where he is a graduate student in Slavic languages and literature, a slight young man with a lock of dark hair that fell over his forehead, had a detached attitude toward being shot.

Shown the pants he wore that day and asked what the stains were, he said:

"That's my blood."

He said when he was shot in the leg it felt "like being hit by a rolling pin."

He said he saw no rocks thrown nor heard any commands to clear the area before he was shot.

Like Rundle, he also is suing Alameda County. He is asking $600,000 compared to young Rundle's million.

Riche's voice will be heard in court when the defense presents its case.

The prosecution, which to date has called 17 witnesses, estimated it would conclude its case today.

Key Village Attacked by Cong Force

Continued from Page 1

region south of Phnom Penh. Saang was the scene of heavy fighting three months ago.

Cambodian spokesman said 20 Communist troops were found dead on the edge of the Cambodian positions at Saang. Two Cambodian soldiers were killed along with one civilian and a Buddhist monk.

The Cambodians called in air strikes against the Communists attacking at Tram Khnar, and several Communists were killed in the air strikes but no specific Communist casualty figure was given.

The battle in the streets of Saigon's Chinatown overshadowed the fighting on Vietnamese battlefronts.

The South Vietnamese war veterans' occupation of a U.S. built refugee center was the heaviest fighting in Saigon since the 1968 TET offensive.

It broke out yesterday when veterans demanding higher pensions from the government opened fire and wounded three U.S. military policemen, seized their jeeps and a dilapidated building. The veterans' protests have recently taken on an anti-American tone and officials said a group of veterans became angry when stopped for an identity check by U.S. MPs.

Israelis Assail U.S. Position

Continued from Page 1

sessions can continue with Egypt and Jordan.

Mrs. Meir in a speech to her Labor party said the government is insisting "that the United States press the Russians and Egyptians to uphold their obligations regarding the maintenance of the cease-fire and military standstill and the return of the status quo at the canal."

In the first Egyptian comment on U.S. support for the Israeli charges, the semiofficial Cairo newspaper Al Ahram charged the United States is "assisting on accommodating the aggressive and expansionist designs of Israel."

And now for a comment:

There is no question Israel's security is jeopardized and probably the balance of power tipped unfavorably, despite the United States effor to supply antimissile electronic equipment and weapons if no demand for withdrawal is made. The offer was rejected as "inadequate," which it probably is. However, it could help.

But also the United States is in a difficult position.

It desperately wants a resumption of the peace talks and fears that a demand for missile withdrawal would jeopardize this aim. Of course, if Israel adheres to its suspension of participation, the talks are abortive anyway.

TWO PROBES

3 Accused Of Poverty Fund Thefts

Continued from Page 1

the period Nov. 4, 1969, to Nov. 17, 1969.

In 1969, each outreach worker was earning $7,000 a year.

Jensen said he acted upon information originally furnished his office during the last week of July by Sal Espino, community action representative for the California State Office of Economic Opportunity in Sacramento.

Jensen said his office and the Oakland police department then conducted their own investigation before the charges were signed today by Sgt. Paul Richey, head of the Oakland police fraud detail.

Avington lost his $11,500 job as OEDCI personnel director on Sept. 18, 1969 in the feud between OEDCI executive director Percy Moore and the poverty council presided Superior Court Judge Lionel J. Wilson. Moore fired Avington.

Avington is a partner in the first black-owned supermarket in the Acorn urban renewal area.

The OEDCI outreach program involves the direct purchase of clothing, medical services and other needs by the poverty council for the poor.

Bail for each of the accused was set at $5,000.

Huge Russ Nuclear Buildup

By LOUIS NEVEN

LONDON (AP) — A noted British research institute today reported a massive Soviet buildup in the nuclear missile race with the United States and in Asia, in the Middle East and on the high seas.

The annual report by the British Institute for Strategic Studies, an independent organization headed by former Canadian Prime Minister Lester B. Pearson, drew the conclusion that the Soviet Union is approaching absolute nuclear parity with the United States.

Statistical tables in the report gave these comparisons:

The Soviets built 250 land-based missiles during the year of Aug. 1969 through July 1970, giving them 1,300 such missiles to America's 1,054. American multiple warhead technology has advanced rapidly, however, and the United States has increased its lead in this field.

The United States still leads the Soviet Union in the number of submarine - launched intercontinental missiles, 656 to 205. But each year the Russians are building five to 10 nuclear - powered submarines that carry 16 missiles each.

Soviet strength in Europe remains undiminished. There are "marked imbalances" in the East-West forces in Europe, with Communist superiority in a number of areas.

The Soviet Union has sent nine more divisions to the Iron along its border with Red China, increasing its strength in the region to 46 divisions. Forty - seven Chinese divisions face the Russians, but Soviet superiority in tanks, guns, aircraft and industrial potential is complete."

Massive Soviet aid in the Middle East has increased Arab strength to its highest level since the eve of the 1967 war, while Israel's stockpile of new military hardware has increased more slowly.

The number of Soviet military advisers in the Middle East has increased from 4,000 to 10,000, and there are now around 100 Soviet - piloted MIG21 jets and some 22 Soviet-manned missile sites in Egypt, with about the same number of missile sites now under construction. The Israelis have added 50 British - made tanks and 20 American Phantom jets to their armory and have built 12 coastal patrol boats.

Yanks Draw East Berlin Jail Terms

BERLIN (AP) — An East German court pronounced sentence today for two young Americans already in jail a year.

An informed source said the city district court in Potsdam, just outside East Berlin, sentenced Jack Strickland, 18, of Santa Barbara, Calif. to four years in prison. The court sentenced Lyle Jenkins, 21, of Norfolk, Va., to two years and six months, the source added.

A U.S. spokesman in West Berlin said: "I can confirm only that we are aware of the sentences given Strickland and Jenkins." The spokesman added that other details were lacking.

Cops Stop, Release Two Bomb Suspects

Compiled from AP and UPI

LITTLE FALLS, N.Y. — Police have stopped and then released last night two men later identified as suspects in the fatal bombing Aug. 24 at the University of Wisconsin. They said they were going to visit another of the wanted men.

Police said two men carrying drivers' licenses identifying them as Dwight Armstrong, 18, and David S. Fine, 18, were questioned here for about an hour because their car had a faulty muffler. They told police they were going to visit "Leo Burt in Utica."

Armstrong, Fine, Burt, 22, and Armstrong's brother, Karleton, 22, all were named in federal warrants Wednesday and are charged with sabotage, destruction of government property and conspiracy in connection with the Madison bombing. In addition, Sheriff Ralph Heart of Sauk County, Wis., said he would seek a warrant charging Karleton Armstrong with the attempted bombing of a power substation.

Police here did not recognize the names and the men identified as Armstrong and Fine were free for about four hours before it became known they were wanted. A stolen car check showed the car was registered to "a private party in Westchester County" and it was not reported stolen.

Police in Westchester County said today, however, the car had been stolen early yesterday from a parking place in suburban North White Plains, about a half mile from the Penn Central Railroad depot. Authorities said the fugitives may have taken a train from New York, then looked for a car near the station.

The owner, Gene Pontenero of White Plains, said he had parked the car in front of his place of business at 7:30 a.m. and discovered it missing at 9 a.m.

The FBI had no official comment, but unofficially agents were concerned about handling of the matter. One agent in New York said, "I don't understand — with all the information out on these people how they could be stopped, and, well . . . let's just say some heads may roll upstairs when the brass comes in this morning."

Area residents said they had ample time to cross into Canada from one of several spots. The Royal Canadian Mounted Police said yesterday it was assisting the FBI in looking for the men.

In Washington, the justice department urged Wisconsin officials to file murder charges against the four in order to alleviate any extradition problems. Reports circulated in Washington that at least two of the four, Fine and Burt, had fled to Canada by means of "underground aid."

Dane County district attorney James C. Boll said he would file murder charges "at a later date."

The blast severely damaged the Army Mathematics Research Center. Damages have been estimated as high as more than $6 million. Physics researcher Robert E. Fassnacht, 33, the father of three, was killed and four others were injured.

Donald Armstrong, father of two of the suspects, said he last heard from his son, Karleton, early Wednesday.

Armstrong said his son telephoned, apparently from New York City, and talked "as though nothing was wrong."

"I told him the family had been under investigation for a week," he said.

"I said, 'The FBI is looking for you.' He said, 'For what?' I said, 'For the University of Wisconsin bombing.' He said, 'Dad, I didn't do that.'"

"I asked him if he might turn himself in to the FBI," the father continued. "He hesitated and said, 'I don't know, dad.' Then the call broke off."

Youth Assaults Judge on Bench

Continued from Page 1

ney, and Harold Klein, senior court probation officer.

— Winther, who is of slight build, was easily subdued.

"I give up," he said.

Turner handcuffed him and led him back to the counsel table while Judge Staats recovered his eyeglasses, adjusted his robes and sat down again to finish the business of committal.

Attorney Pershon moved for a hearing on Winther's incompetency and Staats denied it.

Winther was arrested in Berkeley in April 16 clashes between police and radicals. He was bleeding from the mouth and said he had lost some teeth, and he declined to give an address.

A probation report — by deputy probation officer Gerald Giovacchini — notes Winther claimed to be a member of the Weatherman faction.

"In the pre-sentence investigation interview," Giovacchini said, "the defendant reported that the sheriff's deputies at Santa Rita have placed a transmitter in one of his teeth, which is transmitting his every thought and word to a receiver which he believes is controlled by the sheriff's office or 'some other pig facility.'"

Giovacchini added, "It was difficult to determine whether in fact the defendant was serious about these claims, but it was evident he was extremely nervous and he appeared to be suffering from some emotional problems or disorders."

Giovacchini said, "... because of the defendants behavior during the pre-sentence investigation interview and the convicted offenses, it would appear that an in-depth psychological evaluation should be obtained before the court makes a final determination for sentence in this matter. It is respectfully recommended the defendant be committed to the Department of Corrections Medical Facility at Vacaville."

Only after today's fracas did the court learn who Winther is.

His aliases are Christian Rohish Winther (used in the probation report) and Christian Rohash Nomad.

But he is really George Dale Gibbon, the sheriff's office said when it checked his records at noidday.

Winther - Nomad - Gibbon is five feet, eight inches tall and weighs 138 pounds shoeless in bell - bottomed trousers.

Judge Staats is five feet, seven inches and sturdily built, and while there is a disparity in their ages and their weights the Judge keeps in trim by taking daily walks around Lake Merritt.

The judge said after the fight:

"This is one of the hazards of being a jurist in the most troubled times.

"I think we all felt sorry for this fellow, never thinking he had the guts to mount an assault."

GEORGE DALE GIBBON
Alias Nomad

U.S. Jobless Rate Nears 6-Year High

Continued from Page 1

est rate since October of 1964. The rate last was higher, 5.2 per cent, in June of 1964, Goldstein said.

The report also said that the factory work week and overtime declined, reflecting the continuing economic slowdown.

The average pay of some 45 million rank and file workers rose a penny an hour to $3.24 and 70 cents a week to $122.15, but the nation's worst inflation in 20 years continued to widen the gap between earnings and purchasing power.

The average weekly pay check, while 4.8 per cent above a year ago, was worth one per cent less in actual purchasing power, the report said.

New Job Rate In State Drops

The number of new jobs in California fell 2.2 per cent during the past year, the California Labor Statistics Bulletin reported today.

Workers in non-agricultural fields numbered 7,014,600 — a total higher than last year's 98,700, or 0.8 per cent. The figures were computed on a July to July basis.

This drop was attributed to "a continued weakness in manufacturing" which offset employment gain in the service industries and in trade.

The aerospace industry led the slip by employing 81,000 workers less this year than last year.

Gala Nixon Dinner for Diaz

Continued from Page 1

border resort town of Puerto Vallarta.

Guests included former President Lyndon B. Johnson, Gov. Ronald Reagan of California and headliners of the U.S. sports and entertainment world.

In his speech, Diaz Ordaz said he brought "solidarity and affection from the people of Mexico," but had this message of caution:

"There is true alarm in the countries of Latin America because in the United States protectionist tendencies seem to be gaining strength.

"Should they prevail, there will be a tremendous blow to the economy of the rest of the continent."

He apologized a bit for injecting the serious note after the light - hearted toasts which went before, but said he had to make his serious prepared speech because he had already given it out to the press media.

He was warm in his appreciation of the way "the people opened their hearts" in the gaily decorated city here and he thanked the Johnsons, too, for coming all the way from Texas to have dinner with him.

Nixon has frequently noted that he and his wife, Pat, honeymooned in Mexico, and Diaz Ordaz said he hopes it's a custom that continues.

He suggested that all young men who aspire to political careers take their honeymoons in Mexico, "because perhaps it will help them in the presidency."

He added, "I'll will help us as far as tourism is concerned."

Nixon saw the Mexican chief executive to his plane after midnight, winding up a 13-hour day.

Earlier, their reunion had taken place with 3,000 sailors lining three huge fighting ships in San Diego Harbor, military honor guards at attention and a city turnout, with welcoming placards and flags, that city officials estimated at more than 100,000 persons.

Nixon took the role of master of ceremonies at the dinner, sharing the speechmaking with Johnson, Reagan and Diaz Ordaz and changing seats at the head table to let his predecessor in office have a turn talking with the Mexican president, an old Johnson friend.

Johnson gave a humorous recounting of his own retirement from office. He said he's done some ranching and some riding and "I've already had seven unfavorable reviews on a book that hasn't gone to the publisher."

The gathering included a turnout of Californians, top officials, diplomats, representatives of the entertainment world such as John Wayne, Frank Sinatra and Red Skelton, and sports figures including golfer Billy Casper and jockey Willie Shoemaker.

For two hours, Nixon shook hands at a reception, greeting every guest in the circular ballroom of the hotel that looks out over the bay.

Halfway through, Johnson arrived. Nixon stepped out of the line he shared with the Reagans, the Mexican president and his daughter and Mrs. Nixon to greet the former President and Mrs. Johnson.

Warmly, Lady Bird Johnson kissed Díaz Ordaz, Johnson embraced the Mexican leader and then the Johnsons joined the receiving line.

Throughout the dinner, featuring sea bass from Mexico, prime beef from Nebraska, wines from Germany, California and France, there was continuous entertainment supplied by 30 Mexican students of the University of Guadalajara in bright native dress.

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