Advanced Mathematics Notes

Qingyu Chen

August 28, 2022

Contents

1 Common Taylor Series

 $\mathbf{2}$

1 Common Taylor Series

$$e^x$$
 = 1 + x + $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + o(x^2)$ = $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}x^n$ (1)

$$\sin x = x - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + o(x^3) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} x^{2n+1}$$
 (2)

$$\arcsin x = x + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + o(x^3) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{4^n(n!)^2(2n+1)} x^{2n+1}$$
 (4)

$$\tan x = x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + o(x^3) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2n}(-4)^n (1-4^n)}{(2n)!} x^{2n-1}$$
 (5)

$$\arctan x = x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 + o(x^3) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} x^{2n+1}$$
 (6)

$$(1+x)^{\alpha} = 1 + \alpha x + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)}{2}x^2 + o(x^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_{\alpha}^n x^n$$
 (7)

$$\ln(1+x) = x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + o(x^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1} x^{n+1}$$
 (8)

$$\stackrel{Derivation}{\Longrightarrow} \frac{1}{1+x} = 1 - x + x^2 + o(x^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^n$$
 (9)

$$\stackrel{x \to (-x)}{\Longrightarrow} \frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + o(x^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n$$
 (10)