

Probing Weak Lensing Cosmology with Scattering Transform

Sijin Chen

Universitäts-Sternwarte München

With Stella Seitz, Zhengyangguang Gong

Scattering Transform

wavelet :

operation:

$$I' = |I \star \psi^{j,l}|$$

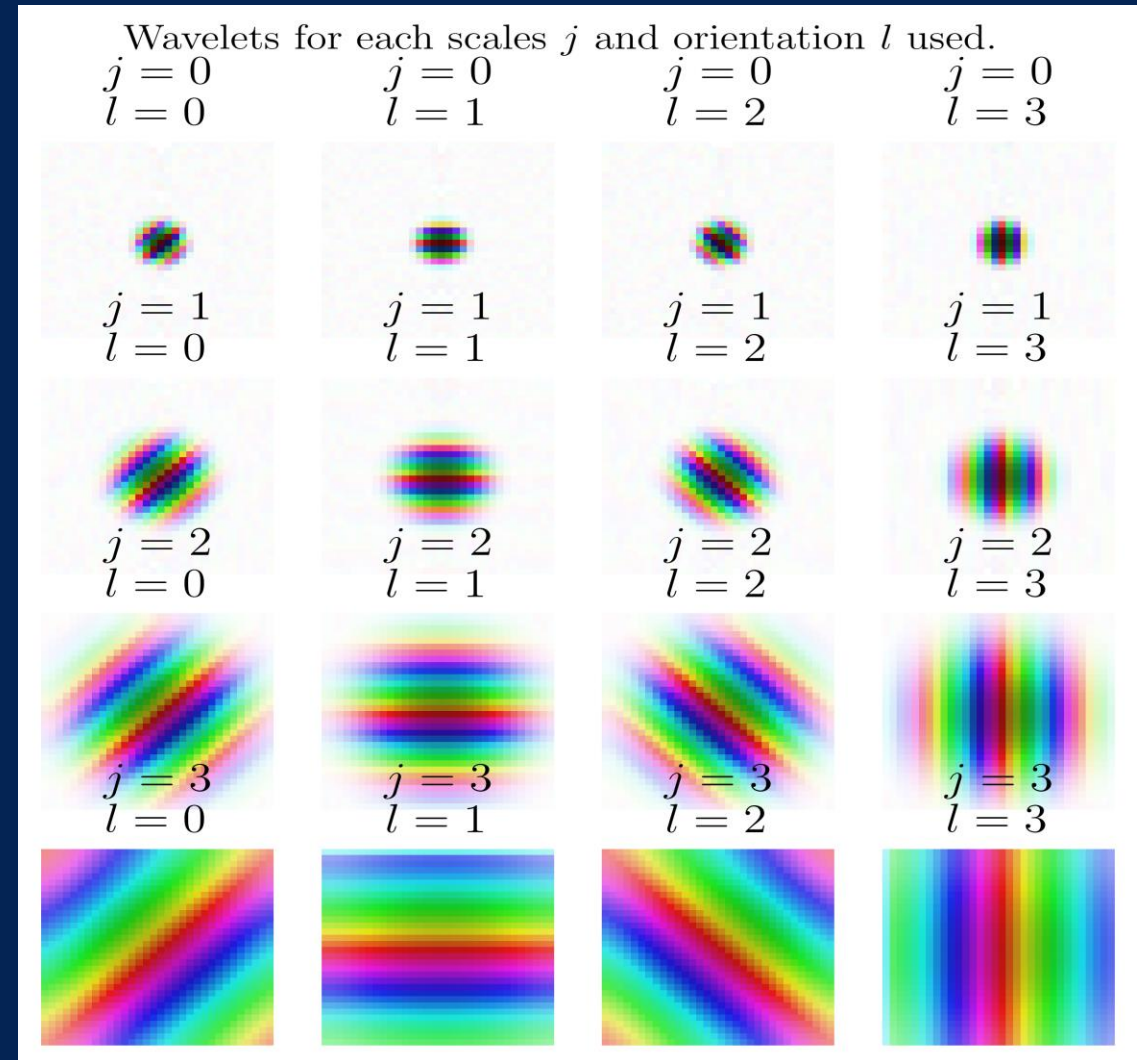
$$J = 8, j = 0, 1, \dots, 7$$
$$L = 4, l = 0, 1, 2, 3$$

Scattering transform=
wavelet convolution

+ modulus

+ mean

- j : size
(logarithmic spacing)
- l : orientation



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Scattering Transform

Input field I_0
Coefficients: $S_0 \equiv \langle I_0 \rangle$

operation:

$$I' = |I \star \psi^{j,l}|$$

Scattering transform=

wavelet convolution

+ modulus

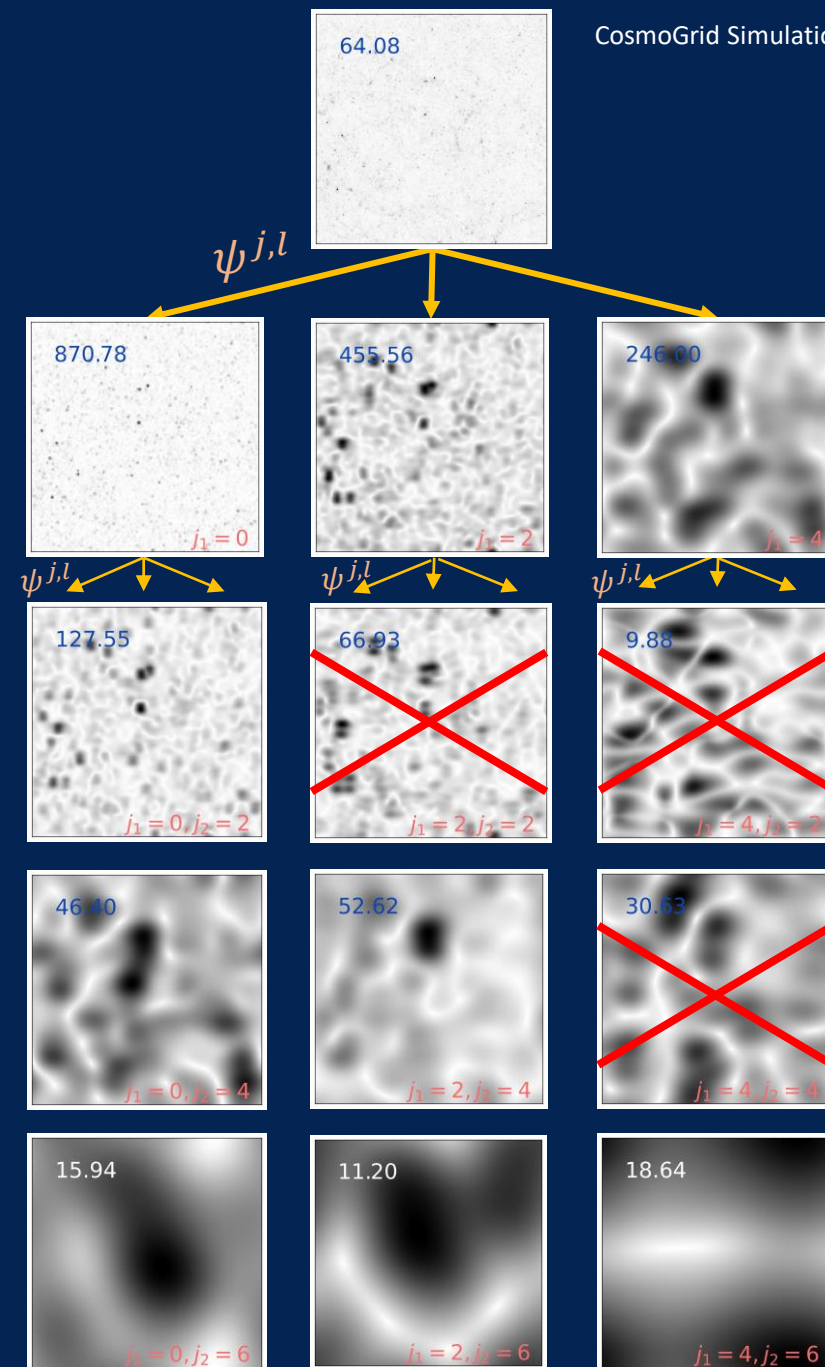
+ mean

Fields: $I_1 \equiv |I_0 \star \psi_1|$
Coefficients: $S_1 \equiv \langle I_1 \rangle$

When doing second order convolution, choose filter fields $I_2 \equiv |I_1 \star \psi_2|$ with $j_2 > j_1$, since structures of particular size, say j_2 , do not have any meaningful
(all convolved fields shown has orientation index $l_1 = 1, l_2 = 1$)

(All numbers shown are 10^6 times the real coefficients)

CosmoGrid Simulation Data

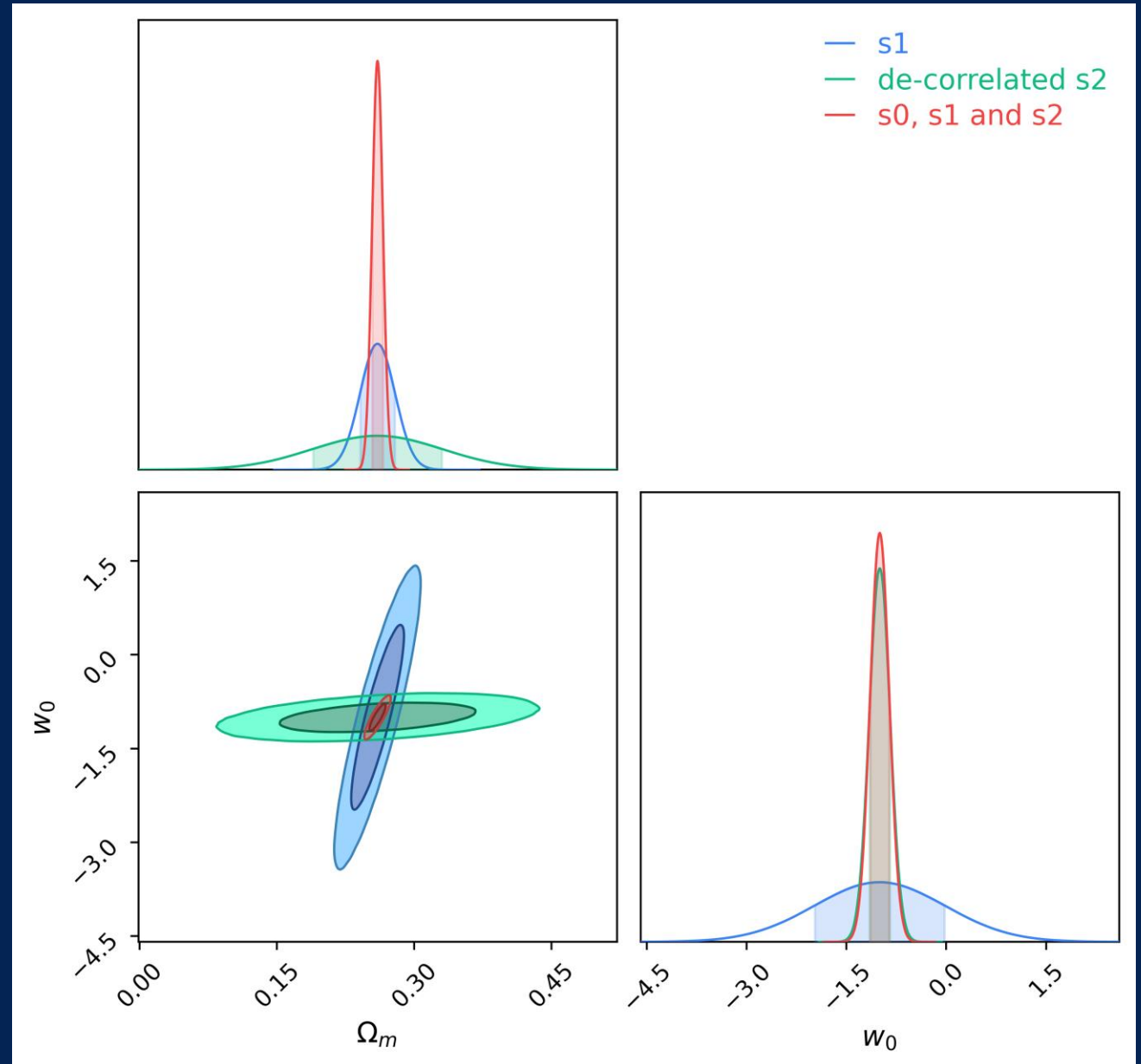


Fisher Forecast

$$s_1 \equiv \langle S_1^{j_1, l_1} \rangle_{l_1}$$

$$s_2 \equiv \langle S_2^{j_1, l_1, j_2, l_2} \rangle_{l_1, l_2}$$

De-correlated 2nd-order coefficients:
 s_2/s_1



Future Work

- Emulation
 - Emulate the scattering coefficients using 2500 cosmology from CosmoGridV1 simulation set
 - A fast emulator based on Neural Network (CosmoPower, Spurio-Mancini et al 2021)
- MCMC
 - Covariance estimated from simulations at fiducial cosmology
 - Sample the posterior with the fast emulator in multi-dimensional space
 - Obtaining cosmological parameter constraints with scattering transform