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Top 20 Python libraries for data science in 2018

- Posted by Igor Bobriakov on June 13, 2018 at 2:30am
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Python continues to take leading positions in solving data science tasks and challenges. Last year we made a blog post overviewing the Python's libraries that proved to be the most helpful at that moment. This year, we expanded our list with new libraries and gave a fresh look to the ones we already talked about, focusing on the updates that have been made during the year.

Our selection actually contains more than 20 libraries, as some of them are alternatives to each other and solve the same problem. Therefore we have grouped them as it's difficult to distinguish one particular leader at the moment.

Core Libraries & Statistics

1. NumPy (Commits: 17911, Contributors: 641)

Traditionally, we start our list with the libraries for scientific applications, and NumPy is one of the principal packages in this area. It is intended for processing large multidimensional arrays and matrices, and an extensive collection of high-level mathematical functions and implemented methods makes it possible to perform various operations with these objects.

During the year, a large number of improvements have been made to the library. In addition to bug fixes and compatibility issues, the crucial changes regard styling possibilities, namely the printing format of NumPy objects. Also, some functions can now handle files of any encoding that is available in Python.

2. SciPy (Commits: 19150, Contributors: 608)

Another core library for scientific computing is SciPy. It is based on NumPy and therefore extends its capabilities. SciPy main data structure is again a multidimensional array, implemented by Numpy. The package contains tools that help with solving linear algebra, probability theory, integral calculus and many more tasks.

SciPy faced major build improvements in the form of continuous integration into different operating systems, new functions and methods and, what is especially important - the updated optimizers. Also, many new BLAS and LAPACK functions were wrapped.

3. Pandas (Commits: 17144, Contributors: 1165)

Pandas is a Python library that provides high-level data structures and a vast variety of tools for analysis. The great feature of this package is the ability to translate rather complex operations with data into one or two commands. Pandas contain many built-in methods for grouping, filtering, and combining data, as well as the time-series functionality. All of this is followed by impressive speed indicators.

There have been a few new releases of the pandas library, including hundreds of new features, enhancements, bug fixes, and API changes. The improvements regard pandas abilities for grouping and sorting data, more suitable output for the apply method, and the support in performing custom types operations.

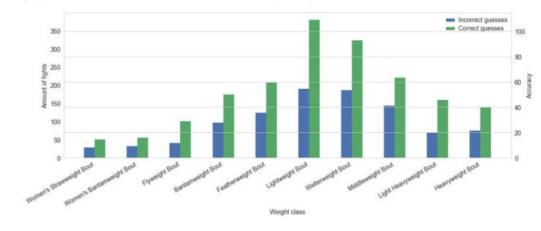
4. StatsModels (Commits: 10067, Contributors: 153)

Statsmodels is a Python module that provides many opportunities for statistical data analysis, such as statistical models estimation, performing statistical tests, etc. With

5. Matplotlib (Commits: 25747, Contributors: 725)

Matplotlib is a low-level library for creating two-dimensional diagrams and graphs. With its help, you can build diverse charts, from histograms and scatterplots to non-Cartesian coordinates graphs. Moreover, many popular plotting libraries are designed to work in conjunction with matplotlib.

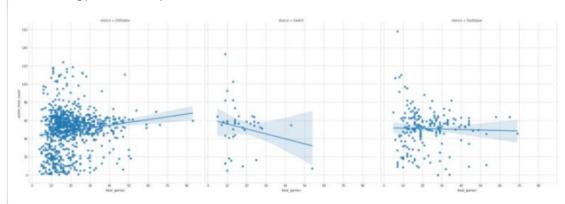
There have been style changes in colors, sizes, fonts, legends, etc. As an example of an appearance improvements are an automatic alignment of axes legends and among significant colors improvements is a new colorblind-friendly color cycle.



6. Seaborn (Commits: 2044, Contributors: 83)

Seaborn is essentially a higher-level API based on the matplotlib library. It contains more suitable default settings for processing charts. Also, there is a rich gallery of visualizations including some complex types like time series, jointplots, and violin diagrams.

The seaborn updates mostly cover bug fixes. However, there were improvements in compatibility between FacetGrid or PairGrid and enhanced interactive matplotlib backends, adding parameters and options to visualizations.



7. Plotly (Commits: 2906, Contributors: 48)

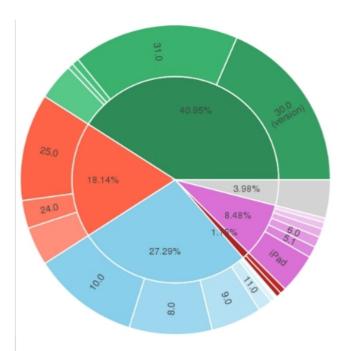
Plotly is a popular library that allows you to build sophisticated graphics easily. The package is adapted to work in interactive web applications. Among its remarkable visualizations are contour graphics, ternary plots, and 3D charts.

The continuous enhancements of the library with new graphics and features brought the support for "multiple linked views" as well as animation, and crosstalk integration.

8. Bokeh (Commits: 16983, Contributors: 294)

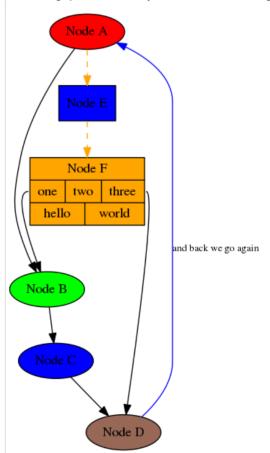
The Bokeh library creates interactive and scalable visualizations in a browser using JavaScript widgets. The library provides a versatile collection of graphs, styling possibilities, interaction abilities in the form of linking plots, adding widgets, and defining callbacks, and many more useful features.

Bokeh can boast with improved interactive abilities, like a rotation of categorical tick labels, as well as small zoom tool and customized tooltip fields enhancements.



9. Pydot (Commits: 169, Contributors: 12)

Pydot is a library for generating complex oriented and non-oriented graphs. It is an interface to Graphviz, written in pure Python. With its help, it is possible to show the structure of graphs, which are very often needed when building neural networks and decision trees based algorithms.



Machine Learning

10. Scikit-learn (Commits: 22753, Contributors: 1084)

This Python module based on NumPy and SciPy is one of the best libraries for working with data. It provides algorithms for many standard machine learning and data mining tasks such as clustering, regression, classification, dimensionality reduction, and model selection.

11. XGBoost / LightGBM / CatBoost (Commits: 3277/1083/1509, Contributors: 280/79/61)

Gradient boosting is one of the most popular machine learning algorithms, which lies in building an ensemble of successively refined elementary models, namely decision trees. Therefore, there are special libraries designed for fast and convenient implementation of this method. Namely, we think that XGBoost, LightGBM, and CatBoost deserve special attention. They are all competitors that solve a common problem and are used in almost the same way. These libraries provide highly optimized, scalable and fast implementations of gradient boosting, which makes them extremely popular among data scientists and Kaggle competitors, as many contests were won with the help of these algorithms.

12. Eli5 (Commits: 922, Contributors: 6)

Often the results of machine learning models predictions are not entirely clear, and this is the challenge that eli5 library helps to deal with. It is a package for visualization and debugging machine learning models and tracking the work of an algorithm step by step. It provides support for scikit-learn, XGBoost, LightGBM, lightning, and sklearn-crfsuite libraries and performs the different tasks for each of them.

Deep Learning

13. TensorFlow (Commits: 33339, Contributors: 1469)

TensorFlow is a popular framework for deep and machine learning, developed in Google Brain. It provides abilities to work with artificial neural networks with multiple data sets. Among the most popular TensorFlow applications are object identification, speech recognition, and more. There are also different layer-helpers on top of regular TensorFlow, such as tflearn, tf-slim, skflow, etc.

This library is quick in new releases, introducing new and new features. Among the latest are fixes in potential security vulnerability and improved TensorFlow and GPU integration, such as you can run an Estimator model on multiple GPUs on one machine.

14. PyTorch (Commits: 11306, Contributors: 635)

PyTorch is a large framework that allows you to perform tensor computations with GPU acceleration, create dynamic computational graphs and automatically calculate gradients. Above this, PyTorch offers a rich API for solving applications related to neural networks.

The library is based on Torch, which is an open source deep learning library implemented in C with a wrapper in Lua. The Python API was introduced in 2017 and from that point on, the framework is gaining popularity and attracting an increasing number of data scientists.

15. Keras (Commits: 4539, Contributors: 671)

Keras is a high-level library for working with neural networks, running on top of TensorFlow, Theano, and now as a result of the new releases, it is also possible to use CNTK and MxNet as the backends. It simplifies many specific tasks and greatly reduces the amount of monotonous code. However, it may not be suitable for some complicated things.

This library faced performance, usability, documentation, and API improvements. Some of the new features are Conv3DTranspose layer, new MobileNet application, and self-normalizing networks.

Distributed Deep Learning

16. Dist-keras / elephas / spark-deep-learning (Commits: 1125/170/67, Contributors: 5/13/11)

Deep learning problems are becoming crucial nowadays since more and more use cases require considerable effort and time. However, processing such an amount of data is much easier with the use of distributed computing systems like Apache Spark which again expands the possibilities for deep learning. Therefore, dist-keras, elephas, and spark-deep-learning are gaining popularity and developing rapidly, and it is very difficult to single out one of the libraries since they are all designed to solve a common task. These packages allow you to train neural networks based on the Keras library directly with the help of Apache Spark. Spark-deep-learning also provides tools to create a pipeline with Python neural networks.

Natural Language Processing

17. NLTK (Commits: 13041, Contributors: 236)

NLTK is a set of libraries, a whole platform for natural language processing. With the help of NLTK, you can process and analyze text in a variety of ways, tokenize and tag it, extract information, etc. NLTK is also used for prototyping and building research systems.

The enchantments to this library cover minor changes in APIs and compatibility and a new interface to CoreNLP.

18. SpaCy (Commits: 8623, Contributors: 215)

SpaCy is a natural language processing library with excellent examples, API documentation, and demo applications. The library is written in the Cython language which is C extension of Python. It supports almost 30 languages, provides easy deep learning integration and promises robustness and high accuracy. Another great feature of spaCy is an architecture designed for entire documents processing, without breaking the document into phrases.

19. Gensim (Commits: 3603, Contributors: 273)

Gensim is a Python library for robust semantic analysis, topic modeling and vector-space modeling, and is built upon Numpy and Scipy. It provides an implementation of popular NLP algorithms, such as word2vec. Although gensim has its own models.wrappers.fasttext implementation, the fasttext library can also be used for efficient learning of word representations.

Data Scraping

20. Scrapy (Commits: 6625, Contributors: 281)

Scrapy is a library used to create spiders bots that scan website pages and collect structured data. In addition, Scrapy can extract data from the API. The library happens

This is our enriched collection of Python libraries for data science in 2018. Comparing to the previous year, some new modern libraries are gaining popularity while the ones that have become classical for data scientific tasks are continuously improving.

Again, there is a table that shows detailed statistics of github activities.

Github data Python 2018										
Library Name	Туре	Commits	Contributors	Releases	Watch	Star	Fork	Commits/ Contributors	Commits/ Releases	Star/ Contributor:
matpl&tlib	Visualization	25 747	725	70	498	7 292	398	36	368	10
🛟 Bokeh	Visualization	16 983	294	58	363	7 615	2 000	58	293	26
ilil plotly	Visualization	2 906	48	8	198	3 444	850	61	363	72
Seaborn	Visualization	2 044	83	13	205	4 856	752	25	157	59
pydot	Visualization	169	12	12	17	193	80	14	14	16
lear n	Machine learning	22 753	1 084	86	2 114	28 098	14 005	21	265	26
XGBoost LightGBM CatBoost	Machine learning	3277 1083 1509	280 79 61	9 14 20	868 363 157	11 991 5 488 2 780	5 425 1 467 369	12 14 25	364 77 75	43 69 46
eli5	Machine learning	922	6	22	39	672	89	154	42	112
S SciPy	Data wrangling	19 150	608	99	301	4 447	2 318	31	193	7
NumPy	Data wrangling	17 911	641	136	390	7 215	2 766	28	132	11
pandas 🖳 💥 🍱	Data wrangling	17 144	1 165	93	858	14 294	5 788	15	184	12
State State State of Systems	Statistics	10 067	153	21	234	2 868	1 240	66	479	19
Tensor Flow	Deep learning	33 339	1 469	58	7 968	99 664	62 952	23	575	68
PYTÖRCH	Deep learning	11 306	635	16	816	15 512	3 483	18	707	24
K Keras	Deep learning	4 539	671	41	1 673	29 444	10 964	7	1111	44
dist-keras elephas spark-deep-learning	Distributed deep learning	1125 170 67	5 13 11	7 5 3	41 97 116	431 913 920	106 189 206	225 13 6	161 34 22	86 70 84
Natural Language ToolKit	NLP	13 041	236	24	467	6 405	1 804	55	543	27
spaCy	NLP	8 623	215	56	425	9 258	1 446	40	154	43
gensim	NLP	3 603	273	52	415	6 995	2 689	13	69	26
Scrapy	Data scraping	6 625	281	81	1 723	27 277	6 469	24	82	97

Even though we have extended our list this year, it still may not cover some other great and useful libraries that deserve to be looked at. So, share your favorites in the comment section below, as well as any ideas about the packages that we mentioned.

Thank you for your attention!

Originally posted here.

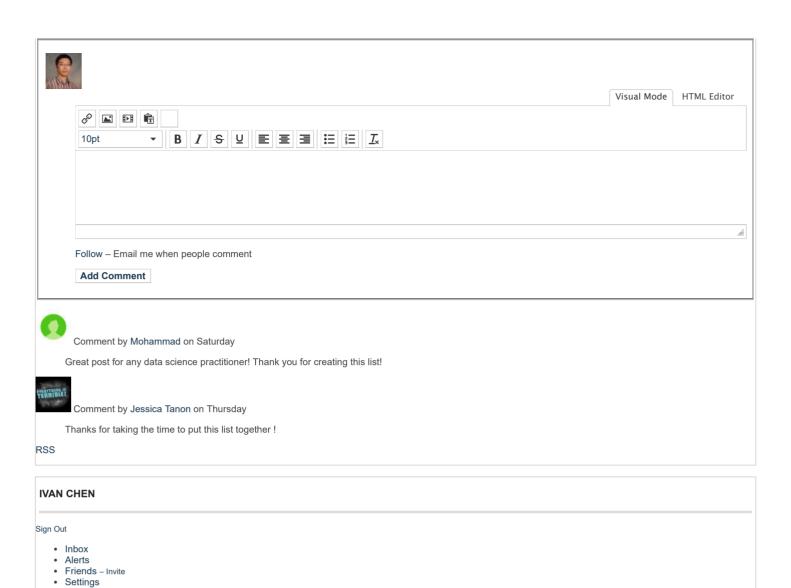
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