```
// ====== Trie 树 =======
                                                        for (int c = 0; c < Sigma_Size; ++c) {
                                                          int p = ch[0][c];
const int maxnode = 4000010;
                                                          if(p) {
const int sigma_size = 26;
                                                            fail[p] = last[p] = 0;
struct Trie {
                                                            q.push(p);
  int ch[maxnode][sigma_size];
                                                          }
  int sz, val[maxnode];
  void clear()
                                                        while(!q.empty()) {
{sz=0;memset(ch[0],0,sizeof(ch[0]));}
                                                          int head = q.front();
  //一开始只有一个根节点 0
                                                          q.pop();
  // 点的编号: 0~sz
                                                          for (int c = 0; c < Sigma_Size; ++c) {
  int idx(char c){return c-'a';}
                                                            int u = ch[head][c];
  void insert(char *s, int v) {
                                                            if(!u) continue;
    int u = 0, n = strlen(s);
                                                            q.push(u);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
                                                            int v = fail[head];
      int id = idx(s[i]);
                                                            while(v \&\& !ch[v][c]) v = fail[v];
      if(!ch[u][id]) {
                                                            fail[u] = ch[v][c];
         ++sz;
                                                            last[u] = val[fail[u]] ? fail[u] :
        memset(ch[sz],0,sizeof(ch[sz]));
                                                      last[fail[u]];
         val[sz]=0;
                                                      //这样保证了沿 last 数组经过的节点(除了 u
        ch[u][id]=sz;
                                                      与 root) 都会是单词节点(val>0)
                                                      //val[u]有可能大于 0
      u = ch[u][id];
                                                          }
                                                        }}
    val[u] += v;
                                                      inline void Founded(int x) {
  }
  int search(char *s) {
                                                              for(; x; x=last[x]) cnt[x]++;}
    int u = 0, n = strlen(s);
                                                      // last[i]=j 表 j 节点表示的单词是 i 节点单词
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
                                                      的后缀, 且 j 节点是单词节点
      int id = idx(s[i]);
                                                      // 递归打印与结点 i 后缀相同的前缀节点编
      if(ch[u][id]==0)
        return 0;
                                                      // 进入此函数前需保证 val[x]>0
      u = ch[u][id];
                                                      // cnt[] 记录某个点代表的单词 在文章中出
                                                      现的次数
    return val[u];
                                                      inline void Find(char* text) {
  }
                                                        int j = 0, len = strlen(text);
}:
                                                        memset(cnt, 0, sizeof(cnt));
Trie trie;
                                                        for (int i=0; i<len; ++i) {
                                                          int c = text[i] - 'a';
// ======= AC 自动机 =======
                                                          while(j && !ch[j][c]) j = fail[j];
inline void insert(char* word, int value) {
                                                          j = ch[j][c];
  int len = strlen(word), j = 0;
                                                          if(val[i]) Founded(i);
  for (int i=0; i<len; ++i) {
                                                          else if(last[j]) Founded(last[j]);
    int c = word[i] - 'a';
                                                        }
    if(!ch[i][c]) ch[i][c] = ++size;
                                                      }
    i = ch[i][c];
                                                      // main(): insert(P, 1); GetFail(); Find(T);
  }
  val[j]+=value;
                                                      // ======<u> KMP 匹配======</u>
                                                      char P[maxn]; // Pattern 短串
inline void GetFail() {
                                                      char T[maxn]; // Text 长串
  queue<int> q;
  fail[0] = 0;
                                                      int f[maxn];
```

```
void getFail(char* P,int* f) {
                                                              for(int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--)
//字符串 p 自我匹配
                                                                    sa[--cnt[rk1[i]]]=i;
                                                              for(int len=1; len<=n; len<<=1) {
  int m = strlen(P);
                                                                int p=0;
  f[0] = f[1] = 0;
                                                                for(int i = n-len; i < n; i++) rk2[p++]=i;
  for(int i = 1; i < m; i++) {
                                                                for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    int j = f[i];
                                                                   if( sa[i]>=len )
    while(j && P[i]!=P[j])
                                                                     rk2[p++]=sa[i]-len;
       j = f[j];
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cnt[i]=0;
    f[i+1] = P[i] == P[j] ? j+1 : 0;
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  }
                                                                ++cnt[rk1[rk2[i]]];
}
                                                                for(int i = 1; i < n; i++)
void Find(char* T, char* P, int* f) {
                                                                    cnt[i] += cnt[i-1];
//p 去匹配字符串 T
                                                                for(int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--)
  int n = strlen(T), m = strlen(P);
                                                                    sa[--cnt[rk1[rk2[i]]]]=rk2[i];
  getFail(P, f); //得出部分匹配表
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  int j = 0;
                                                                    swap(rk1[i], rk2[i]);
  //j:短串的下标 i: 长串下标
                                                                int tot rk = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                rk1[sa[0]] = 0;
    while (j && P[j] != T[i])
                                                                for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
       j = f[j];
                                                                rk1[sa[i]] =
    if (P[j] == T[i]) j++;
                                                                    cmpSA(rk2,sa[i],sa[i-1],len,n)
    if(j == m)
                                                                    ? tot_rk-1 : tot_rk++;
       printf("%d ", i-m+1);
                                                                if (tot_rk >= n) break;
  }
                                                              }
  puts("");
                                                           void getHeight(const string& str, int n) {
int main() {
                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) rk[sa[i]] = i;
  // c++ getline(cin, P)
                                                              ht[0] = 0;
  // c gets(P)
                                                              for (int i = 0, k = 0; i < n; i++) {
  while (gets(P))
                                                                if (rk[i] == 0) continue;
  {gets(T); Find(T, P, f);}
                                                                int j = sa[rk[i] - 1];
}
                                                                if (k) k--;
                                                                while (str[i + k] == str[j + k]) k++;
// ======== 后缀数组 =======
                                                                ht[rk[i]] = k;
const int CHARSET_SIZE = 257;
                                                              }
string s, s2;
                                                           }
int sa[maxn], rk[maxn], ht[maxn];
                                                           int main() {
int cnt[maxn], rk1[maxn], rk2[maxn];
                                                              getline(cin, s);
bool cmpSA(int *y,int a,int b,int k, int n) {
                                                              getline(cin, s2);
  int a1=y[a];
                                                              s = s + '$' + s2;
  int b1=y[b];
                                                              int N = s.size();
  int a2=a+k >= n ? -1: y[a+k];
                                                              buildSA(s, N, CHARSET_SIZE);
  int b2=b+k >= n ? -1: y[b+k];
                                                              getHeight(s, N);
  return a1==b1 && a2==b2;
                                                           }
void buildSA(const string& str,int n,int m){
// or "const char* s"
  for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) cnt[i] = 0;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    ++cnt[rk1[i]=(int)str[i]];
  for(int i = 1; i < m; i++) cnt[i] += cnt[i-1];
```