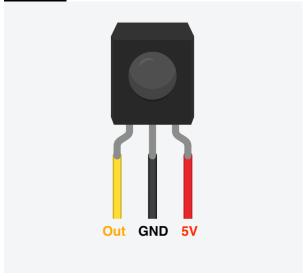
How to use TL 1838 Infrared Receiver

1. Install Library

Download Ken Shirriff's IR remote library found on github: https://github.com/z3t0/Arduino-lRremote/releases/download/MAJOR/IRremote.zip

Add libraries through Sketch -> Include Library -> Add .ZIP Library

2. Wiring



Out → Any digital pin. Example code uses pin 11.

3. Decode signal from IR remote

If this code doesn't work, you can also download **HERE**.

```
// Include the IRremote library header
#include <IRremote.h>
int recvPin = 11;
IRrecv irrecv(recvPin);
void setup ( )
 Serial.begin(9600); // Status message will be sent to PC at 9600 baud
 irrecv.enableIRIn(); // Start the receiver
void ircode (decode_results *results)
 // Panasonic has an Address
 if (results->decode_type == PANASONIC) {
   Serial.print(results->address, HEX);
   Serial.print(":");
 // Print Code
 Serial.print(results->value, HEX);
void encoding (decode_results *results)
  switch (results->decode_type) {
   default:
    case UNKNOWN:
                      Serial.print("UNKNOWN");
                                                      break;
```

```
case NEC:
                       Serial.print("NEC");
                                                      break;
                       Serial.print("SONY");
    case SONY:
                                                      break ;
                       Serial.print("RC5");
    case RC5:
                                                       break;
    case RC6:
                       Serial.print("RC6");
                                                      break :
                       Serial.print("DISH");
    case DISH:
                                                      break;
                       Serial.print("SHARP");
    case SHARP:
                                                      break :
    case JVC:
                       Serial.print("JVC");
                                                       break :
   case SANYO:
                       Serial.print("SANYO");
                                                      break;
                       Serial.print("MITSUBISHI");
   case MITSUBISHI:
                                                      break :
                       Serial.print("SAMSUNG");
   case SAMSUNG:
                                                      break;
   case LG:
                       Serial.print("LG");
                                                       break;
                       Serial.print("WHYNTER");
    case WHYNTER:
                                                      break;
    case AIWA RC T501: Serial.print("AIWA_RC_T501");
                                                      break ;
   case PANASONIC:
                       Serial.print("PANASONIC");
                                                      break ;
                       Serial.print("Denon");
    case DENON:
                                                      break ;
void dumpInfo (decode_results *results)
 // Check if the buffer overflowed
 if (results->overflow) {
   Serial.println("IR code too long. Edit IRremoteInt.h and increase RAWBUF");
    return;
 Serial.print("Encoding : ");
 encoding(results);
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.print("Code
                          : ");
 ircode(results);
 Serial.print(" (");
 Serial.print(results->bits, DEC);
 Serial.println(" bits)");
// Dump out the decode results structure.
void dumpRaw (decode results *results)
```

```
// Print Raw data
  Serial.print("Timing[");
  Serial.print(results->rawlen - 1, DEC);
  Serial.println("]: ");
  for (int i = 1; i < results->rawlen; i++) {
   unsigned long x = results->rawbuf[i] * USECPERTICK;
   if (!(i & 1)) { // even
      Serial.print("-");
     if (x < 1000) Serial.print(" ");</pre>
     if (x < 100) Serial.print(" ");</pre>
     Serial.print(x, DEC);
    } else { // odd
      Serial.print("
     Serial.print("+");
     if (x < 1000) Serial.print(" ");</pre>
     if (x < 100) Serial.print(" ");</pre>
     Serial.print(x, DEC);
     if (i < results->rawlen - 1) Serial.print(", "); //',' not needed for last
   if (!(i % 8)) Serial.println("");
                                       // Newline
 Serial.println("");
// Dump out the decode results structure.
void dumpCode (decode_results *results)
{
 // Start declaration
 Serial.print("unsigned int ");  // variable type
 Serial.print("rawData[");
 Serial.print(results->rawlen - 1, DEC); // array size
 Serial.print("] = {");
                                          // Start declaration
 for (int i = 1; i < results->rawlen; i++) {
   Serial.print(results->rawbuf[i] * USECPERTICK, DEC);
   if ( i < results->rawlen - 1 ) Serial.print(","); // ',' not needed on last one
   if (!(i & 1)) Serial.print(" ");
 // End declaration
 Serial.print("};"); //
```

```
Serial.print(" // ");
  encoding(results);
 Serial.print(" ");
  ircode(results);
 Serial.println("");
 if (results->decode_type != UNKNOWN) {
   // Some protocols have an address
   if (results->decode_type == PANASONIC) {
     Serial.print("unsigned int addr = 0x");
      Serial.print(results->address, HEX);
     Serial.println(";");
   // All protocols have data
   Serial.print("unsigned int data = 0x");
   Serial.print(results->value, HEX);
   Serial.println(";");
void loop ( )
 decode_results results;
 if (irrecv.decode(&results)) {    // Grab an IR code
   dumpInfo(&results);
   dumpRaw(&results);
   dumpCode(&results);
   Serial.println("");
   irrecv.resume();
 }
```