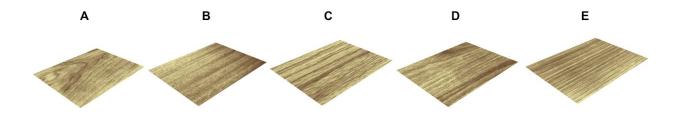
## Week 05 Homework Chengcheng Qiu

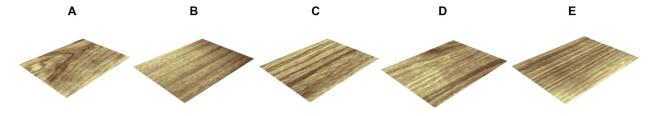
**Question** - Given five images of wood, the goal is to find which two of the images depict the same type of wood.

**Solution** - From the pictures, we may identify wood by its grain, which is characterized by (1) the texture and (2) orientation of tree ring patterns.

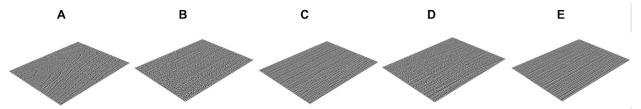


## 1. Texture: rough/smooth:

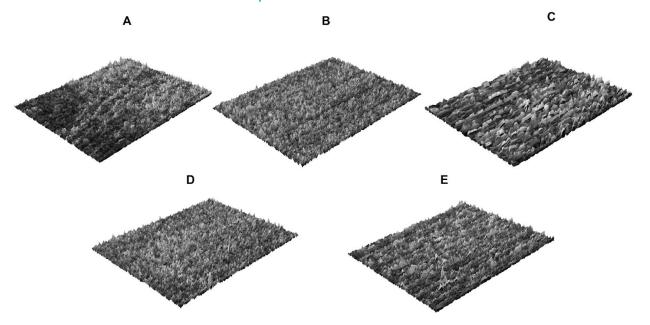
- Calculate Index for Elevation Deviation
  - Calculate Mean for original layer for **10 iterations**  $\rightarrow$  Focal statistics
    - Purpose: Smoothen the surface



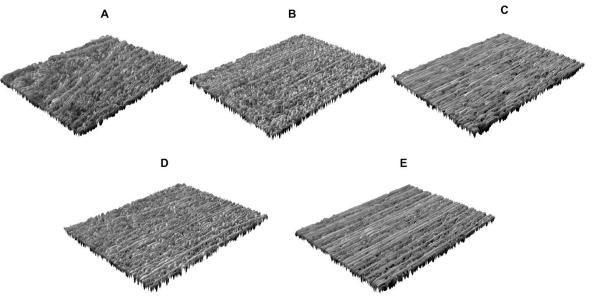
- Calculate the difference between elevations in Original layer and the smoothened layer → Raster calculator
  - Purpose: Derive a map of deviations for each pixel from the general trend of spreading



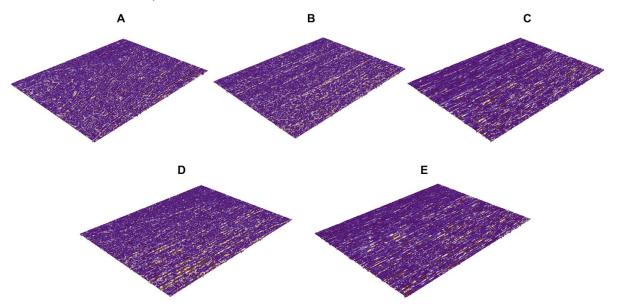
- Calculate the range of elevation deviations within 3x3 neighborhood  $\rightarrow$  Focal Statistics
  - Purpose: Calculate the range of variety in elevation deviation within each pixel's immediate vicinity



- Calculate the majority number of the range of elevation deviation  $\rightarrow$  1. Raster calculator Int(developed layer), 2. Zonal statistics calculate the majority value
  - Purpose: find the majority value in order to quantify the difference between each wood sample image
- Result: A: 4, B: 7, C: 4, D:7, E: 7
- Calculate Index for Slope Deviation
  - Calculate Slope of smoothened layer → Spatial Analyst Tools > Surface > Slope
  - Calculate the majority number of slope  $\rightarrow$  1. Raster calculator Int(developed layer), 2. Zonal statistics calculate the majority value



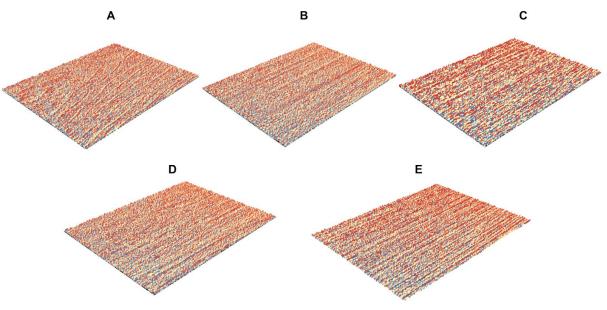
- Result: A: 58, B:72, C: 79, D: 70, E:78
- Calculate the slope of slope
  - Purpose: Make a map that represent low-to-high slope values with low-to-high positions



- Result: A: 87, B: 87, C: 88, D:87, E:88

## 2. Orientation of tree ring patterns:

- Calculate Index for Degree of Aspect
  - Calculate Aspect → Spatial Analyst Tools > Surface > Aspect
  - Calculate the majority number of aspect  $\rightarrow$  1. Raster calculator Int(developed layer), 2. Zonal statistics calculate the majority value
  - A: 353, B: 183, C:180, D:180, E:180



## Combining the indices, B and D are assumed to be from the same tree species.

	А	В	С	D	E
Index for Range of Elevation Deviation	4	7	4	7	7
Index for Slope Deviation	58	72	79	70	78
Index for Slope x Slope Deviation	87	87	88	87	88
Index for Aspect	353	183	180	180	180