This is the symbol for the set of all real numbers:  $\mathbb{R}$ 

This is the symbol for the set of all integers:  $\mathbb{Z}$ 

This is the symbol for the set of all rational numbers:  $\mathbb{Q}$ 

$$a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{100}$$
$$y = \sin x$$
$$y = \csc \theta$$
$$y = \cos^{-1} x$$

Log functions:

 $\log x$ 

Fractions:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

About  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the glass is full

About  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the glass is full

Calculus:

$$\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=1}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx$$

$$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$$

$$displaystyle \int_{a}^{b} x^{2} dx = \left[\frac{x^{3}}{3}\right]_{a}^{b}$$

Align:

$$5x^2 - 9 = x + 3 \tag{1}$$

$$5x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0 (2)$$

$$5x^2 - 9 = x + 3$$
$$5x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0$$

$$5x^2 - 9 = x + 3 \tag{3}$$

$$5x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0 (4)$$

Sum:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

Vector:

$$\vec{v} = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$$