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                                                                                             set number relativenumber ai t_Co=256 tabstop=4
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                                                                                             set mouse=a shiftwidth=4 encoding=utf8
   Basic
                                                  set bs=2 ruler laststatus=2 cmdheight=2
   Vimrc . .
                                                                                             set clipboard=unnamedplus showcmd autoread
                                                                                             set belloff=all
   Point Segment Distance .
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                                                  inoremap ( ()<Esc>i
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                                                                                       1810
                                                                                             inoremap <F9> <Esc>:w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR>
       7.24 Triangulation Vonoroi . .
                                                                                             nnoremap <F9> :w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR>
                                                  7.25 External Bisector . . .
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                                                  colorscheme desert
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                                                                                             set filetype=cpp
       Heavy-Light Decomposition 7
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10
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10
                                                                                             hi Normal ctermfg=white ctermbg=black
                                                  2.2 Runcpp.sh
                                                       Extend GCD . . . . . . .
                                                                                             #! /bin/bash
                                                      Mu + Phi . . . . . . . . . . . Other Formulas . . . . . .
   5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir . . . . 11
                                                                                             clear
                                                  8.7
                                                                                       20
   echo "Start compiling $1..."
                                                  8.8 Polynomial . . . . . . . . 20 ^{3}
                                                                                             echo
                                              9 Linear Algebra
                                                                                             g++ -02 -std=c++20 -Wall -Wextra -Wshadow $2/$1 -o $2/
                                                  9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Elimina-
                                                                                                    out
                                                       tion . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                                                             if [ "$?" -ne 0 ]
   String
                                                  9.2 Determinant . . . . . . .
                                                                                       22
   then
                                              10 Combinatorics
                                                                                       22 8
                                                                                                    exit 1
                                                  10.1 Catalan Number . . . . .
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       echo
                                                                                             echo "Done compiling"
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                                                                                             echo "=======
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                                                                                             echo
                                                                                             echo "Input file:"
                                                                                             echo
                                                                                             cat $2/in.txt
       Reminder
                                                                                             echo
                                                                                             echo "==========
                                                                                             echo
1.1
          Bug List
                                                                                             declare startTime=`date +%s%N`
                                                                                             $2/out < $2/in.txt > $2/out.txt

    沒開 long long

                                                                                             declare endTime=`date +%s%N`
   • 陣列戳出界/開不夠大/ 開太大本地 compile 噴怪 error?
                                                                                             delta=`expr $endTime - $startTime`

    傳之前先確定選對檔案

                                                                                             delta=`expr $delta / 1000000
    • 寫好的函式忘記呼叫
                                                                                             cat $2/out.txt
                                                                                             echo

    變數打錯

                                                                                             echo "time: $delta ms"

    0-base / 1-base

    • 忘記初始化
                                                                                             2.3 PBDS
   • == 打成 =
                                                                                             #include <bits/extc++.h>
   • <= 打成 <+
                                                                                             using namespace __gnu_pbds;

    dp[i] 從 dp[i-1] 轉移時忘記特判 i > 0

    • std::sort 比較運算子寫成 < 或是讓 = 的情況為 true
    • 漏 case / 分 case 要好好想
                                                                                             tree<int, int, less<>, rb_tree_tag,
                                                                                                    tree_order_statistics_node_update> tr;
    • 線段樹改值懶標初始值不能設為 0
                                                                                             tr.order_of_key(element);
    DFS 的時候不小心覆寫到全域變數
                                                                                             tr.find_by_order(rank);

    浮點數誤差

    多筆測資不能沒讀完直接 return
                                                                                             tree<int, null_type, less<>, rb_tree_tag,
   • 記得刪 cerr
                                                                                                    tree_order_statistics_node_update> tr;
                                                                                             tr.order_of_key(element);
tr.find_by_order(rank);
1.2 OwO
    • 可以構造複雜點的測資幫助思考
                                                                                          13
                                                                                             // hash table
    • 真的卡太久請跳題
                                                                                          14
                                                                                             gp_hash_table<int, int> ht;

    Enjoy The Contest!

                                                                                             ht.find(element);
```

```
ht.insert({key, value});
  ht.erase(element);
                                                                          seg[x] = val, x /= 2;
18
19
                                                               13
                                                                          while (x)
                                                                              seg[x] = min(seg[2 * x], seg[2 * x + 1]), x
  // priority queue
20
                                                               14
  __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<int, less<int>> big_q;
             // Big First
  __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<int, greater<int>> small_q;
                                                               16
        // Small First
                                                                      int query(int 1, int r) {
23 q1.join(q2); // join
                                                                          1 += n, r += n;
                                                                          int ret = inf;
                                                               19
                                                                          while (1 < r) {
  2.4 Random
                                                               20
                                                                              if (1 & 1)
                                                                                   ret = min(ret, seg[1++]);
mt19937 gen(chrono::steady_clock::now().
                                                               22
       time_since_epoch().count());
                                                               23
                                                                               if (r & 1)
                                                                                   ret = min(ret, seg[--r]);
  uniform_int_distribution<int> dis(1, 100);
                                                                              1 /= 2, r /= 2;
  cout << dis(gen) << endl;</pre>
                                                               25
4 shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), gen);
                                                               27
                                                                          return ret;
                                                                      }
                                                               28
       Data Structure
                                                               29 } bm;
  3.1 BIT
                                                                 3.4 Treap
  struct BIT {
                                                               nt19937 rng(random_device{}());
       int n;
                                                                 struct Treap {
       long long bit[N];
                                                                      Treap *1, *r;
                                                                      int val, num, pri;
       void init(int x, vector<long long> &a) {
                                                                      Treap(int k) {
                                                                          1 = r = NULL;
           for (int i = 1, j; i <= n; i++) {
   bit[i] += a[i - 1], j = i + (i & -i);</pre>
                                                                          val = k;
                                                                          num = 1;
               if (j <= n) bit[j] += bit[i];</pre>
                                                                          pri = rng();
           }
      }
                                                               11
                                                                 };
                                                                 int siz(Treap *now) { return now ? now->num : 0; }
13
      void update(int x, long long dif) {
                                                                 void pull(Treap *&now) {
                                                               13
           while (x \le n) bit[x] += dif, x += x & -x;
                                                                      now \rightarrow num = siz(now \rightarrow 1) + siz(now \rightarrow r) + 1;
16
                                                                 Treap *merge(Treap *a, Treap *b) {
                                                               16
      long long query(int 1, int r) {
                                                                      if (!a || !b)
           if (1 != 1) return query(1, r) - query(1, 1 -
                                                                          return a ? a : b;
               1);
                                                                      else if (a->pri > b->pri) {
                                                                          a->r = merge(a->r, b);
           long long ret = 0;
                                                                          pull(a);
           while (1 \leftarrow r) ret += bit[r], r -= r & -r;
                                                                          return a;
22
           return ret;
                                                               23
                                                                      } else {
23
                                                                          b->1 = merge(a, b->1);
                                                               24
  } bm;
                                                               25
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               26
                                                                          return b;
  3.2 DSU
                                                               27
                                                               28
  struct DSU {
                                                                 void split_size(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int
      int h[N], s[N];
                                                                      val) {
                                                                      if (!rt) {
       void init(int n) { iota(h, h + n + 1, 0), fill(s, s_{31}
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
            + n + 1, 1); }
                                                                          return;
       int fh(int x) { return (h[x] == x ? x : h[x] = fh(h_{34})
                                                                      if (siz(rt->l) + 1 > val) {
           [x])); }
                                                                          b = rt;
                                                                          split_size(rt->l, a, b->l, val);
       bool mer(int x, int y) {
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               37
           x = fh(x), y = fh(y);
                                                               38
                                                                      } else {
           if (x == y) return 0;
                                                               39
           if (s[x] < s[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                          split_size(rt->r, a->r, b, val - siz(a->l) - 1)
                                                               40
           s[x] += s[y], s[y] = 0;
13
           h[y] = x;
                                                                          pull(a);
                                                               41
           return 1;
14
                                                               42
15
                                                               43
16 } bm;
                                                                 void split_val(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int val
                                                               44
                                                                      ) {
                                                                      if (!rt) {
  3.3 Segment Tree
                                                               45
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
                                                               46
  struct segtree {
                                                               47
                                                                          return;
       int n, seg[1 << 19];</pre>
                                                               48
                                                                      if (rt->val <= val) {</pre>
                                                               49
       void init(int x) {
                                                                          a = rt;
           n = 1 << (_1g(x) + 1);
for (int i = 1; i < 2 * n; i++)
                                                                          split_val(rt->r, a->r, b, val);
                                                               51
                                                                          pull(a);
               seg[i] = inf;
                                                               53
                                                                      } else {
                                                                          b = rt:
       }
                                                               54
                                                               55
                                                                          split_val(rt->1, a, b->1, val);
       void update(int x, int val) {
                                                                          pull(b);
```

```
25 #undef m
      }
  }
58
  void treap_dfs(Treap *now) {
                                                                  3.7 Sparse Table
59
      if (!now) return;
60
      treap_dfs(now->1);
                                                                1 const int lgmx = 19;
61
       cout << now->val << " ";</pre>
       treap_dfs(now->r);
63
                                                                  int n, q;
64 }
                                                                  int spt[lgmx][maxn];
                                                                  void build() {
  3.5 Persistent Treap
                                                                      FOR(k, 1, lgmx, 1) {
  struct node {
   node *1, *r;
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) - 1 < n; i++) {
                                                                               spt[k][i] = min(spt[k - 1][i], spt[k - 1][i
       char c;
                                                                                     + (1 << (k - 1))]);
       int v, sz;
       node(char x = '\$') : c(x), v(mt()), sz(1) {
                                                                      }
           1 = r = nullptr;
                                                               13
       node(node* p) { *this = *p; }
                                                                  int query(int 1, int r) {
      void pull() {
                                                               15
                                                                      int ln = len(l, r);
                                                                      int lg = __lg(ln);
          sz = 1:
           for (auto i : {1, r})
                                                               17
                                                                      return min(spt[lg][l], spt[lg][r - (1 << lg) + 1]);</pre>
               if (i) sz += i->sz;
  } arr[maxn], *ptr = arr;
                                                                  3.8 Time Segment Tree
  inline int size(node* p) { return p ? p->sz : 0; }
15
  node* merge(node* a, node* b) {
                                                                | constexpr int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
      if (!a || !b) return a ?: b;
                                                                 V<P<int>> arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
17
                                                                 V<int> dsu, sz;
       if (a->v < b->v) {
18
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(a);
                                                                  V<tuple<int, int, int>> his;
20
           ret->r = merge(ret->r, b), ret->pull();
                                                                  int cnt, q;
                                                                  int find(int x) {
           return ret;
      } else {
                                                                      return x == dsu[x] ? x : find(dsu[x]);
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(b);
23
                                                                 };
           ret->l = merge(a, ret->l), ret->pull();
                                                                 inline bool merge(int x, int y) {
25
           return ret;
                                                                      int a = find(x), b = find(y);
                                                                      if (a == b) return false;
26
      }
  }
                                                                      if (sz[a] > sz[b]) swap(a, b);
  P<node*> split(node* p, int k) {
                                                                      his.emplace_back(a, b, sz[b]), dsu[a] = b, sz[b] +=
                                                               13
      if (!p) return {nullptr, nullptr};
                                                                           sz[a];
       if (k >= size(p->1) + 1) {
                                                                      return true;
           auto [a, b] = split(p->r, k - size(p->l) - 1); 15
31
                                                                 };
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
32
                                                                  inline void undo() {
33
           ret->r = a, ret->pull();
                                                                      auto [a, b, s] = his.back();
           return {ret, b};
                                                                      his.pop_back();
34
                                                               18
       } else {
                                                               19
                                                                      dsu[a] = a, sz[b] = s;
           auto [a, b] = split(p->1, k);
                                                               20
                                                                  #define m ((1 + r) >> 1)
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
                                                               21
           ret->l = b, ret->pull();
                                                                  void insert(int ql, int qr, P<int> x, int i = 1, int l
                                                                      = 0, int r = q) {
           return {a, ret};
39
                                                                      // debug(ql, qr, x); return; if (qr <= l || r <= ql) return;
40
       }
41 }
                                                               24
                                                                      if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) {
                                                               25
  3.6 Li Chao Tree
                                                               26
                                                                           arr[i].push_back(x);
                                                               27
                                                                           return;
| constexpr int maxn = 5e4 + 5;
                                                               28
  struct line {
                                                                      if (qr <= m)
      ld a, b;
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
      ld operator()(ld x) { return a * x + b; }
                                                                      else if (m <= ql)</pre>
  } arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
                                                                          insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1 | 1, m, r);
  bool operator<(line a, line b) { return a.a < b.a; }</pre>
                                                                      else {
  #define m ((1 + r) >> 1)
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
  void insert(line x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn)35
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i \langle\langle 1 | 1, m, r \rangle\rangle;
       if (r - l == 1) {
           if (x(1) \rightarrow arr[i](1))
                                                                  void traversal(V<int>& ans, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r
10
                                                               38
11
               arr[i] = x;
                                                                       = q) {
                                                                      int opcnt = 0;
           return;
                                                                      // debug(i, l, r);
                                                                      for (auto [a, b] : arr[i])
       line a = max(arr[i], x), b = min(arr[i], x);
15
       if(a(m) > b(m))
                                                               42
                                                                          if (merge(a, b))
           arr[i] = a, insert(b, i << 1, 1, m);
                                                               43
                                                                              opcnt++, cnt--;
                                                                      if (r - 1 == 1)
           arr[i] = b, insert(a, i << 1 | 1, m, r);
                                                               45
                                                                          ans[1] = cnt;
18
19
                                                                      else {
  id query(int x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn) {
    if (x < l || r <= x) return -numeric_limits<ld>::
                                                                          traversal(ans, i << 1, l, m);
traversal(ans, i << 1 | 1, m, r);</pre>
                                                               48
           max();
       if (r - 1 == 1) return arr[i](x);
                                                                      while (opcnt--)
       return max(\{arr[i](x), query(x, i << 1, 1, m),
                                                                          undo(), cnt++;
23
                                                               51
           query(x, i << 1 | 1, m, r)});
                                                                      arr[i].clear();
24 }
                                                               53 }
```

```
#undef m
  inline void solve() {
55
                                                               36
      int n, m;
56
                                                               37
57
       cin >> n >> m >> q, q++;
       dsu.resize(cnt = n), sz.assign(n, 1);
58
59
       iota(dsu.begin(), dsu.end(), 0);
       // a, b, time, operation
60
       unordered_map<ll, V<int>> s;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int a, b;
63
                                                               42
           cin >> a >> b;
                                                               43
           if (a > b) swap(a, b);
65
           s[((11)a << 32) | b].emplace_back(0);
                                                               45
66
                                                               46
68
       for (int i = 1; i < q; i++) {
           int op, a, b;
69
                                                               48
           cin >> op >> a >> b;
           if (a > b) swap(a, b);
           switch (op) {
               case 1:
                   s[((11)a << 32) | b].push_back(i);
                                                               53
                    break;
               case 2:
                    auto tmp = s[((11)a << 32) | b].back();56</pre>
                    s[((11)a << 32) | b].pop_back();
                    insert(tmp, i, P<int>{a, b});
           }
80
                                                               59
                                                               60
       for (auto [p, v] : s) {
82
           int a = p >> 32, b = p \& -1;
           while (v.size()) {
               insert(v.back(), q, P<int>{a, b});
85
               v.pop_back();
           }
87
88
       V<int> ans(q);
89
       traversal(ans);
90
91
       for (auto i : ans)
92
           cout << i <<
       cout << endl;</pre>
93
```

Flow / Matching

4.1 Dinic

94 }

```
struct Dinic {
       int n, s, t, level[N], iter[N];
       struct edge {
           int to, cap, rev;
       vector<edge> path[N];
       void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
          n = _n, s = _s, t = _t;
FOR(i, 0, n + 1)
           path[i].clear();
11
       void add(int a, int b, int c) {
           now.to = b, now.cap = c, now.rev = sz(path[b]);28
           path[a].pb(now);
16
           now.to = a, now.cap = 0, now.rev = sz(path[a])
               - 1;
           path[b].pb(now);
18
      }
       void bfs() {
19
           memset(level, -1, sizeof(level));
           level[s] = 0;
21
           queue<int> q;
23
           q.push(s);
           while (q.size()) {
               int now = q.front();
               q.pop();
26
               for (edge e : path[now]) {
                    if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == -1) {
                        level[e.to] = level[now] + 1;
29
30
                        q.push(e.to);
31
                    }
               }
32
33
           }
       }
```

```
int dfs(int now, int flow) {
          if (now == t) return flow;
          for (int &i = iter[now]; i < sz(path[now]); i</pre>
               ++) {
               edge &e = path[now][i];
               if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == level[now]
                   + 1) {
                   int res = dfs(e.to, min(flow, e.cap));
                   if (res > 0) {
                       e.cap -= res;
                       path[e.to][e.rev].cap += res;
                       return res;
                   }
              }
          }
          return 0;
      int dinic() {
          int res = 0;
          while (true) {
              bfs();
              if (level[t] == -1) break;
               memset(iter, 0, sizeof(iter));
              int now = 0;
              while ((now = dfs(s, INF)) > 0) res += now;
          return res;
      }
61 };
```

4.2 MCMF

10

11

13

14

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17

18 19

20

23

32

33

35

37

38

40

43

46

47

```
1 struct MCMF {
      int n, s, t, par[N + 5], p_i[N + 5], dis[N + 5],
          vis[N + 5];
      struct edge {
          int to, cap, rev, cost;
      vector<edge> path[N];
      void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
          n = _n, s = _s, t = _t;
FOR(i, 0, 2 * n + 5)
          par[i] = p_i[i] = vis[i] = 0;
      void add(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
   path[a].pb({b, c, sz(path[b]), d});
          path[b].pb({a, 0, sz(path[a]) - 1, -d});
      void spfa() {
          FOR(i, 0, n * 2 + 5)
          dis[i] = INF,
          vis[i] = 0;
          dis[s] = 0;
          queue<int> q;
          q.push(s);
          while (!q.empty()) {
              int now = q.front();
               q.pop();
               vis[now] = 0;
               for (int i = 0; i < sz(path[now]); i++) {</pre>
                   edge e = path[now][i];
                   if (e.cap > 0 && dis[e.to] > dis[now] +
                         e.cost) {
                        dis[e.to] = dis[now] + e.cost;
                        par[e.to] = now;
                        p_i[e.to] = i;
                        if (vis[e.to] == 0) {
                            vis[e.to] = 1;
                            q.push(e.to);
                        }
                   }
              }
          }
      pii flow() {
          int flow = 0, cost = 0;
          while (true) {
               spfa();
               if (dis[t] == INF)
                   break;
               int mn = INF;
```

for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i])

```
mn = min(mn, path[par[i]][p_i[i]].cap);68
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           lx[x] = max(lx[x], g[x][y]);
                flow += mn;
50
                cost += dis[t] * mn;
                                                                           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
51
                for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i]) {
    edge &now = path[par[i]][p_i[i]];
52
                                                                71
                                                                           bfs(x);
                                                                           int ans = 0;
53
                    now.cap -= mn;
                                                                73
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                    path[i][now.rev].cap += mn;
                                                                           ans += g[my[y]][y];
                                                                74
56
                }
                                                                75
                                                                           return ans;
                                                                       }
           return mp(flow, cost);
                                                                77 };
58
59
                                                                  4.4 Hopcroft-Karp
60 };
  4.3 KM
                                                                  struct HopcroftKarp {
                                                                       // id: X = [1, nx], Y = [nx+1, nx+ny]
  struct KM {
                                                                       int n, nx, ny, m, MXCNT;
       int n, mx[1005], my[1005], pa[1005];
                                                                       vector<vector<int> > g;
       int g[1005][1005], lx[1005], ly[1005], sy[1005];
                                                                       vector<int> mx, my, dis, vis;
       bool vx[1005], vy[1005];
                                                                       void init(int nnx, int nny, int mm) {
       void init(int _n) {
                                                                           nx = nnx, ny = nny, m = mm;
                                                                           n = nx + ny + 1;
           n = _n;
           FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           g.clear();
           fill(g[i], g[i] + 1 + n, 0);
                                                                           g.resize(n);
       void add(int a, int b, int c) { g[a][b] = c; }
                                                                       void add(int x, int y) {
       void augment(int y) {
                                                                           g[x].emplace_back(y);
                                                                13
11
           for (int x, z; y; y = z)
                                                                           g[y].emplace_back(x);
               x = pa[y], z = mx[x], my[y] = x, mx[x] = y;15
13
                                                                       bool dfs(int x) {
14
                                                                16
       void bfs(int st) {
15
                                                                17
                                                                           vis[x] = true;
                                                                           Each(y, g[x]) {
16
           FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
                                                                18
           sy[i] = INF,
17
                                                                19
                                                                               int px = my[y];
           vx[i] = vy[i] = 0;
                                                                20
                                                                                if (px == -1 ||
           queue<int> q;
                                                                                    (dis[px] == dis[x] + 1 &&
19
                                                                21
20
           q.push(st);
                                                                                     !vis[px] && dfs(px))) {
2
           for (;;) {
                                                                23
                                                                                    mx[x] = y;
                                                                                    my[y] = x;
                while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                24
                    int x = q.front();
                                                                                    return true;
                    q.pop();
                                                                               }
                                                                26
24
                    vx[x] = 1;
                                                                27
                                                                           }
25
                    FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           return false;
                    if (!vy[y]) {
27
                                                                29
                        int t = 1x[x] + 1y[y] - g[x][y];
                                                                30
                                                                       void get() {
                         if (t == 0) {
                                                                           mx.clear();
                                                                           mx.resize(n, -1);
                             pa[y] = x;
30
                                                                32
                             if (!my[y]) {
                                                                33
                                                                           my.clear();
                                 augment(y);
                                                                34
                                                                           my.resize(n, -1);
32
                                 return;
33
                                                                35
                                                                           while (true) {
35
                             vy[y] = 1, q.push(my[y]);
                                                                37
                                                                               queue<int> q;
36
                        } else if (sy[y] > t)
                                                                38
                                                                                dis.clear();
                             pa[y] = x, sy[y] = t;
                                                                39
                                                                                dis.resize(n, -1);
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++) {
                    }
                                                                40
38
                                                                41
                                                                                    if (mx[x] == -1) {
                                                                                        dis[x] = 0;
                int cut = INF;
                                                                42
                FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                                        q.push(x);
                                                                43
                if (!vy[y] && cut > sy[y]) cut = sy[y];
43
                FOR(j, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                45
                    if (vx[j]) lx[j] -= cut;
                                                                46
                                                                               while (!q.empty()) {
                    if (vy[j])
                                                                                    int x = q.front();
                         ly[j] += cut;
                                                                                    q.pop();
                                                                48
46
47
                    else
                                                                49
                                                                                    Each(y, g[x]) {
                                                                                        if (my[y] != -1 \&\& dis[my[y]] ==
                        sy[j] -= cut;
                                                                50
49
                                                                                             -1) {
                FOR(y, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                                             dis[my[y]] = dis[x] + 1;
                    if (!vy[y] \&\& sy[y] == 0) {
                                                                                             q.push(my[y]);
                                                                52
                         if (!my[y]) {
                                                                53
                                                                                        }
                             augment(y);
                                                                                    }
                                                                               }
                             return:
                                                                55
55
                                                                56
                                                                               bool brk = true;
                         vy[y] = 1;
                                                                57
                                                                               vis.clear();
                         q.push(my[y]);
57
                                                                58
58
                    }
                                                                59
                                                                               vis.resize(n, 0);
               }
                                                                60
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)
59
                                                                                    if (mx[x] == -1 \&\& dfs(x))
           }
60
                                                                61
                                                                                        brk = false;
       int solve() {
                                                                63
62
           fill(mx, mx + n + 1, 0);
                                                                               if (brk) break;
63
                                                                64
           fill(my, my + n + 1, 0);
                                                                65
64
           fill(ly, ly + n + 1, 0);
fill(lx, lx + n + 1, 0);
                                                                           MXCNT = 0;
                                                                66
65
                                                                67
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)
66
                                                                               if (mx[x] != -1) MXCNT++;
67
           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
                                                                68
```

```
if (g[u][x].w > 0 && st[u] != x && S[st[u]]
70 } hk;
                                                                                    update_slack(u, x);
                                                                24
        Blossom
  4.5
                                                                25
                                                                       void q_push(int x) {
                                                                26
  const int N=5e2+10;
                                                                27
                                                                           if (x <= n)
  struct Graph{
                                                                28
                                                                                q.push(x);
       int to[N],bro[N],head[N],e;
                                                                29
                                                                           else
       int lnk[N], vis[N], stp,n;
                                                                                for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[x].size(); i++)</pre>
       void init(int _n){
                                                                                    q push(flo[x][i]);
           stp=0;e=1;n=_n;
                                                                31
           FOR(i,0,n+1)head[i]=lnk[i]=vis[i]=0;
                                                                       void set_st(int x, int b) {
                                                                32
                                                                           st[x] = b;
                                                                33
       void add(int u,int v){
                                                                34
                                                                           if (x > n)
           to[e]=v,bro[e]=head[u],head[u]=e++;
                                                                                for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[x].size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                35
           to[e]=u,bro[e]=head[v],head[v]=e++;
                                                                                    set_st(flo[x][i], b);
11
13
       bool dfs(int x){
                                                                37
                                                                       int get_pr(int b, int xr) {
                                                                           int pr = find(flo[b].begin(), flo[b].end(), xr)
           vis[x]=stp;
14
                                                                38
           for(int i=head[x];i;i=bro[i])
                                                                                 - flo[b].begin();
15
                                                                           if (pr % 2 == 1) {
16
                                                                39
                                                                                reverse(flo[b].begin() + 1, flo[b].end());
                int v=to[i];
                                                                40
                if(!lnk[v])
                                                                41
                                                                                return (int)flo[b].size() - pr;
18
                {
                                                                42
                    lnk[x]=v;lnk[v]=x;
                                                                           return pr;
                                                                43
                    return true;
                                                                44
21
                                                                       void set_match(int u, int v) {
                                                                45
                else if(vis[lnk[v]]<stp)</pre>
                                                                           match[u] = g[u][v].v;
                                                                47
                                                                           if (u <= n) return;</pre>
                    int w=lnk[v];
                                                                48
                                                                           edge e = g[u][v];
                                                                           int xr = flo_from[u][e.u], pr = get_pr(u, xr);
                    lnk[x]=v, lnk[v]=x, lnk[w]=0;
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < pr; ++i) set_match(flo[u][i
    ], flo[u][i ^ 1]);</pre>
                    if(dfs(w))return true:
                                                                50
                    lnk[w]=v, lnk[v]=w, lnk[x]=0;
                                                                           set_match(xr, v);
                }
30
                                                                           rotate(flo[u].begin(), flo[u].begin() + pr, flo
           return false;
31
                                                                                [u].end());
32
                                                                53
33
       int solve(){
                                                                54
                                                                       void augment(int u, int v) {
           int ans=0;
                                                                55
                                                                           for (;;) {
34
                                                                                int xnv = st[match[u]];
           FOR(i,1,n+1){
35
                                                                56
                if(!lnk[i]){
                                                                57
                                                                                set_match(u, v);
                    stp++;
                                                                58
                                                                                if (!xnv) return;
37
                    ans+=dfs(i);
                                                                                set_match(xnv, st[pa[xnv]]);
38
                                                                59
                                                                60
                                                                                u = st[pa[xnv]], v = xnv;
                }
           }
                                                                           }
                                                                61
40
           return ans;
                                                                62
                                                                       int get_lca(int u, int v) {
                                                                63
42
                                                                           static int t = 0;
       void print_matching(){
43
                                                                64
                                                                           for (++t; u || v; swap(u, v)) {
           FOR(i,1,n+1)
                                                                65
                                                                                if (u == 0) continue;
45
                if(i<graph.lnk[i])</pre>
                                                                66
                                                                                if (vis[u] == t) return u;
                    cout<<i<<" "<<graph.lnk[i]<<endl;</pre>
46
                                                                68
                                                                                vis[u] = t;
       }
                                                                                u = st[match[u]];
48 };
                                                                69
                                                                70
                                                                                if (u) u = st[pa[u]];
  4.6 Weighted Blossom
                                                                71
                                                                           return 0:
  struct WeightGraph { // 1-based
                                                                73
       static const int inf = INT_MAX;
                                                                74
                                                                       void add_blossom(int u, int lca, int v) {
       static const int maxn = 514;
                                                                           int b = n + 1;
                                                                75
       struct edge {
                                                                           while (b <= n_x && st[b]) ++b;
           int u, v, w;
edge() {}
                                                                           if (b > n_x) ++n_x;
lab[b] = 0, S[b] = 0;
                                                                           match[b] = match[lca];
           edge(int u, int v, int w) : u(u), v(v), w(w) {}79
                                                                           flo[b].clear();
       };
       int n, n_x;
                                                                           flo[b].push_back(lca);
                                                                81
       edge g[maxn * 2][maxn * 2];
                                                                           for (int x = u, y; x != lca; x = st[pa[y]])
       int lab[maxn * 2];
                                                                                flo[b].push_back(x), flo[b].push_back(y =
                                                                           st[match[x]]), q_push(y);
reverse(flo[b].begin() + 1, flo[b].end());
       int match[maxn * 2], slack[maxn * 2], st[maxn * 2],
            pa[maxn * 2];
       int flo_from[maxn * 2][maxn + 1], S[maxn * 2], vis[85
                                                                           for (int x = v, y; x != lca; x = st[pa[y]])
                                                                                flo[b].push_back(x), flo[b].push_back(y =
           maxn * 2];
       vector<int> flo[maxn * 2];
                                                                                    st[match[x]]), q_push(y);
                                                                           set_st(b, b);
       queue<int> q;
       int e_delta(const edge &e) { return lab[e.u] + lab[88
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x) g[b][x].w = g[x]
16
           e.v] - g[e.u][e.v].w * 2; }
                                                                                ][b].w = 0;
       void update_slack(int u, int x) {
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= n; ++x) flo_from[b][x] =
                                                                                0;
           if (!slack[x] \mid | e_delta(g[u][x]) < e_delta(g[u][x])
18
                                                                           for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[b].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                slack[x]][x])) slack[x] = u;
                                                                                int xs = flo[b][i];
19
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
   if (g[b][x].w == 0 || e_delta(g[xs][x])</pre>
       void set_slack(int x) {
20
                                                                92
```

93

< e_delta(g[b][x]))

slack[x] = 0;

for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)

96

97

98

gc

101

102

103

105

106

108

109

115

118

124

126

128

130

131

132

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

1.41

143

145

146

151

154

158

```
g[b][x] = g[xs][x], g[x][b] = g[x][165]
                                                                           if (S[st[u]] == 0) {
                     xs];
                                                                               if (lab[u] <= d) return 0;</pre>
        for (int x = 1; x <= n; ++x)
                                                                               lab[u] -= d;
             if (flo_from[xs][x]) flo_from[b][x] =
                                                                           } else if (S[st[u]] == 1)
                                                      168
                                                                               lab[u] += d;
                                                      169
    set_slack(b);
                                                                      for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
                                                                           if (st[b] == b) {
void expand_blossom(int b) {
                                                                               if (S[st[b]] == 0)
    for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[b].size(); ++i)
    set_st(flo[b][i], flo[b][i]);</pre>
                                                                                   lab[b] += d * 2;
                                                      174
                                                                               else if (S[st[b]] == 1)
                                                      175
                                                                                   lab[b] -= d * 2;
    int xr = flo_from[b][g[b][pa[b]].u], pr =
                                                      176
        get_pr(b, xr);
                                                      177
    for (int i = 0; i < pr; i += 2) {
                                                      178
                                                                      q = queue<int>();
        int xs = flo[b][i], xns = flo[b][i + 1];
                                                                      for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
                                                      179
                                                                           if (st[x] == x && slack[x] && st[slack[
        pa[xs] = g[xns][xs].u;
                                                      180
        S[xs] = 1, S[xns] = 0;
                                                                               x]] != x && e_delta(g[slack[x]][x])
        slack[xs] = 0, set_slack(xns);
                                                                               if (on_found_edge(g[slack[x]][x]))
        q_push(xns);
                                                      181
                                                                                   return true;
                                                                      for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
    S[xr] = 1, pa[xr] = pa[b];
                                                      182
                                                                           if (st[b] == b && S[b] == 1 && lab[b]
    for (size_t i = pr + 1; i < flo[b].size(); ++i)83
                                                                               == 0) expand_blossom(b);
        int xs = flo[b][i];
        S[xs] = -1, set_slack(xs);
                                                                  return false;
    }
                                                      186
    st[b] = 0;
                                                              pair<long long, int> solve() {
                                                      187
                                                                  memset(match + 1, 0, sizeof(int) * n);
                                                      188
bool on_found_edge(const edge &e) {
                                                      189
                                                                  n x = n;
    int u = st[e.u], v = st[e.v];
                                                                  int n_matches = 0;
                                                      190
    if (S[v] == -1) {
                                                                  long long tot_weight = 0;
                                                      191
                                                                  for (int u = 0; u \leftarrow n; ++u) st[u] = u, flo[u].
        pa[v] = e.u, S[v] = 1;
                                                      192
        int nu = st[match[v]];
                                                                       clear();
        slack[v] = slack[nu] = 0;
                                                                  int w_max = 0;
        S[nu] = 0, q_push(nu);
                                                      194
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)</pre>
    } else if (S[v] == 0) {
                                                                      for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v) {</pre>
                                                      195
                                                                           flo_from[u][v] = (u == v ? u : 0);
        int lca = get_lca(u, v);
                                                      196
        if (!lca)
                                                                           w_{max} = max(w_{max}, g[u][v].w);
                                                      197
            return augment(u, v), augment(v, u),
                                                      198
                 true;
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u) lab[u] = w_max;</pre>
                                                      199
                                                                  while (matching()) ++n_matches;
             add_blossom(u, lca, v);
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)
                                                      201
                                                                      if (match[u] && match[u] < u)</pre>
    }
                                                      202
    return false;
                                                                           tot_weight += g[u][match[u]].w;
                                                                  return make_pair(tot_weight, n_matches);
                                                      204
bool matching() {
                                                      205
    memset(S + 1, -1, sizeof(int) * n_x);
                                                              void add_edge(int ui, int vi, int wi) { g[ui][vi].w
    memset(slack + 1, 0, sizeof(int) * n_x);
                                                                   = g[vi][ui].w = wi; }
    q = queue<int>();
                                                              void init(int _n) {
    for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
                                                                  n = _n;
                                                      208
        if (st[x] == x \&\& !match[x]) pa[x] = 0, S[x_{00}]
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)</pre>
            ] = 0, q_push(x);
                                                                      for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v)
    if (q.empty()) return false;
                                                                           g[u][v] = edge(u, v, 0);
                                                      211
    for (;;) {
        while (q.size()) {
            int u = q.front();
            q.pop();
                                                         4.7
                                                               Cover / Independent Set
             if (S[st[u]] == 1) continue;
            for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v)
                                                        1 \mid V(E) Cover: choose some V(E) to cover all E(V)
                 if (g[u][v].w > 0 && st[u] != st[v
                                                         V(E) Independ: set of V(E) not adj to each other
                     1) {
                     if (e_delta(g[u][v]) == 0) {
                                                         M = Max Matching
                          if (on_found_edge(g[u][v])) 5
                                                         Cv = Min V Cover
                               return true;
                                                         Ce = Min E Cover
                     } else
                                                         Iv = Max V Ind
                         update_slack(u, st[v]);
                                                         Ie = Max E Ind (equiv to M)
                 }
                                                       10 M = Cv (Konig Theorem)
        int d = inf;
                                                         Iv = V \setminus Cv
        for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
                                                         Ce = V - M
             if (st[b] == b \&\& S[b] == 1) d = min(d,_{13})
                  lab[b] / 2);
                                                         Construct Cv:
        for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)

    Run Dinic

             if (st[x] == x && slack[x]) {
                                                         2. Find s-t min cut
                 if (S[x] == -1)
                                                         3. Cv = \{X \text{ in } T\} + \{Y \text{ in } S\}
                     d = min(d, e_delta(g[slack[x]][
                         x]));
                 else if (\bar{S}[x] == 0)
                                                         5
                                                              Graph
                     d = min(d, e_delta(g[slack[x]][
                                                         5.1 Heavy-Light Decomposition
                          x]) / 2);
        for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u) {
                                                        1 const int N = 2e5 + 5;
```

```
int n, dfn[N], son[N], top[N], num[N], dep[N], p[N];
  vector<int> path[N];
                                                                 void buildTree() {
                                                                     FOR(i, 0, n - 1) {
  struct node {
                                                              80
                                                                         int a, b;
       int mx, sum;
                                                              81
  } seg[N << 2];</pre>
                                                                         cin >> a >> b;
  void update(int x, int l, int r, int qx, int val) {
                                                                         path[a].pb(b);
       if (1 == r) {
                                                                         path[b].pb(a);
                                                              84
           seg[x].mx = seg[x].sum = val;
                                                              85
           return;
                                                                 void buildHLD(int root) {
                                                              87
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     dep[root] = 1;
       if (qx <= mid)update(x << 1, 1, mid, qx, val);</pre>
13
                                                                     dfs1(root);
       else update(x \leftarrow 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, qx, val);
                                                                     dfs2(root, root);
       seg[x].mx = max(seg[x << 1].mx, seg[x << 1 | 1].mx)91
                                                                     FOR(i, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                         int now;
       seg[x].sum = seg[x << 1].sum + seg[x << 1 | 1].sum;93
16
                                                                         cin >> now;
                                                                         update(1, 1, n, dfn[i], now);
  int big(int x, int 1, int r, int q1, int qr) {
18
       if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].mx;</pre>
19
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
20
                                                                 5.2 Centroid Decomposition
       int res = -INF;
       if (ql \leftarrow mid) res = max(res, big(x \leftarrow 1, l, mid,
           ql, qr));
                                                                | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
       if (mid < qr) res = max(res, big(x << 1 | 1, mid +
                                                                 using namespace std;
                                                                 const int N = 1e5 + 5;
           1, r, ql, qr));
       return res;
                                                                 vector<int> a[N];
24
  }
                                                                 int sz[N], lv[N];
25
  int ask(int x, int l, int r, int ql, int qr) {
                                                                 bool used[N];
       if (ql <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].sum;</pre>
                                                                 int f_sz(int x, int p) {
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     sz[x] = 1;
       int res = 0:
                                                                     for (int i : a[x])
       if (ql <= mid) res += ask(x << 1, 1, mid, ql, qr); 10 if (mid < qr) res += ask(x << 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, ql_{11}
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i])
30
                                                                              sz[x] += f_sz(i, x);
                                                                     return sz[x];
           , qr);
      return res;
32
                                                              13
33
                                                                 int f_cen(int x, int p, int total) {
  void dfs1(int now) {
                                                                     for (int i : a[x]) {
                                                              15
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i] && 2 * sz[i] > total)
35
       son[now] = -1;
       num[now] = 1;
                                                                              return f_cen(i, x, total);
36
                                                              17
       for (auto i : path[now]) {
37
                                                              18
           if (!dep[i]) {
                                                                     return x;
               dep[i] = dep[now] + 1;
                                                              20
39
                                                                }
               p[i] = now;
                                                                 void cd(int x, int p) {
               dfs1(i);
                                                                     int total = f_sz(x, p);
               num[now] += num[i];
                                                                     int cen = f_cen(x, p, total);
42
               if (son[now] == -1 || num[i] > num[son[now
                                                                     lv[cen] = lv[p] + 1;
                    ]]) son[now] = i;
                                                                     used[cen] = 1;
                                                                     // cout << "cd: " << x << " " << p << " " << cen <<
44
           }
                                                                           "\n"
45
       }
                                                                     for (int i : a[cen]) {
46
  }
  int cnt;
47
                                                              28
                                                                         if (!used[i])
  void dfs2(int now, int t) {
                                                              29
                                                                              cd(i, cen);
      top[now] = t;
                                                              30
50
       cnt++;
                                                              31
       dfn[now] = cnt;
                                                                 int main() {
                                                              32
                                                                     ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
       if (son[now] == -1) return;
                                                              33
       dfs2(son[now], t);
                                                                     cin.tie(0);
       for (auto i : path[now])
                                                                     int n;
           if (i != p[now] && i != son[now])dfs2(i, i);
55
                                                                     cin >> n;
                                                                     for (int i = 0, x, y; i < n - 1; i++) {
56
  int path_big(int x, int y) {
                                                                         cin >> x >> y;
                                                              38
       int res = -INF;
                                                                         a[x].push_back(y);
       while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                         a[y].push_back(x);
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
60
           res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x])
                                                                     cd(1, 0);
               ]));
                                                                     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
           x = p[top[x]];
                                                                         cout << (char)('A' + lv[i] - 1) << " ";</pre>
                                                                     cout << "\n";
       if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
       res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]));
65
       return res;
                                                                 5.3
                                                                      Bellman-Ford + SPFA
  }
67
  int path_sum(int x, int y) {
                                                               1 int n, m;
       int res = 0;
69
       while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                 // Graph
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
                                                                 vector<vector<pair<int, 11> > > g;
           res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x]);
                                                                 vector<ll> dis;
           x = p[top[x]];
                                                                 vector<bool> negCycle;
       if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                 // SPFA
75
       res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]);
                                                                 vector<int> rlx;
       return res;
                                                               10 queue<int> q;
```

```
vector<bool> inq;
                                                                           if (negCycle[i]) {
  vector<int> pa;
                                                                               ptr = i;
                                                                93
12
  void SPFA(vector<int>& src) {
                                                                                break;
                                                                94
       dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
                                                                95
                                                                           }
       negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
15
                                                                96
                                                                       if (ptr == -1) {
16
       rlx.assign(n + 1, 0);
                                                                97
                                                                           return cout << "NO" << endl, void();</pre>
       while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
                                                                98
17
       inq.assign(n + 1, false);
18
                                                                99
       pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
                                                               100
                                                                       cout << "YES\n";</pre>
20
                                                               101
       for (auto& s : src) {
                                                                       vector<int> ans;
           dis[s] = 0;
                                                               103
                                                                       vector<bool> vis(n + 1, false);
           q.push(s);
23
                                                               104
           inq[s] = true;
                                                               105
                                                                       while (true) {
                                                                           ans.emplace_back(ptr);
                                                               106
26
                                                               107
                                                                           if (vis[ptr]) break;
       while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                           vis[ptr] = true;
                                                               108
28
           int u = q.front();
                                                                           ptr = pa[ptr];
                                                               109
29
           q.pop();
           inq[u] = false;
                                                               111
                                                                       reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
30
           if (rlx[u] >= n) {
31
32
                negCycle[u] = true;
                                                               113
                                                                       vis.assign(n + 1, false);
                                                                       for (auto& x : ans) {
    cout << x << ' ';</pre>
           } else
                                                               114
33
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
                    int v = e.first;
                                                                           if (vis[x]) break;
                    11 w = e.second;
                                                                           vis[x] = true;
                                                               117
36
                    if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
                                                               118
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                       cout << endl;</pre>
                                                               119
39
                        rlx[v] = rlx[u] + 1;
                                                               120
                                                                  }
                         pa[v] = u;
                                                               121
                         if (!inq[v]) {
                                                                  // Distance Calculation
                                                                  void calcDis(int s) {
42
                             q.push(v);
                             inq[v] = true;
                                                               124
                                                                       vector<int> src;
                        }
                                                                       src.emplace_back(s);
                                                                       SPFA(src);
45
                    }
                                                               126
                                                                       // BellmanFord(src);
               }
47
       }
                                                               128
48
  }
                                                               129
                                                                       while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
                                                               130
                                                                       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                           if (negCycle[i]) q.push(i);
  // Bellman-Ford
50
  queue<int> q;
                                                               132
  vector<int> pa;
                                                                       while (!q.empty()) {
                                                               133
  void BellmanFord(vector<int>& src) {
53
                                                               134
                                                                           int u = q.front();
       dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
                                                               135
                                                                           q.pop();
       negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
                                                                           for (auto& e : g[u]) {
55
                                                               136
       pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
                                                               137
                                                                                int v = e.first
                                                                                if (!negCycle[v]) {
                                                               138
       for (auto& s : src) dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                    q.push(v);
58
                                                               139
                                                                                    negCycle[v] = true;
                                                               140
       for (int rlx = 1; rlx <= n; rlx++) {</pre>
                                                                               }
60
                                                               141
           for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++) {
61
                                                               142
                                                                           }
                if (dis[u] == LINF) continue; // Important43
                                                                       }
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
63
                    int v = e.first;
                                                                  5.4 BCC - AP
                    11 w = e.second;
65
                    if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
                                                                1 int n, m;
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                  int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                         pa[v] = u;
68
                                                                  vector<int> E, g[maxn];
                         if (rlx == n) negCycle[v] = true;
                                                                  bitset<maxn> isap;
                    }
                                                                  bitset<maxm> vis;
               }
                                                                  stack<int> stk;
           }
                                                                  int bccnt:
                                                                  vector<int> bcc[maxn];
       }
73
  }
                                                                  inline void popout(int u) {
75
                                                                       bccnt++;
  // Negative Cycle Detection
                                                                       bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(u);
  void NegCycleDetect() {
                                                                       while (!stk.empty()) {
       /* No Neg Cycle: NO
                                                                           int v = stk.top();
78
                                                                13
                                                                           if (u == v) break;
79
       Exist Any Neg Cycle:
                                                                14
                                                                15
                                                                           stk.pop();
       v0 v1 v2 ... vk v0 */
                                                                           bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(v);
81
                                                                16
82
                                                                17
       vector<int> src;
                                                                18
83
                                                                  }
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                  void dfs(int u, bool rt = 0) {
84
                                                                19
                                                                       stk.push(u);
           src.emplace_back(i);
                                                                21
                                                                       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
86
       SPFA(src);
                                                                       int kid = 0;
87
88
       // BellmanFord(src);
                                                                23
                                                                       Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                24
                                                                           if (vis[e]) continue;
89
       int ptr = -1;
                                                                25
                                                                           vis[e] = true;
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                           int v = E[e] ^ u;
91
                                                                26
```

```
if (!dfn[v]) {
                                                                              int v = E[e] ^ u;
                // tree edge
                                                                              if (dfn[v]) {
                                                                  36
28
                kid++;
29
                                                                  37
                                                                                  // back edge
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                dfs(v);
                                                                  38
30
                low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
31
                                                                  39
                if (!rt && low[v] \Rightarrow dfn[u]) {
                                                                                  // tree edge
                     // bcc found: u is ap
                                                                                  dfs(v);
                                                                  41
33
                     isap[u] = true;
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
                                                                  42
                     popout(u);
                                                                                  if (low[v] == dfn[v]) {
                                                                                       isbrg[e] = true;
36
                }
                                                                  44
           } else {
37
                                                                  45
                                                                                       popout(u);
                // back edge
38
                                                                  46
                                                                                  }
                low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                                                                             }
                                                                  47
39
           }
                                                                  48
                                                                         }
                                                                  49
                                                                    void solve() {
       // special case: root
42
                                                                  50
                                                                         FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
    if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i);
       if (rt) {
           if (kid > 1) isap[u] = true;
                                                                  52
45
           popout(u);
                                                                  53
46
                                                                  54
                                                                         vector<pii> ans;
  }
47
                                                                  55
                                                                         vis.reset();
  void init() {
                                                                         FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                  56
                                                                              Each(e, g[u]) {
   if (!isbrg[e] || vis[e]) continue;
       cin >> n >> m;
49
                                                                  57
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
50
                                                                  58
                                                                                  vis[e] = true;
       REP(i, m) {
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
                                                                                  int v = E[e] ^ u;
52
                                                                  60
53
                                                                  61
                                                                                  ans.emplace_back(mp(u, v));
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  62
                                                                              }
55
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  63
                                                                         cout << (int)ans.size() << endl;</pre>
56
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
                                                                  64
                                                                         Each(e, ans) cout << e.F << ' ' << e.S << endl;
57
  }
58
  void solve() {
       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                     5.6 SCC - Tarjan
60
           if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i, true);
61
62
                                                                   1 // 2-SAT
                                                                    vector<int> E, g[maxn]; // 1^{n}, n+1^{2}n
       vector<int> ans;
63
       int cnt = 0;
                                                                    int low[maxn], in[maxn], instp;
       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
    if (isap[i]) cnt++, ans.emplace_back(i);
                                                                    int sccnt, sccid[maxn];
stack<int> stk;
65
66
                                                                    bitset<maxn> ins, vis;
       cout << cnt << endl;</pre>
                                                                    int n, m;
68
       Each(i, ans) cout << i << ' ';</pre>
                                                                    void init() {
69
70
       cout << endl;
                                                                         cin >> m >> n;
                                                                         E.clear();
71 }
                                                                  11
                                                                         fill(g, g + maxn, vector<int>());
  5.5 BCC - Bridge
                                                                         fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
                                                                         memset(in, 0, sizeof(in));
1 int n, m;
                                                                         instp = 1;
                                                                  14
vector<int> g[maxn], E;
                                                                         sccnt = 0;
                                                                  15
  int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                                                                         memset(sccid, 0, sizeof(sccid));
                                                                  16
  int bccnt, bccid[maxn];
                                                                  17
                                                                         ins.reset();
  stack<int> stk;
                                                                         vis.reset():
                                                                  18
6
  bitset<maxm> vis, isbrg;
                                                                  19
  void init() {
                                                                    inline int no(int u) {
                                                                  20
                                                                         return (u > n ? u - n : u + n);
       cin >> n >> m;
                                                                  21
       REP(i, m) {
                                                                  22
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
                                                                  23
                                                                    int ecnt = 0;
10
                                                                  24
                                                                    inline void clause(int u, int v) {
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
                                                                         E.eb(no(u) ^ v);
                                                                         g[no(u)].eb(ecnt++);
E.eb(no(v) ^ u);
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
13
                                                                  26
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  27
                                                                         g[no(v)].eb(ecnt++);
15
                                                                  28
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
16
                                                                  29
                                                                    }
                                                                     void dfs(int u) {
                                                                  30
  void popout(int u) {
18
                                                                  31
                                                                         in[u] = instp++;
19
       bccnt++;
                                                                  32
                                                                         low[u] = in[u];
       while (!stk.empty()) {
20
                                                                  33
                                                                         stk.push(u);
           int v = stk.top();
                                                                         ins[u] = true;
21
                                                                  34
           if (v == u) break;
                                                                  35
                                                                         Each(e, g[u]) {
    if (vis[e]) continue;
           stk.pop();
23
                                                                  36
           bccid[v] = bccnt;
24
                                                                  37
25
                                                                  38
                                                                              vis[e] = true;
  }
                                                                  39
26
  void dfs(int u) {
                                                                              int v = E[e] ^ u;
27
                                                                  40
                                                                              if (ins[v])
28
       stk.push(u);
       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
                                                                  42
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], in[v]);
29
                                                                              else if (!in[v]) {
30
                                                                  43
31
       Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                                  dfs(v);
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
           if (vis[e]) continue;
                                                                  45
32
33
           vis[e] = true;
                                                                  46
                                                                              }
```

}

```
if (low[u] == in[u]) {
           sccnt++:
49
            while (!stk.empty()) {
50
                int v = stk.top();
51
                stk.pop();
52
53
                ins[v] = false;
                sccid[v] = sccnt;
                if (u == v) break;
           }
57
       }
58
  int main() {
59
       init();
60
61
       REP(i, m) {
62
           char su, sv;
           int u, v;
63
           cin >> su >> u >> sv >> v;
if (su == '-') u = no(u);
65
            if (sv == '-') v = no(v);
66
67
            clause(u, v);
68
       FOR(i, 1, 2 * n + 1, 1) {
           if (!in[i]) dfs(i);
70
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
            if (sccid[u] == sccid[du]) {
                return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0;</pre>
76
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
79
            cout << (sccid[u] < sccid[du] ? '+' : '-') << '
81
82
       cout << endl;</pre>
  }
83
```

5.7 SCC - Kosaraju

```
_{1} const int N = 1e5 + 10;
  vector<int> ed[N], ed_b[N]; // 反邊
  vector<int> SCC(N);
                                 // 最後SCC的分組
  bitset<N> vis;
  int SCC_cnt;
  int n, m;
6
  vector<int> pre; // 後序遍歷
  void dfs(int x) {
      vis[x] = 1;
      for (int i : ed[x]) {
           if (vis[i]) continue;
          dfs(i);
13
      pre.push_back(x);
  }
16
  void dfs2(int x) {
      vis[x] = 1;
19
      SCC[x] = SCC\_cnt;
      for (int i : ed_b[x]) {
           if (vis[i]) continue;
          dfs2(i);
      }
24
  }
25
  void kosaraju() {
28
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
           if (!vis[i]) {
29
               dfs(i);
30
31
           }
32
      SCC_cnt = 0;
33
      vis = 0;
      for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
35
           if (!vis[pre[i]]) {
               SCC_cnt++;
               dfs2(pre[i]);
38
39
           }
40
      }
41 }
```

5.8 Eulerian Path - Undir

```
1 // from 1 to n
  #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", void();</pre>
  int n, m;
  vector<int> g[maxn];
  bitset<maxn> inodd;
  void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       inodd.reset();
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
13
           inodd[u] = inodd[u] ^ true;
           inodd[v] = inodd[v] ^ true;
16
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
17
           g[v].emplace_back(u);
18
19
  stack<int> stk;
20
  void dfs(int u) {
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
           int v = g[u].back();
23
           g[u].pop_back();
           dfs(v);
       stk.push(u);
```

5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir

```
1 // from node 1 to node n
  #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0</pre>
  int n, m;
  vector<int> g[maxn];
  stack<int> stk;
  int in[maxn], out[maxn];
  void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v;
13
14
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
           out[u]++, in[v]++;
15
16
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
17
           if (i == 1 && out[i] - in[i] != 1) gg;
if (i == n && in[i] - out[i] != 1) gg;
18
19
           if (i != 1 && i != n && in[i] != out[i]) gg;
20
22
  void dfs(int u) {
23
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
24
25
           int v = g[u].back();
           g[u].pop_back();
26
27
           dfs(v);
28
29
       stk.push(u);
30
31
  void solve() {
       dfs(1) for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) if ((int)g[i].
32
            size()) gg;
       while (!stk.empty()) {
33
34
           int u = stk.top();
           stk.pop();
           cout << u << ' ';
36
37
```

Hamilton Path 5.10

```
1 // top down DP
 // Be Aware Of Multiple Edges
 int n, m;
 11 dp[maxn][1<<maxn];</pre>
 int adj[maxn][maxn];
7 void init() {
```

```
fill(dp[0], dp[maxn-1]+(1<<maxn), -1);
  }
                                                                   35
10
                                                                   36
11
  void DP(int i, int msk) {
                                                                   37
13
       if (dp[i][msk] != -1) return;
       dp[i][msk] = 0;
14
       REP(j, n) if (j != i && (msk & (1<<j)) && adj[j][i 40
15
            ]) {
            int sub = msk ^ (1<<i);</pre>
                                                                   42
            if (dp[j][sub] == -1) DP(j, sub);
                                                                   43
            dp[i][msk] += dp[j][sub] * adj[j][i];
18
            if (dp[i][msk] >= MOD) dp[i][msk] %= MOD;
                                                                   45
19
21
  }
                                                                   47
                                                                   48
                                                                   49
  int main() {
                                                                   50
25
       WiwiHorz
                                                                   51
       init();
                                                                   52
26
                                                                   53
27
       REP(i, m) {
                                                                   54
            int u, v;
                                                                   55
29
            cin >> u >> v;
30
                                                                   56
            if (u == v) continue;
                                                                   57
            adj[--u][--v]++;
32
                                                                   58
33
                                                                   59
                                                                   60
35
       dp[0][1] = 1;
                                                                   61
       FOR(i, 1, n, 1) {
                                                                   62
            dp[i][1] = 0;
                                                                   63
            dp[i][1|(1<< i)] = adj[0][i];
38
                                                                   64
                                                                   65
       FOR(msk, 1, (1<<n), 1) {
                                                                   66
            if (msk == 1) continue;
                                                                   67
            dp[0][msk] = 0;
                                                                   68
       }
43
                                                                   69
44
                                                                   70
       DP(n-1, (1<<n)-1);
46
47
       cout << dp[n-1][(1<<n)-1] << endl;</pre>
                                                                   73
48
       return 0;
49
                                                                   74
50 }
                                                                   75
                                                                   76
                                                                   77
```

5.11 Kth Shortest Path

```
1 / / \text{ time: } O(|E| \setminus |E| + |V| \setminus |E| + |K|)
                                                                        80
  // memory: O(|E| \lg |E|+|V|)
                                                                        81
  struct KSP { // 1-base
                                                                        82
        struct nd {
                                                                        83
            int u, v;
                                                                        84
             11 d;
             nd(int ui = 0, int vi = 0, 11 di = INF) {
                 u = ui:
                                                                        87
                  v = vi;
                  d = di;
                                                                        89
            }
                                                                        90
                                                                        91
        struct heap {
                                                                        92
13
            nd* edge;
                                                                        93
             int dep;
15
            heap* chd[4];
                                                                        95
16
        static int cmp(heap* a, heap* b) { return a->edge->97
18
             d > b->edge->d; }
                                                                        98
        struct node {
            int v;
20
                                                                        100
            11 d;
             heap* H;
            nd* E;
23
             node() {}
                                                                       104
             node(11 _d, int _v, nd* _E) {
    d = _d;
                                                                       105
25
                                                                       106
                 v = _v;
E = _E;
                                                                       107
28
                                                                       108
                                                                       109
             node(heap* _H, 11 _d) {
30
                 H = _H;
d = _d;
31
33
             }
                                                                       113
```

```
friend bool operator<(node a, node b) { return</pre>
        a.d > b.d; }
int n, k, s, t, dst[N];
nd* nxt[N];
vector<nd*> g[N], rg[N];
heap *nullNd, *head[N];
void init(int _n, int _k, int _s, int _t) {
    k = _k;
s = _s;
    t = _t;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        g[i].clear();
        rg[i].clear();
        nxt[i] = NULL;
        head[i] = NULL;
        dst[i] = -1;
    }
void addEdge(int ui, int vi, ll di) {
    nd* e = new nd(ui, vi, di);
    g[ui].push_back(e);
    rg[vi].push_back(e);
queue<int> dfsQ;
void dijkstra() {
    while (dfsQ.size()) dfsQ.pop();
    priority_queue<node> Q;
    Q.push(node(0, t, NULL));
    while (!Q.empty()) {
        node p = Q.top();
        Q.pop();
        if (dst[p.v] != -1) continue;
        dst[p.v] = p.d;
        nxt[p.v] = p.E;
        dfsQ.push(p.v);
        for (auto e : rg[p.v]) Q.push(node(p.d + e
             ->d, e->u, e));
    }
heap* merge(heap* curNd, heap* newNd) {
    if (curNd == nullNd) return newNd;
    heap* root = new heap;
    memcpy(root, curNd, sizeof(heap));
if (newNd->edge->d < curNd->edge->d) {
        root->edge = newNd->edge;
        root->chd[2] = newNd->chd[2];
        root->chd[3] = newNd->chd[3];
        newNd->edge = curNd->edge;
        newNd \rightarrow chd[2] = curNd \rightarrow chd[2];
        newNd->chd[3] = curNd->chd[3];
    if (root->chd[0]->dep < root->chd[1]->dep)
        root->chd[0] = merge(root->chd[0], newNd);
        root->chd[1] = merge(root->chd[1], newNd);
    root->dep = max(root->chd[0]->dep,
                     root->chd[1]->dep) +
    return root;
vector<heap*> V;
void build() {
    nullNd = new heap;
    nullNd->dep = 0;
    nullNd->edge = new nd;
    fill(nullNd->chd, nullNd->chd + 4, nullNd);
    while (not dfsQ.empty()) {
        int u = dfsQ.front();
        dfsQ.pop();
        if (!nxt[u])
             head[u] = nullNd;
             head[u] = head[nxt[u]->v];
        V.clear();
        for (auto&& e : g[u]) {
             int v = e \rightarrow v;
             if (dst[v] == -1) continue;
             e->d += dst[v] - dst[u];
             if (nxt[u] != e) {
                 heap* p = new heap;
```

```
fill(p->chd, p->chd + 4, nullNd);
                           p \rightarrow dep = 1:
115
                           p->edge = e;
116
117
                           V.push_back(p);
118
119
                 if (V.empty()) continue;
                 make_heap(V.begin(), V.end(), cmp);
   #define L(X) ((X << 1) + 1)
   #define R(X) ((X << 1) + 2)
                 for (size_t i = 0; i < V.size(); i++) {</pre>
                      if (L(i) < V.size())</pre>
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = V[L(i)];
126
                      else
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = nullNd;
128
129
                      if (R(i) < V.size())
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[3] = V[R(i)];
130
                      else
131
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[3] = nullNd;
132
                                                                    13
133
                                                                    14
                 head[u] = merge(head[u], V.front());
134
135
            }
                                                                    16
136
        }
                                                                    17
        vector<ll> ans;
137
                                                                     18
        void first_K() {
            ans.clear();
                                                                    19
139
                                                                    20
140
             priority_queue<node> Q;
             if (dst[s] == -1) return;
141
142
             ans.push_back(dst[s]);
             if (head[s] != nullNd)
143
                 Q.push(node(head[s], dst[s] + head[s]->edge
                      ->d));
                                \_ < k and not Q.empty(); \_++) {^{24}
                 node p = Q.top(), q;
146
147
                 Q.pop();
                                                                    27
                 ans.push_back(p.d);
148
                 if (head[p.H->edge->v] != nullNd) {
149
                      q.H = head[p.H->edge->v];
151
                      q.d = p.d + q.H->edge->d;
                                                                    31
                      Q.push(q);
152
                 for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
                                                                    33
154
                      if (p.H->chd[i] != nullNd) {
155
                           q.H = p.H->chd[i];
156
                           q.d = p.d - p.H->edge->d + p.H->chd^{36}
                               [i]->edge->d;
                           Q.push(q);
                      }
159
             }
161
        void solve() { // ans[i] stores the i-th shortest
162
             dijkstra();
163
             build();
164
                                                                    43
             first_K(); // ans.size() might less than k
165
                                                                    44
166
| solver;
```

5.12 System of Difference Constraints

able if specified implicitly.

```
vector<vector<pair<int, 11>>> G;
   void add(int u, int v, ll w) {
          G[u].emplace_back(make_pair(v, w));
4 }
       • x_u - x_v \le c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c})
       • x_u - x_v \geq c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v}, \mathsf{-c})
       • x_u - x_v = c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c}), \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v} - \mathsf{c})
       • x_u \ge c \Rightarrow add super vertex x_0 = 0, then x_u - x_0 \ge c \Rightarrow_{\scriptscriptstyle 10}
          add(u, 0, -c)

    Don't for get non-negative constraints for every vari-
```

 Interval sum ⇒ Use prefix sum to transform into differential constraints. Don't for get $S_{i+1} - S_i \ge 0$ if x_i needs to be non-negative.

• $\frac{x_u}{x_v} \le c \Rightarrow \log x_u - \log x_v \le \log c$

String

6.1 Aho Corasick

```
1 struct ACautomata {
      struct Node {
           int cnt:
           Node *go[26], *fail, *dic;
           Node() {
               cnt = 0;
               fail = 0;
               dic = 0;
               memset(go, 0, sizeof(go));
      } pool[1048576], *root;
      int nMem;
      Node *new_Node() {
           pool[nMem] = Node();
           return &pool[nMem++];
      void init() {
           nMem = 0;
           root = new_Node();
      void add(const string &str) { insert(root, str, 0);
      void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos)
           for (int i = pos; i < str.size(); i++) {</pre>
               if (!cur->go[str[i] - 'a'])
    cur->go[str[i] - 'a'] = new_Node();
               cur = cur->go[str[i] - 'a'];
          cur->cnt++;
      void make_fail() {
           queue<Node *> que;
           que.push(root);
           while (!que.empty()) {
               Node *fr = que.front();
               que.pop();
               for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
                   if (fr->go[i]) {
                       Node *ptr = fr->fail;
                       while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr =
                            ptr->fail;
                        fr->go[i]->fail = ptr = (ptr ? ptr
                            ->go[i] : root);
                        fr->go[i]->dic = (ptr->cnt ? ptr :
                            ptr->dic);
                        que.push(fr->go[i]);
                   }
               }
          }
47 } AC;
```

6.2 KMP

```
vector<int> f;
void buildFailFunction(string &s) {
    f.resize(s.size(), -1);
    for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
        int now = f[i - 1];
        while (now != -1 and s[now + 1] != s[i]) now =
             f[now]:
        if (s[now + 1] == s[i]) f[i] = now + 1;
    }
void KMPmatching(string &a, string &b) {
    for (int i = 0, now = -1; i < a.size(); i++) {
        while (a[i] != b[now + 1] and now != -1) now =
             f[now];
        if (a[i] == b[now + 1]) now++;
        if (now + 1 == b.size()) {
            cout << "found a match start at position "</pre>
                 << i - now << endl;
            now = f[now];
```

```
}
                                                                         n = (int)s.size();
19
      }
20 }
                                                                         // resize(n): suf, rk, cnt, pos, lcp, buc[0~1]
                                                              13
                                                                     void radix_sort() {
  6.3 Z Value
                                                              14
                                                                         for (int t : {0, 1}) {
                                                              15
                                                                              fill(cnt.begin(), cnt.end(), 0);
                                                              16
| string is, it, s;
                                                              17
                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t]) cnt[(t ? i.F.F : i.F
  int n;
                                                                                   .S)]++;
  vector<int> z;
                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                              18
  void init() {
                                                                                  pos[i] = (!i?0:pos[i-1] + cnt[i-
                                                              19
      cin >> is >> it;
s = it + '0' + is;
                                                                                       1]);
                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t])
      n = (int)s.size();
                                                              20
                                                                                  buc[t ^ 1][pos[(t ? i.F.F : i.F.S)]++]
                                                              21
      z.resize(n, 0);
  }
9
                                                                         }
  void solve() {
                                                              23
      int ans = 0;
                                                              24
                                                                     bool fill suf() {
       z[0] = n;
                                                                         bool end = true;
       for (int i = 1, l = 0, r = 0; i < n; i++) {
13
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) suf[i] = buc[0][i].
           if (i <= r) z[i] = min(z[i - 1], r - i + 1);</pre>
14
           while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]])
                                                                         rk[suf[0]] = 0;
               z[i]++;
                                                                         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
           if (i + z[i] - 1 > r) l = i, r = i + z[i] - 1;
16
                                                                              int dif = (buc[0][i].F != buc[0][i - 1].F);
           if (z[i] == (int)it.size()) ans++;
17
                                                                              end &= dif;
18
                                                                              rk[suf[i]] = rk[suf[i - 1]] + dif;
                                                              31
       cout << ans << endl;
19
                                                                         }
                                                              32
  }
                                                              33
                                                                         return end;
                                                              34
  6.4 Manacher
                                                              35
                                                                     void sa() {
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
1 int n;
                                                                              buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(s[i], s[i])
  string S, s;
                                                                                    i);
  vector<int> m;
                                                                         sort(buc[0].begin(), buc[0].end());
  void manacher() {
                                                              39
                                                                         if (fill_suf()) return;
      s.clear();
                                                                         for (int k = 0; (1 << k) < n; k++) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       s.resize(2 * n + 1, '.');
       for (int i = 0, j = 1; i < n; i++, j += 2) s[j] = S_{42}^{(i)}
                                                                                  buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(rk[i],
           [i];
                                                                                      rk[(i + (1 << k)) % n]), i);
      m.clear();
                                                                              radix sort();
       m.resize(2 * n + 1, 0);
                                                                              if (fill_suf()) return;
       // m[i] := max k such that s[i-k, i+k] is
                                                              45
                                                                         }
           palindrome
       int mx = 0, mxk = 0;
                                                                     void LCP() {
       for (int i = 1; i < 2 * n + 1; i++) {
                                                                         int k = 0;
           if (mx - (i - mx) >= 0) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i -
13
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
               mx)], mx + mxk - i);
                                                                              if (rk[i] == 0) continue;
           while (0 \le i - m[i] - 1 \&\& i + m[i] + 1 < 2 *
                                                                              int pi = rk[i];
               n + 1 \&\&
                                                                              int j = suf[pi - 1];
                  s[i - m[i] - 1] == s[i + m[i] + 1]) m[i]
15
                                                                              while (i + k < n \&\& j + k < n \&\& s[i + k]
                                                                                  == s[j + k]) k++;
           if (i + m[i] > mx + mxk) mx = i, mxk = m[i];
16
                                                                              lcp[pi] = k;
17
      }
                                                                              k = max(k - 1, 0);
  }
18
                                                              56
                                                                         }
  void init() {
                                                              57
                                                                     }
      cin >> S;
20
                                                              58
21
      n = (int)S.size();
                                                                SuffixArray suffixarray;
  }
22
  void solve() {
                                                                 6.6 Minimum Rotation
      manacher();
       int mx = 0, ptr = 0;
25
                                                               1 // rotate(begin(s), begin(s)+minRotation(s), end(s))
       for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n + 1; i++)
26
                                                                int minRotation(string s) {
           if (mx < m[i]) {</pre>
                                                                     int a = 0, n = s.size();
               mx = m[i];
28
                                                                     s += s;
               ptr = i;
29
                                                                     for (int b = 0; b < n; b++)
30
                                                                         for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
       for (int i = ptr - mx; i <= ptr + mx; i++)
   if (s[i] != '.') cout << s[i];</pre>
31
                                                                              if (a + k == b || s[a + k] < s[b + k]) {
32
                                                                                  b += max(0, k - 1);
33
       cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                                  break:
34 }
                                                                              if (s[a + k] > s[b + k]) {
                                                              11
  6.5 Suffix Array
                                                                                  a = b;
                                                              13
                                                                                  break;
  #define F first
                                                                              }
  #define S second
                                                                         }
  struct SuffixArray { // don't forget s += "$";
                                                                     return a;
      int n:
       string s;
       vector<int> suf, lcp, rk;
                                                                       Lyndon Factorization
       vector<int> cnt, pos;
       vector<pair<pii, int> > buc[2];
                                                               1 vector<string> duval(string const& s) {
       void init(string _s) {
                                                                     int n = s.size();
```

```
int i = 0;
                                                                     Тх, у;
       vector<string> factorization;
                                                                     Pt(T _x = 0, T _y = 0) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
Pt operator+(Pt a) { return Pt(x + a.x, y + a.y); }
       while (i < n) {
           int j = i + 1, k = i;
                                                               11
                                                                      Pt operator-(Pt a) { return Pt(x - a.x, y - a.y); }
           while (j < n \&\& s[k] <= s[j]) {
                                                                      Pt operator*(T a) { return Pt(x * a, y * a); }
               if (s[k] < s[j])
                                                                      Pt operator/(T a) { return Pt(x / a, y / a); }
                   k = i;
                                                               14
                                                                      T operator*(Pt a) { return x * a.x + y * a.y; }
               else
                                                               15
                                                                      T operator^(Pt a) { return x * a.y - y * a.x; }
                    k++;
                                                                      bool operator<(Pt a) { return x < a.x || (x == a.x
               i++:
                                                                          && y < a.y); }
           while (i <= k) {
                                                                      // return sgn(x-a.x) < 0 \mid | (sgn(x-a.x) == 0 \&\& sgn
               factorization.push_back(s.substr(i, j - k))
                                                                          (y-a.y) < 0); }
15
                                                                      bool operator==(Pt a) { return sgn(x - a.x) == 0 &&
               i += j - k;
                                                                           sgn(y - a.y) == 0; }
           }
17
                                                                 Pt mv(Pt a, Pt b) { return b - a; }
18
                                                                 T len2(Pt a) { return a * a; }
19
       return factorization; // O(n)
                                                                 T dis2(Pt a, Pt b) { return len2(b - a); }
20 }
                                                                 short ori(Pt a, Pt b) { return ((a ^ b) > 0) - ((a ^ b)
  6.8 Rolling Hash
                                                                      < 0); }
                                                                 bool onseg(Pt p, Pt 11, Pt 12) {
  Pt a = mv(p, 11), b = mv(p, 12);
  return ((a ^ b) == 0) && ((a * b) <= 0);</pre>
_{1} const 11 C = 27;
  inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a' + 1; }
  struct RollingHash {
       string s;
                                                                 7.2 SVG Writer
       int n;
      11 mod;
                                                                 7.3 Sort by Angle
       vector<11> Cexp, hs;
       RollingHash(string& _s, ll _mod) : s(_s), n((int)_s | int ud(Pt a) { // up or down half plane
           .size()), mod(_mod) {
                                                                      if (a.y > 0) return 0;
           Cexp.assign(n, 0);
                                                                      if (a.y < 0) return 1;</pre>
           hs.assign(n, 0);
                                                                      return (a.x >= 0 ? 0 : 1);
           Cexp[0] = 1;
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                                                                 sort(pts.begin(), pts.end(), [&](const Pt& a, const Pt&
               Cexp[i] = Cexp[i - 1] * C;
13
                                                                       b) {
               if (Cexp[i] >= mod) Cexp[i] %= mod;
                                                                      if (ud(a) != ud(b)) return ud(a) < ud(b);</pre>
                                                                      return (a ^ b) > 0;
           hs[0] = id(s[0]);
16
                                                               9 });
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    hs[i] = hs[i - 1] * C + id(s[i]);</pre>
                                                                 7.4 Line Intersection
19
               if (hs[i] >= mod) hs[i] %= mod;
20
                                                                1 bool line_intersect_check(Pt p1, Pt p2, Pt q1, Pt q2) {
21
                                                                     if (onseg(p1, q1, q2) || onseg(p2, q1, q2) || onseg
       inline 11 query(int 1, int r) {
                                                                          (q1, p1, p2) || onseg(q2, p1, p2)) return true;
           ll res = hs[r] - (l ? hs[l - 1] * Cexp[r - l +
23
                                                                      Pt p = mv(p1, p2), q = mv(q1, q2);
return (ori(p, mv(p1, q1)) * ori(p, mv(p1, q2)) <
               1]:0);
           res = (res % mod + mod) % mod;
                                                                          0) && (ori(q, mv(q1, p1)) * ori(q, mv(q1, p2))
           return res;
26
27 };
                                                                 // long double
                                                                 Pt line_intersect(Pt a1, Pt a2, Pt b1, Pt b2) {
  6.9 Trie
                                                                      Pt da = mv(a1, a2), db = mv(b1, b2);
                                                                      T det = da ^ db;
  pii a[N][26];
                                                                      if (sgn(det) == 0) { // parallel
                                                               10
                                                                          // return Pt(NAN, NAN);
  void build(string &s) {
       static int idx = 0;
                                                                      T t = ((b1 - a1) ^ db) / det;
       int n = s.size();
                                                                      return a1 + da * t;
       for (int i = 0, v = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                               15 }
           pii &now = a[v][s[i] - 'a'];
           if (now.first != -1)
                                                                 7.5 Polygon Area
               v = now.first;
                                                               1 // 2 * area
               v = now.first = ++idx;
                                                                 T dbPoly_area(vector<Pt>& e) {
           if (i == n - 1)
                                                                      T res = 0;
               now.second++;
13
                                                                      int sz = e.size();
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
    res += e[i] ^ e[(i + 1) % sz];</pre>
15 }
                                                                      return abs(res);
       Geometry
  7.1 Basic Operations
                                                                 7.6 Convex Hull
1 typedef long long T;
  // typedef long double T;
                                                                 vector<Pt> convexHull(vector<Pt> pts) {
                                                                      vector<Pt> hull;
  const long double eps = 1e-8;
```

sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());

for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {

for (auto ei : pts) {

int b = hull.size();

short sgn(T x) {

7 }

if (abs(x) < eps) return 0;</pre>

return x < 0 ? -1 : 1;

```
NYCU hwh
                                                         Codebook
               while (hull.size() - b >= 2 && ori(mv(hull[
                   hull.size() - 2], hull.back()), mv(hull 8
[hull.size() - 2], ei)) == -1) {
                   hull.pop_back();
               hull.emplace_back(ei);
                                                              11
                                                              12
          hull.pop_back();
           reverse(pts.begin(), pts.end());
14
15
      return hull;
16 }
                                                              16
  7.7 Point In Convex
                                                              19
bool point_in_convex(const vector<Pt> &C, Pt p, bool
      strict = true) {
      // only works when no three point are collinear
      int n = C.size();
      int a = 1, b = n - 1, r = !strict;
      if (n == 0) return false;
      if (n < 3) return r && onseg(p, C[0], C.back());</pre>
      if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], C[b])) > 0) swap(a
      if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], p)) >= r || ori(mv
           (C[0], C[b]), mv(C[0], p)) <= -r) return false;
      while (abs(a - b) > 1) {
           int c = (a + b) / 2;
           if (ori(mv(C[0], C[c]), mv(C[0], p)) > 0) b = c_0
           else a = c;
      return ori(mv(C[a], C[b]), mv(C[a], p)) < r;</pre>
```

7.8 Point Segment Distance

```
double point_segment_dist(Pt q0, Pt q1, Pt p) {
      if (q0 == q1) {
          double dx = double(p.x - q0.x);
          double dy = double(p.y - q0.y);
                                                             19
          return sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
                                                             20
      T d1 = (q1 - q0) * (p - q0);
      T d2 = (q0 - q1) * (p - q1);
      if (d1 >= 0 && d2 >= 0) {
          double area = fabs(double((q1 - q0) ^{\circ} (p - q0))<sup>23</sup>
          double base = sqrt(double(dis2(q0, q1)));
          return area / base;
      double dx0 = double(p.x - q0.x), dy0 = double(p.y -28
           q0.y);
      double dx1 = double(p.x - q1.x), dy1 = double(p.y -30);
            q1.y);
      return min(sqrt(dx0 * dx0 + dy0 * dy0), sqrt(dx1 *
          dx1 + dy1 * dy1));
17 }
```

7.9 Point in Polygon

```
short inPoly(vector<Pt>& pts, Pt p) {
    // 0=Bound 1=In -1=Out
    int n = pts.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) if (onseg(p,</pre>
        pts[i], pts[(i + 1) % n])) return 0;
    int cnt = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) if (</pre>
        line_intersect_check(p, Pt(p.x + 1, p.y + 2e9),
         pts[i], pts[(i + 1) % n])) cnt ^= 1;
    return (cnt ? 1 : -1);
```

7.10 Minimum Euclidean Distance

```
long long Min Euclidean Dist(vector<Pt> &pts) {
    sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
    set<pair<long long, long long>> s;
    s.insert({pts[0].y, pts[0].x});
    long long l = 0, best = LLONG_MAX;
    for (int i = 1; i < (int)pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
Pt now = pts[i];
    long long lim = (long long)ceil(sqrtl((long
        double)best));
    while (now.x - pts[1].x > lim) {
        s.erase({pts[1].y, pts[1].x}); 1++;
    auto low = s.lower_bound({now.y - lim,
        LLONG_MIN});
    auto high = s.upper_bound({now.y + lim,
        LLONG_MAX});
    for (auto it = low; it != high; it++) {
        long long dy = it->first - now.y;
        long long dx = it->second - now.x;
        best = min(best, dx * dx + dy * dy);
    s.insert({now.y, now.x});
return best;
```

7.11 Lower Concave Hull

```
1 struct Line {
    mutable ll m, b, p;
    bool operator<(const Line& o) const { return m < o.m;</pre>
    bool operator<(11 x) const { return p < x; }</pre>
 };
  struct LineContainer : multiset<Line, less<>>> {
    // (for doubles, use inf = 1/.0, div(a,b) = a/b)
    const 11 inf = LLONG_MAX;
    11 div(ll a, ll b) { // floored division
      return a / b - ((a ^ b) < 0 && a % b); }
    bool isect(iterator x, iterator y) {
      if (y == end()) { x->p = inf; return false; }
      if (x->m == y->m) x->p = x->b > y->b? inf: -inf; else x->p = div(y->b - x->b, x->m - y->m);
      return x->p >= y->p;
    void add(ll m, ll b) {
      auto z = insert(\{m, b, 0\}), y = z++, x = y;
      while (isect(y, z)) z = erase(z);
      if (x != begin() \&\& isect(--x, y)) isect(x, y =
           erase(y));
      while ((y = x) != begin() \&\& (--x)->p >= y->p)
        isect(x, erase(y));
    11 query(11 x) {
      assert(!empty());
      auto 1 = *lower_bound(x);
      return 1.m * x + 1.b;
```

7.12 Pick's Theorem

Consider a polygon which vertices are all lattice points. Let i = number of points inside the polygon.

Let b = number of points on the boundary of the poly-

Then we have the following formula:

$$Area = i + \frac{b}{2} - 1$$

7.13 Vector In Polygon

7.14 Minkowski Sum

```
| /* convex hull Minkowski Sum*/
  #define INF 100000000000000LL
  int pos(const Pt& tp) {
      if (tp.Y == 0) return tp.X > 0 ? 0 : 1;
      return tp.Y > 0 ? 0 : 1;
  #define N 300030
 Pt pt[N], qt[N], rt[N];
 LL Lx, Rx;
 int dn, un;
inline bool cmp(Pt a, Pt b) {
```

```
int pa = pos(a), pb = pos(b);
       if (pa == pb) return (a ^ b) > 0;
13
                                                                   89
       return pa < pb;</pre>
14
                                                                   90
  }
15
                                                                   91
  int minkowskiSum(int n, int m) {
16
                                                                   92
       int i, j, r, p, q, fi, fj;
for (i = 1, p = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (pt[i].Y < pt[p].Y ||</pre>
17
                                                                    93
                                                                   94
18
19
                 (pt[i].Y == pt[p].Y \&\& pt[i].X < pt[p].X))
20
                                                                    98
       for (i = 1, q = 0; i < m; i++) {
            if (qt[i].Y < qt[q].Y ||</pre>
23
                                                                   100
                 (qt[i].Y == qt[q].Y && qt[i].X < qt[q].X)) 101
                     a = i:
                                                                   103
       rt[0] = pt[p] + qt[q];
                                                                   104
       r = 1;
                                                                   105
       i = p;
28
                                                                   106
       j = q;
                                                                   107
29
       fi = fj = 0;
30
                                                                   108
       while (1) {
                                                                   109
            if ((fj && j == q) ||
                 ((!fi || i != p) &&
33
                  cmp(pt[(p + 1) % n] - pt[p], qt[(q + 1) % 112
                      m] - qt[q]))) {
                 rt[r] = rt[r - 1] + pt[(p + 1) % n] - pt[p_{113}]
                     ];
                 p = (p + 1) \% n;
                 fi = 1;
            } else {
38
                                                                   116
                 rt[r] = rt[r - 1] + qt[(q + 1) % m] - qt[q 117]
39
                 q = (q + 1) \% m;
                 fj = 1;
41
                                                                   119
            if (r <= 1 || ((rt[r] - rt[r - 1]) ^ (rt[r - 1]<sub>121</sub>
43
                  - rt[r - 2])) != 0) r++;
            else rt[r - 1] = rt[r];
                                                                   123
            if (i == p && j == q) break;
45
                                                                   124
46
47
       return r - 1;
                                                                   126
  }
48
  void initInConvex(int n) {
                                                                   128
       int i, p, q;
                                                                   129 }
50
51
       LL Ly, Ry;
       Lx = INF;
       Rx = -INF;
53
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            if (pt[i].X < Lx) Lx = pt[i].X;</pre>
            if (pt[i].X > Rx) Rx = pt[i].X;
56
       Ly = Ry = INF;
58
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
59
            if (pt[i].X == Lx && pt[i].Y < Ly) {</pre>
                Ly = pt[i].Y;
61
                 p = i;
63
            if (pt[i].X == Rx && pt[i].Y < Ry) {</pre>
64
                 Ry = pt[i].Y;
                 q = i;
66
67
            }
       for (dn = 0, i = p; i != q; i = (i + 1) % n)
69
            qt[dn++] = pt[i];
       qt[dn] = pt[q];
       Ly = Ry = -INF;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (pt[i].X == Lx && pt[i].Y > Ly) {
                Ly = pt[i].Y;
75
                 p = i;
77
78
            if (pt[i].X == Rx && pt[i].Y > Ry) {
                 Ry = pt[i].Y;
79
                q = i;
80
82
       for (un = 0, i = p; i != q; i = (i + n - 1) % n)
83
            rt[un++] = pt[i];
       rt[un] = pt[q];
85
87 inline int inConvex(Pt p) {
```

```
int L, R, M;
    if (p.X < Lx \mid\mid p.X > Rx) return 0;
    L = 0;
    R = dn;
    while (L < R - 1) {
        M = (L + R) / 2;
         if (p.X < qt[M].X) R = M;
         else L = M:
    if (tri(qt[L], qt[R], p) < 0) return 0;</pre>
    L = 0;
    R = un;
    while (L < R - 1) {
        M = (L + R) / 2;
         if (p.X < rt[M].X) R = M;</pre>
         else L = M:
    if (tri(rt[L], rt[R], p) > 0) return 0;
    return 1;
int main() {
    int n, m, i;
    Pt p;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%1ld%1ld", &pt[i].X,</pre>
          &pt[i].Y);
    scanf("%d", &m);
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) scanf("%lld%lld", &qt[i].X,</pre>
          &at[i].Y):
    n = minkowskiSum(n, m);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) pt[i] = rt[i];</pre>
    scanf("%d", &m);
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) scanf("%1ld%1ld", &qt[i].X,</pre>
          &qt[i].Y);
    n = minkowskiSum(n, m);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) pt[i] = rt[i];</pre>
    initInConvex(n);
    scanf("%d", &m);
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        scanf("%11d %11d", &p.X, &p.Y);
        p.X *= 3;
        p.Y *= 3;
         puts(inConvex(p) ? "YES" : "NO");
    }
```

7.15 Rotating SweepLine

7.16 Half Plane Intersection

```
onst long double eps = 1e-9, inf = 1e9;
  struct Point {
      long double x, y;
      explicit Point(long double x = 0, long double y =
          0) : x(x), y(y) \{ \}
      friend Point operator+(const Point& p, const Point&
           q) {
          return Point(p.x + q.x, p.y + q.y);
      friend Point operator-(const Point& p, const Point&
           q) {
          return Point(p.x - q.x, p.y - q.y);
      friend Point operator*(const Point& p, const long
          double& k) {
          return Point(p.x * k, p.y * k);
13
      friend long double dot(const Point& p, const Point&
           a) {
          return p.x * q.x + p.y * q.y;
16
      friend long double cross(const Point& p, const
17
          Point& q) {
          return p.x * q.y - p.y * q.x;
18
19
  };
  struct Halfplane {
21
      Point p, pq;
23
      long double angle;
      Halfplane() {}
24
25
      Halfplane(const Point& a, const Point& b) : p(a),
          pq(b - a) {
```

```
angle = atan21(pq.y, pq.x);
                                                                   T = 2 = C.x - A.x, b^2 = C.y - A.y, c^2 = dis^2(A, C) /
                                                                        2.0;
27
      bool out(const Point& r) {
                                                                   T D = Pt(a1, b1) ^ Pt(a2, b2);
28
                                                                   T Dx = Pt(c1, b1) ^ Pt(c2, b2);
          return cross(pq, r - p) < -eps;</pre>
29
                                                                   T Dy = Pt(a1, c1) ^ Pt(a2, c2);
      bool operator<(const Halfplane& e) const {</pre>
                                                                   if (D == 0) return Pt(-INF, -INF);
                                                                   return A + Pt(Dx / D, Dy / D);
          return angle < e.angle;</pre>
                                                            12
                                                            13
      friend Point inter(const Halfplane& s, const
                                                              Pt center;
           Halfplane& t) {
                                                              T r2;
                                                            15
                                                              void minEncloseCircle(vector<Pt> pts) {
           long double alpha = cross((t.p - s.p), t.pq) /
                                                            16
                                                                   mt19937 gen(chrono::steady_clock::now().
               cross(s.pq, t.pq);
          return s.p + (s.pq * alpha);
                                                                       time_since_epoch().count());
37
                                                                   shuffle(pts.begin(), pts.end(), gen);
                                                                   center = pts[0], r2 = 0;
38
  };
                                                            19
  vector<Point> hp_intersect(vector<Halfplane>& H) {
39
                                                            20
      Point box[4] = {// Bounding box in CCW order
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
                       Point(inf, inf),
                                                                       if (dis2(center, pts[i]) <= r2) continue;</pre>
41
                                                                       center = pts[i], r2 = 0;
42
                       Point(-inf, inf),
                                                            23
                       Point(-inf, -inf),
Point(inf, -inf));
                                                            24
                                                                       for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
43
                                                                           if (dis2(center, pts[j]) <= r2) continue;</pre>
44
      for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) { // Add bounding box
                                                                           center = (pts[i] + pts[j]) / 2.0;
                                                                           r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
for (int k = 0; k < j; k++) {
           half-planes.
          Halfplane aux(box[i], box[(i + 1) % 4]);
          H.push_back(aux);
                                                                               if (dis2(center, pts[k]) <= r2)</pre>
                                                                                    continue;
      }
                                                                               center = circumcenter(pts[i], pts[j],
      sort(H.begin(), H.end());
                                                                                    pts[k]);
      deque<Halfplane> dq;
      int len = 0;
                                                            31
                                                                               r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
      for (int i = 0; i < int(H.size()); i++) {</pre>
                                                                           }
          while (len > 1 && H[i].out(inter(dq[len - 1],
                                                                       }
               dq[len - 2]))) {
                                                                   }
               dq.pop_back();
               --len;
                                                              7.18
                                                                      Heart
           while (len > 1 && H[i].out(inter(dq[0], dq[1]))
                                                              7.19
                                                                      Tangents
               dq.pop_front();
                                                              7.20
                                                                      Point In Circle
               --len;
                                                              7.21
                                                                      Union of Circles
          if (len > 0 && fabsl(cross(H[i].pq, dq[len -
                                                              7.22
                                                                      Union of Polygons
               1].pq)) < eps) {
                                                              7.23
                                                                      Delaunay Triangulation
               if (dot(H[i].pq, dq[len - 1].pq) < 0.0)</pre>
                   return vector<Point>();
                                                                      Triangulation Vonoroi
                                                              7.24
               if (H[i].out(dq[len - 1].p)) {
                                                              7.25
                                                                      External Bisector
                   dq.pop_back();
                   --len;
                                                              7.26
                                                                      Intersection Area of Polygon and Circle
               } else
                                                              7.27
                                                                      3D Point
                   continue;
                                                              7.28
                                                                      3D Convex Hull
          dq.push_back(H[i]);
70
                                                                   Number Theory
                                                              8.1
                                                                    FFT
      while (len > 2 && dq[0].out(inter(dq[len - 1], dq[
           len - 2]))) {
                                                              typedef complex<double> cp;
          dq.pop_back();
           --len;
                                                               const double pi = acos(-1);
      while (len > 2 && dq[len - 1].out(inter(dq[0], dq
                                                              const int NN = 131072;
           [1]))) {
          dq.pop_front();
                                                              struct FastFourierTransform {
           --len;
                                                                           Iterative Fast Fourier Transform
      if (len < 3) return vector<Point>();
                                                                           How this works? Look at this
81
      vector<Point> ret(len);
                                                                           0th recursion 0(000)
                                                                                                   1(001)
                                                                                                             2(010)
      for (int i = 0; i + 1 < len; i++) {
                                                                               3(011)
                                                                                        4(100)
                                                                                                  5(101)
                                                                                                            6(110)
84
          ret[i] = inter(dq[i], dq[i + 1]);
                                                                               7(111)
                                                                           1th recursion 0(000)
                                                                                                   2(010)
                                                                                                             4(100)
      ret.back() = inter(dq[len - 1], dq[0]);
                                                                               6(110) | 1(011)
                                                                                                  3(011)
                                                                                                            5(101)
86
87
      return ret;
                                                                               7(111)
                                                                           2th recursion 0(000)
                                                                                                   4(100) | 2(010)
                                                                               6(110) | 1(011)
                                                                                                  5(101) | 3(011)
                                                                               7(111)
  7.17 Minimum Enclosing Circle
                                                                           3th recursion 0(000) | 4(100) | 2(010) |
                                                                               6(110) | 1(011) | 5(101) | 3(011) |
  const int INF = 1e9;
                                                                               7(111)
  Pt circumcenter(Pt A, Pt B, Pt C) {
                                                                           All the bits are reversed => We can save
                                                                               the reverse of the numbers in an array!
      // a1(x-A.x) + b1(y-A.y) = c1
```

int n, rev[NN];

cp omega[NN], iomega[NN];
void init(int n_) {

// a2(x-A.x) + b2(y-A.y) = c2// solve using Cramer's rule

T a1 = B.x - A.x, b1 = B.y - A.y, c1 = dis2(A, B) / 17

```
for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {</pre>
20
               // Calculate the nth roots of unity
               omega[i] = cp(cos(2 * pi * i / n_), sin(2 *99
                    pi * i / n_));
               iomega[i] = conj(omega[i]);
           int k = _
                     _lg(n_);
           for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {</pre>
               int t = 0;
               for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
                   if (i & (1 << j)) t |= (1 << (k - j -
                        1)):
               rev[i] = t;
31
          }
32
      void transform(vector<cp> &a, cp *xomega) {
35
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
               if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);</pre>
           for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {
               int mid = len >> 1;
               int r = n / len;
               for (int j = 0; j < n; j += len)</pre>
                   for (int i = 0; i < mid; i++) {
42
                        cp tmp = xomega[r * i] * a[j + mid
                            + i];
                        a[j + mid + i] = a[j + i] - tmp;
                        a[j + i] = a[j + i] + tmp;
                   }
47
          }
49
50
      void fft(vector<cp> &a) { transform(a, omega); }
      void ifft(vector<cp> &a) {
          transform(a, iomega);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;
  } FFT;
55
  const int MAXN = 262144;
  // (must be 2^k)
59 // 262144, 524288, 1048576, 2097152, 4194304
60 // before any usage, run pre_fft() first
  typedef long double ld;
typedef complex<ld> cplx; // real() ,imag()
  const ld PI = acosl(-1);
  const cplx I(0, 1);
  cplx omega[MAXN + 1];
  void pre_fft() {
66
67
      for (int i = 0; i <= MAXN; i++) {</pre>
          omega[i] = exp(i * 2 * PI / MAXN * I);
68
69
70
  // n must be 2^k
  void fft(int n, cplx a[], bool inv = false) {
73
      int basic = MAXN / n;
      int theta = basic;
      for (int m = n; m >= 2; m >>= 1) {
           int mh = m >> 1;
76
           for (int i = 0; i < mh; i++) {</pre>
               cplx w = omega[inv ? MAXN - (i * theta %
                   MAXN) : i * theta % MAXN];
               for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {</pre>
                   int k = j + mh;
                   cplx x = a[j] - a[k];
                   a[j] += a[k];
                   a[k] = w * x;
               }
          theta = (theta * 2) % MAXN;
86
88
      for (int j = 1; j < n - 1; j++) {
89
           for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i ^= k); k >>= 1);
           if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
91
      if (inv) {
           for (i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;</pre>
94
95
96 }
```

```
97 cplx arr[MAXN + 1];
  inline void mul(int _n, long long a[], int _m, long
       long b[], long long ans[]) {
       int n = 1, sum = _n + _m 
while (n < sum) n <<= 1;
100
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
101
            double x = (i < _n ? a[i] : 0), y = (i < _m ? b
                [i]:0);
            arr[i] = complex<double>(x + y, x - y);
104
       fft(n, arr);
105
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) arr[i] = arr[i] * arr[i</pre>
            ];
       fft(n, arr, true);
       for (int i = 0; i < sum; i++) ans[i] = (long long
108
            int)(arr[i].real() / 4 + 0.5);
109
  long long a[MAXN];
111
   long long b[MAXN];
112
113 long long ans[MAXN];
int a_length;
  int b_length;
```

8.2 Pollard's rho

```
1 | 11 add(11 x, 11 y, 11 p) {
      return (x + y) \% p;
  11 qMul(l1 x, l1 y, l1 mod) {
      11 ret = x * y - (11)((long double)x / mod * y) *
           mod:
      return ret < 0 ? ret + mod : ret;</pre>
  11 f(11 x, 11 mod) { return add(qMul(x, x, mod), 1, mod
  11 pollard_rho(11 n) {
      if (!(n & 1)) return 2;
      while (true) {
          11 y = 2, x = rand() % (n - 1) + 1, res = 1;
           for (int sz = 2; res == 1; sz *= 2) {
13
               for (int i = 0; i < sz && res <= 1; i++) {
14
15
                   x = f(x, n);
                   res = \_gcd(llabs(x - y), n);
               }
               y = x;
19
           if (res != 0 && res != n) return res;
20
21
22
  vector<ll> ret;
  void fact(ll x) {
      if (miller_rabin(x)) {
           ret.push_back(x);
           return;
27
      11 f = pollard_rho(x);
30
      fact(f);
31
      fact(x / f);
```

8.3 Miller Rabin

```
1 // n < 4,759,123,141
                                 3 : 2, 7, 61
4 : 2, 13, 23, 1662803
  // n < 1,122,004,669,633
  // n < 3,474,749,660,383
                                        6 : pirmes <= 13
4 // n < 2^64
  // 2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022
  bool witness(ll a, ll n, ll u, int t) {
      if (!(a %= n)) return 0;
      11 x = mypow(a, u, n);
for (int i = 0; i < t; i++) {</pre>
           11 nx = mul(x, x, n);
           if (nx == 1 && x != 1 && x != n - 1) return 1;
           x = nx;
      return x != 1;
14
  bool miller_rabin(ll n, int s = 100) {
       // iterate s times of witness on n
17
       // return 1 if prime, 0 otherwise
       if (n < 2) return 0;</pre>
```

```
if (!(n & 1)) return n == 2;
      11 u = n - 1;
21
      int t = 0;
      while (!(u & 1)) u >>= 1, t++;
23
      while (s--) {
          ll a = randll() % (n - 1) + 1;
           if (witness(a, n, u, t)) return 0;
26
      return 1;
28
  }
```

8.4 Fast Power

Note: $a^n \equiv a^{(n \mod (p-1))} \pmod{p}$

8.5 Extend GCD

```
1 | 11 GCD;
  pll extgcd(ll a, ll b) {
       if (b == 0) {
            GCD = a;
            return pll{1, 0};
       pll ans = extgcd(b, a % b);
       return pll{ans.S, ans.F - a / b * ans.S};
  pll bezout(ll a, ll b, ll c) {
       bool negx = (a < 0), negy = (b < 0);
       pll ans = extgcd(abs(a), abs(b));
       if (c % GCD != 0) return pll{-LLINF, -LLINF};
       return pll{ans.F * c / GCD * (negx ? -1 : 1),
ans.S * c / GCD * (negy ? -1 : 1)};
  ll inv(ll a, ll p) {
       if (p == 1) return -1;
       pll ans = bezout(a % p, -p, 1);
if (ans == pll{-LLINF, -LLINF}) return -1;
19
       return (ans.F % p + p) % p;
21
22 }
```

8.6 Mu + Phi

```
1 \mid const int maxn = 1e6 + 5;
  11 f[maxn];
   vector<int> lpf, prime;
   void build() {
         lpf.clear();
         lpf.resize(maxn, 1);
         prime.clear();
f[1] = ...; /* mu[1] = 1, phi[1] = 1 */
for (int i = 2; i < maxn; i++) {
    if (lpf[i] == 1) {</pre>
                     lpf[i] = i;
                     prime.emplace_back(i);
f[i] = ...; /* mu[i] = 1, phi[i] = i-1 */
               for (auto& j : prime) {
    if (i * j >= maxn) break;
    lpf[i * j] = j;
                     if (i % j == 0)
f[i * j] = ...; /* 0, phi[i]*j */
                           f[i * j] = ...; /* -mu[i], phi[i]*phi[j<sup>12</sup>
13
                     if (j >= lpf[i]) break;
               }
         }
25 }
```

8.7 Other Formulas

· Inversion:

20

23

24

```
aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{m}. a^{-1} exists iff gcd(a, m) = 1.
```

Linear inversion:

```
a^{-1} \equiv (m - \lfloor \frac{m}{a} \rfloor) \times (m \mod a)^{-1} \pmod{m}
```

- Fermat's little theorem:
 - $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$ if p is prime.
- Euler function: $\phi(n) = n \prod_{p|n} \frac{p-1}{p}$

```
    Euler theorem:
```

$$a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$$
 if $\gcd(a, n) = 1$.

Extended Euclidean algorithm:

```
ax + by = \gcd(a, b) = \gcd(b, a \mod b) = \gcd(b, a - b)
\lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b = bx_1 + (a - \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b)y_1 = ay_1 + b(x_1 - \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor y_1)
```

· Divisor function:

$$\begin{split} \sigma_x(n) &= \sum_{d|n} d^x. \ n = \prod_{i=1}^r p_i^{a_i}. \\ \sigma_x(n) &= \prod_{i=1}^r \frac{p_i^{(a_i+1)x}-1}{p_i^x-1} \text{ if } x \neq 0. \ \sigma_0(n) = \prod_{i=1}^r (a_i+1). \end{split}$$

Chinese remainder theorem (Coprime Moduli):

```
x \equiv a_i \pmod{m_i}.
M = \prod m_i. M_i = M/m_i. t_i = M_i^{-1}.
x = kM + \sum a_i t_i M_i, k \in \mathbb{Z}.
```

Chinese remainder theorem:

```
x \equiv a_1 \pmod{m_1}, x \equiv a_2 \pmod{m_2} \Rightarrow x = m_1 p + a_1 = a_2 \pmod{m_2}
m_2q + a_2 \Rightarrow m_1p - m_2q = a_2 - a_1
Solve for (p,q) using ExtGCD.
x \equiv m_1 p + a_1 \equiv m_2 q + a_2 \pmod{lcm(m_1, m_2)}
```

- Avoiding Overflow: $ca \mod cb = c(a \mod b)$
- Dirichlet Convolution: $(f*g)(n) = \sum_{d|n} f(n)g(n/d)$
- Important Multiplicative Functions + Proterties:

```
1. \epsilon(n) = [n = 1]
```

2.
$$1(n) = 1$$

3.
$$id(n) = n$$

4. $\mu(n) = 0$ if n has squared prime factor

5.
$$\mu(n) = (-1)^k$$
 if $n = p_1 p_2 \cdots p_k$

6.
$$\epsilon = \mu * 1$$

7.
$$\phi = \mu * id$$

8.
$$[n=1] = \sum_{d|n} \mu(d)$$

9.
$$[gcd = 1] = \sum_{d|gcd} \mu(d)$$

• Möbius inversion: $f = g * 1 \Leftrightarrow g = f * \mu$

8.8 Polynomial

```
const int maxk = 20;
  const int maxn = 1<<maxk;</pre>
  const ll LINF = 1e18;
  /* P = r*2^k + 1
                            k
  998244353
                        119 23
                                3
  1004535809
                        479 21
                        1
                            1
  3
                                 2
                        1
  17
  97
                            5
                                 5
                        3
  193
                        3
                            6
                                 5
                        1
  7681
                        15
                            9
                                 17
  12289
                            12
                        3
  40961
                            13
  65537
                        1
                            16
                                 3
                            18
                                 10
  5767169
                        11 19
                                3
  7340033
                        7
                            20
                                 3
                        11
  23068673
                            21
  104857601
                        25
                            22
  167772161
                        5
                            25
  469762049
                            26
                                 3
                        479 21
  1004535809
  2013265921
                        15 27
  2281701377
                        17
                            27
                                3
  3221225473
                        3
                            30
32 75161927681
```

```
77309411329
                              33
                                  7
  206158430209
                         3
                              36
                                  22
                                                                        int _n = (int)a.size();
34
                                                                114
                         15
                              37
  2061584302081
                                                                        int k = __lg(_n) + ((1 << __lg(_n)) != _n);
                                                                        int n = 1<<k;</pre>
   2748779069441
                         5
                              39
                                                                116
  6597069766657
                              41
37
                         3
                                                                        a.resize(n, 0);
                                                                117
  39582418599937
                         9
                              42
                                  5
                                                                118
   79164837199873
                         9
                              43
                                                                        short shift = maxk-k;
                                                                119
                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  263882790666241
                         15
                             44
                                                                120
  1231453023109121
                             45
                                                                            if (i > (rev[i]>>shift))
                         35
   1337006139375617
                         19
                              46
                                                                                 swap(a[i], a[rev[i]>>shift]);
  3799912185593857
                         27
                             47
                                                                        for (int len = 2, half = 1, div = maxn>>1; len <= n</pre>
  4222124650659841
                         15
                              48
                                  19
                                                                124
  7881299347898369
                                                                            ; len<<=1, half<<=1, div>>=1) {
                              50
                         7
                                  6
45
  31525197391593473
                              52
                                  3
                                                                125
                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {
                                                                                 for (int j = 0; j < half; j++) {</pre>
  180143985094819841
                                                                126
  1945555039024054273 27
                              56
                                                                                     T u = a[i+j];
48
                                  5
   4179340454199820289 29
                              57
                                  3
                                                                                     T v = a[i+j+half] * (inv ? iX[j*div] :
                                                                128
  9097271247288401921 505 54
                                                                                         X[j*div]) % MOD;
                                                                                     a[i+j] = (u+v >= MOD ? u+v-MOD : u+v);
51
   const int g = 3;
                                                                                     a[i+j+half] = (u-v < 0 ? u-v+MOD : u-v)
                                                                130
  const 11 MOD = 998244353;
53
                                                                131
                                                                        } } }
  11 pw(ll a, ll n) { /* fast pow */ }
55
                                                                        if (inv) {
                                                                133
   #define siz(x) (int)x.size()
                                                                            T dn = pw(n, MOD-2);
                                                                            for (auto& x : a) {
                                                                135
58
                                                                                x *= dn;
   template<typename T>
59
                                                                136
   vector<T>& operator+=(vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)
is not not vector<T> b)
                                                                                 if (x >= MOD) x \%= MOD;
60
                                                                138
                                                                   } } }
       if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>
62
                                                                   template<typename T>
           a[i] += b[i];
                                                                   inline void resize(vector<T>& a) {
63
                                                                141
            a[i] -= a[i] >= MOD ? MOD : 0;
                                                                        int cnt = (int)a.size();
                                                                        for (; cnt > 0; cnt--) if (a[cnt-1]) break;
65
       }
                                                                143
66
       return a;
                                                                144
                                                                        a.resize(max(cnt, 1));
67
   }
                                                                145
68
                                                                146
   template<typename T>
                                                                   template<typename T>
   vector<T>& operator -= (vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)148
                                                                   vector<T>& operator*=(vector<T>& a, vector<T> b) {
                                                                       int na = (int)a.size();
                                                                149
       if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
                                                                        int nb = (int)b.size();
                                                                        a.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);
       for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>
           a[i] -= b[i];
                                                                       b.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);
73
            a[i] += a[i] < 0 ? MOD : 0;
                                                                       NTT(a); NTT(b);
for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                154
       return a;
                                                                155
  }
                                                                            a[i] *= b[i];
77
                                                                156
                                                                            if (a[i] >= MOD) a[i] %= MOD;
78
   template<typename T>
                                                                158
   vector<T> operator-(const vector<T>& a) {
                                                                        NTT(a, true);
80
                                                                159
       vector<T> ret(siz(a));
81
                                                                160
82
       for (int i = 0; i < siz(a); i++) {</pre>
                                                                161
                                                                        resize(a);
           ret[i] = -a[i] < 0 ? -a[i] + MOD : -a[i];
83
                                                                162
                                                                        return a:
                                                                163
84
85
       return ret;
                                                                164
  }
                                                                   template<typename T>
86
                                                                165
                                                                   void inv(vector<T>& ia, int N) {
87
88
   vector<ll> X, iX;
                                                                167
                                                                        vector<T> _a(move(ia));
                                                                        ia.resize(1, pw(_a[0], MOD-2));
89
   vector<int> rev;
                                                                168
                                                                        vector<T> a(1, -a[0] + (-a[0] < 0 ? MOD : 0));
   void init_ntt() {
91
       X.clear(); X.resize(maxn, 1); // x1 = g^{((p-1)/n)} 171
                                                                        for (int n = 1; n < N; n <<=1) {
92
       iX.clear(); iX.resize(maxn, 1);
                                                                            // n -> 2*n
                                                                            // ia' = ia(2-a*ia);
94
                                                                173
       ll u = pw(g, (MOD-1)/maxn);
                                                                174
       11 iu = pw(u, MOD-2);
                                                                175
                                                                            for (int i = n; i < min(siz(_a), (n<<1)); i++)</pre>
97
                                                                176
                                                                                a.emplace_back(-_a[i] + (-_a[i] < 0 ? MOD :
       for (int i = 1; i < maxn; i++) {</pre>
           X[i] = X[i-1] * u;
gc
            iX[i] = iX[i-1] * iu;
                                                                            vector<T> tmp = ia;
100
                                                                178
            if (X[i] >= MOD) X[i] %= MOD;
                                                                179
                                                                            ia *= a;
           if (iX[i] >= MOD) iX[i] %= MOD;
                                                                            ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
                                                                180
                                                                            ia[0] = ia[0] + 2 >= MOD ? ia[0] + 2 - MOD : ia
103
                                                                                 [0] + 2;
104
                                                                            ia *= tmp;
       rev.clear(); rev.resize(maxn, 0);
105
                                                                182
       for (int i = 1, hb = -1; i < maxn; i++) {</pre>
                                                                            ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
            if (!(i & (i-1))) hb++;
                                                                184
            rev[i] = rev[i ^ (1<<hb)] | (1<<(maxk-hb-1));
108
                                                                185
                                                                        ia.resize(N);
109
  } }
                                                                186
                                                                   }
                                                                187
  template<typename T>
                                                                   template<typename T>
  void NTT(vector<T>& a, bool inv=false) {
                                                                void mod(vector<T>& a, vector<T>& b) {
```

```
int n = (int)a.size()-1, m = (int)b.size()-1;
       if (n < m) return;</pre>
191
192
       vector<T> ra = a, rb = b;
193
       reverse(ra.begin(), ra.end()); ra.resize(min(n+1, n
194
            -m+1));
       reverse(rb.begin(), rb.end()); rb.resize(min(m+1, n
195
           -m+1));
       inv(rb, n-m+1);
197
198
199
       vector<T> q = move(ra);
       q *= rb;
200
201
       q.resize(n-m+1);
       reverse(q.begin(), q.end());
202
20:
       a -= q;
205
206
       resize(a);
207
   }
208
   /* Kitamasa Method (Fast Linear Recurrence):
   Find a[K] (Given a[j] = c[0]a[j-N] + ... + c[N-1]a[j
       -1])
   Let B(x) = x^N - c[N-1]x^(N-1) - ... - c[1]x^1 - c[0]
   Let R(x) = x^K \mod B(x) (get x^K using fast pow and
       use poly mod to get R(x))
   Let r[i] = the coefficient of x^i in R(x)
|a| = a[K] = a[0]r[0] + a[1]r[1] + ... + a[N-1]r[N-1] */
```

9 Linear Algebra

9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Elimination

```
int n;
  vector<vector<ll>> v;
  void gauss(vector<vector<11>>& v) {
       int r = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            bool ok = false;
            for (int j = r; j < n; j++) {</pre>
                if (v[j][i] == 0) continue;
                swap(v[j], v[r]);
                ok = true;
                break;
            if (!ok) continue;
           11 div = inv(v[r][i]);
for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++) {
    v[r][j] *= div;</pre>
                if (v[r][j] >= MOD) v[r][j] %= MOD;
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {</pre>
                if (j == r) continue;
                11 t = v[j][i];
                for (int k = 0; k < n + 1; k++) {
                     v[j][k] -= v[r][k] * t % MOD;
                     if (v[j][k] < 0) v[j][k] += MOD;
                }
            }
27
            r++;
29 }
```

9.2 Determinant

- Use GJ Elimination, if there's any row consists of only 0, then det = 0, otherwise det = product of diagonal elements.
- 2. Properties of det:
 - · Transpose: Unchanged
 - Row Operation 1 Swap 2 rows: -det
 - Row Operation 2 $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$: $k \times det$
 - Row Operation 3 $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$ add to $\overrightarrow{r_i}$: Unchaged

10 Combinatorics

10.1 Catalan Number

$$C_0 = 1, C_n = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} C_i C_{n-1-i}, C_n = C_n^{2n} - C_{n-1}^{2n}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\
4 & 14 & 42 & 132 & 429 \\
8 & 1430 & 4862 & 16796 & 58786
\end{array}$$

2674440

9694845

10.2 Burnside's Lemma

208012

12

Let *X* be the original set.

Let G be the group of operations acting on X.

742900

Let X^g be the set of x not affected by g.

Let X/G be the set of orbits.

Then the following equation holds:

$$|X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$$

11 Special Numbers

11.1 Fibonacci Series

1	1	1	2	3
5	5	8	13	21
9	34	55	89	144
13	233	377	610	987
17	1597	2584	4181	6765
21	10946	17711	28657	46368
25	75025	121393	196418	317811
29	514229	832040	1346269	2178309
33	3524578	5702887	9227465	14930352

 $f(45) \approx 10^9, f(88) \approx 10^{18}$

11.2 Prime Numbers

• First 50 prime numbers:

1	2	3	5	7	11
6	13	17	19	23	29
11	31	37	41	43	47
16	53	59	61	67	71
21	73	79	83	89	97
26	101	103	107	109	113
31	127	131	137	139	149
36	151	157	163	167	173
41	179	181	191	193	197
46	199	211	223	227	229

Very large prime numbers:

1000001333 1000500889 2500001909 2000000659 900004151 850001359

```
\begin{array}{l} \bullet \  \, \pi(n) \equiv {\sf Number\ of\ primes} \leq n \approx n/((\ln n) - 1) \\ \pi(100) = 25, \pi(200) = 46 \\ \pi(500) = 95, \pi(1000) = 168 \\ \pi(2000) = 303, \pi(4000) = 550 \\ \pi(10^4) = 1229, \pi(10^5) = 9592 \\ \pi(10^6) = 78498, \pi(10^7) = 664579 \end{array}
```