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   1.1 Bug List . . . . . . . . .
                                                                                              set number relativenumber ai t_Co=256 tabstop=4
   1.2 OwO . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  7.3
                                                       Sort by Angle . . . . . .
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                                                                                              set mouse=a shiftwidth=4 encoding=utf8
   Basic
                                                  set bs=2 ruler laststatus=2 cmdheight=2
   Vimrc . .
                                                                                              set clipboard=unnamedplus showcmd autoread
                                                                                              set belloff=all
   Point Segment Distance .
                                                                                              filetype indent on
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  Data Structure
                                                  inoremap ( ()<Esc>i
inoremap " ""<Esc>i
   16 c
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inoremap ' ''<Esc>i
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   nnoremap <C-n> :tabnew<CR>
                                                                                        1818
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                                                                                        1810
                                                                                              inoremap <F9> <Esc>:w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR>
       7.24 Triangulation Vonoroi . .
                                                                                              nnoremap <F9> :w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR>
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        Cover / Independent Set .
                                                  colorscheme desert
   Graph
                                                                                              set filetype=cpp
        Heavy-Light Decomposition 7
                                                                                              set background=dark
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5.4 BCC - AP  

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10
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10
                                                                                              hi Normal ctermfg=white ctermbg=black
                                                  2.2 Runcpp.sh
                                                       Extend GCD . . . . . . .
                                                                                              #! /bin/bash
                                                       Mu + Phi . . . . . . . . . Other Formulas . . . . .
   5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir . . . . 11
                                                                                              clear
                                                  8.7
                                                                                        19
   echo "Start compiling $1..."
                                                  8.8 Polynomial . . . . . . . . 20 <sup>3</sup>
                                                                                              echo
                                               9 Linear Algebra
                                                                                              g++ -02 -std=c++20 -Wall -Wextra -Wshadow $2/$1 -o $2/
                                                  9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Elimina-
                                                                                                     out
                                                        tion . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                                                              if [ "$?" -ne 0 ]
   String
                                                  9.2 Determinant . . . . . . . 21 <sup>6</sup>
   then
                                               10 Combinatorics
                                                                                                     exit 1
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                                                                                              fi
        Manacher . . . . . . . . . . . . 13
        echo
                                                                                              echo "Done compiling"
                                               11 Special Numbers
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                                                                                              echo "=======
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                                                                                              echo
                                                                                              echo "Input file:"
                                                                                              echo
                                                                                              cat $2/in.txt
        Reminder
                                                                                              echo
                                                                                              echo "==========
                                                                                              echo
1.1
          Bug List
                                                                                              declare startTime=`date +%s%N`
                                                                                              $2/out < $2/in.txt > $2/out.txt

    沒開 long long

                                                                                              declare endTime=`date +%s%N`
   • 陣列戳出界/開不夠大/ 開太大本地 compile 噴怪 error
                                                                                              delta=`expr $endTime - $startTime`

    傳之前先確定選對檔案

                                                                                              delta=`expr $delta / 1000000
    • 寫好的函式忘記呼叫
                                                                                              cat $2/out.txt
                                                                                              echo

    變數打錯

                                                                                              echo "time: $delta ms"

    0-base / 1-base

    • 忘記初始化
                                                                                              2.3 PBDS
   • == 打成 =
                                                                                              #include <bits/extc++.h>
   • <= 打成 <+
                                                                                              using namespace __gnu_pbds;

    dp[i] 從 dp[i-1] 轉移時忘記特判 i > 0

    • std::sort 比較運算子寫成 < 或是讓 = 的情況為 true
    • 漏 case / 分 case 要好好想
                                                                                              tree<int, int, less<>, rb_tree_tag,
                                                                                                     tree_order_statistics_node_update> tr;
    • 線段樹改值懶標初始值不能設為 0
                                                                                              tr.order_of_key(element);
    DFS 的時候不小心覆寫到全域變數
                                                                                              tr.find_by_order(rank);

    浮點數誤差

    多筆測資不能沒讀完直接 return

                                                                                              tree<int, null_type, less<>, rb_tree_tag,
   • 記得刪 cerr
                                                                                                     tree_order_statistics_node_update> tr;
                                                                                              tr.order_of_key(element);
tr.find_by_order(rank);
1.2 OwO
    • 可以構造複雜點的測資幫助思考
                                                                                          13
                                                                                              // hash table
    • 真的卡太久請跳題
                                                                                          14
                                                                                              gp_hash_table<int, int> ht;

    Enjoy The Contest!

                                                                                              ht.find(element);
```

```
ht.insert({key, value});
  ht.erase(element);
                                                                          seg[x] = val, x /= 2;
18
19
                                                               13
                                                                          while (x)
                                                                              seg[x] = min(seg[2 * x], seg[2 * x + 1]), x
  // priority queue
20
                                                               14
  __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<int, less<int>> big_q;
             // Big First
  __gnu_pbds::priority_queue<int, greater<int>> small_q;
                                                               16
        // Small First
                                                                      int query(int 1, int r) {
23 q1.join(q2); // join
                                                                          1 += n, r += n;
                                                                          int ret = inf;
                                                               19
                                                                          while (1 < r) {
  2.4 Random
                                                               20
                                                                              if (1 & 1)
                                                                                   ret = min(ret, seg[1++]);
mt19937 gen(chrono::steady_clock::now().
                                                               22
       time_since_epoch().count());
                                                               23
                                                                               if (r & 1)
                                                                                   ret = min(ret, seg[--r]);
  uniform_int_distribution<int> dis(1, 100);
                                                                              1 /= 2, r /= 2;
  cout << dis(gen) << endl;</pre>
                                                               25
4 shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), gen);
                                                               27
                                                                          return ret;
                                                                      }
                                                               28
       Data Structure
                                                               29 } bm;
  3.1 BIT
                                                                 3.4 Treap
  struct BIT {
                                                               nt19937 rng(random_device{}());
       int n;
                                                                 struct Treap {
       long long bit[N];
                                                                      Treap *1, *r;
                                                                      int val, num, pri;
       void init(int x, vector<long long> &a) {
                                                                      Treap(int k) {
                                                                          1 = r = NULL;
           for (int i = 1, j; i <= n; i++) {
   bit[i] += a[i - 1], j = i + (i & -i);</pre>
                                                                          val = k;
                                                                          num = 1;
               if (j <= n) bit[j] += bit[i];</pre>
                                                                          pri = rng();
           }
      }
                                                               11
                                                                 };
                                                                 int siz(Treap *now) { return now ? now->num : 0; }
13
      void update(int x, long long dif) {
                                                                 void pull(Treap *&now) {
                                                               13
           while (x \le n) bit[x] += dif, x += x & -x;
                                                                      now \rightarrow num = siz(now \rightarrow 1) + siz(now \rightarrow r) + 1;
16
                                                                 Treap *merge(Treap *a, Treap *b) {
                                                               16
      long long query(int 1, int r) {
                                                                      if (!a || !b)
           if (1 != 1) return query(1, r) - query(1, 1 -
                                                                          return a ? a : b;
               1);
                                                                      else if (a->pri > b->pri) {
                                                                          a->r = merge(a->r, b);
           long long ret = 0;
                                                                          pull(a);
           while (1 \leftarrow r) ret += bit[r], r -= r & -r;
                                                                          return a;
22
           return ret;
                                                               23
                                                                      } else {
23
                                                                          b->1 = merge(a, b->1);
                                                               24
  } bm;
                                                               25
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               26
                                                                          return b;
  3.2 DSU
                                                               27
                                                               28
  struct DSU {
                                                                 void split_size(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int
      int h[N], s[N];
                                                                      val) {
                                                                      if (!rt) {
       void init(int n) { iota(h, h + n + 1, 0), fill(s, s_{31}
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
            + n + 1, 1); }
                                                                          return;
       int fh(int x) { return (h[x] == x ? x : h[x] = fh(h_{34})
                                                                      if (siz(rt->l) + 1 > val) {
           [x])); }
                                                                          b = rt;
                                                                          split_size(rt->l, a, b->l, val);
       bool mer(int x, int y) {
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               37
           x = fh(x), y = fh(y);
                                                               38
                                                                      } else {
           if (x == y) return 0;
                                                               39
           if (s[x] < s[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                          split_size(rt->r, a->r, b, val - siz(a->l) - 1)
                                                               40
           s[x] += s[y], s[y] = 0;
13
           h[y] = x;
                                                                          pull(a);
                                                               41
           return 1;
14
                                                               42
15
                                                               43
16 } bm;
                                                                 void split_val(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int val
                                                               44
                                                                      ) {
                                                                      if (!rt) {
  3.3 Segment Tree
                                                               45
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
                                                               46
  struct segtree {
                                                               47
                                                                          return;
       int n, seg[1 << 19];</pre>
                                                               48
                                                                      if (rt->val <= val) {</pre>
                                                               49
       void init(int x) {
                                                                          a = rt;
           n = 1 << (_ig(x) + 1);
for (int i = 1; i < 2 * n; i++)
                                                                          split_val(rt->r, a->r, b, val);
                                                               51
                                                                          pull(a);
               seg[i] = inf;
                                                               53
                                                                      } else {
                                                                          b = rt:
       }
                                                               54
                                                               55
                                                                          split_val(rt->1, a, b->1, val);
       void update(int x, int val) {
                                                                          pull(b);
```

```
25 #undef m
      }
  }
58
  void treap_dfs(Treap *now) {
                                                                  3.7 Sparse Table
59
      if (!now) return;
60
      treap_dfs(now->1);
                                                                1 const int lgmx = 19;
61
       cout << now->val << " ";</pre>
       treap_dfs(now->r);
63
                                                                  int n, q;
64 }
                                                                  int spt[lgmx][maxn];
                                                                  void build() {
  3.5 Persistent Treap
                                                                      FOR(k, 1, lgmx, 1) {
  struct node {
   node *1, *r;
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) - 1 < n; i++) {
                                                                               spt[k][i] = min(spt[k - 1][i], spt[k - 1][i
       char c;
                                                                                     + (1 << (k - 1))]);
       int v, sz;
       node(char x = '\$') : c(x), v(mt()), sz(1) {
                                                                      }
           1 = r = nullptr;
                                                               13
       node(node* p) { *this = *p; }
                                                                  int query(int 1, int r) {
      void pull() {
                                                               15
                                                                      int ln = len(l, r);
                                                                      int lg = __lg(ln);
          sz = 1:
           for (auto i : {1, r})
                                                               17
                                                                      return min(spt[lg][l], spt[lg][r - (1 << lg) + 1]);</pre>
               if (i) sz += i->sz;
  } arr[maxn], *ptr = arr;
                                                                  3.8 Time Segment Tree
  inline int size(node* p) { return p ? p->sz : 0; }
15
  node* merge(node* a, node* b) {
                                                                | constexpr int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
      if (!a || !b) return a ?: b;
                                                                 V<P<int>> arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
17
                                                                 V<int> dsu, sz;
       if (a->v < b->v) {
18
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(a);
                                                                  V<tuple<int, int, int>> his;
20
           ret->r = merge(ret->r, b), ret->pull();
                                                                  int cnt, q;
                                                                  int find(int x) {
           return ret;
      } else {
                                                                      return x == dsu[x] ? x : find(dsu[x]);
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(b);
23
                                                                 };
           ret->l = merge(a, ret->l), ret->pull();
                                                                 inline bool merge(int x, int y) {
25
           return ret;
                                                                      int a = find(x), b = find(y);
                                                                      if (a == b) return false;
26
      }
  }
                                                                      if (sz[a] > sz[b]) swap(a, b);
  P<node*> split(node* p, int k) {
                                                                      his.emplace_back(a, b, sz[b]), dsu[a] = b, sz[b] +=
                                                               13
      if (!p) return {nullptr, nullptr};
                                                                           sz[a];
       if (k >= size(p->1) + 1) {
                                                                      return true;
           auto [a, b] = split(p->r, k - size(p->l) - 1); 15
31
                                                                 };
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
32
                                                                  inline void undo() {
33
           ret->r = a, ret->pull();
                                                                      auto [a, b, s] = his.back();
           return {ret, b};
                                                                      his.pop_back();
34
                                                               18
       } else {
                                                               19
                                                                      dsu[a] = a, sz[b] = s;
           auto [a, b] = split(p->1, k);
                                                               20
                                                                  #define m ((1 + r) >> 1)
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
                                                               21
           ret->l = b, ret->pull();
                                                                  void insert(int ql, int qr, P<int> x, int i = 1, int l
                                                                      = 0, int r = q) {
           return {a, ret};
39
                                                                      // debug(ql, qr, x); return; if (qr <= l || r <= ql) return;
40
       }
41 }
                                                               24
                                                                      if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) {
                                                               25
  3.6 Li Chao Tree
                                                               26
                                                                           arr[i].push_back(x);
                                                               27
                                                                           return;
| constexpr int maxn = 5e4 + 5;
                                                               28
  struct line {
                                                                      if (qr <= m)
      ld a, b;
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
      ld operator()(ld x) { return a * x + b; }
                                                                      else if (m <= ql)</pre>
  } arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
                                                                          insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1 | 1, m, r);
  bool operator<(line a, line b) { return a.a < b.a; }</pre>
                                                                      else {
  #define m ((1 + r) >> 1)
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
  void insert(line x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn)35
                                                                           insert(ql, qr, x, i \langle\langle 1 | 1, m, r \rangle\rangle;
       if (r - l == 1) {
           if (x(1) \rightarrow arr[i](1))
                                                                  void traversal(V<int>& ans, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r
10
                                                               38
11
               arr[i] = x;
                                                                       = q) {
                                                                      int opcnt = 0;
           return;
                                                                      // debug(i, l, r);
                                                                      for (auto [a, b] : arr[i])
       line a = max(arr[i], x), b = min(arr[i], x);
15
       if(a(m) > b(m))
                                                               42
                                                                          if (merge(a, b))
           arr[i] = a, insert(b, i << 1, 1, m);
                                                               43
                                                                              opcnt++, cnt--;
                                                                      if (r - 1 == 1)
           arr[i] = b, insert(a, i << 1 | 1, m, r);
                                                               45
                                                                          ans[1] = cnt;
18
19
                                                                      else {
  id query(int x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn) {
    if (x < l || r <= x) return -numeric_limits<ld>::
                                                                          traversal(ans, i << 1, l, m);
traversal(ans, i << 1 | 1, m, r);</pre>
                                                               48
           max();
       if (r - 1 == 1) return arr[i](x);
                                                                      while (opcnt--)
       return max(\{arr[i](x), query(x, i << 1, 1, m),
                                                                          undo(), cnt++;
23
                                                               51
           query(x, i << 1 | 1, m, r)});
                                                                      arr[i].clear();
24 }
                                                               53 }
```

```
#undef m
  inline void solve() {
55
                                                               36
      int n, m;
56
                                                               37
57
       cin >> n >> m >> q, q++;
       dsu.resize(cnt = n), sz.assign(n, 1);
58
59
       iota(dsu.begin(), dsu.end(), 0);
       // a, b, time, operation
60
       unordered_map<ll, V<int>> s;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int a, b;
63
                                                               42
           cin >> a >> b;
                                                               43
           if (a > b) swap(a, b);
65
           s[((11)a << 32) | b].emplace_back(0);
                                                               45
66
                                                               46
68
       for (int i = 1; i < q; i++) {
           int op, a, b;
69
                                                               48
           cin >> op >> a >> b;
           if (a > b) swap(a, b);
           switch (op) {
               case 1:
                   s[((11)a << 32) | b].push_back(i);
                                                               53
                    break;
               case 2:
                    auto tmp = s[((11)a << 32) | b].back();56</pre>
                    s[((11)a << 32) | b].pop_back();
                    insert(tmp, i, P<int>{a, b});
           }
80
                                                               59
                                                               60
       for (auto [p, v] : s) {
82
           int a = p >> 32, b = p \& -1;
           while (v.size()) {
               insert(v.back(), q, P<int>{a, b});
85
               v.pop_back();
           }
87
88
       V<int> ans(q);
89
       traversal(ans);
90
91
       for (auto i : ans)
92
           cout << i <<
       cout << endl;</pre>
93
```

Flow / Matching

4.1 Dinic

94 }

```
struct Dinic {
       int n, s, t, level[N], iter[N];
       struct edge {
           int to, cap, rev;
       vector<edge> path[N];
       void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
          n = _n, s = _s, t = _t;
FOR(i, 0, n + 1)
           path[i].clear();
11
       void add(int a, int b, int c) {
           now.to = b, now.cap = c, now.rev = sz(path[b]);28
           path[a].pb(now);
16
           now.to = a, now.cap = 0, now.rev = sz(path[a])
               - 1;
           path[b].pb(now);
18
      }
       void bfs() {
19
           memset(level, -1, sizeof(level));
           level[s] = 0;
21
           queue<int> q;
23
           q.push(s);
           while (q.size()) {
               int now = q.front();
               q.pop();
26
               for (edge e : path[now]) {
                    if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == -1) {
                        level[e.to] = level[now] + 1;
29
30
                        q.push(e.to);
31
                    }
               }
32
33
           }
       }
```

```
int dfs(int now, int flow) {
          if (now == t) return flow;
          for (int &i = iter[now]; i < sz(path[now]); i</pre>
               ++) {
               edge &e = path[now][i];
               if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == level[now]
                   + 1) {
                   int res = dfs(e.to, min(flow, e.cap));
                   if (res > 0) {
                       e.cap -= res;
                       path[e.to][e.rev].cap += res;
                       return res;
                   }
              }
          }
          return 0;
      int dinic() {
          int res = 0;
          while (true) {
              bfs();
              if (level[t] == -1) break;
               memset(iter, 0, sizeof(iter));
              int now = 0;
              while ((now = dfs(s, INF)) > 0) res += now;
          return res;
      }
61 };
```

4.2 MCMF

10

11

13

14

15

17

18 19

20

23

32

33

35

37

38

40

43

46

47

```
1 struct MCMF {
      int n, s, t, par[N + 5], p_i[N + 5], dis[N + 5],
          vis[N + 5];
      struct edge {
          int to, cap, rev, cost;
      vector<edge> path[N];
      void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
          n = _n, s = _s, t = _t;
FOR(i, 0, 2 * n + 5)
          par[i] = p_i[i] = vis[i] = 0;
      void add(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
   path[a].pb({b, c, sz(path[b]), d});
          path[b].pb({a, 0, sz(path[a]) - 1, -d});
      void spfa() {
          FOR(i, 0, n * 2 + 5)
          dis[i] = INF,
          vis[i] = 0;
          dis[s] = 0;
          queue<int> q;
          q.push(s);
          while (!q.empty()) {
              int now = q.front();
               q.pop();
               vis[now] = 0;
               for (int i = 0; i < sz(path[now]); i++) {</pre>
                   edge e = path[now][i];
                   if (e.cap > 0 && dis[e.to] > dis[now] +
                         e.cost) {
                        dis[e.to] = dis[now] + e.cost;
                        par[e.to] = now;
                        p_i[e.to] = i;
                        if (vis[e.to] == 0) {
                            vis[e.to] = 1;
                            q.push(e.to);
                        }
                   }
              }
          }
      pii flow() {
          int flow = 0, cost = 0;
          while (true) {
               spfa();
               if (dis[t] == INF)
                   break;
               int mn = INF;
```

for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i])

```
mn = min(mn, path[par[i]][p_i[i]].cap);68
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           lx[x] = max(lx[x], g[x][y]);
                flow += mn;
50
                cost += dis[t] * mn;
                                                                           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
51
                for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i]) {
    edge &now = path[par[i]][p_i[i]];
52
                                                                71
                                                                           bfs(x);
                                                                           int ans = 0;
53
                    now.cap -= mn;
                                                                73
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                    path[i][now.rev].cap += mn;
                                                                           ans += g[my[y]][y];
                                                                74
56
                }
                                                                75
                                                                           return ans;
                                                                       }
           return mp(flow, cost);
                                                                77 };
58
59
                                                                  4.4 Hopcroft-Karp
60 };
  4.3 KM
                                                                  struct HopcroftKarp {
                                                                       // id: X = [1, nx], Y = [nx+1, nx+ny]
  struct KM {
                                                                       int n, nx, ny, m, MXCNT;
       int n, mx[1005], my[1005], pa[1005];
                                                                       vector<vector<int> > g;
       int g[1005][1005], lx[1005], ly[1005], sy[1005];
                                                                       vector<int> mx, my, dis, vis;
       bool vx[1005], vy[1005];
                                                                       void init(int nnx, int nny, int mm) {
       void init(int _n) {
                                                                           nx = nnx, ny = nny, m = mm;
                                                                           n = nx + ny + 1;
           n = _n;
           FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           g.clear();
           fill(g[i], g[i] + 1 + n, 0);
                                                                           g.resize(n);
       void add(int a, int b, int c) { g[a][b] = c; }
                                                                       void add(int x, int y) {
       void augment(int y) {
                                                                           g[x].emplace_back(y);
                                                                13
11
           for (int x, z; y; y = z)
                                                                           g[y].emplace_back(x);
               x = pa[y], z = mx[x], my[y] = x, mx[x] = y;15
13
                                                                       bool dfs(int x) {
14
                                                                16
       void bfs(int st) {
15
                                                                17
                                                                           vis[x] = true;
                                                                           Each(y, g[x]) {
16
           FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
                                                                18
           sy[i] = INF,
17
                                                                19
                                                                               int px = my[y];
           vx[i] = vy[i] = 0;
                                                                20
                                                                                if (px == -1 ||
           queue<int> q;
                                                                                    (dis[px] == dis[x] + 1 &&
19
                                                                21
20
           q.push(st);
                                                                                     !vis[px] && dfs(px))) {
2
           for (;;) {
                                                                23
                                                                                    mx[x] = y;
                                                                                    my[y] = x;
                while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                24
                    int x = q.front();
                                                                                    return true;
                    q.pop();
                                                                               }
                                                                26
24
                    vx[x] = 1;
                                                                27
                                                                           }
25
                    FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           return false;
                    if (!vy[y]) {
27
                                                                29
                        int t = 1x[x] + 1y[y] - g[x][y];
                                                                30
                                                                       void get() {
                         if (t == 0) {
                                                                           mx.clear();
                                                                           mx.resize(n, -1);
                             pa[y] = x;
30
                                                                32
                             if (!my[y]) {
                                                                33
                                                                           my.clear();
                                 augment(y);
                                                                34
                                                                           my.resize(n, -1);
32
                                 return;
33
                                                                35
                                                                           while (true) {
35
                             vy[y] = 1, q.push(my[y]);
                                                                37
                                                                               queue<int> q;
36
                        } else if (sy[y] > t)
                                                                38
                                                                                dis.clear();
                             pa[y] = x, sy[y] = t;
                                                                39
                                                                                dis.resize(n, -1);
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++) {
                    }
                                                                40
38
                                                                41
                                                                                    if (mx[x] == -1) {
                                                                                        dis[x] = 0;
                int cut = INF;
                                                                42
                FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                                                        q.push(x);
                                                                43
                if (!vy[y] && cut > sy[y]) cut = sy[y];
43
                FOR(j, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                45
                    if (vx[j]) lx[j] -= cut;
                                                                46
                                                                               while (!q.empty()) {
                    if (vy[j])
                                                                                    int x = q.front();
                         ly[j] += cut;
                                                                                    q.pop();
                                                                48
46
47
                    else
                                                                49
                                                                                    Each(y, g[x]) {
                                                                                        if (my[y] != -1 \&\& dis[my[y]] ==
                        sy[j] -= cut;
                                                                50
49
                                                                                             -1) {
                FOR(y, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                                             dis[my[y]] = dis[x] + 1;
                    if (!vy[y] \&\& sy[y] == 0) {
                                                                                             q.push(my[y]);
                                                                52
                         if (!my[y]) {
                                                                53
                                                                                        }
                             augment(y);
                                                                                    }
                                                                               }
                             return:
                                                                55
55
                                                                56
                                                                               bool brk = true;
                         vy[y] = 1;
                                                                57
                                                                               vis.clear();
                         q.push(my[y]);
57
                                                                58
58
                    }
                                                                59
                                                                               vis.resize(n, 0);
               }
                                                                60
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)
59
                                                                                    if (mx[x] == -1 \&\& dfs(x))
           }
60
                                                                61
                                                                                        brk = false;
       int solve() {
                                                                63
62
           fill(mx, mx + n + 1, 0);
                                                                               if (brk) break;
63
                                                                64
           fill(my, my + n + 1, 0);
                                                                65
64
           fill(ly, ly + n + 1, 0);
fill(lx, lx + n + 1, 0);
                                                                           MXCNT = 0;
                                                                66
65
                                                                67
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)
66
                                                                               if (mx[x] != -1) MXCNT++;
67
           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
                                                                68
```

```
if (g[u][x].w > 0 && st[u] != x && S[st[u]]
70 } hk;
                                                                                    update_slack(u, x);
                                                                24
        Blossom
  4.5
                                                                25
                                                                       void q_push(int x) {
                                                                26
  const int N=5e2+10;
                                                                27
                                                                           if (x <= n)
  struct Graph{
                                                                28
                                                                                q.push(x);
       int to[N],bro[N],head[N],e;
                                                                29
                                                                           else
       int lnk[N], vis[N], stp,n;
                                                                                for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[x].size(); i++)</pre>
       void init(int _n){
                                                                                    q push(flo[x][i]);
           stp=0;e=1;n=_n;
                                                                31
           FOR(i,0,n+1)head[i]=lnk[i]=vis[i]=0;
                                                                       void set_st(int x, int b) {
                                                                32
                                                                           st[x] = b;
                                                                33
       void add(int u,int v){
                                                                34
                                                                           if (x > n)
           to[e]=v,bro[e]=head[u],head[u]=e++;
                                                                                for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[x].size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                35
           to[e]=u,bro[e]=head[v],head[v]=e++;
                                                                                    set_st(flo[x][i], b);
11
13
       bool dfs(int x){
                                                                37
                                                                       int get_pr(int b, int xr) {
                                                                           int pr = find(flo[b].begin(), flo[b].end(), xr)
           vis[x]=stp;
14
                                                                38
           for(int i=head[x];i;i=bro[i])
                                                                                 - flo[b].begin();
15
                                                                           if (pr % 2 == 1) {
16
                                                                39
                                                                                reverse(flo[b].begin() + 1, flo[b].end());
                int v=to[i];
                                                                40
                if(!lnk[v])
                                                                41
                                                                                return (int)flo[b].size() - pr;
18
                {
                                                                42
                    lnk[x]=v;lnk[v]=x;
                                                                           return pr;
                                                                43
                    return true;
                                                                44
21
                                                                       void set_match(int u, int v) {
                                                                45
                else if(vis[lnk[v]]<stp)</pre>
                                                                           match[u] = g[u][v].v;
                                                                47
                                                                           if (u <= n) return;</pre>
                    int w=lnk[v];
                                                                48
                                                                           edge e = g[u][v];
                                                                           int xr = flo_from[u][e.u], pr = get_pr(u, xr);
                    lnk[x]=v, lnk[v]=x, lnk[w]=0;
                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < pr; ++i) set_match(flo[u][i
    ], flo[u][i ^ 1]);</pre>
                    if(dfs(w))return true:
                                                                50
                    lnk[w]=v, lnk[v]=w, lnk[x]=0;
                                                                           set_match(xr, v);
                }
30
                                                                           rotate(flo[u].begin(), flo[u].begin() + pr, flo
           return false;
31
                                                                                [u].end());
32
                                                                53
33
       int solve(){
                                                                54
                                                                       void augment(int u, int v) {
           int ans=0;
                                                                55
                                                                           for (;;) {
34
                                                                                int xnv = st[match[u]];
           FOR(i,1,n+1){
35
                                                                56
                if(!lnk[i]){
                                                                57
                                                                                set_match(u, v);
                    stp++;
                                                                58
                                                                                if (!xnv) return;
37
                    ans+=dfs(i);
                                                                                set_match(xnv, st[pa[xnv]]);
38
                                                                59
                                                                60
                                                                                u = st[pa[xnv]], v = xnv;
                }
           }
                                                                           }
                                                                61
40
           return ans;
                                                                62
                                                                       int get_lca(int u, int v) {
                                                                63
42
                                                                           static int t = 0;
       void print_matching(){
43
                                                                64
                                                                           for (++t; u || v; swap(u, v)) {
           FOR(i,1,n+1)
                                                                65
                                                                                if (u == 0) continue;
45
                if(i<graph.lnk[i])</pre>
                                                                66
                                                                                if (vis[u] == t) return u;
                    cout<<i<<" "<<graph.lnk[i]<<endl;</pre>
46
                                                                68
                                                                                vis[u] = t;
       }
                                                                                u = st[match[u]];
48 };
                                                                69
                                                                70
                                                                                if (u) u = st[pa[u]];
  4.6 Weighted Blossom
                                                                71
                                                                           return 0:
  struct WeightGraph { // 1-based
                                                                73
       static const int inf = INT_MAX;
                                                                74
                                                                       void add_blossom(int u, int lca, int v) {
       static const int maxn = 514;
                                                                           int b = n + 1;
                                                                75
       struct edge {
                                                                           while (b <= n_x && st[b]) ++b;
           int u, v, w;
edge() {}
                                                                           if (b > n_x) ++n_x;
lab[b] = 0, S[b] = 0;
                                                                           match[b] = match[lca];
           edge(int u, int v, int w) : u(u), v(v), w(w) {}79
                                                                           flo[b].clear();
       };
       int n, n_x;
                                                                           flo[b].push_back(lca);
                                                                81
       edge g[maxn * 2][maxn * 2];
                                                                           for (int x = u, y; x != lca; x = st[pa[y]])
       int lab[maxn * 2];
                                                                                flo[b].push_back(x), flo[b].push_back(y =
                                                                           st[match[x]]), q_push(y);
reverse(flo[b].begin() + 1, flo[b].end());
       int match[maxn * 2], slack[maxn * 2], st[maxn * 2],
            pa[maxn * 2];
       int flo_from[maxn * 2][maxn + 1], S[maxn * 2], vis[85
                                                                           for (int x = v, y; x != lca; x = st[pa[y]])
                                                                                flo[b].push_back(x), flo[b].push_back(y =
           maxn * 2];
       vector<int> flo[maxn * 2];
                                                                                    st[match[x]]), q_push(y);
                                                                           set_st(b, b);
       queue<int> q;
       int e_delta(const edge &e) { return lab[e.u] + lab[88
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x) g[b][x].w = g[x]
16
           e.v] - g[e.u][e.v].w * 2; }
                                                                                ][b].w = 0;
       void update_slack(int u, int x) {
                                                                           for (int x = 1; x <= n; ++x) flo_from[b][x] =
                                                                                0;
           if (!slack[x] \mid | e_delta(g[u][x]) < e_delta(g[u][x])
18
                                                                           for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[b].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                slack[x]][x])) slack[x] = u;
                                                                                int xs = flo[b][i];
19
                                                                                for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
   if (g[b][x].w == 0 || e_delta(g[xs][x])</pre>
       void set_slack(int x) {
20
                                                                92
```

93

< e_delta(g[b][x]))

slack[x] = 0;

for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)

96

97

98

gc

101

102

103

105

106

108

109

115

118

124

126

128

130

131

132

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

1.41

143

145

146

151

154

158

```
g[b][x] = g[xs][x], g[x][b] = g[x][165]
                                                                           if (S[st[u]] == 0) {
                     xs];
                                                                               if (lab[u] <= d) return 0;</pre>
        for (int x = 1; x <= n; ++x)
                                                                               lab[u] -= d;
             if (flo_from[xs][x]) flo_from[b][x] =
                                                                           } else if (S[st[u]] == 1)
                                                      168
                                                                               lab[u] += d;
                                                      169
    set_slack(b);
                                                                      for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
                                                                           if (st[b] == b) {
void expand_blossom(int b) {
                                                                               if (S[st[b]] == 0)
    for (size_t i = 0; i < flo[b].size(); ++i)
    set_st(flo[b][i], flo[b][i]);</pre>
                                                                                   lab[b] += d * 2;
                                                      174
                                                                               else if (S[st[b]] == 1)
                                                      175
                                                                                   lab[b] -= d * 2;
    int xr = flo_from[b][g[b][pa[b]].u], pr =
                                                      176
        get_pr(b, xr);
                                                      177
    for (int i = 0; i < pr; i += 2) {
                                                      178
                                                                      q = queue<int>();
        int xs = flo[b][i], xns = flo[b][i + 1];
                                                                      for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
                                                      179
                                                                           if (st[x] == x && slack[x] && st[slack[
        pa[xs] = g[xns][xs].u;
                                                      180
        S[xs] = 1, S[xns] = 0;
                                                                               x]] != x && e_delta(g[slack[x]][x])
        slack[xs] = 0, set_slack(xns);
                                                                               if (on_found_edge(g[slack[x]][x]))
        q_push(xns);
                                                      181
                                                                                   return true;
                                                                      for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
    S[xr] = 1, pa[xr] = pa[b];
                                                      182
                                                                           if (st[b] == b && S[b] == 1 && lab[b]
    for (size_t i = pr + 1; i < flo[b].size(); ++i)83
                                                                               == 0) expand_blossom(b);
        int xs = flo[b][i];
        S[xs] = -1, set_slack(xs);
                                                                  return false;
    }
                                                      186
    st[b] = 0;
                                                              pair<long long, int> solve() {
                                                      187
                                                                  memset(match + 1, 0, sizeof(int) * n);
                                                      188
bool on_found_edge(const edge &e) {
                                                      189
                                                                  n x = n;
    int u = st[e.u], v = st[e.v];
                                                                  int n_matches = 0;
                                                      190
    if (S[v] == -1) {
                                                                  long long tot_weight = 0;
                                                      191
                                                                  for (int u = 0; u \le n; ++u) st[u] = u, flo[u].
        pa[v] = e.u, S[v] = 1;
                                                      192
        int nu = st[match[v]];
                                                                       clear();
        slack[v] = slack[nu] = 0;
                                                                  int w_max = 0;
        S[nu] = 0, q_push(nu);
                                                      194
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u \leftarrow n; ++u)
    } else if (S[v] == 0) {
                                                                      for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v) {</pre>
                                                      195
                                                                           flo_from[u][v] = (u == v ? u : 0);
        int lca = get_lca(u, v);
                                                      196
        if (!lca)
                                                                           w_{max} = max(w_{max}, g[u][v].w);
                                                      197
            return augment(u, v), augment(v, u),
                                                      198
                 true;
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u) lab[u] = w_max;</pre>
                                                      199
                                                                  while (matching()) ++n_matches;
             add_blossom(u, lca, v);
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)
                                                      201
                                                                      if (match[u] && match[u] < u)</pre>
    }
                                                      202
    return false;
                                                                           tot_weight += g[u][match[u]].w;
                                                                  return make_pair(tot_weight, n_matches);
                                                      204
bool matching() {
                                                      205
    memset(S + 1, -1, sizeof(int) * n_x);
                                                              void add_edge(int ui, int vi, int wi) { g[ui][vi].w
    memset(slack + 1, 0, sizeof(int) * n_x);
                                                                   = g[vi][ui].w = wi; }
    q = queue<int>();
                                                              void init(int _n) {
    for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)
                                                                  n = _n;
                                                      208
        if (st[x] == x \&\& !match[x]) pa[x] = 0, S[x_{00}]
                                                                  for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u)</pre>
            ] = 0, q_push(x);
                                                                      for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v)
    if (q.empty()) return false;
                                                                           g[u][v] = edge(u, v, 0);
                                                      211
    for (;;) {
        while (q.size()) {
            int u = q.front();
            q.pop();
                                                         4.7
                                                               Cover / Independent Set
             if (S[st[u]] == 1) continue;
            for (int v = 1; v <= n; ++v)
                                                       1 \mid V(E) Cover: choose some V(E) to cover all E(V)
                 if (g[u][v].w > 0 && st[u] != st[v
                                                         V(E) Independ: set of V(E) not adj to each other
                     1) {
                     if (e_delta(g[u][v]) == 0) {
                                                         M = Max Matching
                          if (on_found_edge(g[u][v])) 5
                                                         Cv = Min V Cover
                               return true;
                                                         Ce = Min E Cover
                     } else
                                                         Iv = Max V Ind
                         update_slack(u, st[v]);
                                                         Ie = Max E Ind (equiv to M)
                 }
                                                       10 M = Cv (Konig Theorem)
        int d = inf;
                                                         Iv = V \setminus Cv
        for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; ++b)
                                                         Ce = V - M
             if (st[b] == b \&\& S[b] == 1) d = min(d,_{13})
                  lab[b] / 2);
                                                         Construct Cv:
        for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; ++x)

    Run Dinic

             if (st[x] == x && slack[x]) {
                                                         2. Find s-t min cut
                 if (S[x] == -1)
                                                         3. Cv = \{X \text{ in } T\} + \{Y \text{ in } S\}
                     d = min(d, e_delta(g[slack[x]][
                         x]));
                 else if (\bar{S}[x] == 0)
                                                         5
                                                              Graph
                     d = min(d, e_delta(g[slack[x]][
                                                         5.1 Heavy-Light Decomposition
                          x]) / 2);
        for (int u = 1; u <= n; ++u) {
                                                       1 const int N = 2e5 + 5;
```

```
int n, dfn[N], son[N], top[N], num[N], dep[N], p[N];
  vector<int> path[N];
                                                                 void buildTree() {
                                                                     FOR(i, 0, n - 1) {
  struct node {
                                                              80
                                                                         int a, b;
       int mx, sum;
                                                              81
  } seg[N << 2];</pre>
                                                                         cin >> a >> b;
  void update(int x, int l, int r, int qx, int val) {
                                                                         path[a].pb(b);
       if (1 == r) {
                                                                         path[b].pb(a);
                                                              84
           seg[x].mx = seg[x].sum = val;
                                                              85
           return;
                                                                 void buildHLD(int root) {
                                                              87
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     dep[root] = 1;
       if (qx <= mid)update(x << 1, 1, mid, qx, val);</pre>
13
                                                                     dfs1(root);
       else update(x \leftarrow 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, qx, val);
                                                                     dfs2(root, root);
       seg[x].mx = max(seg[x << 1].mx, seg[x << 1 | 1].mx)91
                                                                     FOR(i, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                         int now;
       seg[x].sum = seg[x << 1].sum + seg[x << 1 | 1].sum;93
16
                                                                         cin >> now;
                                                                         update(1, 1, n, dfn[i], now);
  int big(int x, int 1, int r, int q1, int qr) {
18
       if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].mx;</pre>
19
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
20
                                                                 5.2 Centroid Decomposition
       int res = -INF;
       if (ql \leftarrow mid) res = max(res, big(x \leftarrow 1, l, mid,
           ql, qr));
                                                                | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
       if (mid < qr) res = max(res, big(x << 1 | 1, mid +
                                                                 using namespace std;
                                                                 const int N = 1e5 + 5;
           1, r, ql, qr));
       return res;
                                                                 vector<int> a[N];
24
  }
                                                                 int sz[N], lv[N];
25
  int ask(int x, int l, int r, int ql, int qr) {
                                                                 bool used[N];
       if (ql <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].sum;</pre>
                                                                 int f_sz(int x, int p) {
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     sz[x] = 1;
       int res = 0:
                                                                     for (int i : a[x])
       if (ql <= mid) res += ask(x << 1, 1, mid, ql, qr); 10 if (mid < qr) res += ask(x << 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, ql_{11}
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i])
30
                                                                              sz[x] += f_sz(i, x);
                                                                     return sz[x];
           , qr);
      return res;
32
                                                              13
33
                                                                 int f_cen(int x, int p, int total) {
  void dfs1(int now) {
                                                                     for (int i : a[x]) {
                                                              15
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i] && 2 * sz[i] > total)
35
       son[now] = -1;
       num[now] = 1;
                                                                              return f_cen(i, x, total);
36
                                                              17
       for (auto i : path[now]) {
37
                                                              18
           if (!dep[i]) {
                                                                     return x;
               dep[i] = dep[now] + 1;
                                                              20
39
                                                                }
               p[i] = now;
                                                                 void cd(int x, int p) {
               dfs1(i);
                                                                     int total = f_sz(x, p);
               num[now] += num[i];
                                                                     int cen = f_cen(x, p, total);
42
               if (son[now] == -1 || num[i] > num[son[now
                                                                     lv[cen] = lv[p] + 1;
                    ]]) son[now] = i;
                                                                     used[cen] = 1;
                                                                     // cout << "cd: " << x << " " << p << " " << cen <<
44
           }
                                                                           "\n"
45
       }
                                                                     for (int i : a[cen]) {
46
  }
  int cnt;
47
                                                              28
                                                                         if (!used[i])
  void dfs2(int now, int t) {
                                                              29
                                                                              cd(i, cen);
      top[now] = t;
                                                              30
50
       cnt++;
                                                              31
       dfn[now] = cnt;
                                                                 int main() {
                                                              32
                                                                     ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
       if (son[now] == -1) return;
                                                              33
       dfs2(son[now], t);
                                                                     cin.tie(0);
       for (auto i : path[now])
                                                                     int n;
           if (i != p[now] && i != son[now])dfs2(i, i);
55
                                                                     cin >> n;
                                                                     for (int i = 0, x, y; i < n - 1; i++) {
56
  int path_big(int x, int y) {
                                                                         cin >> x >> y;
                                                              38
       int res = -INF;
                                                                         a[x].push_back(y);
       while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                         a[y].push_back(x);
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
60
           res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x])
                                                                     cd(1, 0);
               ]));
                                                                     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
           x = p[top[x]];
                                                                         cout << (char)('A' + lv[i] - 1) << " ";</pre>
                                                                     cout << "\n";
       if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
       res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]));
65
       return res;
                                                                 5.3
                                                                      Bellman-Ford + SPFA
  }
67
  int path_sum(int x, int y) {
                                                               1 int n, m;
       int res = 0;
69
       while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                 // Graph
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
                                                                 vector<vector<pair<int, 11> > > g;
           res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x]);
                                                                 vector<ll> dis;
           x = p[top[x]];
                                                                 vector<bool> negCycle;
       if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                 // SPFA
75
       res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]);
                                                                 vector<int> rlx;
       return res;
                                                               10 queue<int> q;
```

```
vector<bool> inq;
                                                                           if (negCycle[i]) {
  vector<int> pa;
                                                                               ptr = i;
                                                                93
12
  void SPFA(vector<int>& src) {
                                                                                break;
                                                                94
       dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
                                                                95
                                                                           }
       negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
15
                                                                96
                                                                       if (ptr == -1) {
16
       rlx.assign(n + 1, 0);
                                                                97
                                                                           return cout << "NO" << endl, void();</pre>
       while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
                                                                98
17
       inq.assign(n + 1, false);
18
                                                                99
       pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
                                                               100
                                                                       cout << "YES\n";</pre>
20
                                                               101
       for (auto& s : src) {
                                                                       vector<int> ans;
           dis[s] = 0;
                                                               103
                                                                       vector<bool> vis(n + 1, false);
           q.push(s);
23
                                                               104
           inq[s] = true;
                                                               105
                                                                       while (true) {
                                                                           ans.emplace_back(ptr);
                                                               106
26
                                                               107
                                                                           if (vis[ptr]) break;
       while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                           vis[ptr] = true;
                                                               108
28
           int u = q.front();
                                                                           ptr = pa[ptr];
                                                               109
29
           q.pop();
           inq[u] = false;
                                                               111
                                                                       reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
30
           if (rlx[u] >= n) {
31
32
                negCycle[u] = true;
                                                               113
                                                                       vis.assign(n + 1, false);
                                                                       for (auto& x : ans) {
    cout << x << ' ';</pre>
           } else
                                                               114
33
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
                    int v = e.first;
                                                                           if (vis[x]) break;
                    11 w = e.second;
                                                                           vis[x] = true;
                                                               117
36
                    if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
                                                               118
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                       cout << endl;</pre>
                                                               119
39
                        rlx[v] = rlx[u] + 1;
                                                               120
                                                                  }
                         pa[v] = u;
                                                               121
                         if (!inq[v]) {
                                                                  // Distance Calculation
                                                                  void calcDis(int s) {
42
                             q.push(v);
                             inq[v] = true;
                                                               124
                                                                       vector<int> src;
                        }
                                                                       src.emplace_back(s);
                                                                       SPFA(src);
45
                    }
                                                               126
                                                                       // BellmanFord(src);
               }
47
       }
                                                               128
48
  }
                                                               129
                                                                       while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
                                                               130
                                                                       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                           if (negCycle[i]) q.push(i);
  // Bellman-Ford
50
  queue<int> q;
                                                               132
  vector<int> pa;
                                                                       while (!q.empty()) {
                                                               133
  void BellmanFord(vector<int>& src) {
53
                                                               134
                                                                           int u = q.front();
       dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
                                                               135
                                                                           q.pop();
       negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
                                                                           for (auto& e : g[u]) {
55
                                                               136
       pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
                                                               137
                                                                                int v = e.first
                                                                                if (!negCycle[v]) {
                                                               138
       for (auto& s : src) dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                    q.push(v);
58
                                                               139
                                                                                    negCycle[v] = true;
                                                               140
       for (int rlx = 1; rlx <= n; rlx++) {</pre>
                                                                               }
60
                                                               141
           for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++) {
61
                                                               142
                                                                           }
                if (dis[u] == LINF) continue; // Important43
                                                                       }
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
63
                    int v = e.first;
                                                                  5.4 BCC - AP
                    11 w = e.second;
65
                    if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
                                                                1 int n, m;
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                  int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                         pa[v] = u;
68
                                                                  vector<int> E, g[maxn];
                         if (rlx == n) negCycle[v] = true;
                                                                  bitset<maxn> isap;
                    }
                                                                  bitset<maxm> vis;
               }
                                                                  stack<int> stk;
           }
                                                                  int bccnt:
                                                                  vector<int> bcc[maxn];
       }
73
  }
                                                                  inline void popout(int u) {
75
                                                                       bccnt++;
  // Negative Cycle Detection
                                                                       bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(u);
  void NegCycleDetect() {
                                                                       while (!stk.empty()) {
       /* No Neg Cycle: NO
                                                                           int v = stk.top();
78
                                                                13
                                                                           if (u == v) break;
79
       Exist Any Neg Cycle:
                                                                14
                                                                15
                                                                           stk.pop();
       v0 v1 v2 ... vk v0 */
                                                                           bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(v);
81
                                                                16
82
                                                                17
       vector<int> src;
                                                                18
83
                                                                  }
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                  void dfs(int u, bool rt = 0) {
84
                                                                19
                                                                       stk.push(u);
           src.emplace_back(i);
                                                                21
                                                                       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
86
       SPFA(src);
                                                                       int kid = 0;
87
88
       // BellmanFord(src);
                                                                23
                                                                       Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                24
                                                                           if (vis[e]) continue;
89
       int ptr = -1;
                                                                25
                                                                           vis[e] = true;
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                           int v = E[e] ^ u;
91
                                                                26
```

```
if (!dfn[v]) {
                                                                              int v = E[e] ^ u;
                // tree edge
                                                                              if (dfn[v]) {
                                                                  36
28
                kid++;
29
                                                                  37
                                                                                  // back edge
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                dfs(v);
                                                                  38
30
                low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
31
                                                                  39
                if (!rt && low[v] \Rightarrow dfn[u]) {
                                                                                  // tree edge
                     // bcc found: u is ap
                                                                                  dfs(v);
                                                                  41
33
                     isap[u] = true;
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
                                                                  42
                     popout(u);
                                                                                  if (low[v] == dfn[v]) {
                                                                                       isbrg[e] = true;
36
                }
                                                                  44
           } else {
37
                                                                  45
                                                                                       popout(u);
                // back edge
38
                                                                  46
                                                                                  }
                low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                                                                             }
                                                                  47
39
           }
                                                                  48
                                                                         }
                                                                  49
                                                                    void solve() {
       // special case: root
42
                                                                  50
                                                                         FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
    if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i);
       if (rt) {
           if (kid > 1) isap[u] = true;
                                                                  52
45
           popout(u);
                                                                  53
46
                                                                  54
                                                                         vector<pii> ans;
  }
47
                                                                  55
                                                                         vis.reset();
  void init() {
                                                                         FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                  56
                                                                              Each(e, g[u]) {
   if (!isbrg[e] || vis[e]) continue;
       cin >> n >> m;
49
                                                                  57
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
50
                                                                  58
                                                                                  vis[e] = true;
       REP(i, m) {
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
                                                                                  int v = E[e] ^ u;
52
                                                                  60
53
                                                                  61
                                                                                  ans.emplace_back(mp(u, v));
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  62
                                                                              }
55
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  63
                                                                         cout << (int)ans.size() << endl;</pre>
56
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
                                                                  64
                                                                         Each(e, ans) cout << e.F << ' ' << e.S << endl;
57
  }
58
  void solve() {
       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                     5.6 SCC - Tarjan
60
           if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i, true);
61
62
                                                                   1 // 2-SAT
                                                                    vector<int> E, g[maxn]; // 1^{n}, n+1^{2}n
       vector<int> ans;
63
       int cnt = 0;
                                                                    int low[maxn], in[maxn], instp;
       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
    if (isap[i]) cnt++, ans.emplace_back(i);
                                                                    int sccnt, sccid[maxn];
stack<int> stk;
65
66
                                                                    bitset<maxn> ins, vis;
       cout << cnt << endl;</pre>
                                                                    int n, m;
68
       Each(i, ans) cout << i << ' ';</pre>
                                                                    void init() {
69
70
       cout << endl;
                                                                         cin >> m >> n;
                                                                         E.clear();
71 }
                                                                  11
                                                                         fill(g, g + maxn, vector<int>());
  5.5 BCC - Bridge
                                                                         fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
                                                                         memset(in, 0, sizeof(in));
1 int n, m;
                                                                         instp = 1;
                                                                  14
vector<int> g[maxn], E;
                                                                         sccnt = 0;
                                                                  15
  int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                                                                         memset(sccid, 0, sizeof(sccid));
                                                                  16
  int bccnt, bccid[maxn];
                                                                  17
                                                                         ins.reset();
  stack<int> stk;
                                                                         vis.reset():
                                                                  18
6
  bitset<maxm> vis, isbrg;
                                                                  19
  void init() {
                                                                    inline int no(int u) {
                                                                  20
                                                                         return (u > n ? u - n : u + n);
       cin >> n >> m;
                                                                  21
       REP(i, m) {
                                                                  22
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
                                                                  23
                                                                    int ecnt = 0;
10
                                                                  24
                                                                    inline void clause(int u, int v) {
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
                                                                         E.eb(no(u) ^ v);
                                                                         g[no(u)].eb(ecnt++);
E.eb(no(v) ^ u);
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
13
                                                                  26
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                  27
                                                                         g[no(v)].eb(ecnt++);
15
                                                                  28
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
16
                                                                  29
                                                                    }
                                                                     void dfs(int u) {
                                                                  30
  void popout(int u) {
18
                                                                  31
                                                                         in[u] = instp++;
19
       bccnt++;
                                                                  32
                                                                         low[u] = in[u];
       while (!stk.empty()) {
20
                                                                  33
                                                                         stk.push(u);
           int v = stk.top();
                                                                         ins[u] = true;
21
                                                                  34
           if (v == u) break;
                                                                  35
                                                                         Each(e, g[u]) {
    if (vis[e]) continue;
           stk.pop();
23
                                                                  36
           bccid[v] = bccnt;
24
                                                                  37
25
                                                                  38
                                                                              vis[e] = true;
  }
                                                                  39
26
  void dfs(int u) {
                                                                              int v = E[e] ^ u;
27
                                                                  40
                                                                              if (ins[v])
28
       stk.push(u);
       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
                                                                  42
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], in[v]);
29
                                                                              else if (!in[v]) {
30
                                                                  43
31
       Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                                  dfs(v);
                                                                                  low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
           if (vis[e]) continue;
                                                                  45
32
33
           vis[e] = true;
                                                                  46
                                                                              }
```

}

```
if (low[u] == in[u]) {
           sccnt++:
49
            while (!stk.empty()) {
50
                int v = stk.top();
51
                stk.pop();
52
53
                ins[v] = false;
                sccid[v] = sccnt;
                if (u == v) break;
           }
57
       }
58
  int main() {
59
       init();
60
61
       REP(i, m) {
62
           char su, sv;
           int u, v;
63
           cin >> su >> u >> sv >> v;
if (su == '-') u = no(u);
65
            if (sv == '-') v = no(v);
66
67
            clause(u, v);
68
       FOR(i, 1, 2 * n + 1, 1) {
           if (!in[i]) dfs(i);
70
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
            if (sccid[u] == sccid[du]) {
                return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0;</pre>
76
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
79
            cout << (sccid[u] < sccid[du] ? '+' : '-') << '
81
82
       cout << endl;</pre>
  }
83
```

5.7 SCC - Kosaraju

```
_{1} const int N = 1e5 + 10;
  vector<int> ed[N], ed_b[N]; // 反邊
  vector<int> SCC(N);
                                 // 最後SCC的分組
  bitset<N> vis;
  int SCC_cnt;
  int n, m;
6
  vector<int> pre; // 後序遍歷
  void dfs(int x) {
      vis[x] = 1;
      for (int i : ed[x]) {
           if (vis[i]) continue;
          dfs(i);
13
      pre.push_back(x);
  }
16
  void dfs2(int x) {
      vis[x] = 1;
19
      SCC[x] = SCC\_cnt;
      for (int i : ed_b[x]) {
           if (vis[i]) continue;
          dfs2(i);
      }
24
  }
25
  void kosaraju() {
28
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
           if (!vis[i]) {
29
               dfs(i);
30
31
           }
32
      SCC_cnt = 0;
33
      vis = 0;
      for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
35
           if (!vis[pre[i]]) {
               SCC_cnt++;
               dfs2(pre[i]);
38
39
           }
40
      }
41 }
```

5.8 Eulerian Path - Undir

```
1 // from 1 to n
  #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", void();</pre>
  int n, m;
  vector<int> g[maxn];
  bitset<maxn> inodd;
  void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       inodd.reset();
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
13
           inodd[u] = inodd[u] ^ true;
           inodd[v] = inodd[v] ^ true;
16
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
17
           g[v].emplace_back(u);
18
19
  stack<int> stk;
20
  void dfs(int u) {
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
           int v = g[u].back();
23
           g[u].pop_back();
           dfs(v);
       stk.push(u);
```

5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir

```
1 // from node 1 to node n
  #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0</pre>
  int n, m;
  vector<int> g[maxn];
  stack<int> stk;
  int in[maxn], out[maxn];
  void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v;
13
14
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
           out[u]++, in[v]++;
15
16
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
17
           if (i == 1 && out[i] - in[i] != 1) gg;
if (i == n && in[i] - out[i] != 1) gg;
18
19
           if (i != 1 && i != n && in[i] != out[i]) gg;
20
22
  void dfs(int u) {
23
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
24
25
           int v = g[u].back();
           g[u].pop_back();
26
27
           dfs(v);
28
29
       stk.push(u);
30
31
  void solve() {
       dfs(1) for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) if ((int)g[i].
32
            size()) gg;
       while (!stk.empty()) {
33
34
           int u = stk.top();
           stk.pop();
           cout << u << ' ';
36
37
```

Hamilton Path 5.10

```
1 // top down DP
 // Be Aware Of Multiple Edges
 int n, m;
 11 dp[maxn][1<<maxn];</pre>
 int adj[maxn][maxn];
7 void init() {
```

```
fill(dp[0], dp[maxn-1]+(1<<maxn), -1);
  }
                                                                   35
10
                                                                   36
11
  void DP(int i, int msk) {
                                                                   37
13
       if (dp[i][msk] != -1) return;
       dp[i][msk] = 0;
14
       REP(j, n) if (j != i && (msk & (1<<j)) && adj[j][i 40
15
            ]) {
            int sub = msk ^ (1<<i);</pre>
                                                                   42
            if (dp[j][sub] == -1) DP(j, sub);
                                                                   43
            dp[i][msk] += dp[j][sub] * adj[j][i];
18
            if (dp[i][msk] >= MOD) dp[i][msk] %= MOD;
                                                                   45
19
21
  }
                                                                   47
                                                                   48
                                                                   49
  int main() {
                                                                   50
25
       WiwiHorz
                                                                   51
       init();
                                                                   52
26
                                                                   53
27
       REP(i, m) {
                                                                   54
            int u, v;
                                                                   55
29
            cin >> u >> v;
30
                                                                   56
            if (u == v) continue;
                                                                   57
            adj[--u][--v]++;
32
                                                                   58
33
                                                                   59
                                                                   60
35
       dp[0][1] = 1;
                                                                   61
       FOR(i, 1, n, 1) {
                                                                   62
            dp[i][1] = 0;
                                                                   63
            dp[i][1|(1<< i)] = adj[0][i];
38
                                                                   64
                                                                   65
       FOR(msk, 1, (1<<n), 1) {
                                                                   66
            if (msk == 1) continue;
                                                                   67
            dp[0][msk] = 0;
                                                                   68
       }
43
                                                                   69
44
                                                                   70
       DP(n-1, (1<<n)-1);
46
47
       cout << dp[n-1][(1<<n)-1] << endl;</pre>
                                                                   73
48
       return 0;
49
                                                                   74
50 }
                                                                   75
                                                                   76
                                                                   77
```

5.11 Kth Shortest Path

```
1 / / \text{ time: } O(|E| \setminus |E| + |V| \setminus |E| + |K|)
                                                                        80
  // memory: O(|E| \lg |E|+|V|)
                                                                        81
  struct KSP { // 1-base
                                                                        82
        struct nd {
                                                                        83
            int u, v;
                                                                        84
             11 d;
             nd(int ui = 0, int vi = 0, 11 di = INF) {
                 u = ui:
                                                                        87
                  v = vi;
                  d = di;
                                                                        89
            }
                                                                        90
                                                                        91
        struct heap {
                                                                        92
13
            nd* edge;
                                                                        93
             int dep;
15
            heap* chd[4];
                                                                        95
16
        static int cmp(heap* a, heap* b) { return a->edge->97
18
             d > b->edge->d; }
                                                                        98
        struct node {
            int v;
20
                                                                        100
            11 d;
             heap* H;
            nd* E;
23
             node() {}
                                                                       104
             node(11 _d, int _v, nd* _E) {
    d = _d;
                                                                       105
25
                                                                       106
                 v = _v;
E = _E;
                                                                       107
28
                                                                       108
                                                                       109
             node(heap* _H, 11 _d) {
30
                 H = _H;
d = _d;
31
33
             }
                                                                       113
```

```
friend bool operator<(node a, node b) { return</pre>
        a.d > b.d; }
int n, k, s, t, dst[N];
nd* nxt[N];
vector<nd*> g[N], rg[N];
heap *nullNd, *head[N];
void init(int _n, int _k, int _s, int _t) {
    k = _k;
s = _s;
    t = _t;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        g[i].clear();
        rg[i].clear();
        nxt[i] = NULL;
        head[i] = NULL;
        dst[i] = -1;
    }
void addEdge(int ui, int vi, ll di) {
    nd* e = new nd(ui, vi, di);
    g[ui].push_back(e);
    rg[vi].push_back(e);
queue<int> dfsQ;
void dijkstra() {
    while (dfsQ.size()) dfsQ.pop();
    priority_queue<node> Q;
    Q.push(node(0, t, NULL));
    while (!Q.empty()) {
        node p = Q.top();
        Q.pop();
        if (dst[p.v] != -1) continue;
        dst[p.v] = p.d;
        nxt[p.v] = p.E;
        dfsQ.push(p.v);
        for (auto e : rg[p.v]) Q.push(node(p.d + e
             ->d, e->u, e));
    }
heap* merge(heap* curNd, heap* newNd) {
    if (curNd == nullNd) return newNd;
    heap* root = new heap;
    memcpy(root, curNd, sizeof(heap));
if (newNd->edge->d < curNd->edge->d) {
        root->edge = newNd->edge;
        root->chd[2] = newNd->chd[2];
        root->chd[3] = newNd->chd[3];
        newNd->edge = curNd->edge;
        newNd \rightarrow chd[2] = curNd \rightarrow chd[2];
        newNd->chd[3] = curNd->chd[3];
    if (root->chd[0]->dep < root->chd[1]->dep)
        root->chd[0] = merge(root->chd[0], newNd);
        root->chd[1] = merge(root->chd[1], newNd);
    root->dep = max(root->chd[0]->dep,
                     root->chd[1]->dep) +
    return root;
vector<heap*> V;
void build() {
    nullNd = new heap;
    nullNd->dep = 0;
    nullNd->edge = new nd;
    fill(nullNd->chd, nullNd->chd + 4, nullNd);
    while (not dfsQ.empty()) {
        int u = dfsQ.front();
        dfsQ.pop();
        if (!nxt[u])
             head[u] = nullNd;
             head[u] = head[nxt[u]->v];
        V.clear();
        for (auto&& e : g[u]) {
             int v = e \rightarrow v;
             if (dst[v] == -1) continue;
             e->d += dst[v] - dst[u];
             if (nxt[u] != e) {
                 heap* p = new heap;
```

```
fill(p->chd, p->chd + 4, nullNd);
                           p \rightarrow dep = 1:
115
                           p->edge = e;
116
117
                           V.push_back(p);
118
119
                 if (V.empty()) continue;
                 make_heap(V.begin(), V.end(), cmp);
   #define L(X) ((X << 1) + 1)
   #define R(X) ((X << 1) + 2)
                 for (size_t i = 0; i < V.size(); i++) {</pre>
                      if (L(i) < V.size())</pre>
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = V[L(i)];
126
                      else
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = nullNd;
128
129
                      if (R(i) < V.size())</pre>
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[3] = V[R(i)];
130
                      else
131
                           V[i] \rightarrow chd[3] = nullNd;
132
                                                                     13
133
                                                                     14
                 head[u] = merge(head[u], V.front());
134
135
            }
                                                                     16
136
        }
                                                                     17
        vector<ll> ans;
137
                                                                     18
        void first_K() {
            ans.clear();
                                                                     19
139
                                                                     20
140
             priority_queue<node> Q;
             if (dst[s] == -1) return;
141
142
             ans.push_back(dst[s]);
             if (head[s] != nullNd)
143
                 Q.push(node(head[s], dst[s] + head[s]->edge
                      ->d));
                                \_ < k and not Q.empty(); \_++) {^{24}
                 node p = Q.top(), q;
146
147
                 Q.pop();
                                                                     27
                 ans.push_back(p.d);
148
                 if (head[p.H->edge->v] != nullNd) {
149
                      q.H = head[p.H->edge->v];
151
                      q.d = p.d + q.H->edge->d;
                                                                     31
                      Q.push(q);
152
                 for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
                                                                     33
154
                      if (p.H->chd[i] != nullNd) {
155
                           q.H = p.H->chd[i];
156
                           q.d = p.d - p.H->edge->d + p.H->chd^{36}
                                [i]->edge->d;
                           Q.push(q);
                      }
159
             }
161
        void solve() { // ans[i] stores the i-th shortest
162
             dijkstra();
163
             build();
164
                                                                     43
             first_K(); // ans.size() might less than k
165
                                                                     44
166
| solver;
```

5.12 System of Difference Constraints

able if specified implicitly.

```
vector<vector<pair<int, 11>>> G;
   void add(int u, int v, ll w) {
          G[u].emplace_back(make_pair(v, w));
4 }
       • x_u - x_v \le c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c})
       • x_u - x_v \geq c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v}, \mathsf{-c})
       • x_u - x_v = c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c}), \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v} - \mathsf{c})
       • x_u \ge c \Rightarrow add super vertex x_0 = 0, then x_u - x_0 \ge c \Rightarrow_{\scriptscriptstyle 10}
          add(u, 0, -c)

    Don't for get non-negative constraints for every vari-
```

 Interval sum ⇒ Use prefix sum to transform into differential constraints. Don't for get $S_{i+1} - S_i \ge 0$ if x_i needs to be non-negative.

• $\frac{x_u}{x_v} \le c \Rightarrow \log x_u - \log x_v \le \log c$

String

6.1 Aho Corasick

```
1 struct ACautomata {
      struct Node {
           int cnt:
           Node *go[26], *fail, *dic;
           Node() {
               cnt = 0;
               fail = 0;
               dic = 0;
               memset(go, 0, sizeof(go));
      } pool[1048576], *root;
      int nMem;
      Node *new_Node() {
           pool[nMem] = Node();
           return &pool[nMem++];
      void init() {
           nMem = 0;
           root = new_Node();
      void add(const string &str) { insert(root, str, 0);
      void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos)
           for (int i = pos; i < str.size(); i++) {</pre>
               if (!cur->go[str[i] - 'a'])
    cur->go[str[i] - 'a'] = new_Node();
               cur = cur->go[str[i] - 'a'];
          cur->cnt++;
      void make_fail() {
           queue<Node *> que;
           que.push(root);
           while (!que.empty()) {
               Node *fr = que.front();
               que.pop();
               for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
                   if (fr->go[i]) {
                       Node *ptr = fr->fail;
                       while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr =
                            ptr->fail;
                        fr->go[i]->fail = ptr = (ptr ? ptr
                            ->go[i] : root);
                        fr->go[i]->dic = (ptr->cnt ? ptr :
                            ptr->dic);
                        que.push(fr->go[i]);
                   }
               }
          }
47 } AC;
```

6.2 KMP

```
vector<int> f;
void buildFailFunction(string &s) {
    f.resize(s.size(), -1);
    for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
        int now = f[i - 1];
        while (now != -1 and s[now + 1] != s[i]) now =
             f[now]:
        if (s[now + 1] == s[i]) f[i] = now + 1;
    }
void KMPmatching(string &a, string &b) {
    for (int i = 0, now = -1; i < a.size(); i++) {
        while (a[i] != b[now + 1] and now != -1) now =
             f[now];
        if (a[i] == b[now + 1]) now++;
        if (now + 1 == b.size()) {
            cout << "found a match start at position "</pre>
                 << i - now << endl;
            now = f[now];
```

```
}
                                                                         n = (int)s.size();
19
      }
20 }
                                                                         // resize(n): suf, rk, cnt, pos, lcp, buc[0~1]
                                                              13
                                                                     void radix_sort() {
  6.3 Z Value
                                                              14
                                                                         for (int t : {0, 1}) {
                                                              15
                                                                              fill(cnt.begin(), cnt.end(), 0);
                                                              16
| string is, it, s;
                                                              17
                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t]) cnt[(t ? i.F.F : i.F
  int n;
                                                                                   .S)]++;
  vector<int> z;
                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                              18
  void init() {
                                                                                  pos[i] = (!i?0:pos[i-1] + cnt[i-
                                                              19
      cin >> is >> it;
s = it + '0' + is;
                                                                                       1]);
                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t])
      n = (int)s.size();
                                                              20
                                                                                  buc[t ^ 1][pos[(t ? i.F.F : i.F.S)]++]
                                                              21
      z.resize(n, 0);
  }
9
                                                                         }
  void solve() {
                                                              23
      int ans = 0;
                                                              24
                                                                     bool fill suf() {
       z[0] = n;
                                                                         bool end = true;
       for (int i = 1, l = 0, r = 0; i < n; i++) {
13
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) suf[i] = buc[0][i].
           if (i <= r) z[i] = min(z[i - 1], r - i + 1);</pre>
14
           while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]])
                                                                         rk[suf[0]] = 0;
               z[i]++;
                                                                         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
           if (i + z[i] - 1 > r) l = i, r = i + z[i] - 1;
16
                                                                              int dif = (buc[0][i].F != buc[0][i - 1].F);
           if (z[i] == (int)it.size()) ans++;
17
                                                                              end &= dif;
18
                                                                              rk[suf[i]] = rk[suf[i - 1]] + dif;
                                                              31
       cout << ans << endl;
19
                                                                         }
                                                              32
  }
                                                              33
                                                                         return end;
                                                              34
  6.4 Manacher
                                                              35
                                                                     void sa() {
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
1 int n;
                                                                              buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(s[i], s[i])
  string S, s;
                                                                                    i);
  vector<int> m;
                                                                         sort(buc[0].begin(), buc[0].end());
  void manacher() {
                                                              39
                                                                         if (fill_suf()) return;
      s.clear();
                                                                         for (int k = 0; (1 << k) < n; k++) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       s.resize(2 * n + 1, '.');
       for (int i = 0, j = 1; i < n; i++, j += 2) s[j] = S_{42}^{(i)}
                                                                                  buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(rk[i],
           [i];
                                                                                      rk[(i + (1 << k)) % n]), i);
      m.clear();
                                                                              radix sort();
       m.resize(2 * n + 1, 0);
                                                                              if (fill_suf()) return;
       // m[i] := max k such that s[i-k, i+k] is
                                                              45
                                                                         }
           palindrome
       int mx = 0, mxk = 0;
                                                                     void LCP() {
       for (int i = 1; i < 2 * n + 1; i++) {
                                                                         int k = 0;
           if (mx - (i - mx) >= 0) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i -
13
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
               mx)], mx + mxk - i);
                                                                              if (rk[i] == 0) continue;
           while (0 \le i - m[i] - 1 \&\& i + m[i] + 1 < 2 *
                                                                              int pi = rk[i];
               n + 1 \&\&
                                                                              int j = suf[pi - 1];
                  s[i - m[i] - 1] == s[i + m[i] + 1]) m[i]
15
                                                                              while (i + k < n \&\& j + k < n \&\& s[i + k]
                                                                                  == s[j + k]) k++;
           if (i + m[i] > mx + mxk) mx = i, mxk = m[i];
16
                                                                              lcp[pi] = k;
17
      }
                                                                              k = max(k - 1, 0);
  }
18
                                                              56
                                                                         }
  void init() {
                                                              57
                                                                     }
      cin >> S;
20
                                                              58
21
      n = (int)S.size();
                                                                SuffixArray suffixarray;
  }
22
  void solve() {
                                                                 6.6 Minimum Rotation
      manacher();
       int mx = 0, ptr = 0;
25
                                                               1 // rotate(begin(s), begin(s)+minRotation(s), end(s))
       for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n + 1; i++)
26
                                                                int minRotation(string s) {
           if (mx < m[i]) {</pre>
                                                                     int a = 0, n = s.size();
               mx = m[i];
28
                                                                     s += s;
               ptr = i;
29
                                                                     for (int b = 0; b < n; b++)
30
                                                                         for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
       for (int i = ptr - mx; i <= ptr + mx; i++)
   if (s[i] != '.') cout << s[i];</pre>
31
                                                                              if (a + k == b || s[a + k] < s[b + k]) {
32
                                                                                  b += max(0, k - 1);
33
       cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                                  break:
34 }
                                                                              if (s[a + k] > s[b + k]) {
                                                              11
  6.5 Suffix Array
                                                                                  a = b;
                                                              13
                                                                                  break;
  #define F first
                                                                              }
  #define S second
                                                                         }
  struct SuffixArray { // don't forget s += "$";
                                                                     return a;
      int n:
       string s;
       vector<int> suf, lcp, rk;
                                                                       Lyndon Factorization
       vector<int> cnt, pos;
       vector<pair<pii, int> > buc[2];
                                                               1 vector<string> duval(string const& s) {
       void init(string _s) {
                                                                     int n = s.size();
```

```
int i = 0;
       vector<string> factorization;
                                                                 struct Pt {
       while (i < n) {
                                                                     T x, y;
Pt(T _x = 0, T _y = 0) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
           int j = i + 1, k = i;
                                                              11
           while (j < n \&\& s[k] <= s[j]) {
                                                                     Pt operator+(Pt a) { return Pt(x + a.x, y + a.y); }
               if (s[k] < s[j])
                                                                     Pt operator-(Pt a) { return Pt(x - a.x, y - a.y); }
Pt operator*(T a) { return Pt(x * a, y * a); }
                   k = i;
               else
                                                               15
                                                                     Pt operator/(T a) { return Pt(x / a, y / a); }
                    k++;
                                                                     T operator*(Pt a) { return x * a.x + y * a.y; }
T operator^(Pt a) { return x * a.y - y * a.x; }
               i++:
                                                               17
           while (i <= k) {
                                                                     bool operator<(Pt a) { return x < a.x || (x == a.x</pre>
               factorization.push_back(s.substr(i, j - k))
                                                                          && y < a.y); }
                                                                     // return sgn(x-a.x) < 0 \mid \mid (sgn(x-a.x) == 0 \&\& sgn
               i += j - k;
                                                                          (y-a.y) < 0); }
           }
                                                                     bool operator==(Pt a) { return sgn(x - a.x) == 0 &&
17
                                                                           sgn(y - a.y) == 0; }
18
19
       return factorization; // O(n)
                                                              22 };
20 }
                                                              23
                                                              24
                                                                 Pt mv(Pt a, Pt b) { return b - a; }
  6.8 Rolling Hash
                                                                 T len2(Pt a) { return a * a; }
                                                                 T dis2(Pt a, Pt b) { return len2(b - a); }
_{1} const 11 C = 27;
                                                                 short ori(Pt a, Pt b) { return ((a ^ b) > 0) - ((a ^ b)
  inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a' + 1; }
  struct RollingHash {
                                                                       < 0); }
                                                                 bool onseg(Pt p, Pt 11, Pt 12) {
    Pt a = mv(p, 11), b = mv(p, 12);
       string s;
       int n;
                                                                     return ((a ^ b) == 0) && ((a * b) <= 0);
      11 mod;
       vector<11> Cexp, hs;
                                                                 bool argcmp(Pt u, Pt v) {
       RollingHash(string& \_s, 11 \_mod) : s(\_s), n((int)\_s^{33}
                                                                     auto half = [](const Pt& p) {
           .size()), mod(_mod) {
                                                                         return p.y > 0 || (p.y == 0 && p.x >= 0);
           Cexp.assign(n, 0);
           hs.assign(n, 0);
                                                                     if (half(u) != half(v)) return half(u) < half(v);</pre>
                                                              37
           Cexp[0] = 1;
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                                                              38
                                                                     return sgn(u ^ v) > 0;
                                                               39
               Cexp[i] = Cexp[i - 1] * C;
                                                                 struct Line {
               if (Cexp[i] >= mod) Cexp[i] %= mod;
                                                                     Pt a, b;
           hs[0] = id(s[0]);
                                                                     Line() {}
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    hs[i] = hs[i - 1] * C + id(s[i]);</pre>
                                                                     Line(Pt _a, Pt _b) : a(_a), b(_b) {}
                                                              43
                                                                     Pt dir() { return b - a; }
                                                              45
               if (hs[i] >= mod) hs[i] %= mod;
                                                                 };
                                                                 int ori(Pt& o, Pt& a, Pt& b) {
20
                                                                     return sgn((a - o) ^ (b - o));
       inline 11 query(int 1, int r) {
           ll res = hs[r] - (l ? hs[l - 1] * Cexp[r - l +
               1]:0);
                                                                 7.2 SVG Writer
           res = (res % mod + mod) % mod;
                                                                 7.3 Sort by Angle
           return res;
26
                                                                 int ud(Pt a) { // up or down half plane
27 };
                                                                     if (a.y > 0) return 0;
                                                                     if (a.y < 0) return 1;</pre>
  6.9 Trie
                                                                     return (a.x >= 0 ? 0 : 1);
  pii a[N][26];
                                                                 sort(pts.begin(), pts.end(), [&](const Pt& a, const Pt&
                                                                      b) {
  void build(string &s) {
                                                                     if (ud(a) != ud(b)) return ud(a) < ud(b);</pre>
       static int idx = 0;
                                                                     return (a ^ b) > 0;
       int n = s.size();
                                                               9 });
       for (int i = 0, v = 0; i < n; i++) {
           pii &now = a[v][s[i] - 'a'];
                                                                 7.4 Line Intersection
           if (now.first != -1)
               v = now.first;
                                                               1 bool line_intersect_check(Pt p1, Pt p2, Pt q1, Pt q2) {
                                                                     if (onseg(p1, q1, q2) || onseg(p2, q1, q2) || onseg
               v = now.first = ++idx;
                                                                          (q1, p1, p2) || onseg(q2, p1, p2)) return true;
           if (i == n - 1)
                                                                     Pt p = mv(p1, p2), q = mv(q1, q2);
13
               now.second++;
                                                                     return (ori(p, mv(p1, q1)) * ori(p, mv(p1, q2)) <</pre>
                                                                          0) && (ori(q, mv(q1, p1)) * ori(q, mv(q1, p2))
15 }
                                                                          < 0);
       Geometry
                                                                 // long double
                                                                 Pt line_intersect(Pt a1, Pt a2, Pt b1, Pt b2) {
  7.1 Basic Operations
                                                                     Pt da = mv(a1, a2), db = mv(b1, b2);
                                                                     T det = da ^ db;
1 // typedef long long T;
                                                                     if (sgn(det) == 0) { // parallel
  typedef long double T;
                                                                          // return Pt(NAN, NAN);
  const long double eps = 1e-8;
```

14

short sgn(T x) {

if (abs(x) < eps) return 0;
return x < 0 ? -1 : 1;</pre>

 $T t = ((b1 - a1) ^ db) / det;$

return a1 + da * t;

7.5 Polygon Area

```
// 2 * area
T dbPoly_area(vector<Pt>& e) {
    T res = 0;
    int sz = e.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
        res += e[i] ^ e[(i + 1) % sz];
    }
    return abs(res);
}</pre>
```

7.6 Convex Hull

7.7 Point In Convex

```
bool point_in_convex(const vector<Pt> &C, Pt p, bool
                                                               19
       strict = true) {
      // only works when no three point are collinear
      int n = C.size();
      int a = 1, b = n - 1, r = !strict;
      if (n == 0) return false;
      if (n < 3) return r && onseg(p, C[0], C.back());</pre>
      if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], C[b])) > 0) swap(a
      if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], p)) >= r || ori(mv 2
      (C[0], C[b]), mv(C[0], p)) \leftarrow -r) return false; while (abs(a - b) > 1) {
           int c = (a + b) / 2;
           if (ori(mv(C[0], C[c]), mv(C[0], p)) > 0) b = c 5
           else a = c;
13
      return ori(mv(C[a], C[b]), mv(C[a], p)) < r;</pre>
15 }
```

7.8 Point Segment Distance

```
double point_segment_dist(Pt q0, Pt q1, Pt p) {
      if (q0 == q1) {
           double dx = double(p.x - q0.x);
          double dy = double(p.y - q0.y);
                                                             18
          return sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
                                                             19
      T d1 = (q1 - q0) * (p - q0);
      T d2 = (q0 - q1) * (p - q1);
      if (d1 >= 0 && d2 >= 0) {
           double area = fabs(double((q1 - q0) ^{\circ} (p - q0))<sub>23</sub>
           double base = sqrt(double(dis2(q0, q1)));
          return area / base;
      double dx0 = double(p.x - q0.x), dy0 = double(p.y)
           q0.y);
      double dx1 = double(p.x - q1.x), dy1 = double(p.y -30);
           q1.y);
      return min(sqrt(dx0 * dx0 + dy0 * dy0), sqrt(dx1 *
           dx1 + dy1 * dy1));
17 }
```

7.9 Point in Polygon

7.10 Minimum Euclidean Distance

```
1 long long Min_Euclidean_Dist(vector<Pt> &pts) {
      sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
      set<pair<long long, long long>> s;
s.insert({pts[0].y, pts[0].x});
      long long l = 0, best = LLONG_MAX;
      for (int i = 1; i < (int)pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
           Pt now = pts[i];
           long long lim = (long long)ceil(sqrtl((long
               double)best));
           while (now.x - pts[1].x > lim) {
               s.erase({pts[1].y, pts[1].x}); 1++;
  }
           auto low = s.lower_bound({now.y - lim,
               LLONG_MIN});
           auto high = s.upper_bound({now.y + lim,
               LLONG_MAX});
           for (auto it = low; it != high; it++) {
               long long dy = it->first - now.y;
               long long dx = it->second - now.x;
16
               best = min(best, dx * dx + dy * dy);
17
           s.insert({now.y, now.x});
      return best;
```

7.11 Lower Concave Hull

```
struct Line {
  mutable ll m, b, p;
  bool operator<(const Line& o) const { return m < o.m;</pre>
  bool operator<(11 x) const { return p < x; }</pre>
};
struct LineContainer : multiset<Line, less<>>> {
  // (for doubles, use inf = 1/.0, div(a,b) = a/b)
  const 11 inf = LLONG_MAX;
  11 div(ll a, ll b) { // floored division
    return a / b - ((a ^ b) < 0 && a % b); }
  bool isect(iterator x, iterator y) {
    if (y == end()) { x->p = inf; return false; }
    if (x->m == y->m) x->p = x->b > y->b ? inf : -inf;
    else x->p = div(y->b - x->b, x->m - y->m);
    return x->p >= y->p;
  void add(ll m, ll b) {
    auto z = insert(\{m, b, 0\}), y = z++, x = y;
    while (isect(y, z)) z = erase(z);
    if (x != begin() && isect(--x, y)) isect(x, y =
        erase(y));
    while ((y = x) != begin() \&\& (--x)->p >= y->p)
      isect(x, erase(y));
  11 query(11 x) {
    assert(!empty());
    auto 1 = *lower_bound(x);
    return 1.m * x + 1.b;
```

7.12 Pick's Theorem

13 14

Consider a polygon which vertices are all lattice points. Let i = number of points inside the polygon.

Let b = number of points on the boundary of the polygon.

Then we have the following formula:

$$Area = i + \frac{b}{2} - 1$$

7.13 Vector In Polygon

/* convex hull Minkowski Sum*/

#define INF 1000000000000000LL

7.14 Minkowski Sum

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62 63

```
int pos(const Pt& tp) {
       if (tp.Y == 0) return tp.X > 0 ? 0 : 1;
       return tp.Y > 0 ? 0 : 1;
  #define N 300030
8 Pt pt[N], qt[N], rt[N];
  LL Lx, Rx;
  int dn, un;
  inline bool cmp(Pt a, Pt b) {
       int pa = pos(a), pb = pos(b);
       if (pa == pb) return (a ^ b) > 0;
       return pa < pb;</pre>
  }
15
  int minkowskiSum(int n, int m) {
       int i, j, r, p, q, fi, fj;
for (i = 1, p = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (pt[i].Y < pt[p].Y ||</pre>
                (pt[i].Y == pt[p].Y \&\& pt[i].X < pt[p].X))
                     p = i;
       for (i = 1, q = 0; i < m; i++) {
           if (qt[i].Y < qt[q].Y ||</pre>
                (qt[i].Y == qt[q].Y && qt[i].X < qt[q].X)) 101
       rt[0] = pt[p] + qt[q];
       r = 1;
       i = p;
       j = q;
       fi = fj = 0;
       while (1) {
           if ((fj && j == q) ||
((!fi || i != p) &&
                 cmp(pt[(p + 1) % n] - pt[p], qt[(q + 1) % 112
                      m] - qt[q]))) {
                rt[r] = rt[r - 1] + pt[(p + 1) % n] - pt[p_{113}]
                     ];
                p = (p + 1) \% n;
                fi = 1;
           } else {
                rt[r] = rt[r - 1] + qt[(q + 1) % m] - qt[q_{117}]
                     1:
                q = (q + 1) \% m;
                fj = 1;
           if (r <= 1 || ((rt[r] - rt[r - 1]) ^ (rt[r - 1])21
                  - rt[r - 2])) != 0) r++;
           else rt[r - 1] = rt[r];
if (i == p && j == q) break;
       return r - 1;
  void initInConvex(int n) {
       int i, p, q;
       LL Ly, Ry;
       Lx = INF;
       Rx = -INF;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           if (pt[i].X < Lx) Lx = pt[i].X;</pre>
           if (pt[i].X > Rx) Rx = pt[i].X;
       Ly = Ry = INF;
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           if (pt[i].X == Lx && pt[i].Y < Ly) {</pre>
                Ly = pt[i].Y;
            if (pt[i].X == Rx && pt[i].Y < Ry) {</pre>
                Ry = pt[i].Y;
```

```
q = i;
            }
        for (dn = 0, i = p; i != q; i = (i + 1) % n)
69
            qt[dn++] = pt[i];
70
71
        qt[dn] = pt[q];
        Ly = Ry = -INF;
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
73
            if (pt[i].X == Lx && pt[i].Y > Ly) {
74
75
                 Ly = pt[i].Y;
                 p = i;
76
77
            if (pt[i].X == Rx && pt[i].Y > Ry) {
78
79
                 Ry = pt[i].Y;
80
            }
81
82
83
        for (un = 0, i = p; i != q; i = (i + n - 1) % n)
            rt[un++] = pt[i];
84
85
        rt[un] = pt[q];
86
87
   inline int inConvex(Pt p) {
        int L, R, M;
88
        if (p.X < Lx \mid\mid p.X > Rx) return 0;
89
        L = 0;
        R = dn;
91
        while (L < R - 1) {
92
            M = (L + R) / 2;
            if (p.X < qt[M].X) R = M;
94
            else L = M;
        if (tri(qt[L], qt[R], p) < 0) return 0;
97
        L = 0;
        R = un;
100
        while (L < R - 1) {
            M = (L + R) / 2;
            if (p.X < rt[M].X) R = M;</pre>
            else L = M;
104
        if (tri(rt[L], rt[R], p) > 0) return 0;
105
        return 1;
106
107
   int main() {
108
109
        int n, m, i;
        Pt p;
        scanf("%d", &n);
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%1ld%1ld", &pt[i].X,</pre>
              &pt[i].Y);
        scanf("%d", &m);
        for (i = 0; i < m; i++) scanf("%lld%lld", &qt[i].X,</pre>
              &qt[i].Y);
        n = minkowskiSum(n, m);
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) pt[i] = rt[i];
        scanf("%d", &m);
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) scanf("%lld%lld", &qt[i].X,</pre>
             &qt[i].Y);
        n = minkowskiSum(n, m);
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) pt[i] = rt[i];</pre>
        initInConvex(n);
        scanf("%d", &m);
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    scanf("%lld %lld", &p.X, &p.Y);</pre>
123
124
            p.X *= 3;
            p.Y *= 3;
126
            puts(inConvex(p) ? "YES" : "NO");
127
128
        }
129 }
```

Rotating SweepLine 7.15

7.16 Half Plane Intersection

```
bool cover(Line& L, Line& P, Line& Q) {
      long double u = (Q.a - P.a) ^ Q.dir();
      long double v = P.dir() ^ Q.dir();
      long double x = P.dir().x * u + (P.a - L.a).x * v;
long double y = P.dir().y * u + (P.a - L.a).y * v;
      return sgn(x * L.dir().y - y * L.dir().x) * sgn(v)
 }
 vector<Line> HPI(vector<Line> P) {
      sort(P.begin(), P.end(), [&](Line& 1, Line& m) {
```

```
if (argcmp(l.dir(), m.dir())) return true;
          if (argcmp(m.dir(), l.dir())) return false;
11
          return ori(m.a, m.b, l.a) > 0;
      });
13
      int l = 0, r = -1;
      for (size_t i = 0; i < P.size(); ++i) {</pre>
16
          if (i && !argcmp(P[i - 1].dir(), P[i].dir()))
               continue;
          while (1 < r && cover(P[i], P[r - 1], P[r])) --
          while (1 < r \&\& cover(P[i], P[1], P[1 + 1])) ++
              1;
          P[++r] = P[i];
      while (1 < r && cover(P[1], P[r - 1], P[r])) --r;
      while (1 < r \&\& cover(P[r], P[1], P[1 + 1])) ++1;
      if (r - 1 <= 1 || !argcmp(P[1].dir(), P[r].dir()))</pre>
25
           return {};
      if (cover(P[1 + 1], P[1], P[r])) return {};
26
      return vector<Line>(P.begin() + 1, P.begin() + r +
28
29 }
```

7.17 Minimum Enclosing Circle

```
const int INF = 1e9;
  Pt circumcenter(Pt A, Pt B, Pt C) {
      // a1(x-A.x) + b1(y-A.y) = c1
      // a2(x-A.x) + b2(y-A.y) = c2
      // solve using Cramer's rule
      T a1 = B.x - A.x, b1 = B.y - A.y, c1 = dis2(A, B) /<sup>14</sup>
            2.0;
      T a2 = C.x - A.x, b2 = C.y - A.y, c2 = dis2(A, C) /
            2.0;
      T D = Pt(a1, b1) ^ Pt(a2, b2);
      T Dx = Pt(c1, b1) ^ Pt(c2, b2);
      T Dy = Pt(a1, c1) ^ Pt(a2, c2);
      if (D == 0) return Pt(-INF, -INF);
      return A + Pt(Dx / D, Dy / D);
13
14 Pt center;
  T r2;
15
  void minEncloseCircle(vector<Pt> pts) {
16
      mt19937 gen(chrono::steady_clock::now().
           time_since_epoch().count());
      shuffle(pts.begin(), pts.end(), gen);
      center = pts[0], r2 = 0;
19
      for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
           if (dis2(center, pts[i]) <= r2) continue;</pre>
           center = pts[i], r2 = 0;
           for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
               if (dis2(center, pts[j]) <= r2) continue;</pre>
               center = (pts[i] + pts[j]) / 2.0;
26
               r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
               for (int k = 0; k < j; k++) {
28
29
                   if (dis2(center, pts[k]) <= r2)</pre>
                   center = circumcenter(pts[i], pts[j],
                        pts[k]);
                   r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
31
               }
32
33
          }
      }
34
35
  }
```

```
7.18
      Heart
```

- 7.19 Tangents
- 7.20 Point In Circle
- 7.21 **Union of Circles**
- 7.22 Union of Polygons
- 7.23 **Delaunay Triangulation**
- 7.24 Triangulation Vonoroi
- 7.25 External Bisector
- 7.26 Intersection Area of Polygon and Circle
- 7.27 3D Point
- 7.28 3D Convex Hull

Number Theory

8.1 FFT

17

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41

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}

```
typedef complex<double> cp;
 const double pi = acos(-1);
 const int NN = 131072;
 struct FastFourierTransform {
             Iterative Fast Fourier Transform
             How this works? Look at this
             Oth recursion O(000)
                                      1(001)
                                               2(010)
                  3(011)
                                     5(101)
                           4(100)
                                               6(110)
                  7(111)
             1th recursion 0(000)
                                      2(010)
                                               4(100)
                  6(110) | 1(011)
                                     3(011)
                                              5(101)
                  7(111)
                                      4(100) | 2(010)
             2th recursion 0(000)
                                     5(101) | 3(011)
                  6(110) | 1(011)
                  7(111)
             3th recursion 0(000) | 4(100) | 2(010) |
                  6(110) | 1(011) | 5(101) | 3(011) |
                  7(111)
             All the bits are reversed => We can save
                  the reverse of the numbers in an array!
     int n, rev[NN];
     cp omega[NN], iomega[NN];
     void init(int n_) {
         n = n_{j}
         for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {
              // Calculate the nth roots of unity
              omega[i] = cp(cos(2 * pi * i / n_), sin(2 *
                   pi * i / n ));
             iomega[i] = conj(omega[i]);
         int k = _
                   _lg(n_);
         for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {</pre>
              int t = 0;
              for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
                  if (i & (1 << j)) t |= (1 << (k - j -
                      1));
              rev[i] = t;
         }
     void transform(vector<cp> &a, cp *xomega) {
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
             if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);</pre>
         for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {</pre>
              int mid = len >> 1;
             int r = n / len;
              for (int j = 0; j < n; j += len)</pre>
                  for (int i = 0; i < mid; i++) {</pre>
                      cp tmp = xomega[r * i] * a[j + mid
                           + i];
                      a[j + mid + i] = a[j + i] - tmp;
                      a[j + i] = a[j + i] + tmp;
                  }
         }
```

```
void fft(vector<cp> &a) { transform(a, omega); }
                                                               |x| 11 f(11 x, 11 mod) { return add(qMul(x, x, mod), 1, mod
       void ifft(vector<cp> &a) {
                                                                    ); }
51
                                                                11 pollard_rho(ll n) {
52
           transform(a, iomega);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;</pre>
53
                                                                     if (!(n & 1)) return 2;
                                                                     while (true) {
   } FFT;
                                                                         11 y = 2, x = rand() % (n - 1) + 1, res = 1;
                                                                         for (int sz = 2; res == 1; sz *= 2) {
                                                              13
                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < sz && res <= 1; i++) {
   const int MAXN = 262144;
                                                              14
   // (must be 2^k)
                                                                                  x = f(x, n);
                                                                                  res = \_gcd(llabs(x - y), n);
   // 262144, 524288, 1048576, 2097152, 4194304
                                                              16
   // before any usage, run pre_fft() first
                                                              17
                                                                             }
61 typedef long double ld;
                                                              18
                                                                             y = x;
62 typedef complex<ld> cplx; // real() ,imag()
                                                              19
   const ld PI = acosl(-1);
                                                              20
                                                                         if (res != 0 && res != n) return res;
   const cplx I(0, 1);
                                                              21
   cplx omega[MAXN + 1];
65
                                                              22
   void pre_fft() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= MAXN; i++) {</pre>
                                                                vector<ll> ret;
                                                              23
                                                                void fact(ll x) {
67
           omega[i] = exp(i * 2 * PI / MAXN * I);
                                                                     if (miller_rabin(x)) {
68
69
                                                                         ret.push_back(x);
70 }
                                                                         return:
                                                              27
   // n must be 2^k
   void fft(int n, cplx a[], bool inv = false) {
                                                                     11 f = pollard_rho(x);
                                                              29
                                                                     fact(f);
       int basic = MAXN / n;
       int theta = basic;
                                                                     fact(x / f);
       for (int m = n; m >= 2; m >>= 1) {
75
           int mh = m >> 1;
           for (int i = 0; i < mh; i++) {</pre>
                                                                8.3 Miller Rabin
                cplx w = omega[inv^? MAXN^- (i * theta % MAXN): i * theta % MAXN];
                                                               1 // n < 4,759,123,141
                                                                                              3 : 2, 7, 61
                for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {</pre>
                                                               2 // n < 1,122,004,669,633
                                                                                              4 : 2, 13, 23, 1662803
                    int k = j + mh;
80
                                                                // n < 3,474,749,660,383
                                                                                                     6:
                                                                                                          pirmes <= 13
                    cplx x = a[j] - a[k];
                                                                // n < 2<sup>64</sup>
                    a[j] += a[k];
                                                                // 2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022
                    a[k] = w * x;
                                                                bool witness(ll a, ll n, ll u, int t) {
                                                                     if (!(a %= n)) return 0;
                                                                     11 x = mypow(a, u, n);
           theta = (theta * 2) % MAXN;
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < t; i++) {
                                                                         ll nx = mul(x, x, n);
       int i = 0:
88
                                                                         if (nx == 1 && x != 1 && x != n - 1) return 1;
       for (int j = 1; j < n - 1; j++) {
                                                                         x = nx:
           for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i ^= k); k >>= 1);
90
                                                                     }
                                                              13
           if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
91
                                                                     return x != 1;
                                                              15
       if (inv) {
93
                                                              16
                                                                bool miller_rabin(ll n, int s = 100) {
           for (i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;
                                                                     // iterate s times of witness on n
                                                                     // return 1 if prime, 0 otherwise
96
   }
                                                                     if (n < 2) return 0;</pre>
   cplx arr[MAXN + 1];
                                                                     if (!(n & 1)) return n == 2;
   inline void mul(int _n, long long a[], int _m, long
98
                                                                     11 u = n - 1;
       long b[], long long ans[]) {
                                                                     int t = 0;
       int n = 1, sum = _n + _m - 1;
                                                                     while (!(u & 1)) u >>= 1, t++;
       while (n < sum) n <<= 1;
100
                                                                     while (s--) {
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                         ll a = randll() % (n - 1) + 1;
           double x = (i < _n ? a[i] : 0), y = (i < _m ?
                                                                         if (witness(a, n, u, t)) return 0;
                [i]:0);
           arr[i] = complex<double>(x + y, x - y);
                                                                     return 1;
104
       fft(n, arr);
105
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) arr[i] = arr[i] * arr[i</pre>
                                                                8.4 Fast Power
            1;
                                                                   Note: a^n \equiv a^{(n \mod (p-1))} \pmod{p}
       fft(n, arr, true);
       for (int i = 0; i < sum; i++) ans[i] = (long long
                                                                8.5
                                                                      Extend GCD
           int)(arr[i].real() / 4 + 0.5);
109
                                                               1 11 GCD:
   long long a[MAXN];
                                                                pll extgcd(ll a, ll b) {
   long long b[MAXN];
                                                                     if (b == 0) {
113 long long ans[MAXN];
                                                                         GCD = a;
   int a_length;
                                                                         return pll{1, 0};
int b_length;
                                                                     pll ans = extgcd(b, a % b);
   8.2 Pollard's rho
                                                                     return pll{ans.S, ans.F - a / b * ans.S};
   11 add(11 x, 11 y, 11 p) {
                                                                pll bezout(ll a, ll b, ll c) {
       return (x + y) \% p;
                                                                     bool negx = (a < 0), negy = (b < 0);
   }
                                                                     pll ans = extgcd(abs(a), abs(b));
                                                                     if (c % GCD != 0) return pll{-LLINF, -LLINF};
   11 qMul(ll x, ll y, ll mod) {
       11 \text{ ret} = x * y - (11)((long double)x / mod * y) *
                                                                     return pll{ans.F * c / GCD * (negx ? -1 : 1),
                                                                                 ans.S * c / GCD * (negy ? -1 : 1)};
           mod:
                                                              15
       return ret < 0 ? ret + mod : ret;</pre>
 7 }
                                                              17 ll inv(ll a, ll p) {
```

```
if (p == 1) return -1;
                                                                                   1. \epsilon(n) = [n = 1]
       pll ans = bezout(a % p, -p, 1);
if (ans == pll{-LLINF, -LLINF}) return -1;
                                                                                   2. 1(n) = 1
20
                                                                                   3. id(n) = n
21
        return (ans.F \% p + p) \% p;
                                                                                   4. \mu(n) = 0 if n has squared prime factor
22 }
                                                                                   5. \mu(n) = (-1)^k if n = p_1 p_2 \cdots p_k
  8.6 Mu + Phi
                                                                                   6. \epsilon = \mu * 1
                                                                                   7. \phi = \mu * id
1 \mid const int maxn = 1e6 + 5;
                                                                                   8. [n=1] = \sum_{d|n} \mu(d)
  11 f[maxn];
                                                                                   9. [gcd = 1] = \sum_{d|gcd} \mu(d)
  vector<int> lpf, prime;
  void build() {
       lpf.clear();
                                                                              • Möbius inversion: f = g * 1 \Leftrightarrow g = f * \mu
        lpf.resize(maxn, 1);
       f[1] = ...; /* mu[1] = 1, phi[1] = 1 */
for (int i = 2; i < maxn; i++) {
                                                                           8.8 Polynomial
             if (lpf[i] == 1) {
                                                                         1 const int maxk = 20;
                  lpf[i] = i;
                                                                           const int maxn = 1<<maxk;</pre>
                                                                           const ll LINF = 1e18;
                  prime.emplace_back(i);
                  f[i] = ...; /* mu[i] = 1, phi[i] = i-1 */
                                                                           /* P = r*2^k + 1
             for (auto& j : prime) {
                                                                                                               g
3
                  if (i * j >= maxn) break;
lpf[i * j] = j;
                                                                           998244353
                                                                                                     119 23
                                                                                                     479 21
                                                                           1004535809
                  if (i % j == 0)
                       f[i * j] = ...; /* 0, phi[i]*j */
                       f[i * j] = ...; /* -mu[i], phi[i]*phi[j12
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                          2
                                                                                                               2
                                                                           17
                  if (j >= lpf[i]) break;
                                                                           193
                                                                                                          6
            }
                                                                                                     3
                                                                           257
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                               3
        }
24
                                                                           7681
                                                                                                     15
                                                                                                               17
                                                                           12289
                                                                                                     3
                                                                                                          12
                                                                                                               11
  8.7 Other Formulas
                                                                           65537
                                                                                                     1
                                                                                                          16
      Inversion:
                                                                           786433
                                                                                                     3
                                                                                                          18
                                                                                                               10
        aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{m}. a^{-1} exists iff gcd(a, m) = 1.
                                                                           5767169
                                                                                                     11
                                                                                                          19
                                                                           7340033
                                                                                                     7
                                                                                                          20

    Linear inversion:

                                                                           23068673
                                                                                                     11
                                                                                                          21
                                                                           104857601
                                                                                                     25
                                                                                                          22
        a^{-1} \equiv (m - \lfloor \frac{m}{a} \rfloor) \times (m \mod a)^{-1} \pmod m
                                                                           167772161
                                                                                                     5
                                                                                                          25
                                                                           469762049
                                                                                                     7

    Fermat's little theorem:

                                                                                                     479 21
                                                                           1004535809
        a^p \equiv a \pmod{p} if p is prime.
                                                                           2013265921
                                                                                                     15
                                                                                                          27
                                                                                                               31
                                                                           2281701377
                                                                                                     17
                                                                                                         27
      · Euler function:
                                                                                                     3
                                                                           3221225473
                                                                                                          30
        \phi(n) = n \prod_{p|n} \frac{p-1}{p}
                                                                           75161927681
                                                                                                     35 31
                                                                           77309411329

    Euler theorem:

                                                                           206158430209
                                                                                                     3
                                                                                                          36
                                                                                                               22
                                                                                                     15 37
                                                                           2061584302081
        a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n} if \gcd(a, n) = 1.
                                                                           2748779069441
                                                                                                         39
                                                                           6597069766657
                                                                                                         41

    Extended Euclidean algorithm:

                                                                           39582418599937
        ax + by = \gcd(a, b) = \gcd(b, a \mod b) = \gcd(b, a \stackrel{\circ}{\neg}_{39})
                                                                           79164837199873
                                                                                                     9
                                                                                                        43
        \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b = bx_1 + (a - \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b)y_1 = ay_1 + b(x_1 - \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor y_1)
                                                                           263882790666241
                                                                                                     15 44
                                                                           1231453023109121
                                                                                                     35

    Divisor function:

                                                                           1337006139375617
                                                                                                     19
                                                                                                        46
                                                                           3799912185593857
                                                                                                        47
                                                                                                     27
        \sigma_x(n) = \sum_{d|n} d^x. n = \prod_{i=1}^r p_i^{a_i}.
                                                                           4222124650659841
                                                                                                          48
                                                                                                     15
                                                                                                               19
        \sigma_x(n) = \prod_{i=1}^r \frac{p_i^{(a_i+1)x} - 1}{p_i^x - 1} \text{ if } x \neq 0. \ \sigma_0(n) = \prod_{i=1}^r (a_i + 1)._{\frac{45}{46}}^{44}
                                                                           7881299347898369
                                                                           31525197391593473
                                                                           180143985094819841
                                                                                                          55

    Chinese remainder theorem (Coprime Moduli):

                                                                           1945555039024054273 27
                                                                                                          56
        x \equiv a_i \pmod{m_i}.
                                                                           4179340454199820289 29
                                                                           9097271247288401921 505 54 6 */
        M = \prod m_i. M_i = M/m_i. t_i = M_i^{-1}.
        x = kM + \sum a_i t_i M_i, k \in \mathbb{Z}.
                                                                           const int g = 3;
                                                                           const 11 MOD = 998244353;

    Chinese remainder theorem:

        x \equiv a_1 \pmod{m_1}, x \equiv a_2 \pmod{m_2} \Rightarrow x = m_1 p + a_1 = s_5
                                                                           11 pw(11 a, 11 n) { /* fast pow */ }
        m_2q + a_2 \Rightarrow m_1p - m_2q = a_2 - a_1
                                                                           #define siz(x) (int)x.size()
        Solve for (p,q) using ExtGCD.
        x \equiv m_1 p + a_1 \equiv m_2 q + a_2 \pmod{lcm(m_1, m_2)}
                                                                           template<typename T>
                                                                           vector<T>& operator+=(vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)
     • Avoiding Overflow: ca \mod cb = c(a \mod b)
                                                                                 if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
```

for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>

a[i] -= a[i] >= MOD ? MOD : 0;

a[i] += b[i];

• Dirichlet Convolution: $(f * g)(n) = \sum_{d|n} f(n)g(n/d)$

Important Multiplicative Functions + Proterties:

```
for (; cnt > 0; cnt--) if (a[cnt-1]) break;
                                                                         a.resize(max(cnt, 1));
        return a:
66
                                                                 144
   }
67
                                                                 145
                                                                    }
                                                                 146
68
   template<typename T>
                                                                    template<typename T>
69
                                                                 147
   vector<T>& operator -= (vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)148
                                                                    vector<T>& operator*=(vector<T>& a, vector<T> b) {
                                                                         int na = (int)a.size();
                                                                 149
                                                                         int nb = (int)b.size();
        if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
                                                                 150
                                                                         a.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);
        for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>
                                                                 151
            a[i] -= b[i];
                                                                         b.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);
73
            a[i] += a[i] < 0 ? MOD : 0;
74
                                                                 154
                                                                         NTT(a); NTT(b);
                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); i++) {</pre>
        return a:
76
                                                                             a[i] *= b[i];
 77
   }
                                                                 156
                                                                             if (a[i] >= MOD) a[i] %= MOD;
78
   template<typename T>
                                                                 158
   vector<T> operator-(const vector<T>& a) {
                                                                         NTT(a, true);
                                                                 159
       vector<T> ret(siz(a));
81
                                                                 160
        for (int i = 0; i < siz(a); i++) {</pre>
82
                                                                 161
                                                                         resize(a);
83
            ret[i] = -a[i] < 0 ? -a[i] + MOD : -a[i];
                                                                         return a;
                                                                 162
84
                                                                 163
85
        return ret;
   }
                                                                    template<typename T>
86
                                                                 165
                                                                    void inv(vector<T>& ia, int N) {
87
                                                                 166
   vector<ll> X, iX;
                                                                         vector<T> _a(move(ia));
                                                                         ia.resize(1, pw(_a[0], MOD-2));
vector<T> a(1, -_a[0] + (-_a[0] < 0 ? MOD : 0));</pre>
   vector<int> rev;
89
                                                                 168
                                                                 169
   void init_ntt() {
                                                                 170
92
       X.clear(); X.resize(maxn, 1); // x1 = g^{((p-1)/n)} 171
                                                                         for (int n = 1; n < N; n < <=1) {
        iX.clear(); iX.resize(maxn, 1);
                                                                             // n -> 2*n
93
                                                                             // ia' = ia(2-a*ia);
        ll u = pw(g, (MOD-1)/maxn);
95
                                                                 174
        ll iu = pw(u, MOD-2);
                                                                 175
                                                                             for (int i = n; i < min(siz(_a), (n<<1)); i++)</pre>
                                                                                  a.emplace_back(-_a[i] + (-_a[i] < 0 ? MOD :
97
                                                                 176
        for (int i = 1; i < maxn; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                       0));
98
            X[i] = X[i-1] * u;
            iX[i] = iX[i-1] * iu;
                                                                             vector<T> tmp = ia;
100
                                                                 178
            if (X[i] >= MOD) X[i] %= MOD;
                                                                             ia *= a;
101
                                                                 179
            if (iX[i] >= MOD) iX[i] %= MOD;
                                                                 180
                                                                             ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
102
                                                                             ia[0] = ia[0] + 2 >= MOD ? ia[0] + 2 - MOD : ia
103
                                                                 181
                                                                                 [0] + 2;
                                                                             ia *= tmp;
        rev.clear(); rev.resize(maxn, 0);
105
                                                                 182
        for (int i = 1, hb = -1; i < maxn; i++) {
                                                                             ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
106
                                                                 183
107
            if (!(i & (i-1))) hb++;
            rev[i] = rev[i ^ (1<<hb)] | (1<<(maxk-hb-1));
                                                                         ia.resize(N):
108
                                                                 185
109
                                                                 186
                                                                 187
   template<tvpename T>
                                                                 188
                                                                    template<typename T>
   void NTT(vector<T>& a, bool inv=false) {
                                                                    void mod(vector<T>& a, vector<T>& b) {
                                                                         int n = (int)a.size()-1, m = (int)b.size()-1;
113
                                                                 190
        int _n = (int)a.size();
                                                                         if (n < m) return;</pre>
114
                                                                 191
       int k = __lg(_n) + ((1<<__lg(_n)) != _n);
int n = 1<<k;</pre>
                                                                 192
                                                                         vector < T > ra = a, rb = b;
116
        a.resize(n, 0);
                                                                 194
                                                                         reverse(ra.begin(), ra.end()); ra.resize(min(n+1, n
                                                                              -m+1));
118
        short shift = maxk-k;
                                                                         reverse(rb.begin(), rb.end()); rb.resize(min(m+1, n
                                                                 195
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                                             -m+1));
            if (i > (rev[i]>>shift))
121
                                                                 196
                 swap(a[i], a[rev[i]>>shift]);
                                                                 197
                                                                         inv(rb, n-m+1);
123
       for (int len = 2, half = 1, div = maxn>>1; len <= n99
    ; len<<=1, half<<=1, div>>=1) {
                                                                         vector<T> q = move(ra);
124
                                                                         q *= rb;
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {</pre>
                                                                         q.resize(n-m+1);
                 for (int j = 0; j < half; j++) {</pre>
                                                                         reverse(q.begin(), q.end());
126
                                                                 202
                     T u = a[i+j];
                     T v = a[i+j+half] * (inv ? iX[j*div] : 204
128
                                                                         q *= b;
                          X[j*div]) % MOD;
                                                                         a -= q;
                     a[i+j] = (u+v >= MOD ? u+v-MOD : u+v); 206
                                                                         resize(a);
                     a[i+j+half] = (u-v < 0 ? u-v+MOD : u-v)_{207}
130
       } } }
                                                                    /* Kitamasa Method (Fast Linear Recurrence):
131
                                                                 210 Find a[K] (Given a[j] = c[0]a[j-N] + ... + c[N-1]a[j]
132
        if (inv) {
                                                                         -1])
            T dn = pw(n, MOD-2);
                                                                    Let B(x) = x^N - c[N-1]x^(N-1) - ... - c[1]x^1 - c[0]
134
            for (auto& x : a) {
                                                                    Let R(x) = x^K \mod B(x) (get x^K using fast pow and
135
                x *= dn;
                                                                         use poly mod to get R(x))
                 if (x >= MOD) x %= MOD;
                                                                 Let r[i] = the coefficient of x^i in R(x)
   } } }
138
                                                                 |a| = a[K] = a[0]r[0] + a[1]r[1] + ... + a[N-1]r[N-1] */
   template<typename T>
140
   inline void resize(vector<T>& a) {
       int cnt = (int)a.size();
```

9 Linear Algebra

9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Elimination

```
int n;
vector<vector<ll>> v;
void gauss(vector<vector<ll>>& v) {
    int r = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
         bool ok = false;
         for (int j = r; j < n; j++) {
              if (v[j][i] == 0) continue;
              swap(v[j], v[r]);
              ok = true;
              break;
         if (!ok) continue;
         ll div = inv(v[r][i]);
for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++) {
    v[r][j] *= div;</pre>
              if (v[r][j] >= MOD) v[r][j] %= MOD;
         for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
              if (j == r) continue;
              11 t = v[j][i];
              for (int k = 0; k < n + 1; k++) {
                  v[j][k] -= v[r][k] * t % MOD;
                  if (v[j][k] < 0) v[j][k] += MOD;
         }
```

9.2 Determinant

- Use GJ Elimination, if there's any row consists of only 0, then det = 0, otherwise det = product of diagonal elements.
- 2. Properties of det:
 - Transpose: Unchanged
 - Row Operation 1 Swap 2 rows: -det
 - Row Operation 2 $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$: $k \times det$
 - Row Operation 3 $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$ add to $\overrightarrow{r_i}$: Unchaged

10 Combinatorics

10.1 Catalan Number

$$C_0 = 1, C_n = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} C_i C_{n-1-i}, C_n = C_n^{2n} - C_{n-1}^{2n}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\
4 & 14 & 42 & 132 & 429 \\
8 & 1430 & 4862 & 16796 & 58786
\end{array}$$

10.2 Burnside's Lemma

Let *X* be the original set.

Let G be the group of operations acting on X.

Let X^g be the set of x not affected by g.

Let X/G be the set of orbits.

Then the following equation holds:

$$|X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$$

11 Special Numbers

11.1 Fibonacci Series

```
1
                         2
                                   3
 5
    5
                                   21
               8
                         13
 9
    34
               55
                         89
                                    144
    233
               377
                         610
                                   987
13
17
    1597
               2584
                         4181
                                   6765
21
    10946
                         28657
                                   46368
               17711
25
    75025
               121393
                         196418
                                    317811
29
    514229
               832040
                         1346269
                                   2178309
33
    3524578
               5702887
                         9227465
                                   14930352
```

 $f(45) \approx 10^9, f(88) \approx 10^{18}$

11.2 Prime Numbers

• First 50 prime numbers:

```
1
     2
            3
                         7
                               11
 6
     13
            17
                  19
                         23
                               29
     31
                  41
                         43
                               47
11
            37
     53
            59
                               71
16
                  61
                         67
21
     73
            79
                  83
                         89
                               97
     101
26
            103
                  107
                         109
                               113
31
     127
            131
                  137
                         139
                               149
36
     151
                               173
            157
                  163
                         167
41
     179
            181
                  191
                         193
                               197
46
     199
           211
                  223
                         227
                               229
```

• Very large prime numbers:

1000001333 1000500889 2500001909 2000000659 900004151 850001359

```
• \pi(n) \equiv Number of primes \leq n \approx n/((\ln n) - 1)

\pi(100) = 25, \pi(200) = 46

\pi(500) = 95, \pi(1000) = 168

\pi(2000) = 303, \pi(4000) = 550

\pi(10^4) = 1229, \pi(10^5) = 9592

\pi(10^6) = 78498, \pi(10^7) = 664579
```