#### Contents 6.8 Lyndon Factorization . . . 2 Basic 6.9 Rolling Hash . . . . . . . 14 Vimrc 2.1 6.10 Trie . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 14 Reminder 1.1 Bug List . . . . . . . . . 7 Geometry set number relativenumber ai t\_Co=256 tabstop=4 1.2 OwO . . . . . . . . . . 7.1 Basic Operations . . . . . 14 set mouse=a shiftwidth=4 encoding=utf8 7.2 Sort by Angle . . . . . . . 15 set bs=2 ruler laststatus=2 cmdheight=2 Vimrc . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7.3 Intersection . . . . . . . 15 set clipboard=unnamedplus showcmd autoread 2.2 Runcpp.sh . . . . . . . 7.4 Polygon Area . . . . . . . 15 set belloff=all 2.3 PBDS . . . . . . . . . . . . 7.5 Convex Hull . . . . . . . . . 15 filetype indent on 2.4 Random . . . . . . . . . 7.6 Point In Convex . . . . . 15 2.5 pragma . . . . . . . . . 7.7 Point Segment Distance . 15 2.6 set map pq cmp . . . . . inoremap ( ()<Esc>i inoremap " ""<Esc>i 7.8 Point in Polygon . . . . . 15 3 Data Structure 7.9 Minimum Euclidean Disinoremap [ []<Esc>i inoremap ' ''<Esc>i tance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16<sup>10</sup> 3.1 BIT . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.2 Treap . . . . . . . . . . . 7.10 Minkowski Sum . . . . . 16<sup>1</sup> Persistent Treap . . . . . inoremap { {<CR>}}<Esc>ko 7.11 Lower Concave Hull . . . 16<sup>1</sup> 7.12 Pick's Theorem . . . . . . 16<sup>1</sup> nnoremap <tab> gt 7.13 Rotating SweepLine . . . 16<sup>14</sup> 7.14 Half Plane Intersection . . 16<sup>15</sup> Time Segment Tree . . . nnoremap <S-tab> gT 3.7 Dynamic Median . . . . . inoremap <C-n> <Esc>:tabnew<CR> 3.8 SÓS DP . . . . . . . . . . . 7.15 Minimum Enclosing Circle 17<sup>16</sup> nnoremap <C-n> :tabnew<CR> 7.16 Union of Circles . . . . . 17<sup>17</sup> Flow / Matching 7.17 Area Of Circle Polygon . . 17<sup>18</sup> 4.1 Dinic . . . . . . . . . . . . inoremap <F9> <Esc>:w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR> 7.18 3D Point . . . . . . . . . 17<sup>19</sup> $\mathsf{MCMF}\dots\dots\dots\dots$ nnoremap <F9> :w<CR>:!~/runcpp.sh %:p:t %:p:h<CR> KM .. 4.4 Hopcroft-Karp . . . . . . . . . 4.5 Blossom . . . . . . . . . 8 Number Theory 1821 syntax on 8.1 FFT . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 18<sup>22</sup> 8.2 Pollard's rho . . . . . 1823 colorscheme dese 8.3 Miller Rabin . . . . . 1924 set filetype=cpp Cover / Independent Set . colorscheme desert 4.7 Hungarian Algorithm . . 8.4 Fast Power . . . . . . . . 1925 set background=dark Graph 8.5 Extend GCD . . . . . . . **19**26 hi Normal ctermfg=white ctermbg=black 5.1 Heavy-Light Decomposition 6 8.6 Mu + Phi . . . . . . . . . . 19 5.2 Centroid Decomposition . 5.3 Bellman-Ford + SPFA . . . 5.4 BCC - AP . . . . . . . . . . . . 8.7 Discrete Log . . . . . . . 19 2.2 Runcpp.sh 8.8 sqrt mod . . . . . . . . 5.5 BCC - Bridge 8 5.6 SCC - Tarjan 9 5.7 SCC - Kosaraju 9 8.9 Primitive Root . . . . . 20 g++ gen.cpp -o gen.out 8.10 Other Formulas . . . . . 20 g++ brute.cpp -o ac.out 8.11 Polynomial . . . . . . . 5.8 Eulerian Path - Undir . . . 10 g++ E.cpp -o wa.out 5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir . . . . for ((i=0;;i++)) 9 Linear Algebra 22 5.10 Hamilton Path . . . . . . 10 5.11 Kth Shortest Path . . . . 10 9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Eliminaecho "\$i" 5.12 System of Difference tion . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 22 <sup>6</sup> ./gen.out > in.txt Constraints . . . . . . . . . 12 9.2 Determinant . . . . . . . 22 ./ac.out < in.txt > ac.txt String ./wa.out < in.txt > wa.txt 10 Combinatorics 10.1 Catalan Number . . . . . . 2210 diff ac.txt wa.txt || break 10.2 Burnside's Lemma . . . . 2211 11 Special Numbers 2.3 PBDS 11.1 Fibonacci Series . . . . . 11.2 Prime Numbers . . . . . . 22 #include <bits/extc++.h> #include <ext/pb\_ds/assoc\_container.hpp> #include <ext/pb\_ds/tree\_policy.hpp> Reminder 1 using namespace \_\_gnu\_pbds; // map **Bug List** 1.1 tree<int, int, less<>, rb\_tree\_tag, 沒開 long long tree\_order\_statistics\_node\_update> tr; 陣列戳出界/開不夠大/ 開太大本地 compile 噴怪 error ◦ tr.order\_of\_key(element); tr.find\_by\_order(rank); • 傳之前先確定選對檔案 • 寫好的函式忘記呼叫 變數打錯 tree<int, null\_type, less<>, rb\_tree\_tag, tree\_order\_statistics\_node\_update> tr; 0-base / 1-base tr.order\_of\_key(element); • 忘記初始化 tr.find\_by\_order(rank); 14 • == 打成 = • <= 打成 <+ // hash table gp\_hash\_table<int, int> ht; dp[i] 從 dp[i-1] 轉移時忘記特判 i > 0 ht.find(element); • std::sort 比較運算子寫成 < 或是讓 = 的情況為 true ht.insert({key, value}); 19 •漏 case / 分 case 要好好想 ht.erase(element); 20 • 線段樹改值懶標初始值不能設為 0 22 // priority queue · DFS 的時候不小心覆寫到全域變數 \_\_gnu\_pbds::priority\_queue<int, less<int>> big\_q; • 浮點數誤差 // Big First · 多筆測資不能沒讀完直接 return \_\_gnu\_pbds::priority\_queue<int, greater<int>> small\_q; 記得刪 cerr // Small First 25 q1.join(q2); // join 1.2 OwO 2.4 Random • 可以構造複雜點的測資幫助思考 真的卡太久請跳題 nt19937 gen(chrono::steady\_clock::now().

time\_since\_epoch().count());

Enjoy The Contest!

```
uniform_int_distribution<int> dis(1, 100);
                                                                      if (now->real != -1) return (now->real + now->tag)
  cout << dis(gen) << endl;</pre>
                                                                          * now->num;
4 shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), gen);
                                                                      return now->sum + now->tag * now->num;
                                                               19
                                                               20
                                                                 void pull(Treap *&now) {
                                                               21
  2.5 pragma
                                                                      now->num = siz(now->1) + siz(now->r) + 111;
                                                                      now->sum = sum(now->1) + sum(now->r) + now->val +
                                                               23
1 #pragma GCC optimize("03, unroll-loops")
                                                                          now->tag;
  #pragma GCC target("avx2,bmi,bmi2,lzcnt,popcnt")
  #pragma GCC optimize("trapv")
                                                                 void push(Treap *&now) {
                                                               25
                                                               26
                                                                      if (now->rev) {
  2.6 set map pq cmp
                                                               27
                                                                          swap(now->1, now->r);
                                                                          now->1->rev ^= 1;
                                                               28
  struct edge
                                                                          now->r->rev ^= 1;
                                                               29
                                                                          now \rightarrow rev = 0;
                                                               30
       int a, b, w;
                                                               31
       friend istream& operator>>(istream &in, edge &x)
                                                                      if (now->real != -1) {
            in >> x.a >> x.b >> x.w;
                                                                          now->real += now->tag;
       friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &out, const edge</pre>
                                                                          if (now->1) {
            &x)
                                                                              now \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow tag = 0;
            out << "(" << x.a << "," << x.b << "," << x.w
                                                                              now->l->real = now->real;
           << ")"; return out;
                                                                              now->1->val = now->real;
  };
8
                                                               38
                                                                          if (now->r) {
                                                               39
  struct cmp
                                                                              now->r->tag = 0;
       bool operator()(const edge &x, const edge &y)
                                                                              now->r->real = now->real;
                                                               41
       const { return x.w < y.w; }</pre>
                                                                              now->r->val = now->real;
                                                               42
                                                               43
                                                                          }
13 set<edge, cmp> st; //遞增
                                                                          now->val = now->real;
now->sum = now->real * now->num;
                                                               44
14 map<edge, long long, cmp> mp; //遞增
15 | priority_queue<edge, vector<edge>, cmp> pq; // 遞減
                                                                          now->real = -1;
                                                                          now->tag = 0;
                                                               47
                                                                      } else {
       Data Structure
                                                               49
                                                                          if (now->l) now->l->tag += now->tag;
                                                                          if (now->r) now->r->tag += now->tag;
                                                               50
  3.1 BIT
                                                               51
                                                                          now->sum += sum(now);
                                                                          now->val += now->tag;
                                                               52
  struct BIT {
                                                               53
                                                                          now->tag = 0;
       int n;
                                                               54
       long long bit[N];
                                                               55
                                                                 Treap *merge(Treap *a, Treap *b) {
       void init(int x, vector<long long> &a) {
                                                               57
                                                                      if (!a || !b) return a ? a : b;
                                                                      else if (a->pri > b->pri) {
                                                               58
           for (int i = 1, j; i <= n; i++) {
   bit[i] += a[i - 1], j = i + (i & -i);</pre>
                                                                          push(a);
                                                                          a->r = merge(a->r, b);
                                                               60
               if (j <= n) bit[j] += bit[i];</pre>
                                                               61
                                                                          pull(a);
           }
                                                                          return a;
      }
                                                               63
                                                                      } else {
                                                                          push(b);
      void update(int x, long long dif) {
                                                                          b->1 = merge(a, b->1);
                                                               65
           while (x <= n) bit[x] += dif, x += x & -x;
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               66
                                                               67
16
                                                               68
       long long query(int 1, int r) {
           if (1 != 1) return query(1, r) - query(1, 1 -
18
                                                                 void split_size(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int
               1);
                                                                      val) {
                                                                      if (!rt) {
           long long ret = 0;
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
           while (1 <= r) ret += bit[r], r -= r & -r;</pre>
                                                                          return;
                                                               73
22
           return ret:
                                                               74
23
                                                                      push(rt);
                                                               75
24 } bm;
                                                                      if (siz(rt->l) + 1 > val) {
                                                               76
                                                               77
                                                                          b = rt;
  3.2 Treap
                                                                          split_size(rt->l, a, b->l, val);
                                                               78
                                                                          pull(b);
                                                               79
  mt19937 rng(random_device{}());
                                                               80
                                                                      } else {
  struct Treap {
                                                               81
                                                                          a = rt:
       Treap *1, *r;
                                                                          split_size(rt->r, a->r, b, val - siz(a->l) - 1)
       int val, sum, real, tag, num, pri, rev;
                                                                          pull(a);
       Treap(int k) {
                                                               83
           1 = r = NULL;
           val = sum = k:
                                                               85
           num = 1;
                                                                 void split_val(Treap *rt, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int val
           real = -1;
                                                                      ) {
                                                                     if (!rt) {
           tag = 0;
                                                               87
           rev = 0;
                                                                          a = b = NULL;
           pri = rng();
                                                                          return;
                                                               89
13
14 };
                                                                      push(rt);
  int siz(Treap *now) { return now ? now->num : 011; }
                                                                      if (rt->val <= val) {</pre>
                                                               92
  int sum(Treap *now) {
                                                               93
```

split\_val(rt->r, a->r, b, val);

if (!now) return 0;

```
3.5
                                                                       Sparse Table
           pull(a);
       } else {
96
                                                               1 const int lgmx = 19;
           b = rt;
97
           split_val(rt->l, a, b->l, val);
98
                                                                 int n, q;
99
           pull(b);
                                                                 int spt[lgmx][maxn];
100
101 }
                                                                 void build() {
                                                                     FOR(k, 1, lgmx, 1) {
    for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) - 1 < n; i++) {
   3.3 Persistent Treap
                                                                              spt[k][i] = min(spt[k - 1][i], spt[k - 1][i
  struct node {
                                                                                   + (1 << (k - 1))]);
       node *1, *r;
       char c;
                                                                     }
       int v, sz;
                                                                 }
       node(char x = ' \sharp') : c(x), v(mt()), sz(1) {
                                                               13
           1 = r = nullptr;
                                                                 int query(int 1, int r) {
                                                               14
                                                                     int ln = len(l, r);
       node(node* p) { *this = *p; }
                                                                     int lg = __lg(ln);
                                                               16
       void pull() {
                                                                     return min(spt[lg][l], spt[lg][r - (1 << lg) + 1]);</pre>
           sz = 1;
                                                               17
           for (auto i : {1, r})
               if (i) sz += i->sz;
                                                                 3.6 Time Segment Tree
13
  } arr[maxn], *ptr = arr;
  inline int size(node* p) { return p ? p->sz : 0; }
                                                               | constexpr int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
  node* merge(node* a, node* b) {
    if (!a || !b) return a ?: b;
                                                                 V<P<int>>> arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
16
                                                                 V<int> dsu, sz;
       if (a->v < b->v) {
                                                                 V<tuple<int, int, int>> his;
18
                                                                 int cnt, q;
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(a);
19
                                                                 int find(int x) {
           ret->r = merge(ret->r, b), ret->pull();
           return ret;
                                                                     return x == dsu[x] ? x : find(dsu[x]);
       } else {
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(b);
                                                                 inline bool merge(int x, int y) {
                                                                     int a = find(x), b = find(y);
           ret->l = merge(a, ret->l), ret->pull();
25
           return ret;
                                                                     if (a == b) return false;
                                                                     if (sz[a] > sz[b]) swap(a, b);
26
  }
                                                                     his.emplace_back(a, b, sz[b]), dsu[a] = b, sz[b] +=
27
                                                               13
  P<node*> split(node* p, int k) {
                                                                           sz[a];
       if (!p) return {nullptr, nullptr};
                                                                     return true;
29
       if (k >= size(p->1) + 1) {
30
           auto [a, b] = split(p->r, k - size(p->l) - 1);
                                                                 inline void undo() {
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
                                                                     auto [a, b, s] = his.back();
32
           ret->r = a, ret->pull();
                                                                     his.pop_back();
33
           return {ret, b};
                                                                     dsu[a] = a, sz[b] = s;
       } else {
35
                                                              20
           auto [a, b] = split(p->1, k);
                                                                 #define m ((l + r) >> 1)
           node* ret = new (ptr++) node(p);
                                                                 void insert(int ql, int qr, P<int> x, int i = 1, int l
37
           ret->l = b, ret->pull();
                                                                      = 0, int r = q) {
38
           return {a, ret};
                                                                     // debug(q1, qr, x); return;
                                                                     if (qr <= 1 || r <= q1) return;</pre>
                                                              24
       }
41 }
                                                                     if (ql <= 1 && r <= qr) {</pre>
                                                              25
                                                               26
                                                                         arr[i].push_back(x);
   3.4 Li Chao Tree
                                                                         return:
                                                              27
                                                               28
  constexpr int maxn = 5e4 + 5;
                                                               29
                                                                     if (qr <= m)
   struct line {
                                                                         insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
       ld a, b;
                                                                     else if (m <= q1)</pre>
       ld operator()(ld x) { return a * x + b; }
                                                               32
                                                                         insert(ql, qr, x, i \langle\langle 1 | 1, m, r);
                                                                     else {
  } arr[(maxn + 1) << 2];</pre>
  bool operator<(line a, line b) { return a.a < b.a; }</pre>
                                                                          insert(ql, qr, x, i << 1, l, m);
  #define m ((1 + r) >> 1)
                                                                          insert(ql, qr, x, i \ll 1 | 1, m, r);
   void insert(line x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn)36
       if (r - l == 1) {
   if (x(l) > arr[i](1))
                                                                 void traversal(V<int>& ans, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r
                                                               38
                                                                       = q) {
11
                arr[i] = x;
                                                               39
                                                                     int opcnt = 0;
                                                                     // debug(i, 1, r);
           return;
                                                               40
                                                                     for (auto [a, b] : arr[i])
       line a = max(arr[i], x), b = min(arr[i], x);
                                                                          if (merge(a, b))
                                                              42
       if (a(m) > b(m))
                                                                              opcnt++, cnt--;
                                                                     if (r - l == 1)
           arr[i] = a, insert(b, i << 1, l, m);
16
                                                                         ans[1] = cnt;
17
18
           arr[i] = b, insert(a, i << 1 | 1, m, r);
                                                                     else {
                                                                          traversal(ans, i << 1, l, m);</pre>
19
   ld query(int x, int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = maxn) {
                                                                         traversal(ans, i << 1 \mid 1, m, r);
20
       if (x < 1 || r <= x) return -numeric_limits<ld>::
           max();
                                                                     while (opcnt--)
       if (r - 1 == 1) return arr[i](x);
                                                                         undo(), cnt++;
       return max({arr[i](x), query(x, i << 1, 1, m),</pre>
                                                                     arr[i].clear();
           query(x, i << 1 | 1, m, r)});
                                                              53
                                                                 #undef m
25 #undef m
                                                               55 inline void solve() {
```

```
auto it = hi.find(x);
      cin >> n >> m >> q, q++;
                                                                           if(it != hi.end()) {
57
                                                            41
      dsu.resize(cnt = n), sz.assign(n, 1);
58
                                                            42
                                                                                hi.erase(it); shi -= x;
59
      iota(dsu.begin(), dsu.end(), 0);
                                                            43
      // a, b, time, operation
                                                                           else {
60
                                                            44
      unordered_map<ll, V<int>> s;
                                                                                auto it2 = lo.find(x);
      for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                lo.erase(it2); slo -= x;
          int a, b;
                                                            47
           cin >> a >> b;
          if (a > b) swap(a, b);
                                                                       rebalance();
65
                                                            49
          s[((11)a << 32) | b].emplace_back(0);
66
                                                            51 };
      for (int i = 1; i < q; i++) {</pre>
68
          int op, a, b;
                                                               3.8 SOS DP
          cin >> op >> a >> b;
          if (a > b) swap(a, b);
                                                             for (int mask = 0; mask < (1 << n); mask++) {</pre>
          switch (op) {
                                                                   for (int submask = mask; submask != 0; submask = (
               case 1:
                                                                        submask - 1) & mask) {
                   s[((11)a << 32) | b].push_back(i);
                                                                       int subset = mask ^ submask;
                   break;
               case 2:
                   auto tmp = s[((11)a << 32) | b].back();</pre>
                                                                    Flow / Matching
                   s[((11)a << 32) | b].pop_back();
                                                               4
                   insert(tmp, i, P<int>{a, b});
                                                               4.1 Dinic
          }
81
                                                             using namespace std;
      for (auto [p, v] : s) {
                                                               const int N = 2000 + 5;
          int a = p >> 32, b = p & -1;
                                                               int n, m, s, t, level[N], iter[N];
          while (v.size()) {
84
                                                               struct edge {int to, cap, rev;};
               insert(v.back(), q, P<int>{a, b});
                                                               vector<edge> path[N];
               v.pop_back();
                                                               void add(int a, int b, int c) {
87
                                                                   path[a].pb({b, c, sz(path[b])});
                                                                   path[b].pb({a, 0, sz(path[a]) - 1});
      V<int> ans(q);
89
                                                               }
90
      traversal(ans);
                                                               void bfs() {
91
      for (auto i : ans)
          cout << i <<
                                                                   memset(level, -1, sizeof(level));
92
                                                                   level[s] = 0;
      cout << endl;</pre>
93
                                                            13
                                                                   queue<int> q;
                                                                   q.push(s);
                                                                   while (q.size()) {
  3.7 Dynamic Median
                                                            15
                                                                       int now = q.front();q.pop();
                                                            16
                                                                       for (edge e : path[now]) if (e.cap > 0 && level
  struct Dynamic_Median {
                                                                            [e.to] == -1) {
      multiset<long long> lo, hi;
                                                                                level[e.to] = level[now] + 1;
      long long slo = 0, shi = 0;
                                                                                q.push(e.to);
      void rebalance() {
          // keep sz(lo) >= sz(hi) and sz(lo) - sz(hi) <= 20
                                                                       }
           while((int)lo.size() > (int)hi.size() + 1) {
                                                               int dfs(int now, int flow) {
               auto it = prev(lo.end());
                                                                   if (now == t) return flow;
               long long x = *it;
                                                                   for (int &i = iter[now]; i < sz(path[now]); i++) {</pre>
               lo.erase(it); slo -= x;
               hi.insert(x); shi += x;
                                                                       edge &e = path[now][i];
                                                                       if (e.cap > 0 && level[e.to] == level[now] + 1)
                                                            27
          while((int)lo.size() < (int)hi.size()) {</pre>
                                                                           int res = dfs(e.to, min(flow, e.cap));
               auto it = hi.begin();
                                                                           if (res > 0) {
               long long x = *it;
                                                            29
               hi.erase(it); shi -= x;
                                                                                e.cap -= res;
                                                            31
                                                                                path[e.to][e.rev].cap += res;
               lo.insert(x); slo += x;
                                                            32
                                                                                return res;
          }
                                                            33
                                                                           }
18
                                                            34
                                                                       }
      void add(long long x) {
          if(lo.empty() || x <= *prev(lo.end())) {
                                                            35
                                                                   return 0;
               lo.insert(x); slo += x;
                                                            37
                                                            38
                                                               int dinic() {
          else {
                                                            39
                                                                   int res = 0;
               hi.insert(x); shi += x;
                                                                   while (true) {
                                                            40
                                                                       bfs();
26
          rebalance():
                                                                       if (level[t] == -1) break;
                                                            42
                                                                       memset(iter, 0, sizeof(iter));
                                                            43
28
      void remove_one(long long x) {
          if(!lo.empty() && x <= *prev(lo.end())) {</pre>
                                                                       int now = 0;
29
                                                                       while ((now = dfs(s, INF)) > 0) res += now;
                                                            45
               auto it = lo.find(x);
               if(it != lo.end()) {
31
                                                                   return res;
                   lo.erase(it); slo -= x;
               else {
                                                               4.2 MCMF
                   auto it2 = hi.find(x);
                   hi.erase(it2); shi -= x;
                                                             1 struct MCMF {
37
                                                                   int n, s, t, par[N + 5], p_i[N + 5], dis[N + 5],
```

vis[N + 5];

else {

```
struct edge {
                                                                           for (;;) {
           int to, cap, rev, cost;
                                                                               while (!q.empty()) {
                                                               22
                                                               23
                                                                                   int x = q.front();
       vector<edge> path[N];
                                                               24
                                                                                   q.pop();
       void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
                                                                                   vx[x] = 1;
                                                               25
           n = _n, s = _s, t = _t;
FOR(i, 0, 2 * n + 5)
                                                                                   FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                               27
                                                                                   if (!vy[y]) {
           par[i] = p_i[i] = vis[i] = 0;
                                                                                        int t = 1x[x] + 1y[y] - g[x][y];
                                                                                        if (t == 0) {
       void add(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
   path[a].pb({b, c, sz(path[b]), d});
12
                                                               30
                                                                                            pa[y] = x;
                                                                                            if (!my[y]) {
                                                               31
           path[b].pb({a, 0, sz(path[a]) - 1, -d});
                                                               32
                                                                                                 augment(y);
15
                                                               33
                                                                                                 return;
       void spfa() {
                                                               34
           FOR(i, 0, n * 2 + 5)
                                                               35
                                                                                            vy[y] = 1, q.push(my[y]);
           dis[i] = INF,
                                                                                        } else if (sy[y] > t)
18
                                                               36
           vis[i] = 0;
                                                               37
                                                                                            pa[y] = x, sy[y] = t;
20
           dis[s] = 0;
                                                               38
                                                                                   }
           queue<int> q;
21
                                                               39
           q.push(s);
                                                               40
                                                                               int cut = INF;
                                                                               FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
           while (!q.empty()) {
23
                                                               41
               int now = q.front();
                                                               42
                                                                               if (!vy[y] && cut > sy[y]) cut = sy[y];
               q.pop();
                                                                               FOR(j, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                                   if (vx[j]) lx[j] -= cut;
               vis[now] = 0;
               for (int i = 0; i < sz(path[now]); i++) {</pre>
                                                                                   if (vy[j])
                    edge e = path[now][i];
                                                                                        ly[j] += cut;
28
                    if (e.cap > 0 && dis[e.to] > dis[now] +47
                                                                                   else
                          e.cost) {
                                                                                        sy[j] -= cut;
                        dis[e.to] = dis[now] + e.cost;
                                                                               FOR(y, 1, n + 1) {
                        par[e.to] = now;
                        p_i[e.to] = i;
                                                                                   if (!vy[y] \&\& sy[y] == 0) {
                        if (vis[e.to] == 0) {
                                                                                        if (!my[y]) {
33
                             vis[e.to] = 1;
                                                                                            augment(y);
                             q.push(e.to);
                                                                                            return;
                        }
                                                               55
                                                                                        vy[y] = 1;
                    }
                                                                                        q.push(my[y]);
               }
38
                                                               57
39
           }
                                                               58
                                                                                   }
                                                               59
                                                                               }
      pii flow() {
                                                                          }
                                                               60
42
           int flow = 0, cost = 0;
                                                                      int solve() {
           while (true) {
43
                                                               62
                                                                          fill(mx, mx + n + 1, 0);
44
               spfa();
                                                               63
               if (dis[t] == INF)
                                                                           fill(my, my + n + 1, \theta);
                                                                           fill(ly, ly + n + 1, 0);
fill(lx, lx + n + 1, 0);
                    break;
                                                               65
46
               int mn = INF;
               for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i])
                                                                           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
                    mn = min(mn, path[par[i]][p_i[i]].cap);68
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
49
               flow += mn;
                                                                           lx[x] = max(lx[x], g[x][y]);
                                                                           FOR(x, 1, n + 1)
               cost += dis[t] * mn;
               for (int i = t; i != s; i = par[i]) {
52
                                                                           bfs(x);
                    edge &now = path[par[i]][p_i[i]];
                                                                           int ans = 0;
                    now.cap -= mn;
                                                                           FOR(y, 1, n + 1)
                                                               73
55
                    path[i][now.rev].cap += mn;
                                                               74
                                                                           ans += g[my[y]][y];
                                                                           return ans;
                                                               75
                                                                      }
57
                                                               76
           return mp(flow, cost);
                                                               77 };
58
59
      }
60 };
                                                                  4.4 Hopcroft-Karp
  4.3 KM
                                                                1 struct HopcroftKarp {
                                                                      // id: X = [1, nx], Y = [nx+1, nx+ny]
                                                                      int n, nx, ny, m, MXCNT;
                                                                      vector<vector<int> > g;
       int n, mx[1005], my[1005], pa[1005];
       int g[1005][1005], lx[1005], ly[1005], sy[1005];
                                                                      vector<int> mx, my, dis, vis;
       bool vx[1005], vy[1005];
                                                                      void init(int nnx, int nny, int mm) {
       void init(int _n) {
                                                                           nx = nnx, ny = nny, m = mm;
           n = _n;
FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
                                                                           n = nx + ny + 1;
                                                                          g.clear();
           fill(g[i], g[i] + 1 + n, 0);
                                                                           g.resize(n);
       void add(int a, int b, int c) { g[a][b] = c; }
                                                                      void add(int x, int y) {
       void augment(int y) {
                                                                           g[x].emplace_back(y);
12
           for (int x, z; y; y = z)
                                                                           g[y].emplace_back(x);
13
               x = pa[y], z = mx[x], my[y] = x, mx[x] = y;
                                                                      bool dfs(int x) {
15
       void bfs(int st) {
                                                               17
                                                                          vis[x] = true;
           FOR(i, 1, n + 1)
16
                                                               18
                                                                           Each(y, g[x]) {
```

20

21

22

int px = my[y]; if (px == -1 ||

(dis[px] == dis[x] + 1 &&!vis[px] && dfs(px))) {

51

17

18

19

sy[i] = INF,

queue<int> q;

q.push(st);

vx[i] = vy[i] = 0;

```
mx[x] = y;
                 my[y] = x;
                 return true;
             }
        return false;
    void get() {
        mx.clear();
        mx.resize(n, -1);
        my.clear();
        my.resize(n, -1);
        while (true) {
            queue<int> q;
             dis.clear();
             dis.resize(n, -1);
             for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++) {</pre>
                 if (mx[x] == -1) {
                     dis[x] = 0;
                     q.push(x);
                 }
             while (!q.empty()) {
                 int x = q.front();
                 q.pop();
                 Each(y, g[x]) {
                     if (my[y] != -1 \&\& dis[my[y]] ==
                          -1) {
                         dis[my[y]] = dis[x] + 1;
                         q.push(my[y]);
                     }
                 }
            }
             bool brk = true;
             vis.clear();
             vis.resize(n, 0);
             for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)</pre>
                 if (mx[x] == -1 \&\& dfs(x))
                     brk = false;
            if (brk) break;
        MXCNT = 0;
        for (int x = 1; x <= nx; x++)
             if (mx[x] != -1) MXCNT++;
} hk;
```

## 4.5 Blossom

24

25

26

27

28

29

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35

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43 44

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20

22

23

25

28

30

```
const int N=5e2+10;
struct Graph{
    int to[N],bro[N],head[N],e;
    int lnk[N], vis[N], stp, n;
    void init(int _n){
        stp=0;e=1;n=_n;
        FOR(i,0,n+1)head[i]=lnk[i]=vis[i]=0;
    void add(int u,int v){
        to[e]=v,bro[e]=head[u],head[u]=e++;
        to[e]=u,bro[e]=head[v],head[v]=e++;
    bool dfs(int x){
        vis[x]=stp;
        for(int i=head[x];i;i=bro[i])
             int v=to[i];
             if(!lnk[v])
             {
                 lnk[x]=v;lnk[v]=x;
                 return true;
             else if(vis[lnk[v]]<stp)</pre>
                 int w=lnk[v];
                 lnk[x]=v, lnk[v]=x, lnk[w]=0;
                 if(dfs(w))return true;
                 lnk[w]=v, lnk[v]=w, lnk[x]=0;
        }
```

```
return false;
32
       int solve(){
33
34
            int ans=0;
35
            FOR(i,1,n+1){
36
                 if(!lnk[i]){
37
                      stp++;
                      ans+=dfs(i);
38
39
40
41
            return ans;
42
       void print_matching(){
43
44
            FOR(i,1,n+1)
45
                 if(i<graph.lnk[i])</pre>
                      cout<<i<< " "<<graph.lnk[i]<<endl;</pre>
46
47
48 };
```

## 4.6 Cover / Independent Set

```
1 \mid V(E) Cover: choose some V(E) to cover all E(V)
  V(E) Independ: set of V(E) not adj to each other
  M = Max Matching
  Cv = Min V Cover
  Ce = Min E Cover
  Iv = Max V Ind
  Ie = Max E Ind (equiv to M)
10 M = Cv (Konig Theorem)
  Iv = V \setminus Cv
  Ce = V - M
  Construct Cv:
  1. Run Dinic
  2. Find s-t min cut
17 3. CV = \{X \text{ in } T\} + \{Y \text{ in } S\}
```

# 4.7 Hungarian Algorithm

```
1 const int N = 2e3;
  int match[N];
  bool vis[N];
  int n;
  vector<int> ed[N];
  int match_cnt;
  bool dfs(int u) {
       vis[u] = 1;
       for(int i : ed[u]) {
           if(match[i] == 0 || !vis[match[i]] && dfs(match
               [i])) {
               match[i] = u;
               return true;
13
           }
14
15
       return false;
16
  void hungary() {
17
       memset(match, 0, sizeof(match));
       match_cnt = 0;
19
       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
20
           memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
21
           if(dfs(i)) match_cnt++;
24 }
```

#### 5 Graph

## 5.1 Heavy-Light Decomposition

```
1 const int N = 2e5 + 5;
 int n, dfn[N], son[N], top[N], num[N], dep[N], p[N];
 vector<int> path[N];
 struct node {
     int mx, sum;
 } seg[N << 2];</pre>
 void update(int x, int l, int r, int qx, int val) {
     if (1 == r) {
          seg[x].mx = seg[x].sum = val;
          return:
```

```
void buildHLD(int root) {
      int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     dep[root] = 1;
      if (qx <= mid)update(x << 1, 1, mid, qx, val);</pre>
13
                                                                     dfs1(root);
      else update(x << 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, qx, val);
                                                                     dfs2(root, root);
      seg[x].mx = max(seg[x << 1].mx, seg[x << 1 | 1].mx)91
                                                                     FOR(i, 1, n + 1) {
                                                                         int now;
      seg[x].sum = seg[x << 1].sum + seg[x << 1 | 1].sum;93
                                                                         cin >> now;
16
                                                                         update(1, 1, n, dfn[i], now);
  int big(int x, int 1, int r, int q1, int qr) {
    if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].mx;</pre>
19
      int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
20
      int res = -INF;
                                                                5.2 Centroid Decomposition
      if (ql <= mid) res = max(res, big(x << 1, 1, mid,
                                                               | #include <bits/stdc++.h>
      if (mid < qr) res = max(res, big(x << 1 | 1, mid +
                                                                using namespace std;
                                                                const int N = 1e5 + 5;
           1, r, ql, qr));
                                                                vector<int> a[N];
      return res;
25
                                                                int sz[N], lv[N];
  int ask(int x, int 1, int r, int q1, int qr) {
                                                                bool used[N];
      if (q1 <= 1 && r <= qr) return seg[x].sum;</pre>
                                                                int f_sz(int x, int p) {
      int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                                     sz[x] = 1;
      int res = 0;
                                                                     for (int i : a[x])
      if (ql <= mid) res += ask(x << 1, 1, mid, ql, qr); 10</pre>
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i])
      if (mid < qr) res += ask(x << 1 | 1, mid + 1, r, ql_{11})
                                                                             sz[x] += f_sz(i, x);
                                                                     return sz[x];
           , qr);
      return res;
32
                                                              13
  }
33
                                                                int f_cen(int x, int p, int total) {
  void dfs1(int now) {
                                                                     for (int i : a[x]) {
                                                                         if (i != p && !used[i] && 2 * sz[i] > total)
      son[now] = -1;
35
                                                              16
      num[now] = 1;
                                                              17
                                                                             return f_cen(i, x, total);
      for (auto i : path[now]) {
                                                              18
           if (!dep[i]) {
                                                                     return x;
38
                                                              19
               dep[i] = dep[now] + 1;
               p[i] = now;
                                                                void cd(int x, int p) {
                                                              21
               dfs1(i);
                                                                     int total = f_sz(x, p);
                                                                     int cen = f_cen(x, p, total);
               num[now] += num[i];
               if (son[now] == -1 || num[i] > num[son[now
                                                                     lv[cen] = \overline{lv[p]} + 1;
                    ]]) son[now] = i;
                                                                     used[cen] = 1;
           }
                                                                     // cout << "cd: " << x << " " << p << " " << cen <<
                                                              26
                                                                          "\n";
      }
45
  }
                                                                     for (int i : a[cen]) {
46
                                                                         if (!used[i])
  int cnt;
                                                              28
  void dfs2(int now, int t) {
                                                              29
                                                                             cd(i, cen);
      top[now] = t;
                                                              30
      cnt++:
50
                                                              31
      dfn[now] = cnt;
                                                              32
                                                                int main() {
      if (son[now] == -1) return;
                                                                     ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
                                                              33
                                                                     cin.tie(0);
53
      dfs2(son[now], t);
      for (auto i : path[now])
                                                                     int n;
           if (i != p[now] && i != son[now])dfs2(i, i);
55
                                                                     cin >> n;
56
                                                                     for (int i = 0, x, y; i < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
  int path_big(int x, int y) {
                                                                         cin >> x >> y;
                                                                         a[x].push_back(y);
      int res = -INF;
58
                                                              39
59
      while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                         a[y].push_back(x);
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
           res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x])
                                                                     cd(1, 0);
61
               ]));
                                                                     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                                         cout << (char)('A' + lv[i] - 1) << " ";
           x = p[top[x]];
62
                                                                     cout << "\n";
      if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
      res = max(res, big(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]));
65
                                                                5.3 Bellman-Ford + SPFA
66
      return res;
  int path_sum(int x, int y) {
                                                               1 int n, m;
68
      int res = 0;
      while (top[x] != top[y]) {
                                                                // Graph
           if (dep[top[x]] < dep[top[y]]) swap(x, y);</pre>
                                                                vector<vector<pair<int, ll> > > g;
                                                                vector<ll> dis;
           res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[top[x]], dfn[x]);
                                                                vector<bool> negCycle;
           x = p[top[x]];
      if (dfn[x] > dfn[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                vector<int> rlx;
      res += ask(1, 1, n, dfn[x], dfn[y]);
      return res;
                                                                queue<int> q;
                                                                vector<bool> inq;
78
  void buildTree() {
                                                                vector<int> pa;
      FOR(i, 0, n - 1) {
                                                                void SPFA(vector<int>& src) {
           int a, b;
                                                                     dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
81
           cin >> a >> b;
82
                                                                     negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
           path[a].pb(b);
                                                                     rlx.assign(n + 1, 0);
                                                              16
           path[b].pb(a);
                                                                     while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
84
                                                              17
85
                                                                     inq.assign(n + 1, false);
86 }
                                                                     pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
```

```
cout << "YES\n";</pre>
       for (auto& s : src) {
                                                                        vector<int> ans;
21
            dis[s] = 0;
                                                                103
                                                                        vector<bool> vis(n + 1, false);
23
            q.push(s);
                                                                 104
            inq[s] = true;
                                                                        while (true) {
24
                                                                105
25
                                                                             ans.emplace_back(ptr);
                                                                 106
                                                                 107
                                                                             if (vis[ptr]) break;
26
27
       while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                108
                                                                             vis[ptr] = true;
            int u = q.front();
                                                                             ptr = pa[ptr];
                                                                 109
29
            q.pop();
            inq[u] = false;
                                                                        reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
30
                                                                111
            if (rlx[u] >= n) {
31
                negCycle[u] = true;
                                                                        vis.assign(n + 1, false);
32
                                                                113
                                                                        for (auto& x : ans) {
            } else
                                                                 114
                                                                             cout << x << '
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
                                                                115
                     int v = e.first;
                                                                             if (vis[x]) break;
35
                                                                116
                     11 w = e.second;
                                                                 117
                                                                             vis[x] = true;
                     if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
37
                                                                118
                                                                        cout << endl;</pre>
38
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                119
                         rlx[v] = rlx[u] + 1;
                                                                120
                                                                   }
39
                         pa[v] = u;
40
                         if (!inq[v]) {
                                                                122
                                                                    // Distance Calculation
                              q.push(v);
                                                                123
                                                                    void calcDis(int s) {
                                                                        vector<int> src:
43
                              inq[v] = true;
                                                                124
                         }
                                                                        src.emplace_back(s);
                                                                 125
                     }
                                                                        SPFA(src);
45
                                                                126
                }
                                                                        // BellmanFord(src);
46
                                                                127
                                                                128
       }
48
   }
                                                                129
                                                                        while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
                                                                 130
                                                                        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
   // Bellman-Ford
                                                                             if (negCycle[i]) q.push(i);
                                                                 131
   queue<int> q;
51
   vector<int> pa;
                                                                 133
                                                                        while (!q.empty()) +
   void BellmanFord(vector<int>& src) {
                                                                             int u = q.front();
                                                                134
       dis.assign(n + 1, LINF);
                                                                135
                                                                             q.pop();
       negCycle.assign(n + 1, false);
                                                                 136
                                                                             for (auto& e : g[u]) {
       pa.assign(n + 1, -1);
                                                                                 int v = e.first;
56
                                                                                  if (!negCycle[v]) {
                                                                 138
       for (auto& s : src) dis[s] = 0;
                                                                 139
                                                                                      q.push(v);
                                                                                      negCycle[v] = true;
59
                                                                140
       for (int rlx = 1; rlx <= n; rlx++) {</pre>
                                                                 141
                                                                                 }
            for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++) {
    if (dis[u] == LINF) continue; // Important<sub>143</sub>
                                                                             }
61
                                                                        }
                for (auto& e : g[u]) {
                                                                    5.4 BCC - AP
                     int v = e.first;
                     11 w = e.second;
                     if (dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
66
                                                                  1 | int n, m;
                         dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
                                                                    int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                         pa[v] = u;
                                                                    vector<int> E, g[maxn];
68
                         if (rlx == n) negCycle[v] = true;
                                                                    bitset<maxn> isap;
69
70
                     }
                                                                    bitset<maxm> vis;
                                                                    stack<int> stk;
                }
71
72
            }
                                                                    int bccnt;
73
       }
                                                                    vector<int> bcc[maxn];
74
   }
                                                                    inline void popout(int u) {
                                                                        bccnt++;
   // Negative Cycle Detection
                                                                 11
                                                                        bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(u);
   void NegCycleDetect() {
                                                                        while (!stk.empty()) {
       /* No Neg Cycle: NO
                                                                             int v = stk.top();
                                                                 13
                                                                             if (u == v) break;
       Exist Any Neg Cycle:
79
                                                                 14
80
       VFS
                                                                 15
                                                                             stk.pop();
       v0 v1 v2 ... vk v0 */
                                                                 16
                                                                             bcc[bccnt].emplace_back(v);
82
                                                                 17
       vector<int> src;
                                                                 18
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                                    void dfs(int u, bool rt = 0) {
                                                                 19
85
            src.emplace_back(i);
                                                                 20
                                                                        stk.push(u);
                                                                        low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
                                                                        int kid = 0;
       SPFA(src);
87
                                                                 22
       // BellmanFord(src);
88
                                                                 23
                                                                        Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                             if (vis[e]) continue;
                                                                 24
       int ptr = -1;
                                                                 25
                                                                             vis[e] = true;
90
                                                                             int v = E[e] ^ u;
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                                 26
            if (negCycle[i]) {
                                                                 27
                                                                             if (!dfn[v]) {
92
                                                                                 // tree edge
                ptr = i;
93
                                                                 28
                break;
                                                                                 kid++;
                                                                                 dfs(v);
            }
95
                                                                 30
                                                                                 low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
96
                                                                 31
       if (ptr == -1) {
                                                                 32
                                                                                  if (!rt && low[v] >= dfn[u]) {
            return cout << "NO" << endl, void();</pre>
                                                                                      // bcc found: u is ap
                                                                 33
98
                                                                 34
                                                                                      isap[u] = true;
100
                                                                 35
                                                                                      popout(u);
```

```
isbrg[e] = true;
           } else {
                                                                45
                                                                                     popout(u):
37
                // back edge
38
                                                                46
                                                                                }
                low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
                                                                47
                                                                            }
39
40
                                                                48
       // special case: root
                                                                   void solve() {
                                                                50
      if (rt) {
                                                                51
                                                                       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                            if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i);
           if (kid > 1) isap[u] = true;
           popout(u);
45
                                                                53
                                                                        vector<pii> ans;
46
                                                                54
                                                                        vis.reset();
                                                                55
  void init() {
                                                                        FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
48
                                                                56
       cin >> n >> m;
                                                                57
                                                                            Each(e, g[u]) {
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
                                                                                if (!isbrg[e] || vis[e]) continue;
50
                                                                58
                                                                                vis[e] = true;
int v = E[e] ^ u;
       REP(i, m) {
51
                                                                59
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v;
                                                                                ans.emplace_back(mp(u, v));
53
                                                                61
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
54
                                                                62
                                                                            }
55
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                63
                                                                        cout << (int)ans.size() << endl;</pre>
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
56
                                                                64
57
                                                                65
                                                                        Each(e, ans) cout << e.F << ' ' << e.S << endl;</pre>
  }
58
  void solve() {
59
       FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
                                                                   5.6 SCC - Tarjan
           if (!dfn[i]) dfs(i, true);
61
                                                                 1 // 2-SAT
62
                                                                   vector<int> E, g[maxn]; // 1~n, n+1~2n
int low[maxn], in[maxn], instp;
       vector<int> ans;
63
       int cnt = 0;
FOR(i, 1, n + 1, 1) {
64
                                                                   int sccnt, sccid[maxn];
           if (isap[i]) cnt++, ans.emplace_back(i);
                                                                   stack<int> stk;
                                                                   bitset<maxn> ins, vis;
67
                                                                   int n, m;
       cout << cnt << endl;</pre>
       Each(i, ans) cout << i << ' ';</pre>
                                                                   void init() {
69
70
       cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                       cin >> m >> n;
                                                                        E.clear();
                                                                        fill(g, g + maxn, vector<int>());
  5.5 BCC - Bridge
                                                                12
                                                                        fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
                                                                       memset(in, 0, sizeof(in));
                                                                13
1 | int n, m;
                                                                       instp = 1:
                                                                14
  vector<int> g[maxn], E;
                                                                        sccnt = 0;
                                                                15
                                                                       memset(sccid, 0, sizeof(sccid));
  int low[maxn], dfn[maxn], instp;
                                                                16
  int bccnt, bccid[maxn];
                                                                17
                                                                       ins.reset();
  stack<int> stk;
                                                                18
                                                                        vis.reset();
  bitset<maxm> vis, isbrg;
                                                                19
  void init() {
                                                                20
                                                                   inline int no(int u) {
                                                                       return (u > n ? u - n : u + n);
       cin >> n >> m;
       REP(i, m) \{
                                                                22
           int u, v;
                                                                   int ecnt = 0;
                                                                23
           cin >> u >> v;
                                                                   inline void clause(int u, int v) {
11
           E.emplace_back(u ^ v);
12
                                                                       E.eb(no(u) ^ v);
13
           g[u].emplace_back(i);
                                                                        g[no(u)].eb(ecnt++);
           g[v].emplace_back(i);
                                                                        E.eb(no(v) ^ u);
                                                                27
                                                                28
                                                                        g[no(v)].eb(ecnt++);
       fill(low, low + maxn, INF);
                                                                29
16
17
  }
                                                                   void dfs(int u) {
                                                                30
  void popout(int u) {
                                                                        in[u] = instp++;
                                                                31
       bccnt++;
                                                                32
                                                                        low[u] = in[u];
19
20
       while (!stk.empty()) {
                                                                33
                                                                        stk.push(u);
           int v = stk.top();
                                                                        ins[u] = true;
           if (v == u) break;
                                                                35
22
23
           stk.pop();
                                                                36
                                                                        Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                            if (vis[e]) continue;
24
           bccid[v] = bccnt;
                                                                37
                                                                            vis[e] = true;
25
      }
                                                                38
                                                                39
  void dfs(int u) {
                                                                            int v = E[e] ^ u;
                                                                40
28
       stk.push(u);
                                                                41
                                                                            if (ins[v])
       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++instp;
                                                                                low[u] = min(low[u], in[v]);
29
                                                                42
                                                                            else if (!in[v]) {
30
                                                                43
31
       Each(e, g[u]) {
                                                                44
                                                                                dfs(v);
           if (vis[e]) continue;
32
                                                                45
                                                                                low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
           vis[e] = true;
33
                                                                46
                                                                47
                                                                        if (low[u] == in[u]) {
           int v = E[e] ^ u;
                                                                48
35
           if (dfn[v]) {
                                                                49
                                                                            sccnt++;
                // back edge
                                                                            while (!stk.empty()) {
                                                                                int v = stk.top();
                low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
38
                                                                51
39
           } else {
                                                                                 stk.pop();
                // tree edge
                                                                                ins[v] = false;
                                                                53
                dfs(v);
                                                                                sccid[v] = sccnt;
41
                                                                54
```

}

if (u == v) break;

low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);

**if** (low[v] == dfn[v]) {

```
}
58
  int main() {
59
       init();
60
       REP(i, m) {
61
            char su, sv;
            int u, v;
63
            cin >> su >> u >> sv >> v;
64
            if (su == '-') u = no(u);
if (sv == '-') v = no(v);
66
67
            clause(u, v);
       FOR(i, 1, 2 * n + 1, 1) {
69
            if (!in[i]) dfs(i);
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
            if (sccid[u] == sccid[du]) {
                 return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0;</pre>
       FOR(u, 1, n + 1, 1) {
            int du = no(u);
            cout << (sccid[u] < sccid[du] ? '+' : '-') << '</pre>
80
81
       cout << endl;</pre>
82
83 }
```

# 5.7 SCC - Kosaraju

```
1 const int N = 1e5 + 10;
2 vector<int> ed[N], ed_b[N]; // 反邊
  vector<int> SCC(N);
                                // 最後SCC的分組
  bitset<N> vis;
  int SCC_cnt;
6 int n, m;
  vector<int> pre; // 後序遍歷
  void dfs(int x) {
10
      vis[x] = 1;
      for (int i : ed[x]) {
           if (vis[i]) continue;
           dfs(i);
13
      pre.push_back(x);
15
  }
16
  void dfs2(int x) {
18
      vis[x] = 1;
20
      SCC[x] = SCC_cnt;
      for (int i : ed_b[x]) {
21
          if (vis[i]) continue;
           dfs2(i);
      }
24
  }
25
  void kosaraju() {
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
          if (!vis[i]) {
30
               dfs(i);
           }
32
33
      SCC_cnt = 0;
      vis = 0;
      for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
35
          if (!vis[pre[i]]) {
37
               SCC cnt++;
38
               dfs2(pre[i]);
           }
40
      }
  }
```

#### 5.8 Eulerian Path - Undir

```
1 // from 1 to n
2 #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", void();
3
4 int n, m;
5 vector<int> g[maxn];
6 bitset<maxn> inodd;
```

```
void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       inodd.reset();
10
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v;
13
           inodd[u] = inodd[u] ^ true;
14
           inodd[v] = inodd[v] ^ true;
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
16
           g[v].emplace_back(u);
17
18
  }
19
20
  stack<int> stk;
  void dfs(int u) {
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
           int v = g[u].back();
           g[u].pop_back();
           dfs(v);
26
       stk.push(u);
27
```

## 5.9 Eulerian Path - Dir

```
1 // from node 1 to node n
  #define gg return cout << "IMPOSSIBLE\n", 0</pre>
  int n, m;
  vector<int> g[maxn];
  stack<int> stk;
  int in[maxn], out[maxn];
  void init() {
       cin >> n >> m;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v;
13
           g[u].emplace_back(v);
14
15
           out[u]++, in[v]++;
16
17
       for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
           if (i == 1 && out[i] - in[i] != 1) gg;
18
           if (i == n && in[i] - out[i] != 1) gg;
19
           if (i != 1 && i != n && in[i] != out[i]) gg;
20
21
22
23
  void dfs(int u) {
24
       while (!g[u].empty()) {
           int v = g[u].back();
           g[u].pop_back();
26
27
           dfs(v);
28
       stk.push(u);
29
30
  void solve() {
31
       dfs(1) for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) if ((int)g[i].</pre>
32
           size()) gg;
       while (!stk.empty()) {
33
34
           int u = stk.top();
35
           stk.pop();
           cout << u << ' ';
36
37
```

#### 5.10 Hamilton Path

```
// top down DP
// Be Aware Of Multiple Edges
int n, m;
ll dp[maxn][1<<maxn];
int adj[maxn][maxn];

void init() {
    cin >> n >> m;
    fill(dp[0], dp[maxn-1]+(1<<maxn), -1);
}

void DP(int i, int msk) {
    if (dp[i][msk] != -1) return;
    dp[i][msk] = 0;</pre>
```

```
REP(j, n) if (j != i && (msk & (1<<j)) && adj[j][i 41
15
                                                                                   _n;
                                                                               k = k;
            1) {
            int sub = msk ^ (1<<i);</pre>
                                                                   43
                                                                               s = _s;
16
           if (dp[j][sub] == -1) DP(j, sub);
dp[i][msk] += dp[j][sub] * adj[j][i];
                                                                               t = _t;
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
17
18
                                                                   45
            if (dp[i][msk] >= MOD) dp[i][msk] %= MOD;
                                                                                   g[i].clear();
19
                                                                   47
                                                                                   rg[i].clear();
20
       }
  }
21
                                                                   48
                                                                                   nxt[i] = NULL;
                                                                                   head[i] = NULL;
                                                                                   dst[i] = -1;
23
                                                                   50
  int main() {
                                                                   51
                                                                               }
25
       WiwiHorz
       init();
                                                                          void addEdge(int ui, int vi, ll di) {
                                                                   53
26
                                                                   54
                                                                               nd* e = new nd(ui, vi, di);
28
       REP(i, m) {
                                                                   55
                                                                               g[ui].push_back(e);
                                                                               rg[vi].push_back(e);
29
           int u, v;
                                                                   56
            cin >> u >> v;
                                                                   57
            if (u == v) continue;
                                                                   58
                                                                          queue<int> dfsQ;
31
            adj[--u][--v]++;
                                                                          void dijkstra() {
32
                                                                   59
33
                                                                   60
                                                                               while (dfsQ.size()) dfsQ.pop();
                                                                               priority_queue<node> Q;
34
                                                                   61
35
       dp[0][1] = 1;
                                                                   62
                                                                               Q.push(node(0, t, NULL));
       FOR(i, 1, n, 1) {
    dp[i][1] = 0;
                                                                   63
                                                                               while (!Q.empty()) {
36
                                                                                   node p = Q.top();
37
                                                                   64
            dp[i][1|(1<< i)] = adj[0][i];
                                                                                   Q.pop();
                                                                                   if (dst[p.v] != -1) continue;
                                                                   66
39
       FOR(msk, 1, (1<<n), 1) {
                                                                   67
                                                                                   dst[p.v] = p.d;
            if (msk == 1) continue;
                                                                                   nxt[p.v] = p.E;
                                                                   68
            dp[0][msk] = 0;
42
                                                                   69
                                                                                   dfsQ.push(p.v);
43
       }
                                                                   70
                                                                                   for (auto e : rg[p.v]) Q.push(node(p.d + e
                                                                                        ->d, e->u, e));
                                                                              }
45
       DP(n-1, (1<< n)-1);
                                                                          heap* merge(heap* curNd, heap* newNd) {
47
       cout << dp[n-1][(1<<n)-1] << endl;</pre>
                                                                   73
                                                                               if (curNd == nullNd) return newNd;
48
                                                                   74
                                                                               heap* root = new heap;
49
       return 0;
                                                                   75
50 }
                                                                               memcpy(root, curNd, sizeof(heap));
                                                                   76
                                                                   77
                                                                               if (newNd->edge->d < curNd->edge->d) {
  5.11 Kth Shortest Path
                                                                   78
                                                                                   root->edge = newNd->edge;
                                                                                   root->chd[2] = newNd->chd[2];
                                                                   79
1 // time: O(|E| \setminus Ig |E| + |V| \setminus Ig |V| + K)
                                                                                   root->chd[3] = newNd->chd[3];
  // memory: 0(|E| \Ig |E|+|V|)
struct KSP { // 1-base
                                                                                   newNd->edge = curNd->edge;
newNd->chd[2] = curNd->chd[2];
                                                                   81
                                                                   82
       struct nd {
                                                                                   newNd->chd[3] = curNd->chd[3];
           int u, v;
                                                                   84
                                                                               if (root->chd[0]->dep < root->chd[1]->dep)
            11 d;
                                                                   85
                                                                                   root->chd[0] = merge(root->chd[0], newNd);
            nd(int ui = 0, int vi = 0, 11 di = INF) {
                u = ui;
                                                                   87
                v = vi;
                                                                                   root->chd[1] = merge(root->chd[1], newNd);
                d = di;
                                                                               root->dep = max(root->chd[0]->dep,
                                                                   89
                                                                                                 root->chd[1]->dep) +
           }
                                                                   90
                                                                   91
                                                                                             1;
       struct heap {
                                                                               return root:
13
                                                                   92
           nd* edge;
                                                                   93
            int dep;
                                                                          vector<heap*> V;
15
           heap* chd[4];
                                                                          void build() {
16
                                                                   95
                                                                               nullNd = new heap;
17
       static int cmp(heap* a, heap* b) { return a->edge->97
18
                                                                               nullNd->dep = 0;
           d > b->edge->d; }
                                                                               nullNd->edge = new nd;
       struct node {
                                                                               fill(nullNd->chd, nullNd->chd + 4, nullNd);
                                                                               while (not dfsQ.empty()) {
           int v;
20
                                                                  100
           11 d;
2
                                                                                   int u = dfsQ.front();
            heap* H;
                                                                                   dfsQ.pop();
           nd* E;
                                                                                   if (!nxt[u])
23
            node() {}
                                                                                        head[u] = nullNd;
                                                                  104
            node(11 _d, int _v, nd* _E) {
                                                                                   else
                                                                  105
                d = _d;
v = _v;
E = _E;
26
                                                                  106
                                                                                        head[u] = head[nxt[u]->v];
                                                                                   V.clear();
                                                                  107
                                                                                   for (auto&& e : g[u]) {
28
                                                                  108
                                                                                        int v = e \rightarrow v;
29
                                                                  109
           node(heap* _H, 11 _d) {
    H = _H;
                                                                                        if (dst[v] == -1) continue;
30
                                                                                        e->d += dst[v] - dst[u];
31
                d = _d;
                                                                                        if (nxt[u] != e) {
                                                                                             heap* p = new heap;
33
                                                                  113
            friend bool operator<(node a, node b) { return 114</pre>
                                                                                             fill(p->chd, p->chd + 4, nullNd);
                                                                                             p \rightarrow dep = 1;
                a.d > b.d; }
                                                                                             p->edge = e;
                                                                  116
35
       int n, k, s, t, dst[N];
36
                                                                  117
                                                                                             V.push_back(p);
37
       nd* nxt[N];
                                                                  118
```

120

121

if (V.empty()) continue;

make\_heap(V.begin(), V.end(), cmp);

vector<nd\*> g[N], rg[N];

heap \*nullNd, \*head[N];
void init(int \_n, int \_k, int \_s, int \_t) {

38

39

```
#define L(X) ((X << 1) + 1)
   #define R(X) ((X << 1) + 2)
                 for (size_t i = 0; i < V.size(); i++) {</pre>
124
                      if (L(i) < V.size())
                          V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = V[L(i)];
126
                          V[i] \rightarrow chd[2] = nullNd;
128
                      if (R(i) < V.size())
                          V[i] - > chd[3] = V[R(i)];
130
131
                      else
                          V[i] \rightarrow chd[3] = nullNd;
132
133
                 head[u] = merge(head[u], V.front());
134
                                                                   13
135
            }
        }
                                                                   15
136
        vector<ll> ans;
                                                                   16
        void first_K() {
138
            ans.clear():
                                                                   18
140
            priority_queue<node> Q;
                                                                   19
            if (dst[s] == -1) return;
141
                                                                   20
            ans.push_back(dst[s]);
142
143
            if (head[s] != nullNd)
                 Q.push(node(head[s], dst[s] + head[s]->edge22
            for (int _ = 1; _ < k and not Q.empty(); _++) {23</pre>
                 node p = Q.top(), q;
146
147
                 Q.pop();
                 ans.push_back(p.d);
148
                                                                   26
                 if (head[p.H->edge->v] != nullNd) {
149
                                                                   27
                      q.H = head[p.H->edge->v];
150
                      q.d = p.d + q.H->edge->d;
151
                      Q.push(q);
                 for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
154
                      if (p.H->chd[i] != nullNd) {
                          q.H = p.H->chd[i];
156
                          q.d = p.d - p.H->edge->d + p.H->chd35
                               [i]->edge->d;
                          Q.push(q);
                                                                   37
                      }
159
                                                                   38
161
        void solve() { // ans[i] stores the i-th shortest
162
            path
            dijkstra();
163
164
            build();
            first_K(); // ans.size() might less than k
165
166
                                                                   43
   } solver;
```

# System of Difference Constraints

```
vector<vector<pair<int, 11>>> G;
void add(int u, int v, ll w) {
    G[u].emplace_back(make_pair(v, w));
}
```

- $x_u x_v \le c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c})$
- $x_u x_v \ge c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v}, -\mathsf{c})$
- $x_u x_v = c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{v}, \mathsf{u}, \mathsf{c}), \mathsf{add}(\mathsf{u}, \mathsf{v} \mathsf{c})$
- $x_u \ge c \Rightarrow \mathsf{add}$  super vertex  $x_0 = 0$ , then  $x_u x_0 \ge c \Rightarrow 9$ add(u, 0, -c)
- Don't for get non-negative constraints for every vari-12 able if specified implicitly.
- Interval sum ⇒ Use prefix sum to transform into differential constraints. Don't for get  $S_{i+1} - S_i \ge 0$  if  $x_{i+1}$ needs to be non-negative.
- $\frac{x_u}{x_v} \le c \Rightarrow \log x_u \log x_v \le \log c$

#### 6 String

# 6.1 Aho Corasick

```
struct ACautomata {
    struct Node {
        int cnt;
        Node *go[26], *fail, *dic;
        Node() {
             cnt = 0;
             fail = 0;
             dic = 0:
             memset(go, 0, sizeof(go));
    } pool[1048576], *root;
    int nMem;
    Node *new_Node() {
        pool[nMem] = Node();
        return &pool[nMem++];
    void init() {
        nMem = 0:
        root = new_Node();
    void add(const string &str) { insert(root, str, 0);
    void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos)
        for (int i = pos; i < str.size(); i++) {</pre>
            if (!cur->go[str[i] - 'a'])
    cur->go[str[i] - 'a'] = new_Node();
             cur = cur->go[str[i] - 'a'];
        }
        cur->cnt++;
    void make_fail() {
        queue<Node *> que;
        que.push(root);
        while (!que.empty()) {
             Node *fr = que.front();
             que.pop();
             for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
                 if (fr->go[i]) {
                     Node *ptr = fr->fail;
                     while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr =
                          ptr->fail;
                     fr->go[i]->fail = ptr = (ptr ? ptr
                          ->go[i] : root);
                     fr->go[i]->dic = (ptr->cnt ? ptr :
                          ptr->dic);
                      que.push(fr->go[i]);
                 }
            }
        }
```

#### KMP 6.2

47 } AC;

```
1 vector<int> f;
 void buildFailFunction(string &s) {
     f.resize(s.size(), -1);
     for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); i++) {</pre>
          int now = f[i - 1];
          while (now != -1 and s[now + 1] != s[i]) now =
              f[now];
          if (s[now + 1] == s[i]) f[i] = now + 1;
 void KMPmatching(string &a, string &b) {
     for (int i = 0, now = -1; i < a.size(); i++) {</pre>
          while (a[i] != b[now + 1] and now != -1) now =
              f[now];
          if (a[i] == b[now + 1]) now++;
          if (now + 1 == b.size()) {
              cout << "found a match start at position "</pre>
                  << i - now << endl;
              now = f[now];
          }
     }
```

```
string is, it, s;
                                                                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t]) cnt[(t ? i.F.F : i.F
                                                                                                                                     .S)]++;
   int n:
                                                                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
   vector<int> z;
                                                                                                                                     pos[i] = (!i?0:pos[i-1] + cnt[i-
    void init() {
                                                                                                     19
          cin >> is >> it;
                                                                                                                                             1]);
           s = it + '\theta' + is;
                                                                                                                              for (auto& i : buc[t])
           n = (int)s.size();
                                                                                                                                     buc[t ^ 1][pos[(t ? i.F.F : i.F.S)]++]
          z.resize(n, 0);
                                                                                                                                            = i:
   }
                                                                                                                      }
    void solve() {
                                                                                                     23
                                                                                                                bool fill_suf() {
          int ans = 0;
                                                                                                     24
           z[0] = n;
                                                                                                                      bool end = true;
           for (int i = 1, l = 0, r = 0; i < n; i++) {
   if (i <= r) z[i] = min(z[i - 1], r - i + 1);</pre>
                                                                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) suf[i] = buc[0][i].</pre>
13
                  while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]]) 27
15
                                                                                                                       rk[suf[0]] = 0;
                                                                                                                       for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                         z[i]++;
                                                                                                                              int dif = (buc[0][i].F != buc[0][i - 1].F);
                  if (i + z[i] - 1 > r) l = i, r = i + z[i] - 1;
                  if (z[i] == (int)it.size()) ans++;
                                                                                                                              end &= dif;
17
                                                                                                                              rk[suf[i]] = rk[suf[i - 1]] + dif;
18
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                     32
19
20 }
                                                                                                                      return end:
                                                                                                     33
                                                                                                     34
    6.4 Manacher
                                                                                                     35
                                                                                                                void sa() {
                                                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                     36
 1 int n;
                                                                                                                              buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(s[i], s[i])
   string S, s;
                                                                                                                                        i);
                                                                                                                       sort(buc[0].begin(), buc[0].end());
    vector<int> m;
                                                                                                                       if (fill_suf()) return;
    void manacher() {
                                                                                                                       for (int k = 0; (1 << k) < n; k++) {
           s.clear();
                                                                                                     40
           s.resize(2 * n + 1, '.');
                                                                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                     buc[0][i] = make_pair(make_pair(rk[i],
           for (int i = 0, j = 1; i < n; i++, j += 2) s[j] = S42
                                                                                                                                           rk[(i + (1 << k)) % n]), i);
                  [i];
           m.clear();
                                                                                                                              radix_sort();
           m.resize(2 * n + 1, 0);
                                                                                                                              if (fill_suf()) return;
           // m[i] := max \ k \ such \ that \ s[i-k, i+k] \ is
                                                                                                     45
                                                                                                                      }
                  palindrome
                                                                                                                void LCP() {
           int mx = 0, mxk = 0;
           for (int i = 1; i < 2 * n + 1; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                                                       int k = 0;
                  if (mx - (i - mx) >= 0) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m[mx - (i - mx) >= 0)) m[i] = min(m
                                                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                                                              if (rk[i] == 0) continue;
                         mx)], mx + mxk - i);
                  while (0 <= i - m[i] - 1 && i + m[i] + 1 < 2 *
                                                                                                                              int pi = rk[i];
                         n + 1 &&
                                                                                                                              int j = suf[pi - 1];
                              s[i - m[i] - 1] == s[i + m[i] + 1]) m[i 53]
                                                                                                                              while (i + k < n && j + k < n && s[i + k]</pre>
                                      ]++;
                                                                                                                                     == s[j + k]) k++;
                                                                                                                              lcp[pi] = k;
                  if (i + m[i] > mx + mxk) mx = i, mxk = m[i];
16
17
                                                                                                                              k = max(k - 1, 0);
   }
                                                                                                                      }
18
    void init() {
19
                                                                                                     57
                                                                                                                }
          cin >> S;
                                                                                                     59 SuffixArray suffixarray;
           n = (int)S.size();
21
   }
22
    void solve() {
                                                                                                         6.6 Suffix Automaton
          manacher();
           int mx = 0, ptr = 0;
                                                                                                      1 struct SAM {
           for (int i = 0; i < 2 * n + 1; i++)
                                                                                                                struct State {
26
                  if (mx < m[i]) {</pre>
                                                                                                                       int next[26];
                         mx = m[i];
                                                                                                                       int link, len;
29
                         ptr = i;
                                                                                                                       State() : link(-1), len(0) { memset(next, -1,
30
                                                                                                                              sizeof next); }
           for (int i = ptr - mx; i <= ptr + mx; i++)
   if (s[i] != '.') cout << s[i];</pre>
                                                                                                                vector<State> st;
32
           cout << endl;</pre>
33
                                                                                                                int last;
34 }
                                                                                                                vector<long long> occ;
                                                                                                                vector<int> first_bkpos;
   6.5 Suffix Array
                                                                                                                SAM(int maxlen = 0) {
                                                                                                                       st.reserve(2 * maxlen + 5); st.push_back(State
                                                                                                                              ()); last = 0;
   #define F first
                                                                                                                       occ.reserve(2 * maxlen + 5); occ.push_back(0);
    #define S second
    struct SuffixArray { // don't forget s += "$";
                                                                                                                       first_bkpos.push_back(-1);
          int n;
           string s;
                                                                                                     16
                                                                                                                void extend(int c) {
                                                                                                                      int cur = (int)st.size();
           vector<int> suf, lcp, rk;
                                                                                                     17
           vector<int> cnt, pos;
vector<pair<pii, int> > buc[2];
                                                                                                                       st.push_back(State());
                                                                                                     19
                                                                                                                       occ.push_back(0);
           void init(string _s) {
                                                                                                                      first_bkpos.push_back(0);
                                                                                                                       st[cur].len = st[last].len + 1;
                 n = (int)s.size();
                                                                                                                       first_bkpos[cur] = st[cur].len - 1;
                                                                                                                      int p = last;
                 // resize(n): suf, rk, cnt, pos, lcp, buc[0~1]
                                                                                                     23
13
                                                                                                                       while (p != -1 && st[p].next[c] == -1) {
           void radix_sort() {
                                                                                                                              st[p].next[c] = cur;
14
15
                  for (int t : {0, 1}) {
                                                                                                                              p = st[p].link;
```

}

16

fill(cnt.begin(), cnt.end(), 0);

```
if (p == -1) {
                st[cur].link = 0;
29
           } else {
30
                int q = st[p].next[c];
31
                if (st[p].len + 1 == st[q].len) {
32
                    st[cur].link = q;
                } else {
                    int clone = (int)st.size();
                    st.push_back(st[q]);
                    first bkpos.push back(first bkpos[q]);
                    occ.push_back(0);
                    st[clone].len = st[p].len + 1;
                    while (p != -1 && st[p].next[c] == q) {12
40
                         st[p].next[c] = clone;
                         p = st[p].link;
43
                    st[q].link = st[cur].link = clone;
                }
                                                                 17
46
                                                                 18
           last = cur;
                                                                 19
           occ[cur] += 1;
48
                                                                 20
49
                                                                 21
50
       void finalize_occ() {
           int m = (int)st.size();
51
           vector<int> order(m);
           iota(order.begin(), order.end(), 0);
sort(order.begin(), order.end(), [&](int a, int25
53
                 b){ return st[a].len > st[b].len; });
           for (int v : order) {
                int p = st[v].link;
                if (p != -1) occ[p] += occ[v];
57
           }
58
       }
60 };
```

# 6.7 Minimum Rotation

```
1 // rotate(begin(s), begin(s)+minRotation(s), end(s))
  int minRotation(string s) {
      int a = 0, n = s.size();
      s += s;
      for (int b = 0; b < n; b++)</pre>
          for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
               if (a + k == b || s[a + k] < s[b + k]) {
                   b += max(0, k - 1);
                   break:
               if (s[a + k] > s[b + k]) {
                   a = b:
                   break;
14
               }
15
16
      return a;
17 }
```

## 6.8 Lyndon Factorization

```
vector<string> duval(string const& s) {
      int n = s.size();
      int i = 0:
      vector<string> factorization;
      while (i < n) {</pre>
           int j = i + 1, k = i;
           while (j < n \&\& s[k] <= s[j]) {
               if (s[k] < s[j])
                   k = i;
               else
                   k++;
               j++;
13
           while (i <= k) {
               factorization.push_back(s.substr(i, j - k))
               i += j - k;
17
           }
18
19
      return factorization; // O(n)
  }
                                                              23
```

### 6.9 Rolling Hash

```
const 11 C = 27;
  inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a' + 1; }
  struct RollingHash {
       string s;
       int n:
       11 mod;
       vector<ll> Cexp, hs;
       RollingHash(string& _s, ll _mod) : s(_s), n((int)_s
           .size()), mod(_mod) {
           Cexp.assign(n, 0);
           hs.assign(n, 0);
           Cexp[0] = 1;
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
               Cexp[i] = Cexp[i - 1] * C;
               if (Cexp[i] >= mod) Cexp[i] %= mod;
           hs[0] = id(s[0]);
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    hs[i] = hs[i - 1] * C + id(s[i]);</pre>
               if (hs[i] >= mod) hs[i] %= mod;
           }
       inline ll query(int l, int r) {
           ll res_{=} = hs[r] - (l ? hs[l - 1] * Cexp[r - l +
               1]:0);
           res = (res \% mod + mod) \% mod;
           return res;
27 };
```

### 6.10 Trie

```
pii a[N][26];

void build(string &s) {
    static int idx = 0;
    int n = s.size();
    for (int i = 0, v = 0; i < n; i++) {
        pii &now = a[v][s[i] - 'a'];
        if (now.first != -1)
            v = now.first;
    else
            v = now.first = ++idx;
    if (i == n - 1)
            now.second++;
}
</pre>
```

# 7 Geometry

### 7.1 Basic Operations

```
1 // typedef long long T;
  typedef long double T;
  const long double eps = 1e-12;
  short sgn(T x) {
      if (abs(x) < eps) return 0;</pre>
      return x < 0 ? -1 : 1;
  }
  struct Pt {
      T x, y;
      Pt(T_x = 0, T_y = 0) : x(x), y(y) {}
      Pt operator+(Pt a) { return Pt(x + a.x, y + a.y); }
13
      Pt operator-(Pt a) { return Pt(x - a.x, y - a.y); }
Pt operator*(T a) { return Pt(x * a, y * a); }
14
15
      Pt operator/(T a) { return Pt(x / a, y / a); }
16
      T operator*(Pt a) { return x * a.x + y * a.y; }
      T operator^(Pt a) { return x * a.y - y * a.x; }
      bool operator<(Pt a) { return x < a.x || (x == a.x</pre>
           && y < a.y); }
      // return sgn(x-a.x) < 0 || (sgn(x-a.x) == 0 && sgn
           (y-a.y) < 0); 
      bool operator==(Pt a) { return sgn(x - a.x) == 0 &&
            sgn(y - a.y) == 0; }
  };
  Pt mv(Pt a, Pt b) { return b - a; }
  T len2(Pt a) { return a * a; }
26 T dis2(Pt a, Pt b) { return len2(b - a); }
```

```
27 Pt rotate(Pt u) { return {-u.y, u.x}; }
Pt unit(Pt x) { return x / sqrtl(x * x); }
                                                               6 // long double
  short ori(Pt a, Pt b) { return ((a ^ b) > 0) - ((a ^ b) 7 Pt line_intersect(Pt a1, Pt a2, Pt b1, Pt b2) {
                                                                     Pt da = mv(a1, a2), db = mv(b1, b2);
        < 0); }
  bool onseg(Pt p, Pt l1, Pt l2) {
                                                                     T det = da ^ db;
      Pt a = mv(p, 11), b = mv(p, 12);
return ((a ^ b) == 0) && ((a * b) <= 0);
                                                                     if (sgn(det) == 0) { // parallel
                                                                          // return Pt(NAN, NAN);
32
33
  inline T cross(const Pt &a, const Pt &b, const Pt &c) {13
                                                                     T t = ((b1 - a1) ^ db) / det;
      return (b.x - a.x) * (c.y - a.y)
- (b.y - a.y) * (c.x - a.x);
                                                                     return a1 + da * t;
36
37 }
                                                                 vector<Pt> CircleInter(Cir a, Cir b) {
                                                                     double d2 = len2(a.o - b.o), d = sqrt(d2);
if (d < max(a.r, b.r) - min(a.r, b.r) || d > a.r +
                                                              17
  long double polar_angle(Pt ori, Pt pt){
                                                                          b.r) return {};
      return atan2(pt.y - ori.y, pt.x - ori.x);
                                                                     Pt u = (a.o + b.o) / 2 + (a.o - b.o) * ((b.r * b.r - a.r * a.r) / (2 * d2));
41
  }
  // slope to degree atan(Slope) * 180.0 / acos(-1.0);
                                                                     double A = sqrt((a.r + b.r + d) * (a.r - b.r + d) *
  bool argcmp(Pt u, Pt v) {
       auto half = [](const Pt& p) {
                                                                           (a.r + b.r - d) * (-a.r + b.r + d));
44
45
           return p.y > 0 || (p.y == 0 && p.x >= 0);
                                                                     Pt v = rotate(b.o - a.o) * A / (2 * d2);
                                                                     if (sgn(v.x) == 0 and sgn(v.y) == 0) return {u};
      if (half(u) != half(v)) return half(u) < half(v);</pre>
                                                                     return {u - v, u + v}; // counter clockwise of a
      return sgn(u ^ v) > 0;
                                                                 vector<Pt> CircleLineInter(Cir c, Line 1) {
  int ori(Pt& o, Pt& a, Pt& b) {
                                                                     Pt H = proj(c.o, 1);
      return sgn((a - o) ^ (b - o));
                                                                     Pt dir = unit(l.b - l.a);
                                                              27
51
                                                                     T h = sqrtl(len2(H - c.o));
52
                                                              28
                                                                     if (sgn(h - c.r) > 0) return {};
  struct Line {
                                                              29
      Pt a, b;
                                                                     T d = sqrtl(max((T)0, c.r * c.r - h * h));
                                                              30
                                                                     if (sgn(d) == 0) return {H};
return {H - dir * d, H + dir * d};
      Pt dir() { return b - a; }
  int PtSide(Pt p, Line L) {
57
       return sgn(ori(L.a, L.b, p)); // for int
       return sgn(ori(L.a, L.b, p) / sqrt(len2(L.a - L.b)) 7.4 Polygon Area
59
           );
60
                                                               1 // 2 * area
  bool PtOnSeg(Pt p, Line L) {
                                                                 T dbPoly_area(vector<Pt>& e) {
       return PtSide(p, L) == 0 and sgn((p - L.a) * (p - L
                                                                     T res = 0;
           .b)) <= 0;
                                                                     int sz = e.size();
63
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++) {
    res += e[i] ^ e[(i + 1) % sz];</pre>
  Pt proj(Pt& p, Line& 1) {
      Pt d = 1.b - 1.a;
65
      T d2 = len2(d);
                                                                     return abs(res);
       if (sgn(d2) == 0) return 1.a;
      T t = ((p - 1.a)^* d) / d2;
68
      return 1.a + d * t;
69
                                                                 7.5 Convex Hull
  }
70
  struct Cir {
71
                                                                 vector<Pt> convexHull(vector<Pt> pts) {
      Pt o;
                                                                     vector<Pt> hull;
73
      Tr;
                                                                     sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
  };
74
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
  bool disjunct(Cir a, Cir b) {
                                                                          int b = hull.size();
      return sgn(sqrtl(len2(a.o - b.o)) - a.r - b.r) >=
                                                                          for (auto ei : pts) {
                                                                              while (hull.size() - b >= 2 && ori(mv(hull[
                                                                                  hull.size() - 2], hull.back()), mv(hull [hull.size() - 2], ei)) == -1) {
  bool contain(Cir a, Cir b) {
       return sgn(a.r - b.r - sqrtl(len2(a.o - b.o))) >=
                                                                                  hull.pop_back();
80 }
                                                                              hull.emplace_back(ei);
  7.2 Sort by Angle
                                                                          hull.pop_back();
                                                                          reverse(pts.begin(), pts.end());
int ud(Pt a) { // up or down half plane
                                                              14
      if (a.y > 0) return 0;
                                                                     return hull;
       if (a.y < 0) return 1;</pre>
       return (a.x >= 0 ? 0 : 1);
  }
5
  sort(pts.begin(), pts.end(), [&](const Pt& a, const Pt& 7.6 Point In Convex
       if (ud(a) != ud(b)) return ud(a) < ud(b);</pre>
                                                               1 bool point_in_convex(const vector<Pt> &C, Pt p, bool
       return (a ^ b) > 0;
                                                                      strict = true) {
9 });
                                                                     // only works when no three point are collinear
                                                                     int n = C.size();
                                                                     int a = 1, b = n - 1, r = !strict;
  7.3 Intersection
                                                                     if (n == 0) return false;
  bool line_intersect_check(Pt p1, Pt p2, Pt q1, Pt q2) { 6
                                                                     if (n < 3) return r && onseg(p, C[0], C.back());</pre>
      if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], C[b])) > 0) swap(a
                                                                          , b);
      Pt p = mv(p1, p2), q = mv(q1, q2);

return (ori(p, mv(p1, q1)) * ori(p, mv(p1, q2)) <
                                                                     if (ori(mv(C[0], C[a]), mv(C[0], p)) >= r || ori(mv
                                                                     (C[0], C[b]), mv(C[0], p)) <= -r) return false; while (abs(a - b) > 1) {
           0) && (ori(q, mv(q1, p1)) * ori(q, mv(q1, p2))
                                                                          int c = (a + b) / 2;
```

```
NYCU Roselia
          if (ori(mv(C[0], C[c]), mv(C[0], p)) > 0) b = c 5
          else a = c;
13
      return ori(mv(C[a], C[b]), mv(C[a], p)) < r;</pre>
14
  }
  7.7 Point Segment Distance
  double point_segment_dist(Pt q0, Pt q1, Pt p) {
      if (q0 == q1) {
          double dx = double(p.x - q0.x);
          double dy = double(p.y - q0.y);
          return sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
      T d1 = (q1 - q0) * (p - q0);
      T d2 = (q0 - q1) * (p - q1);
      if (d1 >= 0 && d2 >= 0) {
          double area = fabs(double((q1 - q0) ^ (p - q0))^2
          double base = sqrt(double(dis2(q0, q1)));
          return area / base;
      double dx0 = double(p.x - q0.x), dy0 = double(p.y - q0.x)
           q0.y);
      double dx1 = double(p.x - q1.x), dy1 = double(p.y -
           q1.y);
      return min(sqrt(dx0 * dx0 + dy0 * dy0), sqrt(dx1 *
          dx1 + dy1 * dy1));
17 }
```

# 7.8 Point in Polygon

```
short inPoly(vector<Pt>& pts, Pt p) {
                                                             17
      // 0=Bound 1=In -1=Out
                                                             18
      int n = pts.size();
                                                             19
      for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) if (onseg(p,</pre>
                                                             20
          pts[i], pts[(i + 1) % n])) return 0;
      int cnt = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) if (</pre>
          line_intersect_check(p, Pt(p.x + 1, p.y + 2e9),
           pts[i], pts[(i + 1) % n])) cnt ^= 1;
                                                             24
      return (cnt ? 1 : -1);
8
 }
```

#### 7.9 Minimum Euclidean Distance

```
1 long long Min_Euclidean_Dist(vector<Pt> &pts) {
       sort(pts.begin(), pts.end());
       set<pair<long long, long long>> s;
       s.insert({pts[0].y, pts[0].x});
       long long 1 = 0, best = LLONG_MAX;
for (int i = 1; i < (int)pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
           Pt now = pts[i];
            long long lim = (long long)ceil(sqrtl((long
                double)best));
            while (now.x - pts[l].x > lim) {
                s.erase({pts[1].y, pts[1].x}); 1++;
  }
            auto low = s.lower_bound({now.y - lim,
                LLONG_MIN});
            auto high = s.upper_bound({now.y + lim,
                LLONG_MAX});
            for (auto it = low; it != high; it++) {
                long long dy = it->first - now.y;
long long dx = it->second - now.x;
                best = min(best, dx * dx + dy * dy);
18
            s.insert({now.y, now.x});
20
       return best;
21
```

# 7.10 Minkowski Sum

```
void reorder(vector <Pt> &P) {
   rotate(P.begin(), min_element(P.begin(), P.end(),
        [&](Pt a, Pt b) { return make_pair(a.y, a.x) <
        make_pair(b.y, b.x); }), P.end());
4 vector <Pt> Minkowski(vector <Pt> P, vector <Pt> Q) {
```

```
// P, Q: convex polygon
reorder(P), reorder(Q);
int n = P.size(), m = Q.size();
P.push_back(P[0]), P.push_back(P[1]), Q.push_back(Q
    [0]), Q.push_back(Q[1]);
vector <Pt> ans;
for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < n || j < m; ) {</pre>
  ans.push_back(P[i] + Q[j]);
  auto val = (P[i + 1] - P[i]) ^ (Q[j + 1] - Q[j]);
  if (val >= 0) i++;
  if (val <= 0) j++;</pre>
return ans;
```

#### Lower Concave Hull

```
1 struct Line {
    mutable ll m, b, p;
    bool operator<(const Line& o) const { return m < o.m;</pre>
    bool operator<(11 x) const { return p < x; }</pre>
  };
  struct LineContainer : multiset<Line, less<>>> {
    // (for doubles, use inf = 1/.0, div(a,b) = a/b)
    const 11 inf = LLONG MAX;
    11 div(ll a, ll b) { // floored division
      return a / b - ((a ^ b) < 0 && a % b); }
    bool isect(iterator x, iterator y) {
      if (y == end()) { x->p = inf; return false; }
      if (x->m == y->m) x->p = x->b > y->b ? inf : -inf;
14
      else x - p = div(y - b - x - b, x - m - y - m);
15
      return x->p >= y->p;
    void add(ll m, ll b) {
      auto z = insert(\{m, b, 0\}), y = z++, x = y;
      while (isect(y, z)) z = erase(z);
      if (x != begin() && isect(--x, y)) isect(x, y =
          erase(y));
      while ((y = x) != begin() && (--x)->p >= y->p)
        isect(x, erase(y));
    11 query(11 x) {
      assert(!empty());
      auto 1 = *lower_bound(x);
      return 1.m * x + 1.b;
29
30 };
```

#### 7.12 Pick's Theorem

Consider a polygon which vertices are all lattice points. Let i = number of points inside the polygon.

Let b = number of points on the boundary of the polygon.

Then we have the following formula:

$$Area = i + \frac{b}{2} - 1$$

#### 7.13 Rotating SweepLine

```
double cross(const Pt &a, const Pt &b) {
      return a.x*b.y - a.y*b.x;
 }
 int rotatingCalipers(const vector<Pt>& hull) {
      int m = hull.size();
      if (m < 2) return 0;
      int j = 1;
      T \max d = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
           int ni = (i + 1) % m;
           while (abs(cross({hull[ni].x - hull[i].x, hull[
               ni].y - hull[i].y, \{hull[(j+1)\%m].x - hull
               [i].x, hull[(j+1)%m].y - hull[i].y})) > abs
(cross({hull[ni].x - hull[i].x, hull[ni].y}))
                - hull[i].y}, {hull[j].x - hull[i].x,
               hull[j].y - hull[i].y}))) {
               j = (j + 1) \% m;
```

```
NYCU Roselia
                                                          Codebook
           maxd = max(maxd, dis2(hull[i], hull[j]));
                                                                             }
          maxd = max(maxd, dis2(hull[ni], hull[j]));
                                                                         }
15
                                                              33
16
      return maxd; // TODO
                                                              35 }
17
18 }
                                                                        Union of Circles
                                                                7.16
  7.14 Half Plane Intersection
                                                              1 // Area[i] : area covered by at least i circle
  bool cover(Line& L, Line& P, Line& Q) {
      long double u = (Q.a - P.a) ^ Q.dir();
                                                                    const int n = C.size();
      long double v = P.dir() ^ Q.dir();
                                                                    vector<T> Area(n + 1);
      long double x = P.dir().x * u + (P.a - L.a).x * v;
      long double y = P.dir().y * u + (P.a - L.a).y * v;
                                                                         if (!contain(C[i], C[j]))
      return sgn(x * L.dir().y - y * L.dir().x) * sgn(v)
                                                                             return false:
  }
  vector<Line> HPI(vector<Line> P) {
      sort(P.begin(), P.end(), [&](Line& 1, Line& m) {
                                                                    struct Teve {
          if (argcmp(l.dir(), m.dir())) return true;
if (argcmp(m.dir(), l.dir())) return false;
                                                                         double ang; int add; Pt p;
           return ori(m.a, m.b, l.a) > 0;
14
      int 1 = 0, r = -1;
                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
      for (size_t i = 0; i < P.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                         int cov = 1;
           if (i && !argcmp(P[i - 1].dir(), P[i].dir()))
                                                                         vector<Teve> event;
               continue;
           while (l < r && cover(P[i], P[r - 1], P[r])) --</pre>
                                                                             if (check(j, i)) cov++;
           while (1 < r && cover(P[i], P[1], P[1 + 1])) ++</pre>
                                                                                 [j])) {
          P[++r] = P[i];
      while (1 < r && cover(P[1], P[r - 1], P[r])) --r;</pre>
      while (l < r && cover(P[r], P[l], P[l + 1])) ++l;</pre>
      if (r - 1 <= 1 || !argcmp(P[1].dir(), P[r].dir()))</pre>
                                                                                 if (a1 > a2) cov++;
           return {};
                                                                             }
      if (cover(P[l + 1], P[l], P[r])) return {};
                                                                         if (event.empty()) {
      return vector<Line>(P.begin() + 1, P.begin() + r +
28
           1);
                                                                             continue:
29 }
```

# 7.15 Minimum Enclosing Circle

Pt circumcenter(Pt A, Pt B, Pt C) {

const int INF = 1e9;

```
// a1(x-A.x) + b1(y-A.y) = c1
      // a2(x-A.x) + b2(y-A.y) = c2
       // solve using Cramer's rule
      T = B.x - A.x, b1 = B.y - A.y, c1 = dis2(A, B) /
            2.0:
      T = 2 = C.x - A.x, b^2 = C.y - A.y, c^2 = dis^2(A, C) /
            2.0;
      T D = Pt(a1, b1) ^ Pt(a2, b2);
      T Dx = Pt(c1, b1) ^ Pt(c2, b2);
      T Dy = Pt(a1, c1) ^ Pt(a2, c2);
      if (D == 0) return Pt(-INF, -INF);
      return A + Pt(Dx / D, Dy / D);
  }
  Pt center;
  T r2;
  void minEncloseCircle(vector<Pt> pts) {
16
      mt19937 gen(chrono::steady_clock::now().
           time_since_epoch().count());
      shuffle(pts.begin(), pts.end(), gen);
      center = pts[0], r2 = 0;
20
      for (int i = 0; i < pts.size(); i++) {</pre>
           if (dis2(center, pts[i]) <= r2) continue;</pre>
           center = pts[i], r2 = 0;
23
           for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {</pre>
               if (dis2(center, pts[j]) <= r2) continue;
center = (pts[i] + pts[j]) / 2.0;</pre>
               r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
               for (int k = 0; k < j; k++) {</pre>
28
                    if (dis2(center, pts[k]) <= r2)</pre>
                        continue;
                    center = circumcenter(pts[i], pts[j],
30
                        pts[k]);
                    r2 = dis2(center, pts[i]);
```

```
vector<T> CircleUnion(const vector<Cir> &C) {
    auto check = [&](int i, int j) {
        return sgn(C[i].r - C[j].r) > 0 or (sgn(C[i].r
             - C[j].r) == 0 and i < j);</pre>
        bool operator<(const Teve &b) { return ang < b.</pre>
    auto ang = [&](Pt p) { return atan2(p.y, p.x); };
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) if (i != j) {</pre>
             else if (!check(i, j) and !disjunct(C[i], C
                 auto I = CircleInter(C[i], C[j]);
                 assert(I.size() == 2);
                 double a1 = ang(I[0] - C[i].o), a2 =
                      ang(I[1] - C[i].o);
                 event.push_back({a1, 1, I[0]});
event.push_back({a2, -1, I[1]});
             Area[cov] += acos(-1) * C[i].r * C[i].r;
        sort(event.begin(), event.end());
        event.push_back(event[0]);
        for (int j = 0; j + 1 < event.size(); j++) {</pre>
             cov += event[j].add;
             Area[cov] += (event[j].p ^ event[j + 1].p)
             double theta = event[j + 1].ang - event[j].
                 ang:
             if (theta < 0) theta += 2 * acos(-1);</pre>
             Area[cov] += (theta - sin(theta)) * C[i].r
                  C[i].r / 2.;
        }
    return Area;
```

### 7.17 Area Of Circle Polygon

```
a double AreaOfCirclePoly(Cir C, vector<Pt> &P) {
      auto arg = [&](Pt p, Pt q) { return atan21(p ^ q, p
            * q); };
      double r2 = (double)(C.r * C.r / 2);
      auto tri = [&](Pt p, Pt q) {
          Pt d = q - p;
T a = (d * p) / (d * d);
          T b = ((p * p) - C.r * C.r) / (d * d);
          T det = a * a - b;
          if (det <= 0) return (double)(arg(p, q) * r2);</pre>
          T s = max((T)0.0L, -a - sqrtl(det));
T t = min((T)1.0L, -a + sqrtl(det));
          if (t < 0 || 1 <= s) return (double)(arg(p, q)</pre>
                * r2);
          Pt u = p + d * s, v = p + d * t;
          return (double)(arg(p, u) * r2 + (u ^ v) / 2 +
               arg(v, q) * r2);
      long double sum = 0.0L;
      for (int i = 0; i < (int)P.size(); i++)</pre>
```

82

83

85

86

```
sum += tri(P[i] - C.o, P[(i + 1) % P.size()] - 14
                 C.o);
       return (double)fabsl(sum);
19
20 }
                                                                    16
                                                                    17
                                                                    18
  7.18 3D Point
                                                                    19
  struct Pt {
     double x, y, z;
     Pt(double x = 0, double y = 0, double z = 0): x(x)
          ), y(_y), z(_z)\{\}
     Pt operator + (const Pt &o) const
     { return Pt(x + o.x, y + o.y, z + o.z); }
     Pt operator - (const Pt &o) const
     { return Pt(x - o.x, y - o.y, z - o.z); }
    Pt operator * (const double &k) const { return Pt(x * k, y * k, z * k); }
     Pt operator / (const double &k) const
     { return Pt(x / k, y / k, z / k); } double operator * (const Pt &o) const
                                                                    31
     { return x * o.x + y * o.y + z * o.z; }
     Pt operator ^ (const Pt &o) const
                                                                    33
     { return {Pt(y * o.z - z * o.y, z * o.x - x * o.z, x * o.y - y * o.x)}; }
                                                                    34
16 };
                                                                    36
17
  double abs2(Pt o) { return o * o; }
                                                                    37
double abs(Pt o) { return sqrt(abs2(o)); }
Pt cross3(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c)
                                                                    39
  { return (b - a) ^ (c - a); }
  double area(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c)
  { return abs(cross3(a, b, c)); }
                                                                    42
  double volume(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c, Pt d)
{ return cross3(a, b, c) * (d - a); }
  bool coplaner(Pt a, Pt b, Pt c, Pt d)
  { return sign(volume(a, b, c, d)) == 0; }
Pt proj(Pt o, Pt a, Pt b, Pt c) // o proj to plane abc
  { Pt n = cross3(a, b, c);
     return o - n * ((o - a) * (n / abs2(n)));}
  Pt line_plane_intersect(Pt u, Pt v, Pt a, Pt b, Pt c) \left\{\frac{1}{49}\right\}
     // intersection of line uv and plane abc
     Pt n = cross3(a, b, c);
     double s = n * (u - v);
     if (sign(s) == 0) return {-1, -1, -1}; // not found
return v + (u - v) * ((n * (a - v)) / s); }
  Pt rotateAroundAxis(Pt v, Pt axis, double theta) {
       axis = axis / abs(axis); // axis must be unit
            vector
       double cosT = cos(theta);
       double sinT = sin(theta);
       Pt term1 = v * cosT;
       Pt term2 = (axis ^ v) * sinT;
       Pt term3 = axis * ((axis * v) * (1 - cosT));
42
43
       return term1 + term2 + term3;
        Number Theory
  8
                                                                    68
  8.1 FFT
                                                                    69
                                                                    70
  typedef complex<double> cp;
  const double pi = acos(-1);
  const int NN = 131072;
                                                                    76
```

```
struct FastFourierTransform {
6
               Iterative Fast Fourier Transform
               How this works? Look at this
               Oth recursion O(000)
                                         1(001)
                                                    2(010)
                    3(011)
                             4(100)
                                        5(101)
                                                  6(110)
                    7(111)
               1th recursion 0(000)
                                         2(010)
                                                    4(100)
                    6(110) | 1(011)
                                        3(011)
                                                  5(101)
                    7(111)
               2th recursion 0(000)
                                         4(100) | 2(010)
                                        5(101) | 3(011)
                    6(110) | 1(011)
                    7(111)
               3th recursion 0(000) | 4(100) | 2(010) 
6(110) | 1(011) | 5(101) | 3(011) |
```

```
All the bits are reversed => We can save
                   the reverse of the numbers in an array!
      int n, rev[NN];
      cp omega[NN], iomega[NN];
      void init(int n_) {
          n = n_{;}
           for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {</pre>
               // Calculate the nth roots of unity
               omega[i] = cp(cos(2 * pi * i / n_), sin(2 *
                    pi * i / n_));
               iomega[i] = conj(omega[i]);
           int k =
                     _lg(n_);
           for (int i = 0; i < n_; i++) {</pre>
               int t = 0;
               for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {</pre>
                   if (i & (1 << j)) t |= (1 << (k - j -
               rev[i] = t;
           }
      }
      void transform(vector<cp> &a, cp *xomega) {
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
               if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);</pre>
           for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {</pre>
               int mid = len >> 1;
               int r = n / len;
               for (int j = 0; j < n; j += len)</pre>
                   for (int i = 0; i < mid; i++) {</pre>
                       cp tmp = xomega[r * i] * a[j + mid
                            + i];
                       a[j + mid + i] = a[j + i] - tmp;
                       a[j + i] = a[j + i] + tmp;
                   }
      void fft(vector<cp> &a) { transform(a, omega); }
      void ifft(vector<cp> &a) {
           transform(a, iomega);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;</pre>
  } FFT;
  const int MAXN = 262144;
  // (must be 2^k)
// 262144, 524288, 1048576, 2097152, 4194304
  // before any usage, run pre_fft() first
  typedef long double ld;
  typedef complex<ld> cplx; // real() ,imag()
  const ld PI = acosl(-1);
  const cplx I(0, 1);
  cplx omega[MAXN + 1];
  void pre_fft() {
      for (int i = 0; i <= MAXN; i++) {</pre>
          omega[i] = exp(i * 2 * PI / MAXN * I);
  }
  // n must be 2^k
  void fft(int n, cplx a[], bool inv = false) {
      int basic = MAXN / n;
      int theta = basic;
      for (int m = n; m >= 2; m >>= 1) {
           int mh = m >> 1;
           for (int i = 0; i < mh; i++) {</pre>
               cplx w = omega[inv ? MAXN - (i * theta %
                   MAXN) : i * theta % MAXN];
               for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {</pre>
                   int k = j + mh;
                   cplx x = a[j] - a[k];
                   a[j] += a[k];
                   a[k] = w * x;
          theta = (theta * 2) % MAXN;
      int i = 0;
88
      for (int j = 1; j < n - 1; j++) {</pre>
           for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i ^= k); k >>= 1);
```

```
if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
                                                                      return x != 1;
92
                                                                  bool miller_rabin(ll n, int s = 100) {
93
       if (inv) {
           for (i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;</pre>
                                                                      // iterate s times of witness on n
                                                                17
94
                                                                      // return 1 if prime, 0 otherwise
95
96
  }
                                                                       if (n < 2) return 0;</pre>
                                                                       if (!(n & 1)) return n == 2;
   cplx arr[MAXN + 1];
97
                                                                       11 u = n - 1;
  inline void mul(int _n, long long a[], int _m, long
98
       long b[], long long ans[]) {
                                                                       int t = 0;
       int n = 1, sum = _n + _m =
while (n < sum) n <<= 1;</pre>
                                                                       while (!(u & 1)) u >>= 1, t++;
99
                                                                23
                                                                       while (s--) {
100
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                           ll a = randll() % (n - 1) + 1;
101
           double x = (i < _n ? a[i] : 0), y = (i < _m ? b_{26}
                                                                           if (witness(a, n, u, t)) return 0;
                [i]:0);
            arr[i] = complex<double>(x + y, x - y);
                                                                       return 1:
104
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) arr[i] = arr[i] * arr[i</pre>
                                                                  8.4 Fast Power
106
            ];
                                                                    Note: a^n \equiv a^{(n \mod (p-1))} \pmod{p}
       fft(n, arr, true);
       for (int i = 0; i < sum; i++) ans[i] = (long long</pre>
108
                                                                        Extend GCD
            int)(arr[i].real() / 4 + 0.5);
  }
109
                                                                 1 11 GCD:
                                                                  pll extgcd(ll a, ll b) {
  long long a[MAXN];
                                                                      if (b == 0) {
  long long b[MAXN];
                                                                           GCD = a;
113 long long ans[MAXN];
                                                                           return pll{1, 0};
int a_length;
115 int b_length;
                                                                       pll ans = extgcd(b, a % b);
                                                                       return pll{ans.S, ans.F - a / b * ans.S};
   8.2 Pollard's rho
                                                                10
                                                                  pll bezout(ll a, ll b, ll c) {
 1 | 11 add(11 x, 11 y, 11 p) {
                                                                       bool negx = (a < 0), negy = (b < 0);
       return (x + y) \% p;
                                                                       pll ans = extgcd(abs(a), abs(b));
  }
                                                                       if (c % GCD != 0) return pll{-LLINF, -LLINF};
   11 qMul(ll x, ll y, ll mod) {
                                                                       return pll{ans.F * c / GCD * (negx ? -1 : 1),
       11 ret = x * y - (11)((long double)x / mod * y) *
                                                                                   ans.S * c / GCD * (negy ? -1 : 1)};
           mod;
       return ret < 0 ? ret + mod : ret;</pre>
                                                                  ll inv(ll a, ll p) {
  }
                                                                      if (p == 1) return -1;
  11 f(11 x, 11 mod) { return add(qMul(x, x, mod), 1, mod
                                                                      pll ans = bezout(a % p, -p, 1);
if (ans == pll{-LLINF, -LLINF}) return -1;
       ); }
  11 pollard_rho(ll n) {
                                                                       return (ans.F % p + p) % p;
       if (!(n & 1)) return 2;
                                                                22 }
       while (true) {
           11 y = 2, x = rand() % (n - 1) + 1, res = 1;
                                                                  8.6 Mu + Phi
           for (int sz = 2; res == 1; sz *= 2) {
13
                for (int i = 0; i < sz && res <= 1; i++) {</pre>
14
                                                                 | const int maxn = 1e6 + 5;
                    x = f(x, n);
                                                                  11 f[maxn];
                    res = \_gcd(llabs(x - y), n);
16
                                                                  vector<int> lpf, prime;
                }
                                                                  void build() {
                y = x;
                                                                       lpf.clear();
19
                                                                       lpf.resize(maxn, 1);
           if (res != 0 && res != n) return res;
                                                                       prime.clear();
21
       }
                                                                      f[1] = ...; /* mu[1] = 1, phi[1] = 1 */
for (int i = 2; i < maxn; i++) {
  }
22
   vector<ll> ret;
                                                                           if (lpf[i] == 1) {
   void fact(ll x) {
                                                                11
                                                                               lpf[i] = i;
       if (miller_rabin(x)) {
                                                                               prime.emplace_back(i);
           ret.push_back(x);
26
                                                                                f[i] = ...; /* mu[i] = 1, phi[i] = i-1 */
                                                                13
           return:
27
                                                                15
                                                                           for (auto& j : prime) {
       11 f = pollard_rho(x);
                                                                               if (i * j >= maxn) break;
       fact(f);
                                                                16
30
                                                                               lpf[i * j] = j;
                                                                17
       fact(x / f);
                                                                               if (i % j == 0)
   f[i * j] = ...; /* 0, phi[i]*j */
                                                                18
32 }
                                                                19
   8.3 Miller Rabin
                                                                                   f[i * j] = ...; /* -mu[i], phi[i]*phi[j
                                 3 : 2, 7, 61
 1 | // n < 4,759,123,141
                                                                               if (j >= lpf[i]) break;
   // n < 1,122,004,669,633
                                 4 : 2, 13, 23, 1662803
  // n < 3,474,749,660,383
                                                                23
                                                                           }
                                        6 : pirmes <= 13
                                                                24
  // n < 2^64
   // 2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022
  bool witness(ll a, ll n, ll u, int t) {
                                                                  8.7 Discrete Log
       if (!(a %= n)) return 0;
       11 x = mypow(a, u, n);
for (int i = 0; i < t; i++) {</pre>
                                                                1 long long mod_pow(long long a, long long e, long long p
           11 nx = mul(x, x, n);
                                                                       ) {
           if (nx == 1 && x != 1 && x != n - 1) return 1;
                                                                       long long r = 1 % p;
11
           x = nx;
                                                                       while(e){
13
       }
                                                                           if(e & 1) r = (__int128)r * a % p;
```

```
a = (__int128)a * a % p;
             e >>= 1;
8
        return r;
  long long mod_inv(long long a, long long p){
        return mod_pow((a%p+p)%p, p-2, p);
11
  // BSGS: solve a^x = y (mod p), gcd(a,p)=1, p prime,
    return minimal x>=0, or -1 if no solution
long long bsgs(long long a, long long y, long long p){
        a%=p; y%=p;
15
        if(y==1%p) return 0;
                                              // x=0
16
        long long m = (long long)ceil(sqrt((long double)p))
        // baby steps: a^j
        unordered_map<long long,long long> table;
        table.reserve(m*2);
        long long cur = 1%p;
        for(long long j=0;j<m;++j){
   if(!table.count(cur)) table[cur]=j;</pre>
             cur = (__int128)cur * a % p;
        long long am = mod_pow(a, m, p);
        long long am_inv = mod_inv(am, p);
long long gamma = y % p;
        for(long long i=0;i<=m;++i){</pre>
             auto it = table.find(gamma);
             if(it != table.end()){
                  long long x = i*m + it->second;
             gamma = (__int128)gamma * am_inv % p;
36
37
        return -1;
38 }
```

# 8.8 sqrt mod

```
1 // the Jacobi symbol is a generalization of the
       Legendre symbol,
  // such that the bottom doesn't need to be prime.
  // (n/p) -> same as legendre
 |4|//(n|ab) = (n|a)(n|b)
  // work with long long
int Jacobi(int a, int m) {
       int s = 1;
       for (; m > 1; ) {
           a %= m;
           if (a == 0) return 0;
           const int r = __builtin_ctz(a);
if ((r & 1) && ((m + 2) & 4)) s = -s;
           if (a & m & 2) s = -s;
            swap(a, m);
15
       return s;
18 }
  // solve x^2 = a \pmod{p}
20 // 0: a == 0
21 // -1: a isn't a quad res of p
  // else: return X with X^2 % p == a
23 // doesn't work with long long
  int QuadraticResidue(int a, int p) {
       if (p == 2) return a & 1;
       if (int jc = Jacobi(a, p); jc <= 0) return jc;</pre>
26
       int b, d;
27
       for (; ; ) {
    b = rand() % p;
    d = (1LL * b * b + p - a) % p;
30
            if (Jacobi(d, p) == -1) break;
       int f0 = b, f1 = 1, g0 = 1, g1 = 0, tmp;
       for (int e = (1LL + p) >> 1; e; e >>= 1) {
            if (e & 1) {
                tmp = (1LL * g0 * f0 + 1LL * d * (1LL * g1)
                * f1 % p)) % p;
g1 = (1LL * g0 * f1 + 1LL * g1 * f0) % p;
38
39
            tmp = (1LL * f0 * f0 + 1LL * d * (1LL * f1 * f1
                 % p)) % p;
```

```
f1 = (2LL * f0 * f1) % p;

f0 = tmp;

3 }

return g0;
```

### 8.9 Primitive Root

```
unsigned long long primitiveRoot(ull p) {
      auto fac = factor(p - 1);
      sort(all(fac));
      fac.erase(unique(all(fac)), fac.end());
      auto test = [p, fac](ull x) {
          for(ull d : fac)
          if (modpow(x, (p - 1) / d, p) == 1)
              return false;
          return true;
      };
      uniform_int_distribution<unsigned long long> unif
          (1, p - 1);
      unsigned long long root;
      while(!test(root = unif(rng)));
13
      return root;
```

### 8.10 Other Formulas

• Inversion:  $aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$ .  $a^{-1}$  exists iff  $\gcd(a,m) = 1$ .

- Linear inversion:  $a^{-1} \equiv (m \lfloor \frac{m}{a} \rfloor) \times (m \mod a)^{-1} \pmod m$
- Fermat's little theorem:  $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$  if p is prime.
- Euler function:  $\phi(n) = n \prod_{p|n} \frac{p-1}{p}$
- Euler theorem:  $a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$  if  $\gcd(a,n) = 1$ .
- Extended Euclidean algorithm:  $ax + by = \gcd(a, b) = \gcd(b, a \mod b) = \gcd(b, a \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b) = bx_1 + (a \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor b)y_1 = ay_1 + b(x_1 \lfloor \frac{a}{b} \rfloor y_1)$
- Divisor function:

$$\begin{split} &\sigma_x(n) = \sum_{d|n} d^x. \ n = \prod_{i=1}^r p_i^{a_i}. \\ &\sigma_x(n) = \prod_{i=1}^r \frac{p_i^{(a_i+1)x}-1}{p_i^x-1} \ \text{if} \ x \neq 0. \ \sigma_0(n) = \prod_{i=1}^r (a_i+1). \end{split}$$

• Chinese remainder theorem (Coprime Moduli):  $x\equiv a_i\pmod{m_i}$ .  $M=\prod m_i.\ M_i=M/m_i.\ t_i=M_i^{-1}.$   $x=kM+\sum a_it_iM_i,\ k\in\mathbb{Z}.$ 

```
• Chinese remainder theorem: x\equiv a_1\pmod{m_1}, x\equiv a_2\pmod{m_2}\Rightarrow x=m_1p+a_1=m_2q+a_2\Rightarrow m_1p-m_2q=a_2-a_1 Solve for (p,q) using ExtGCD. x\equiv m_1p+a_1\equiv m_2q+a_2\pmod{lcm(m_1,m_2)}
```

- Avoiding Overflow:  $ca \mod cb = c(a \mod b)$
- Dirichlet Convolution:  $(f*g)(n) = \sum_{d|n} f(n)g(n/d)$
- Important Multiplicative Functions + Proterties:

```
1. \epsilon(n) = [n = 1]

2. 1(n) = 1

3. id(n) = n

4. \mu(n) = 0 if n has squared prime factor

5. \mu(n) = (-1)^k if n = p_1 p_2 \cdots p_k

6. \epsilon = \mu * 1

7. \phi = \mu * id
```

```
8. [n=1] = \sum_{d|n} \mu(d)
9. [gcd=1] = \sum_{d|gcd} \mu(d)
```

• Möbius inversion:  $f = g * 1 \Leftrightarrow g = f * \mu$ 

# 8.11 Polynomial

```
80
      const int maxk = 20;
      const int maxn = 1<<maxk;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                  82
      const ll LINF = 1e18;
                                                                                                                                                  83
      /* P = r*2^k + 1
 5
                                                                                                                                                  85
     P
                                                                  k
                                                                                                                                                   86
                                                        119 23
     998244353
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                  87
     1004535809
                                                        479 21
                                                                                                                                                  88
     Р
     3
11
                                                        1
                                                                  1
                                                                             2
                                                                                                                                                  91
      5
                                                        1
                                                                                                                                                  92
     17
                                                        1
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                  93
                                                                   5
14
     97
                                                        3
                                                                             5
                                                                                                                                                   94
                                                        3
     193
                                                                  6
                                                                            5
                                                                                                                                                  95
15
     257
                                                        1
                                                                  8
16
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                  96
     7681
                                                        15
                                                                  9
                                                                             17
                                                                                                                                                   97
     12289
                                                        3
                                                                  12
                                                                            11
18
                                                                                                                                                  98
                                                        5
     40961
                                                                  13
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                  99
                                                        1
     65537
                                                                  16
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 100
                                                        3
                                                                   18
21
     786433
                                                                            10
     5767169
                                                        11
                                                                  19
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 102
23 7340033
                                                                  20
                                                                            3
                                                        11
     23068673
                                                                  21
24
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 104
     104857601
                                                        25
                                                                  22
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 105
26 167772161
                                                        5
                                                                  25
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 106
                                                        7
27
     469762049
                                                                  26
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 107
                                                        479
                                                                  21
      1004535809
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 108
29 2013265921
                                                        15
                                                                27
                                                                            31
                                                                                                                                                 109
30 2281701377
                                                        17
                                                                  27
     3221225473
                                                        3
                                                                   30
31
                                                        35
     75161927681
                                                                 31
                                                                            3
32
33 77309411329
                                                        9
                                                                  33
                                                                            7
     206158430209
                                                        3
                                                                  36
                                                                            22
                                                                                                                                                 114
     2061584302081
35
                                                        15
                                                                  37
                                                                                                                                                 115
     2748779069441
                                                        5
                                                                  39
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 116
     6597069766657
                                                        3
                                                                   41
                                                                            5
37
     39582418599937
                                                                            5
                                                        9
                                                                  42
                                                                                                                                                 118
                                                        9
     79164837199873
                                                                   43
                                                                                                                                                 119
     263882790666241
                                                        15
                                                                  44
40
     1231453023109121
                                                        35
                                                                  45
                                                                            3
                                                                                                                                                 121
42 1337006139375617
                                                        19
                                                                  46
                                                                            3
                                                        27
43 3799912185593857
                                                                  47
                                                                            5
                                                                                                                                                 123
      4222124650659841
                                                        15
                                                                  48
                                                                            19
                                                                                                                                                 124
     7881299347898369
                                                                  50
                                                                            6
45
46
     31525197391593473
                                                                   52
                                                        5
      180143985094819841
                                                                   55
                                                                                                                                                 126
48 1945555039024054273 27
                                                                 56
                                                                            5
     4179340454199820289 29 57
                                                                            3
     9097271247288401921 505 54
                                                                                                                                                 129
      const int g = 3;
                                                                                                                                                 130
      const 11 MOD = 998244353;
53
                                                                                                                                                 131
     11 pw(ll a, ll n) { /* fast pow */ }
                                                                                                                                                 132
56
                                                                                                                                                 133
      #define siz(x) (int)x.size()
                                                                                                                                                 134
58
                                                                                                                                                 135
59
     template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                                 136
      vector<T>& operator+=(vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)
is not vector<T> is not vector
60
                                                                                                                                                 138
                if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
                for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>
62
                                                                                                                                                 140
                          a[i] += b[i];
63
                                                                                                                                                 141
                          a[i] -= a[i] >= MOD ? MOD : 0;
                                                                                                                                                 142
                                                                                                                                                 143
65
                }
66
                return a;
                                                                                                                                                 144
     }
67
                                                                                                                                                 146
      template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                                 147
      vector<T>& operator -= (vector<T>& a, const vector<T>& b)48
                                                                                                                                                 149
                if (siz(a) < siz(b)) a.resize(siz(b));</pre>
                for (int i = 0; i < min(siz(a), siz(b)); i++) {</pre>
```

```
a[i] -= b[i];
          a[i] += a[i] < 0 ? MOD : 0;
74
75
76
      return a;
77
  }
  template<typename T>
79
  vector<T> operator-(const vector<T>& a) {
      vector<T> ret(siz(a));
      for (int i = 0; i < siz(a); i++) {</pre>
           ret[i] = -a[i] < 0 ? -a[i] + MOD : -a[i];
      return ret:
  }
  vector<ll> X, iX;
  vector<int> rev;
  void init_ntt() {
      X.clear(); X.resize(maxn, 1); // x1 = g^{((p-1)/n)}
      iX.clear(); iX.resize(maxn, 1);
      ll u = pw(g, (MOD-1)/maxn);
      ll iu = pw(u, MOD-2);
      for (int i = 1; i < maxn; i++) {</pre>
          X[i] = X[i-1] * u;
           iX[i] = iX[i-1] * iu;
           if (X[i] >= MOD) X[i] %= MOD;
           if (iX[i] >= MOD) iX[i] %= MOD;
      rev.clear(); rev.resize(maxn, 0);
      for (int i = 1, hb = -1; i < maxn; i++) {</pre>
           if (!(i & (i-1))) hb++;
           rev[i] = rev[i ^ (1<<hb)] | (1<<(maxk-hb-1));
  } }
  template<typename T>
  void NTT(vector<T>& a, bool inv=false) {
      int _n = (int)a.size();
int k = __lg(_n) + ((1<<__lg(_n)) != _n);</pre>
      int n = 1<<k;
      a.resize(n, 0);
      short shift = maxk-k;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
           if (i > (rev[i]>>shift))
               swap(a[i], a[rev[i]>>shift]);
      for (int len = 2, half = 1, div = maxn>>1; len <= n</pre>
           ; len<<=1, half<<=1, div>>=1) {
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {</pre>
               for (int j = 0; j < half; j++) {</pre>
                   T u = a[i+j];
                   T v = a[i+j+half] * (inv ? iX[j*div] :
                        X[j*div]) % MOD;
                   a[i+j] = (u+v >= MOD ? u+v-MOD : u+v);
                   a[i+j+half] = (u-v < 0 ? u-v+MOD : u-v)
      } } }
      if (inv) {
           T dn = pw(n, MOD-2);
           for (auto& x : a) {
               x *= dn;
               if (x >= MOD) x %= MOD;
  } } }
  template<typename T>
  inline void resize(vector<T>& a) {
      int cnt = (int)a.size();
      for (; cnt > 0; cnt--) if (a[cnt-1]) break;
      a.resize(max(cnt, 1));
  template < typename T>
  vector<T>& operator*=(vector<T>& a, vector<T> b) {
      int na = (int)a.size();
      int nb = (int)b.size();
```

a.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);

11

13 14

15

17

18

19

20

21

23

27

28

}

```
b.resize(na + nb - 1, 0);
153
       NTT(a); NTT(b);
154
       for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); i++) {</pre>
155
            à[i] *= b[i];
156
            if (a[i] >= MOD) a[i] %= MOD;
157
158
       NTT(a, true);
161
       resize(a):
162
       return a;
163
   }
164
165
   template<typename T>
   void inv(vector<T>& ia, int N) {
166
       vector<T> _a(move(ia));
167
       ia.resize(1, pw(_a[0], MOD-2));
168
       vector<T> a(1, -a[0] + (-a[0] < 0 ? MOD : 0));
169
170
171
       for (int n = 1; n < N; n <<=1) {</pre>
           // n -> 2*n
            // ia' = ia(2-a*ia);
173
            for (int i = n; i < min(siz(_a), (n<<1)); i++)</pre>
175
                a.emplace_back(-_a[i] + (-_a[i] < 0 ? MOD :
            vector<T> tmp = ia;
178
            ia *= a;
179
            ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
180
            ia[0] = ia[0] + 2 >= MOD ? ia[0] + 2 - MOD : ia
                [0] + 2;
            ia *= tmp;
            ia.resize(n<<1);</pre>
183
184
185
       ia.resize(N);
   }
186
187
188
   template<typename T>
   void mod(vector<T>& a, vector<T>& b) {
189
       int n = (int)a.size()-1, m = (int)b.size()-1;
       if (n < m) return;</pre>
191
192
193
       vector<T> ra = a, rb = b;
       reverse(ra.begin(), ra.end()); ra.resize(min(n+1, n
194
            -m+1));
       reverse(rb.begin(), rb.end()); rb.resize(min(m+1, n
            -m+1));
       inv(rb, n-m+1);
197
198
199
       vector<T> q = move(ra);
       q *= rb;
200
       q.resize(n-m+1);
201
       reverse(q.begin(), q.end());
203
       q *= b;
204
205
       a -= q;
206
       resize(a);
   }
207
208
   /* Kitamasa Method (Fast Linear Recurrence):
   Find a[K] (Given a[j] = c[0]a[j-N] + ... + c[N-1]a[j
       -17)
   Let B(x) = x^N - c[N-1]x^N(N-1) - \dots - c[1]x^1 - c[0]
212 Let R(x) = x^K \mod B(x) (get x^K using fast pow and
       use poly mod to get R(x))
   Let r[i] = the coefficient of x^i in R(x)
a[K] = a[0]r[0] + a[1]r[1] + ... + a[N-1]r[N-1] */
```

# 9 Linear Algebra

### 9.1 Gaussian-Jordan Elimination

```
int n;
vector<vector<ll>> v;
void gauss(vector<vector<ll>> & v) {
   int r = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      bool ok = false;
   for (int j = r; j < n; j++) {</pre>
```

```
if (v[j][i] == 0) continue;
    swap(v[j], v[r]);
    ok = true;
    break:
if (!ok) continue;
ll \ div = inv(v[r][i]);
for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++) {
    v[r][j] *= div;</pre>
    if (v[r][j] >= MOD) v[r][j] %= MOD;
for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {</pre>
    if (j == r) continue;
    11 t = v[j][i];
    for (int k = 0; k < n + 1; k++) {
         v[j][k] -= v[r][k] * t % MOD;
         if (v[j][k] < 0) v[j][k] += MOD;
    }
}
r++;
```

### 9.2 Determinant

- Use GJ Elimination, if there's any row consists of only 0, then det = 0, otherwise det = product of diagonal elements.
- 2. Properties of det:
  - Transpose: Unchanged
  - Row Operation 1 Swap 2 rows: -det
  - Row Operation 2  $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$ :  $k \times det$
  - Row Operation 3  $k\overrightarrow{r_i}$  add to  $\overrightarrow{r_j}$ : Unchaged

# 10 Combinatorics

### 10.1 Catalan Number

$$C_0 = 1, C_n = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} C_i C_{n-1-i}, C_n = C_n^{2n} - C_{n-1}^{2n}$$
 $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 4 & 14 & 42 & 132 & 429 \\ 8 & 1430 & 4862 & 16796 & 58786 \\ 12 & 208012 & 742900 & 2674440 & 9694845 \end{pmatrix}$ 

### 10.2 Burnside's Lemma

Let *X* be the original set.

Let G be the group of operations acting on X.

Let  $X^g$  be the set of x not affected by g.

Let X/G be the set of orbits.

Then the following equation holds:

$$|X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$$

# 11 Special Numbers

### 11.1 Fibonacci Series

1.1 Tiboliacci Scries				
1	1	1	2	3
5	5	8	13	21
9	34	55	89	144
13	233	377	610	987
17	1597	2584	4181	6765
21	10946	17711	28657	46368
25	75025	121393	196418	317811
29	514229	832040	1346269	2178309
33	3524578	5702887	9227465	14930352
,				

$$f(45) \approx 10^9, f(88) \approx 10^{18}$$

# 11.2 Prime Numbers

• First 50 prime numbers:

 Very large prime numbers: 1000001333 1000500889 2500001909 2000000659 900004151 850001359

• 
$$\pi(n) \equiv$$
 Number of primes  $\leq n \approx n/((\ln n) - 1)$   
 $\pi(100) = 25, \pi(200) = 46$   
 $\pi(500) = 95, \pi(1000) = 168$   
 $\pi(2000) = 303, \pi(4000) = 550$   
 $\pi(10^4) = 1229, \pi(10^5) = 9592$   
 $\pi(10^6) = 78498, \pi(10^7) = 664579$ 

