The Influence of a Robot Recommender System on Impulsive Buying Tendency

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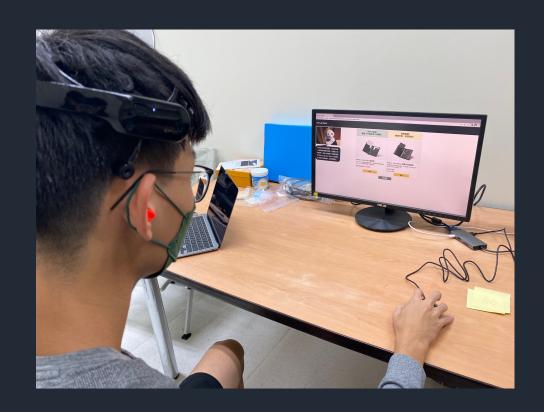
Topic

探討機器人推薦系統對於衝動性購物之影響

- 了解不同行銷策略會如何影響消費者的購物意願及其衝動性 購物之傾向。
- 研究機器人是否能夠鼓勵消費者對於其購物意圖作更加深思 熟慮的考量,並更改其衝動性消費的決策。

Contents

- Related Works
 - Social Robot
 - Marketing Stimuli
 - Impulsive Buying
 - EEG + EMOTIV
- Experiment Design
 - Scenario (Webpage)
 - Procedures
 - Demo
- Results



Social Robot 社交機器人



- → 能遵循符合自己的身份的社交行為和 規範與其他實體進行人機互動、溝通。
- 影響使用者的人機互動體驗以及協作 任務的結果。
 - → 改變衝動性購物行為?

Marketing Stimuli

不同stimuli對衝動性購物的影響有何差別?

→ Discount vs Limited Edition

Model of Consumer Behavior

Marketing stimuli consists of the 4 Ps

- Product
- Price
- Place
- Promotion

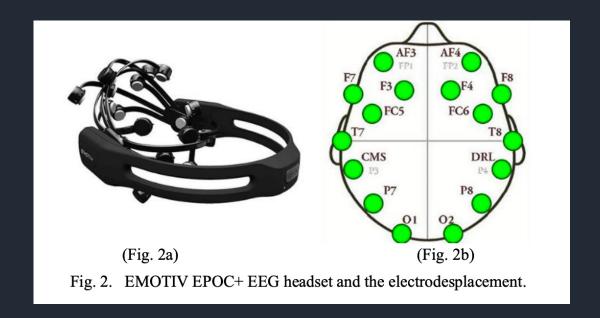
Other stimuli include:

- Economic forces
- Technological forces
- Political forces
- Cultural forces

Impulsive Buying 衝動性購物

- 定義:計劃外且缺乏謹慎思考就做出決策的購物行為。
- 影響因素:
 - 外在 (external) > 行銷策略的刺激 ex. 7折優惠
 - 內在 (internal) → 衝動性傾向
 - 環境 (environmental) 網站品質、店內整潔程度

EEG + EMOTIV EPOC X



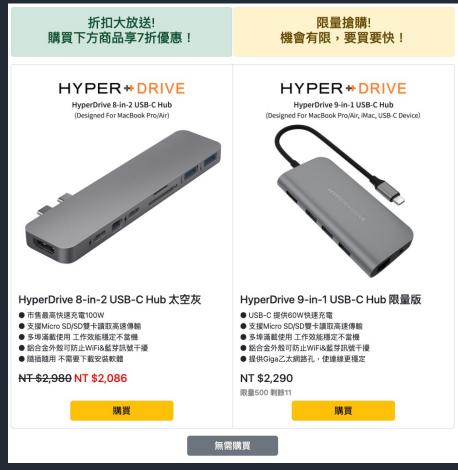
14 channels

AF3, F7, AF4, F8, F3, FC5, FC6, F4	Frontal cortex	cognitive-related brain activities
T7, T8	Temporal lobe	Short-term memory, emotion
P7, P8	Parietal lobe	Sensory perception & integration
O1, O2	Occipital lobe	Sight, image recognition & perception

x4

Experiment Design - Scenario

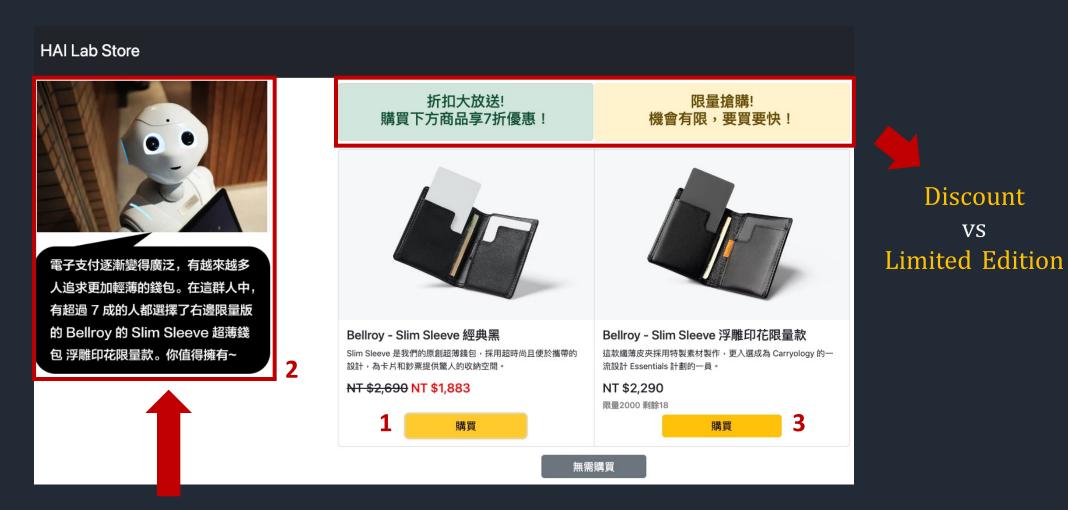




Planned Product > Rational buying behavior

Add-on products → Impulsive buying intent

Experiment Design - Scenario



Discount

VS

Voice + Text intimacy ++

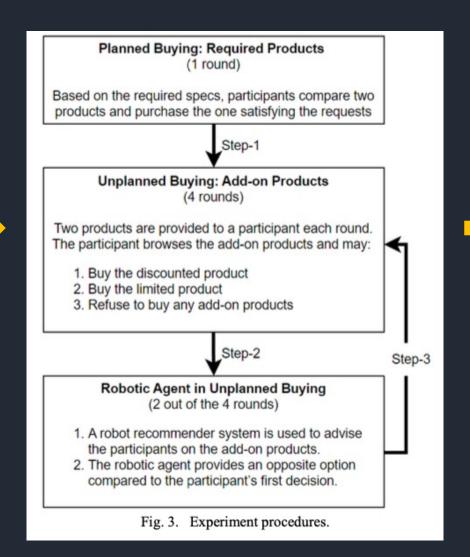
> Robot recommender system with intimate behavior

Experiment Design - Procedures

7 Participants

IBT nitial impulsive





Interview

Collect decision-making strategies

Experiment



Brainwave Analysis

Baseline

+

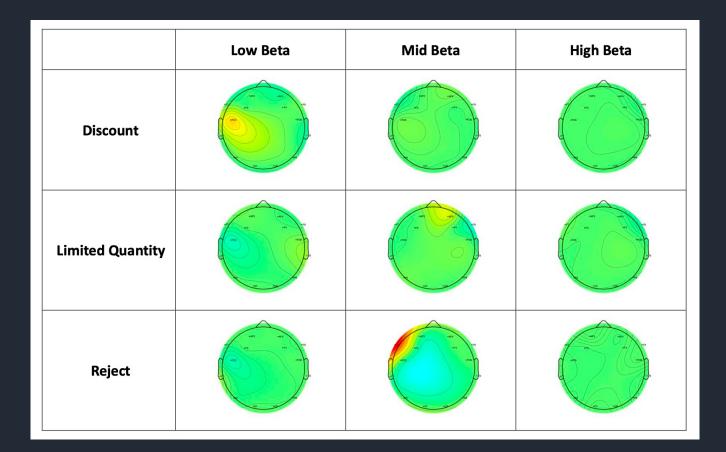
Table 1. Characteristics of brainwaves.

Brain Wave Type	Frequency	Activities
Alpha	8~12 Hz	Relax and recharging
Low beta	12~15 Hz	Quiet, focused, and introverted concentration
Mid-range beta	15~20 Hz	Increases in energy, anxiety, and performance
High beta	18~40 Hz	Stress, anxiety, paranoia, and high arousal

Baseline normalization & 5-sec epoch extraction

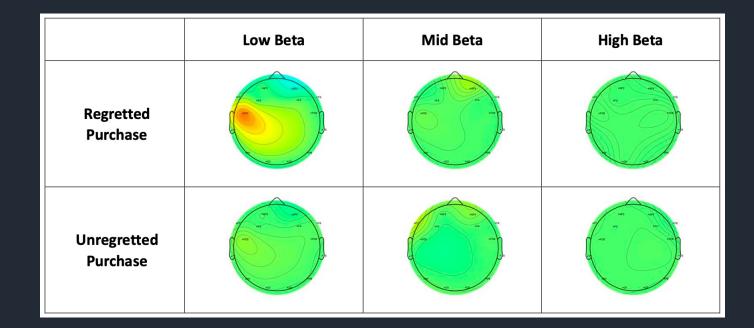
Results

- Focus more on discount than limited edition, consistent with interview
- Mid Beta: higher rejecting power
- → Making low-risk decision



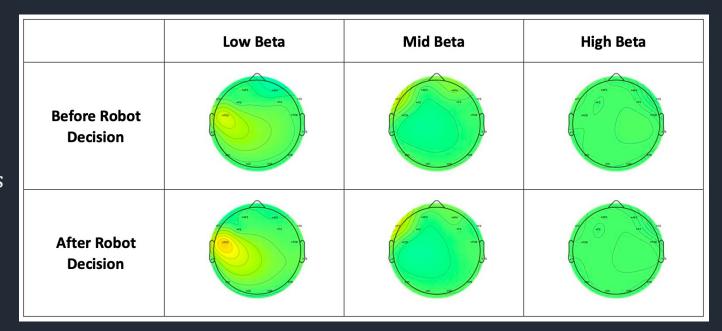
Results

- Impulsive buying → regret
- Interview
- → Regretted & Unregretted Purchase
- All regret buying discounted products
- → low beta: discount & regretted are similar
- Unregretted: Little deviation with baseline (planned buying)
- → rational buying less likely to cause regret



Results

- Before vs After robot recommendation
- Robot did not alter participants' decisions
- low beta increased
- → more engagement in decision-making process



Thank You