Chengzi Yi

• Via Delle Fontanelle 18, I-50014 San Domenico di Fiesole (FI), Italy ☑ chengzi.yi@eui.eu

> **(**+39) 351 520 1725 **𝚱** chengzi-yi.github.io n chengzi-yi

FIELDS OF INTEREST

Primary: Macroeconomics

Secondary: Firm Dynamics, Firm Heterogeneity, International Trade, Financial Economics

EDUCATION

European University Institute Ph.D. in Economics	$2020-2026 ({\rm expected})$
Fudan University Ph.D. in Finance	2016–2020
Hong Kong Polytechnic University M.A. in Finance	2011–2012
Guangdong University of Foreign Studies $B.A.$ in French & $B.A.$ in Economics	2007–2011
VISITING EXPERIENCE	

Visiting Researcher	2024
Bank of Finland Institute for Emerging Economies	
Visiting Student Universitat Pompeu Fabra	2023
Visiting Student	2018
London School of Economics and Political Science	

WORKING PAPERS

Export Dynamics of Multi-Product Firms with (Non-)Differentiated Products (Job Market Paper)

Abstract: Canonical models with heterogeneous firms and sunk export costs predict more profitable firms export ("export sorting"). This paper shows export sorting pattern varies systematically with product differentiation. Using Slovenian administrative data, I document that the gap in value added per worker between exporters and non-exporters is smaller in more differentiated sectors, particularly among multiproduct firms. I rationalise this pattern with a model in which multiproduct firms choose product scope and export participation based on cost efficiency and market-specific product appeal, featuring a "star-product" mechanism. When export costs are shared across products, high-appeal products pull marginal product lines into export bundles, diluting measured productivity among exporters. This composition effect is especially pronounced in high-differentiation sectors, where high markups allow less appealing products to be exported. When estimated separately for high- and low-differentiation sectors, the model reproduces observed sorting patterns and reveals stark policy asymmetries: a 50 percentage point tariff on one product triggers large contractions with substantial spillovers in the lowdifferentiation sector but minimal spillovers and little aggregate response in the high-differentiation sector.

Collateral Constraints and Asset Composition

Presented at BOFIT Seminar (2024), Bank of Finland; European Doctoral Programme Jamboree (2024), Barcelona; Marco Working Group (2024), European University Institute.

Abstract: This paper studies how collateral constraints shape firms' asset composition between real estate and non-real-estate capital. I build a dynamic two-asset model with convex and non-convex adjustment costs and asset-specific pledgeability. Using data on Chinese listed manufacturing firms, I structurally estimate the adjustment-cost and pledgeability parameters. The estimates indicate substantially higher fixed costs of adjusting real estate and greater pledgeability of real estate. With these frictions, the model matches the right-skewed

distribution of the real-estate to non-real-estate ratio and the declining real-estate share with firm size. Removing financial frictions eliminates collateral value and reduces aggregate capital and revenue; removing both financial frictions and fixed costs raises both. In both counterfactuals, aggregate TFPR increases. In a real-estate-crisis scenario in which real estate becomes non-pledgeable, investment tilts toward non-real-estate and aggregate capital rises due to tighter constraints and the higher collateral value of non-real-estate; however, misallocation worsens: aggregate TFPR falls by 3.6% and revenue by 0.3%.

Revisiting the Investment Regressions: State-owned Firms vs. Private Firms in China

Presented at Finance Seminar (2023), Universitat Pompeu Fabra.

Abstract: The investment regression on a sample of Chinese listed firms shows that there is a significant correlation between investment rate and cash flow ratio after conditioning on average Q. This is true for both state-owned firms and private firms, which are conventionally considered to have different financial conditions. As noted by Cooper and Ejarque (2003), the violation of the constant-returns-to-scale assumption creates a wedge between average Q and marginal Q and can lead to a spurious cash effect in the investment regression even when there are no financial frictions. Following their argument, this paper examines the investment regression results of the Chinese firms by estimating a Hayashi's (1982) model which allows for decreasing returns to scale. The estimation results suggest that despite the decreasing returns to scale of capital, the presence of financial constraints brings the standard capital adjustment model closer to the data moments of both state-owned and private firms in China.

WORK IN PROGRESS

Product Differentiation and Export Dynamics of Multi-destination Multi-product Exporter

with Marius Gruenewald

POLICY WORK

Firm Responsiveness over the Business Cycle: New Evidence from Europe (CompNet Firm Productivity Report, 2025)

With Alberto Ferreira and Javier Miranda

Presented at FINPRO 4 Conference (2024); TSI Concluding Conference (2025).

PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

External Research Consultant The Competitiveness Research Network	2024-present
Co-Organizer Macro Working Group, European University Institute	2021
TEACHING	
Graduate level	
Dynamic Economics: Simulation-Based Estimators, EUI TA for Russell Cooper	2022
Financial Theory and Policy, Fudan TA for Lijian Sun	2017
Undergraduate level Econometrics, NYU Florence TA for Giampiero M. Gallo	2022
Other	
Digital Currencies and Digital Finance, Florence School of Banking and Finance TA for Thorsten Koeppel & Olena Havrylchyk	2023
Machine Learning: Tools and Applications, Florence School of Banking and Finance TA for Iman Van Lelyveld & Dieter Wang	2022

OTHER PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Financial Officer Guangdong Materials Import & Export Corp.	2013–2015
Assistant Business Officer The Bank of East Asia	2012–2013
AWARDS & GRANTS	
Job Market Fund European University Institute	2025
Grants for Foreigners Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs & International Cooperation	2020-2024
Outstanding Graduate Fudan University	2020
State Scholarship China Scholarship Council	2018
Outstanding Ph.D. Student	2017

SKILLS

Programming: Julia, Python, MATLAB, R, Stata

Languages: Chinese (Native), English (Fluent), French (Intermediate), Cantonese (Basic)

REFERENCES

Fudan University

Russell Cooper (supervisor)

Liaoning University/European University Institute China Economic Research Institute/Department of Economics russell.cooper@eui.eu

Javier Miranda

Halle Institute for Economic Research Center for Business and Productivity Dynamics Javier.miranda@iwh-halle.de

Alexander Monge-Naranjo (supervisor)

Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta Research Division alexander.monge-naranjo@atl.frb.org

Giancarlo Corsetti

European University Institute Department of Economics giancarlo.corsetti@eui.eu