## Technical Note No. 28\* Options, Futures, and Other Derivatives, Ninth Edition John Hull

## Calculation of Moments for Valuing Basket Options

Consider the problem of calculating the first two moments of the value of a basket of assets at a future time, T, in a risk-neutral world. The price of each asset in the basket is assumed to be lognormal. Define

n: The number of assets

 $S_i$ : The value of the *i*th asset at time  $T^1$ 

 $\vec{F_i}$ : The forward price of the *i*th asset for a contract maturing at time T.

 $\sigma_i$ : The volatility of the ith asset between time zero and time T

: Correlation between returns from the ith and jth asset

 $\rho_{ij}$ : Correlation between P: Value of basket at time T

 $M_1$ : First moment of P in a risk-neutral world  $M_2$ : Second moment of P in a risk-neutral world

Because  $P = \sum_{i=1}^{n} S_i$ ,  $\hat{E}(S_i) = F_i$ ,  $M_1 = \hat{E}(P)$  and  $M_2 = \hat{E}(P^2)$  where  $\hat{E}$  denotes expected value in a risk-neutral world, it follows that

$$M_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n F_i$$

Also,

$$P^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} S_i S_j$$

From the properties of lognormal distributions

$$\hat{E}(S_i S_j) = F_i F_j e^{\rho_{ij} \sigma_i \sigma_j T}$$

Hence

$$M_2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} F_i F_j e^{\rho_{ij}\sigma_i\sigma_j T}$$

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If the ith asset is a certain stock and there are, say, 200 shares of the stock in the basket, then the ith "asset" is defined as 200 shares of the stock and  $S_i$  is the value of 200 shares of the stock.