

# **CAN Interface**

# **Technical Reference**

Version 7.03.00

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Status	Released



# **Document Information**

# History

Author	Date	Version	Remarks
Eugen Stripling Rüdiger Naas	2012-07-17	5.00	ASR R4.0 Rev 3
Eugen Stripling	2013-04-03	5.01.00	ESCAN00065368 ESCAN00066338 ESCAN00066340 Adapted according to ESCAN00066285 Adapted according to ESCAN00065289 ESCAN00066396 Adapted according to ESCAN00064304
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Author	Date	Version	Remarks
Eugen Stripling	2017-08-30	6.11.01	Typos corrected
Carsten Gauglitz	2018-07-11	6.12.00	Added API description for Canlf_CheckBaudrate() (ESCAN00094506), extended Service IDs in Table 3-8, extended error codes in <b>Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.</b> , removed Canlf_InitController() in chapter 3.3.1, removed Canlf_Hooks.h in Table 4-1
Carsten Gauglitz	2019-02-04	6.13.00	Removed obsolete Service ID in Table 3-8, replaced CAN channel with CAN controller in Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden., reworked Chapter 6, added BusMirroring feature
Carsten Gauglitz	2019-02-27	6.14.00	Adapted deviation 7.2.5 Check wakeup, added Tx-PDU truncation feature
Carsten Gauglitz	2019-06-12	7.00.00	Reworked Feature List and document structure, added API descriptions for CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag() / CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag() (ESCAN00103412),
Carsten Gauglitz	2020-01-22	7.01.00	Reworked Chapter 4.3 - Critical Sections (ESCAN00104612), Reworked API descriptions
Carsten Gauglitz	2020-06-04	7.02.00	Added possible blocking situation description for Tx-Buffer of type FIFO to Chapter 3.4.3.1
Carsten Gauglitz	2020-08-04	7.03.00	Added security event reporting feature, made formal adaptions

# **Reference Documents**

No.	Source	Title	Version
[1]	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR_SWS_CANInterface.pdf	4.2.2
[2]	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR_SWS_DefaultErrorTracer.pdf	4.0.3
[3]	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf	4.0.3



# Caution

We have configured the programs in accordance with your specifications in the questionnaire. Whereas the programs do support other configurations than the one specified in your questionnaire, Vector's release of the programs delivered to your company is expressly restricted to the configuration you have specified in the questionnaire.



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# 1 Component History

The component history gives an overview over the important milestones that are supported in the different versions of the component.

Component Version	New Features
5.00.00	Support AUTOSAR Standard 4
5.02.00	<ul><li>*_WAKF - PDU modes</li><li>Post-Build Loadable</li></ul>
6.00.00	<ul><li>J1939 with dynamic address lookup table</li><li>CAN-FD Mode 1</li></ul>
6.03.00	Post-Build Selectable
6.04.00	<ul><li>CAN-FD Mode 2</li><li>Multiple CAN Driver support</li></ul>
6.10.00	<ul><li>Extended RAM Check</li><li>ASIL-D</li></ul>
6.15.00	Support third party CAN Driver according to AUTOSAR Standard 4.2.2
9.00.00	MISRA-2012
9.02.00	Bus Mirroring
13.05.00	Security event reporting

Table 1-1 Component History



# 2 Introduction

This document describes the functionality, API and configuration of the AUTOSAR BSW module CAN Interface as specified in [1].

Supported Configuration Variants:	Pre-compile, Link-time, Post-build-loadable	
Vendor ID:	CANIF_VENDOR_ID	30 decimal
		(= Vector-Informatik, according to HIS)
Module ID:	CANIF_MODULE_ID	60 decimal
		(according to ref. [3])

The CAN Interface is a hardware independent layer with a standardized interface to the CAN Driver and CAN Transceiver Driver layer and upper layers like PDU Router, Communication Manager and the Network Management. All upper layers which require CAN communication have to communicate with the CAN Interface which is responsible for the CAN communication handling. This includes the transmission and the reception of messages and the state handling of the CAN controllers as well.



#### 2.1 **Architecture Overview**

The following figure shows where the CAN Interface is located in the AUTOSAR architecture.

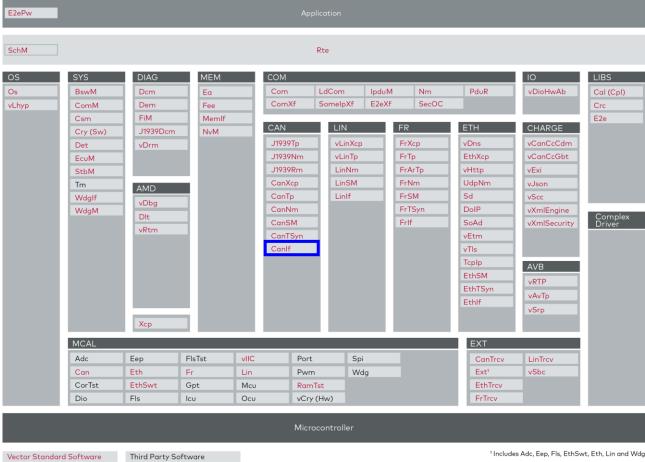


Figure 2-1 AUTOSAR 4.2 Architecture Overview

<sup>1</sup> Includes Adc, Eep, Fls, EthSwt, Eth, Lin and Wdg



The next figure shows the interfaces to adjacent modules of the CAN Interface. These interfaces are described in chapter 5.

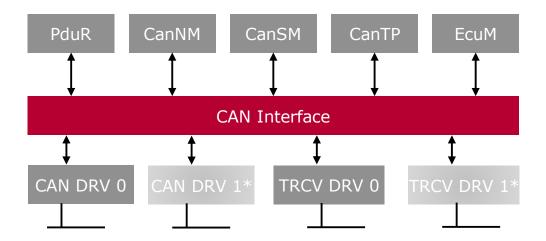


Figure 2-2 Interfaces to adjacent modules of the CAN Interface (\* optional<sup>1</sup>)

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NOTE: Multiple CAN Driver and CAN Transceiver Driver are supported optional



# 3 Functional Description

#### 3.1 Features

The features listed in the following tables cover the functionality specified for the CAN Interface.

The AUTOSAR standard functionality is specified in [1], the corresponding features are listed in the tables

- > Table 3-1 Supported AUTOSAR standard conform features
- Table 3-2 Not supported AUTOSAR standard conform features

Vector Informatik provides further CAN Interface functionality beyond the AUTOSAR standard. The corresponding features are listed in the table

Table 3-3 Features provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard

The following features specified in [1] are supported:

C	AUTOSAR Standard Co	aufawa Faatuwaa
	AUTUSAR Standard Co	
	AGI GGAIL GIGIIGGI G GI	omonin Catalos

CAN Interface initialization

Transmission incl. Transmit confirmation

Transmit buffer (Prioritization by CAN-identifier)

Buffering (send request and data) of Tx-PDUs mapped to a Tx-buffer in the CAN Interface prioritized by CAN-identifier.

Reception incl. Receive indication

DLC check

Check DLC of received Rx-PDUs against predefined values.

CAN FD support

Meta data Rx- / Tx-support

Support for dynamic CAN identifier handling by using of SDU meta data.

**Communication Modes** 

Modes for CAN controllers and PDUs.

**BusOff detection** 

Handling of bus off notifications.

External wakeup (CAN)

Support external wakeup by CAN Driver.

External wakeup (Transceiver)

Support external wakeup by CAN Transceiver Driver.

Wakeup validation

Support wakeup validation for external wakeup events.

Error notification with Default Error Tracer (DET)

Tx BasicCAN / Tx FullCAN / Rx BasicCAN / Rx FullCAN

Basic: Standard mailbox to send/receive CAN frames.

Full: Separate mailbox for special Tx/ Rx message used.



# Supported AUTOSAR Standard Conform Features CAN transceiver handling

APIs for upper layers to set and read transceiver states; Interface to the CAN Transceiver Driver.

Version API

API to read out component version.

Supported ID types (Standard Identifiers, Extended Identifiers, Mixed Identifiers)

Support of CAN Standard (11 bits) identifiers or CAN Extended (29 bits) identifiers or both.

Multiple CAN networks

Each CAN network has to be connected to exactly one controller.

Multiple CAN Driver support

Tx Confirmation Polling Support

This service provides the information on whether any Tx confirmation has occurred for a CAN controller since the last start of that CAN controller at all.

Post-build loadable

Post-build loadable allows the re-configuration of an ECU at Post-build time.

Table 3-1 Supported AUTOSAR standard conform features

#### 3.1.1 Deviations

The following features specified in [1] are not supported or supported with deviations:

Category	Description	ASR Version
Functional	Dynamic transmit L-PDU handles  The priority of a dynamic Tx-PDU is determined from the initial configured CAN identifier and not from the CAN identifier set by using the API CanIf_SetDynamicTxId()	4.0.3
Functional	Partial Networking The Partial Networking Wakeup Tx-PDU Filter is enabled only if the PDU mode of CAN Interface is set either to mode  CANIF_GET_TX_ONLINE_WU_FILTER or to mode  CANIF_GET_ONLINE_WU_FILTER.	4.0.3
Functional	Version check The CAN Interface does not perform AUTOSAR release version check in accordance with other modules because the version check is not specified by AUTOSAR clearly.	4.0.3 < 4.1.2
Functional	Read Tx/Rx notification status	4.0.3
Functional	Read received data	4.0.3
Functional	Transmit cancellation Still supported by the CAN Interface. If your CAN Driver does not support this feature, please disable the configuration parameter CanIfCtrlDrvCfg/CanIfCtrlDrvTxCancellation.	4.0.3 < 4.2.1
Functional	Trigger transmit	4.2.1
Functional	Pretended Networking	4.1.1



Category	Description	ASR Version
API	CanIf_CancelTransmit See chapter 3.1.1.1	4.0.3
API	CanIf_CheckWakeup See chapter 3.1.1.2	4.0.3
API	CanIf_RxIndication See chapter 3.1.1.3	4.0.3
Config	CanIfBufferSize Only one PDU instance of each Tx-PDU which is assigned to a Transmit buffer (Prioritization by CAN-identifier) can be buffered. The parameter is set automatically by Davinci Configurator 5.	4.0.3

Table 3-2 Not supported AUTOSAR standard conform features

# 3.1.1.1 Deviation API: CanIf\_CancelTransmit()

The  $CanIf\_CancelTransmit()$  API contains the functionality to cancel an ordered Tx-PDU and suppress its confirmation to the upper layer. The CAN interface expects the API  $Can\_CancelTx()$  to be provided by the underlying CAN driver. If your CAN driver does not provide this API then please ensure that the configuration parameter

CanIfPublicCfg/CanIfPublicCancelTransmitSupport is disabled in your configuration. However, if your configuration requires this parameter to be enabled at all but your CAN driver does not provide this API then please create an empty stub which matches the following signature:

void Can\_CancelTx (Can\_HwHandleType Hth, PduIdType PduId)

and embed it via a user configuration file [Parameter: CanIfUserConfigFile].

# 3.1.1.2 Deviation API: CanIf\_CheckWakeup

According to AUTOSAR the API Can\_CheckWakeup() must have the signature

Can\_ReturnType Can\_CheckWakeup(uint8 Controller)

with the return values CAN OK or CAN NOT OK.

# The CAN Interface supports only the signature

▶ Std ReturnType Can CheckWakeup(uint8 Controller)

with the return values E\_OK and E\_NOT\_OK,

if at least one underlying CAN driver from Vector Informatik has not the BSWMD parameter CanGeneral/CanCheckWakeupCanRetType.





#### Note

Please ignore this deviation if all underlying CAN drivers

- are from Vector Informatik.

or

- are from third party vendors and are implemented according to AUTOSAR specification 4.0.3 - 4.2.2.

In these cases the CAN drivers and the CAN interface are compatible and there is no malfunction.

If the underlying CAN drivers are a combination of at least one third party CAN driver and of at least one Vector Informatik CAN driver, which has not the BSWMD parameter CanGeneral/CanCheckWakeupCanRetType you will not have any malfunction, if:

1. the third party CAN drivers have the Can\_CheckWakeup() API signature Std ReturnType Can CheckWakeup(uint8 Controller).

or

2. the return values CAN\_OK and E\_OK from the third party CAN drivers are equal.

or

- 3. you do not evaluate the return value of API <code>CanIf\_CheckWakeup()</code> in your application at all
- If one of the three above described cases applies, you have to set the BSWMD parameter CanIfPrivateCfg/CanIfCheckWakeupCanRetType to User Defined, keep the value false and ignore the warning.

# 3.1.1.3 Deviation API: CanIf RxIndication()

The prototype of CanIf RxIndication() was changed in AUTOSAR 4.2.2.

In case of you are using a CAN driver which is implemented according to AUTOSAR specification

#### as of 4.2.2:

▶ Please set the configuration parameter CanIfCtrlDrvCfg/CanIfRxIndicationPrototype to CANIF RX IND ASR422.

# before 4.2.2:

▶ Default configuration. You do not have to take care about the configuration parameter CanIfCtrlDrvCfg/CanIfRxIndicationPrototype.



# 3.1.2 Additions/ Extensions

The following features are provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard:

# **Features Provided Beyond The AUTOSAR Standard**

Transmit-buffer handling type FIFO

Buffering (send request and data) of Tx-PDUs mapped to a Tx-buffer in the CAN Interface in the requested order.

Multiple transmit-buffers per CAN controller

Per CAN controller multiple independent transmit-buffers may be configured with different handling types: FIFO or prioritization by CAN identifier.

Control of reception mode of a Rx-PDU

This feature provides the ability to control the reception mode of a Rx-PDU individually at runtime.

J1939 Dynamic Address Support

Translating of addresses according to J1939 by using of dynamic address lookup tables which are maintained by J1939Nm.

Data checksum Rx

Verification of checksum of Rx-PDUs.

Data checksum Tx

Appending of checksum to Tx-PDUs.

Internal wakeup

Internal wakeup by calling CanIf SetControllerMode().

Extended RAM-check

This service provides the ability in order to request an underlying CAN controller to execute a check of CAN controller HW-registers. The usage of this feature requires a corresponding license.

Post-build selectable

MICROSAR identity manager using Post-build selectable.

Tx-PDU truncation

Ability to truncate the Tx-PDU length, if it exceeds the configured length (according to AUTOSAR standard 4.4.0)

**Bus Mirroring** 

Reports transmitted and received PDUs to the Bus Mirroring module (based on AUTOSAR standard 4.4.0 with deviations as described in chapter 3.15).

Security event reporting

Reports occurred security events at a CAN controller to the Intrusion Detection System Manager module.

Table 3-3 Features provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard



# 3.2 Initialization

Several functions are available to initialize the CAN Interface. The following code example shows which functions have to be called to initialize the CAN Interface and to allow transmission and reception.

```
CanIf InitMemory();
      /* Mandatory call which reinitializes global variables to
                   set the CAN Interface back to uninitialized
                   state. */
CanTrcv xxx InitMemory() and CanTrcv xxx Init()
  /* have to be called to initialize the CAN Transceiver Driver
                  and set the CAN Transceiver to the preconfigured
                   state. For some CAN Controllers it is necessary
                   to have a recessive signal on the Rx Pin to be
                   able to initialize the CAN Controller. This
                   means the CAN transceiver has to be set to
                   "normal mode" before CanIf Init() is called. */
Can InitMemory() and Can Init();
  /* have to be called before CanIf Init is called. */
CanIf Init(<PtrToCanIfConfiguration>);
  /* Global initialization of the CAN Interface: all available CAN
                   Interface controllers are initialized within
                   this call. If postbuild-selectable configuration
                   is active a valid configuration has to be passed
                   to CanIf Init. In other cases the parameter is
                   ignored and a NULL pointer can be used */
CanIf SetControllerMode(0, CANIF CS STARTED);
  /* The controller mode of CAN controller 0 is set to started
                  mode. This means the CAN controller is
                   initialized and ready to communicate
                   (acknowledge of the CAN controller is
                   activated). Communication is not yet possible
                   because the CAN Interface will neither pass Tx
                   PDUs from higher layers to the CAN Driver nor
                   accept Rx PDUs from the CAN Driver. */
```



CanIf SetPduMode(0, CANIF SET ONLINE);

During the CAN Interface initialization with <code>CanIf\_Init()</code> the <code>EcuM\_BswErrorHook()</code> is called and the initialization will be aborted when at least one of the following errors occures:

- ▶ Pointer to the configuration is invalid (ECUM\_BSWERROR\_NULLPTR)
- ► Generator is not compatible (ECUM\_BSWERROR\_COMPATIBILITYVERSION)
- ▶ Magic number is wrong (ECUM BSWERROR MAGICNUMBER)

# 3.3 Communication Modes

The CAN Interface knows two main types of communication modes.

#### 3.3.1 Controller Mode

The controller mode represents the physical state of the CAN controller. The following modes are available:

- ► CANIF CS STOPPED
- CANIF CS STARTED
- ► CANIF CS SLEEP
- ► CANIF CS UNINIT

There is no mode called bus off. Bus off is treated as a transition from STARTED to STOPPED mode. All transitions have to be initiated using the API function CanIf\_SetControllerMode(). The controller mode can be switched for each controller independent of the mode of other controllers in the system.

The mode <code>CANIF\_CS\_UNINIT</code> is the default mode after power on. It is left to mode <code>CANIF\_CS\_STOPPED</code> after <code>CanIf\_Init()</code> is called and can only be entered again by a reset of the ECU.

The modes <code>CANIF\_CS\_SLEEP</code> and <code>CANIF\_CS\_STARTED</code> can only be entered from <code>CANIF\_CS\_STOPPED</code>. This means a transition from STARTED to SLEEP and vice versa is not possible without requesting the STOPPED mode first.

It is always possible to request the current active controller mode by calling the API CanIf\_GetControllerMode().



# 3.3.2 PDU Mode

The other type of communication mode is completely processed by software (it does not represent any state of the hardware). Transitions of the PDU mode are only possible if the controller mode is set to CANIF CS STARTED.

The following PDU modes are available:

► CANIF GET OFFLINE

Rx and Tx path are switched offline

► CANIF GET RX ONLINE

Rx path online, Tx path offline

► CANIF GET TX ONLINE

Rx path offline, Tx path online

► CANIF GET ONLINE

Rx and Tx path are switched online

► CANIF GET OFFLINE ACTIVE

Rx and Tx path offline, confirmation is emulated by the CAN Interface

► CANIF GET OFFLINE ACTIVE RX ONLINE

Rx path online, Tx path offline, confirmation is emulated by the CAN Interface

If parameter CanIfPnWakeupTxPduFilterSupport (s. chapter 3.14) is enabled then the following two further modes are available:

- CANIF GET TX ONLINE WAKF

Rx path offline, tx path online

- CANIF GET ONLINE WAKF

Rx and Tx path are switched online

The difference to the modes CANIF\_GET\_ONLINE and CANIF\_GET\_TX\_ONLINE is that the Tx-PDU filter is activated if the PDU mode is changed to one of these two modes. (s. chapter 3.14).



#### Caution

If one of the modes CANIF\_GET\_TX\_ONLINE\_WAKF or CANIF\_GET\_ONLINE\_WAKF is left by calling of CanIf\_SetPduMode() with parameter PduModeRequest which equals CANIF\_SET\_OFFLINE or CANIF\_SET\_TX\_OFFLINE or CANIF\_SET\_TX\_OFFLINE or CANIF\_SET\_TX\_ONLINE or CANIF\_SET\_TX\_ONLINE then the Tx-PDU Filter is deactivated!

The PDU modes can be set via the function <code>CanIf\_SetPduMode()</code> and can be retrieved via the function <code>CanIf\_GetPduMode()</code>.



# 3.4 Transmission

The transmission of PDUs is only possible after the CAN Interface and CAN Driver are initialized and the CAN Interface resides in the CANIF\_CS\_STARTED / CANIF\_GET\_ONLINE or CANIF\_CS\_STARTED / CANIF\_GET\_TX\_ONLINE mode. In all other states the Tx requests are rejected by the CAN Interface.

The Tx request has to be initiated by a call to the function:

```
CanIf Transmit(<TxPduId>, <PduInfoPtr>);
```

The CAN Interface uses the PDU ID (<TxPduId>) to acquire more information from the generated data to be able to transmit the message. This data is used to call the function Can\_Write of the CAN Driver which needs information about the PDU like the CAN identifier, length of data, data by itself and the hardware transmit handle which represents the mailbox used for transmission of the PDU.

After a successful transmission of the message on the bus a confirmation function is called by the CAN Driver either from interrupt context or in case of Tx polling from task context. This confirmation is dispatched in the CAN Interface to notify the corresponding higher layer about the transmission of the PDU. For this purpose for each PDU a call back function has to be specified at configuration time.

The transmission request is rejected by returning E NOT OK in the following cases:

- The CAN Interface is not in the controller state CANIF CS STARTED
- The CAN Interface is not in the PDU mode CANIF\_GET\_ONLINE or CANIF\_GET\_TX\_ONLINE
- The length of a PDU that shall be transmitted exceeds the configured length and the feature Tx-PDU truncation is disabled for the affected PDU ID.
- The transmit buffer is not active and the corresponding mailbox used for transmission is occupied (BasicCAN Tx messages only).
- An error occurred during transmission (DET will be informed)

## 3.4.1 Tx-PDU truncation

The feature Tx-PDU truncation can be configured for each Tx-PDU individually via the parameter CanIfTxPduTruncation and can be reconfigured in the Post-build-loadable configuration phase.

If the feature is enabled and the length of a PDU that shall be transmitted exceeds the configured length of the PDU referenced by the PDU ID, the PDU length will be truncated to the configured length.

If the feature is disabled and the length of a PDU that shall be transmitted exceeds the configured length of the PDU referenced by the PDU ID, the transmission request will be rejected. Additionally the runtime error CANIF\_E\_TXPDU\_LENGTH\_EXCEEDED is reported.



# 3.4.2 Dynamic transmission

The feature is activated by the parameter "Dynamic Tx Objects".

The adjustments for the dynamic objects are the same as for the static with the exception that the CAN ID and the attribute whether extended or standard CAN ID can be selected manually.

By default the dynamic object has the CAN ID parameterized during configuration time until it is changed by the call of the API  $Canlf\_SetDynamicTxId$ (). In order to set an extended CAN ID the most significant bit of its value passed to the API shall be set.

The PDU IDs of the dynamic objects are represented as symbolic handles in the file CanIf Cfg.h.

#### 3.4.3 Transmit-buffer

The CAN Interface provides a mechanism to buffer Tx-PDUs (including data) which are mapped to a Tx-buffer. This means if the Tx-hardware-object of such Tx-PDU is occupied the Tx-PDU-instance is stored within the CAN Interface until the Tx-hardware-object becomes free.

Two handling types of a transmit-buffer are supported:

- 1. FIFO
- 2. Prioritization by CAN-identifier

The handling type defines in which manner the Tx-PDUs stored within the Tx-buffer are transmitted in case of the underlying Tx-hardware-object becomes free. At all the Tx-PDUs stored within a Tx-buffer are processed either in context of the Tx-confirmation interrupt or in context of CAN Driver's Tx-main-function in case of polling mode.

The configuration of multiple transmit-buffers is described in chapter 3.4.3.3.

#### 3.4.3.1 FIFO

The stored Tx-PDUs are transmitted in manner First-In-First-Out. Each Tx-PDU-instance is stored. If the FIFO is full then NO Tx-PDUs are stored until the FIFO becomes free.



#### Caution

If the CAN driver rejects a transmission request from the CAN Interface for a Tx-PDU out of a FIFO (Can\_Write() API returns with CAN\_NOT\_OK) or does not confirm a transmitted Tx-PDU from a FIFO to the CAN Interface (CanIf\_TxConfirmation() API is not called), it is no longer possible to transmit new Tx-PDUs and already buffered Tx-PDUs which belong to the affected FIFO.

The rejection from the CAN driver can be detected, if the <code>Can\_Write()</code> API reports a DET.

This situation can be solved by restarting the respective CAN controller (mode transition from STARTED to STOPPED and again to STARTED), which clears all Tx-PDUs from the FIFO.





#### Caution

In case of transmit-buffer of handling type FIFO only one instance of a Tx-PDU (the last one stored within the FIFO) can be and is cancelled from the FIFO via usage of API CancelTransmit! (Feature: "Cancellation of Tx-PDUs", see chapter 5.1.6).

# 3.4.3.2 Prioritization by CAN-identifier

The stored Tx-PDUs are transmitted in manner: Tx-PDU with high priority is sent before those one with lower priority. The priority is given by the CAN-identifier of the Tx-PDU. A Tx-PDU with a low CAN-identifier has higher priority than a one with greater CAN-identifier. The priority of a Tx-PDU is static and is determined from values of parameters CanIfTxPduCanId and CanIfTxPduCanIdType. Please consider this aspect in case of configuration of Tx-PDUs with dynamic CAN-identifier. Only one instance of each Tx-PDU is stored within such Tx-buffer: If a Tx-PDU is requested to be transmitted and the Tx-buffer of this Tx-PDU is already in use the already stored data of this Tx-PDU is overwritten in order to ensure the transmission of most newest data.

This handling type can be used to avoid inner priority inversion. This means if the CAN Interface passes a transmit request to the CAN Driver while all Tx-hardware-objects are occupied and at least one hardware object is occupied by a CAN message with lower priority than the message used for the current transmit request the CAN Driver initiates the cancellation of the message with the lowest priority. The cancelled CAN-message is stored in the Tx-buffer of the CAN Interface if the corresponding Tx-buffer is free. Otherwise it is discarded to ensure the transmission of most newest data. By this way a Tx-hardware message object becomes free and allows the CAN Interface to pass the CAN-message with the highest priority to the CAN Driver.



#### Caution

The described: "inner priority inversion" is only supported if at most only one Tx-buffer of handling type: Prioritization by CAN-identifier is configured per CAN controller!



# 3.4.3.3 Multiple Transmit-buffers

This feature can only be used if the underlying CAN Driver supports the feature "Multiple Tx-BasicCAN hardware objects". The Figure 3-1 shows the objects which are needed to be configured within the EcuC-configuration and the relationship among themselves. For each Transmit-buffer a triple of objects: CanHardwareObject, CanIfHthCfg and CanIfBufferCfg must be configured and linked with each other and to corresponding CAN controller (objects: CanController and CanIfCtrlCfg).

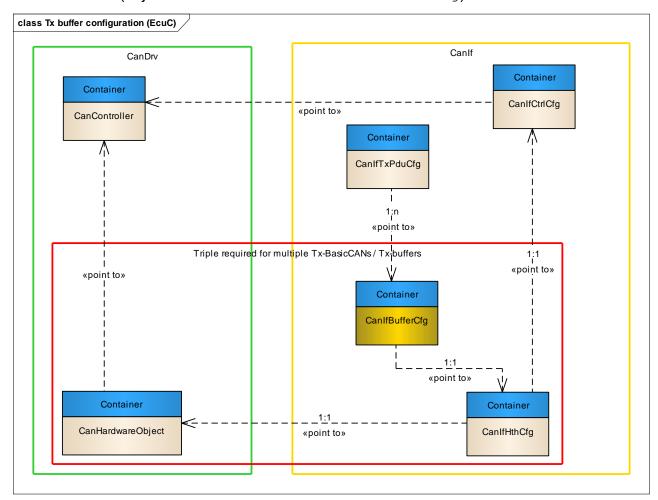


Figure 3-1 Configuration of multiple Transmit-buffers

After this step you can map Tx-PDUs to configured Transmit-buffer (object: CanIfBufferCfg). The described handling type of a transmit-buffer (see chapter 3.4.3) can be configured via the parameter CanIfTxBufferHandlingType. For further information about configuration of a Transmit-buffer please refer to the help which can be found in the GUI of the DaVinci Configurator 5 and to the descriptions of attributes of container CanIfBufferCfg.

# 3.4.4 Tx confirmation polling support

The CAN Interface supports a service which provides the information on whether any Tx confirmation has occurred for a CAN controller since the last start of that CAN controller at all. This feature can be enabled via the parameter

CanIfPublicTxConfirmPollingSupport. If enabled the API

CanIf GetTxConfirmationState() is provided and can be used for this service.



# 3.4.5 Data checksum Tx

This feature can be used to append a checksum to data of a Tx-PDU. The configuration of such Tx-PDU can be done individually via the parameter <code>CanIfTxPduDataChecksumPdu</code>. The appending of checksum is application specific and must be implemented within the API <code>CanIf\_TransmitSubDataChecksumTxAppend()</code>. For further information please see the description of the prototype of this API in chapter 5.4.2.2.

For further information about configuration of this feature at all please refer to the help which can be found in the GUI of the DaVinci Configurator 5 and to the description of mentioned parameters.

# 3.5 Reception

Reception of PDUs is only possible in the states

CANIF CS STARTED and CANIF GET ONLINE

or

CANIF CS STARTED and CANIF GET RX ONLINE.

In all other states the PDUs received by the CAN Driver are discarded by the CAN Interface without notification to the upper layers.

The CAN Interface supports reception of FullCAN- as well as BasicCAN-messages. The upper layers do not notice any differences between these two reception types as in both cases a call back function is called which was configured for the specified PDU in the generation tool.

The upper layer is notified about the PDU ID given by the corresponding upper layer at configuration time, the received data and depending on the used indication function about the length of the received data.

In case of BasicCAN reception the CAN Interface has to search through a list of all known Rx messages and compare the received CAN ID with the CAN ID in the Rx message list.

The CAN Interface offers three different search algorithms:

- ▶ **Linear search**: The list of all Rx PDUs is searched from high priority (Low CAN Identifier) to low priority (High CAN Identifier). This algorithm is efficient for a small amount of Rx messages.
- ▶ **Double Hash search**: The Rx PDU is calculated via two special hash functions. The algorithm is very efficient for a high amount of Rx messages and always takes the same time.



#### Note

The Double Hash search algorithm uses the mathematical operation modulo.



▶ **Binary search**: The list of Rx PDUs is split in two equal sized parts and the search is continued recursively on a list of PDUs which contains half the messages. This search algorithm terminates faster for big amounts of Rx messages than the linear search.



#### Caution

The binary search algorithm cannot be used for mixed ID systems.

# **3.5.1** Ranges

The BasicCAN message object can be used to receive groups of CAN messages called ranges. A range can be defined either by an upper and a lower CAN identifier or by a mask and a code.

The definition of a range by an upper and a lower CAN identifier is performed by the following parameters:

- CanifRxPduCanidRangeLowerCanid and
- ► CanIfRxPduCanIdRangeUpperCanId.

A mask-code-range is defined by parameters:

- ► CanIfRxPduCanId (code) and
- CanIfRxPduCanIdMask (mask).

In case of a mask-code-range each CAN identifier which fulfills the following equation pass the range and the reception of the corresponding Rx PDU is reported to the upper layer.

► <CAN identifier> & <mask> == <code> & <mask>

One PDU ID is assigned to all messages which pass the configured range. Hence the upper layer is not able to get additional message properties like the CAN identifier. For each range an indication function can be assigned in the generation tool in order to notify the higher layer about the reception of a message.



A range defined by an upper and a lower CAN identifier can be converted into a mask-code-range. Therefor please see the following example.



# Example: How to convert a lower CAN ID and an upper CAN ID into mask and code?

Lower CAN ID: 0x400 Upper CAN ID: 0x43F

The code is same as the lower CAN ID:

code = 0x400

You need the count which is upper CAN ID – lower CAN ID  $\rightarrow$  0x43F – 0x400 = 0x3F The count 0x3F is 000 0011 1111b in 11-bit binary format. For a range with extended CAN IDs the count needs to be 29-bit wide.

The mask is calculated out of negated count and a 11-bit mask:

mask = ~0x3F & 0x7FF = 0x7C0

For extended IDs you need a 29-bit mask:

mask = ~0x3F & 0x1FFF FFFF = 0x1FFF FFC0

#### Note:

If for count the first set bit is followed by unset bits on lower significant positions for the calculation of the mask these bits need to be set. For example a count of 0xA3 (1010 0011b) you need to calculate with the count 0xFF (1111 1111b). The consequence is that more CAN IDs are received as intended.

# 3.5.2 DLC check

The DLC check is executed for all received messages after they pass the search algorithm (PDU is in Rx list) or if they are defined to be received in FullCAN message objects. The feature DLC check can be activated only at Pre-compile time at all. If activated the DLC check can be configured for each Rx-PDU individually and can be reconfigured in the Post-build-loadable configuration phase.

The DLC check verifies if the received DLC is greater or equal to the DLC specified during configuration time. If the DLC is less than the configured one a DET error is raised and the reception of the PDU is abandoned.

# 3.5.3 Data checksum Rx

This feature can be used to verify the validity of a Rx-PDU after reception. The Rx-PDU which shall be verified can be configured individually via the parameter CanIfRxPduDataChecksumPdu. The verification is application specific and must be implemented within the API CanIf\_RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify(). For further information please see the description of the prototype of this API in chapter 5.4.2.1.

In addition an indication function may be configured which signals about invalidity of a Rx-PDU. This indication function can be configured via the parameter CanIfDispatchDataChecksumRxErrorIndicationName.

The call of this indication function is application specific too and if required must be invoked within the implementation of CanIf RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify().



The prototype of the indication function must match following signature:

```
void My DataChecksumRxErrFct (PduIdType CanIfRxPduId)
```

and can be accessed via the macro: CanIf\_GetDataChecksumRxErrFctPtr() (see file CanIf Cfg.h)

It is recommended to call this indication function with the identifier of affected Rx-PDU. Therefor the value of parameter <code>CanIfRxPduId</code> should be used which is passed by call of <code>CanIf\_RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify()</code>. The value of this parameter is a CAN interface internal identifier which corresponds to value of configuration parameter <code>CanIfRxPduId</code>. Corresponding macros are generated per Rx-PDU into file <code>CanIf Cfg.h</code>. These ones can be used by application (s. example below).

For further information about configuration of this feature at all please refer to the help which can be found in the GUI of the DaVinci Configurator 5 and to the description of mentioned parameters.

# 3.5.4 Control of reception mode of a Rx-PDU

This feature provides the ability to control the reception mode of a Rx-PDU at runtime. The reception mode can be set per Rx-PDU individually at runtime via the API: CanIf\_SetPduReceptionMode(). In order to address a Rx-PDU you can use the corresponding symbolic name value which can be found in file CanIf\_Cfg.h (s. example below).

For further information about this API please see chapter 5.1.28. This feature can be used for e.g. either to receive a CAN-message as a Rx-PDU with an explicit CAN-identifier or as a Rx-range-PDU. In case of the configured CAN-identifier of a Rx-PDU fits the range of CAN-identifiers of a Rx-range-PDU on the same CAN controller as well. In case of a FullCAN-Rx-PDU the reception can be controlled at runtime at all.

This feature can be enabled via the parameter <code>CanIfSetPduReceptionModeSupport</code>. In addition Rx-PDUs whose reception mode is intended to be controlled at runtime must be configured accordingly via the parameter <code>CanIfRxPduSetReceptionModePdu</code>.



For further information about configuration of this feature at all please refer to the help which can be found in the GUI of the DaVinci Configurator 5 and to the description of mentioned parameters.

# 3.6 Polling

The CAN Interface can process events in polling and interrupt mode. As the polling of events is executed by other layers (e.g. CAN Driver, CAN Transceiver Driver) the CAN Interface is notified by call back functions which are called in the corresponding context.



#### **Note**

There is no need for changes in the configuration to run the CAN Interface in polling mode.

## 3.7 CAN FD

The CAN Interface supports CAN FD. The configuration can be performed both for Rx- and Tx-PDUs. Therefor please configure the attribute <code>CanIfRxPduCanIdType</code> (Rx-PDU) and <code>CanIfTxPduCanIdType</code> (Tx-PDU) accordingly as required by your application. In case of Rx-PDUs the message type (e.g. FD or not-FD) is evaluated during the Rx-search algorithm. Hence it is possible to handle two messages with the same CAN identifier, at which one is configured as FD and one as not-FD and to map them to different Rx-PDUs.



## **Expert Knowledge**

If you intend to switch the baudrate of the CAN hardware at runtime it is suggested to use the API CanIf SetBaudrate instead of CanIf ChangeBaudrate.

Rx- and Tx-FD-PDUs with up to 64 bytes payload are supported.



## **Basic Knowledge**

If you intend to configure BasicCAN-FD-Tx-PDUs and the Tx-buffer is enabled in your configuration please ensure that attribute CanIfStaticFdTxBufferSupport is enabled.

# 3.8 Meta data Rx- / Tx-support

If this feature is enabled the CAN Interface supports the handling of dynamic CAN-identifiers by using of SDU meta data. Such dynamic PDU can be configured by parameter MetaDataLength. This parameter can be found in the container of corresponding global PDU. In case of configuration variant Link-time or Post-build loadable please enable this feature by setting of parameter CanIfMetaDataSupport to true. In case of configuration variant Pre-compile the activation/deactivation of this feature is determined from the configuration of Rx- and Tx-PDUs. If there is any PDU which has configured the parameter MetaDataLength then this feature is enabled else disabled.



# 3.9 J1939 dynamic address support

If this feature is enabled the CAN Interface translates the addresses (CAN identifiers) of Rx- and Tx-PDUs according to J1939 by using of dynamic address lookup tables. These tables are maintained by J1939Nm by using of following APIs:

- > CanIf SetAddressTableEntry and
- > CanIf ResetAddressTableEntry.

This feature has to be configured for each CAN controller individually by the parameter <code>CanIfCtrlJ1939DynAddrSupport</code>. Please consider that in case of configuration variant Post-build loadable and configuration phase Post-build the value which you can select by <code>CanIfCtrlJ1939DynAddrSupport</code> is limited by value of <code>CanIfJ1939DynAddrSupport</code> which was set at configuration phase Pre-compile. Therefore in case of configuration variant Post-build loadable please first enable this feature as far as you need at all by the parameter <code>CanIfJ1939DynAddrSupport</code> and then configure the controller specific parameter of this feature. In case of configuration variant Pre-compile it is only possible to configure the controller specific parameter.



#### Caution

The feature J1939 dynamic address support works only if all Rx-PDUs of the CAN controller at which this feature is enabled are configured as BasicCANs and if all the corresponding hardware filters are opened completely!

# 3.10 CAN transceiver handling

The CAN Interface provides APIs and call back functions to control as many CAN transceivers as CAN controllers are available in the system. The CAN transceiver handling has to be activated at pre-compile time.

The CAN Interface provides the following functions for higher layers to control the behavior of the CAN transceiver.

- CanIf SetTrcvMode()
- CanIf TrcvModeIndication()
- CanIf GetTrcvMode()
- CanIf GetTrcvWakeupReason()
- CanIf SetTrcvWakeupMode()



Additionally the following APIs are provided in order to control a partial networking CAN transceiver.

- CanIf CheckTrcvWakeFlag()
- CanIf CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication()
- CanIf ClearTrcvWufFlag()
- CanIf ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication()
- CanIf ConfirmPnAvailability()

The initialization of the CAN Transceiver Driver itself is not executed by the CAN Interface. This means the calling layer has to make sure the CAN Transceiver Driver is initialized before using the listed API functions.

If more than one different CAN Transceiver Driver is used in the system the CAN Interface provides a mapping to address the correct CAN Transceiver Driver with the correct parameters. The parameter CanIfTransceiverMapping has to be activated to control more than one CAN Transceiver Driver.

It is also allowed to activate the parameter <code>CanIfTransceiverMapping</code> if only one CAN Transceiver Driver is used in the system. Because of additional runtime it is suggested to deactivate this feature in this use case.

The CAN Interface supports the detection of wakeup events raised by a CAN transceiver. The feature "Wakeup Support" has to be activated and a wakeup source has to be configured for the corresponding CAN transceiver.

Within the API <code>CanIf\_CheckWakeup()</code> the CAN Interface analyses the passed wakeup source parameter and decides whether a CAN controller or a CAN transceiver has to be requested for a pending wakeup event.

For more details refer to the chapter 3.11 Sleep / Wakeup.

# 3.11 Sleep / Wakeup

The CAN Interface controls the modes of the underlying CAN Driver and CAN Transceiver Driver.

The API  $CanIf\_SetControllerMode()$  has to be used to change the mode of the CAN controller while the CAN transceiver can be controlled with the API  $CanIf\_SetTrcvMode()$ .



#### Caution

The CAN Interface itself does not perform any checks whether the CAN controller and the CAN transceiver are set to sleep consistently and in the correct sequence. It is up to the higher layer to call <code>CanIf\_SetControllerMode()</code> and <code>CanIf\_SetTrcvMode()</code> in the correct sequence.



Wakeup events can be raised either by the CAN controller or by the CAN transceiver. In both cases the CAN Interface is not directly informed about state changes. This means the higher layers (normally the EcuM) has to call the API <code>CanIf\_CheckWakeup()</code> with the wakeup sources configured for CAN transceiver or CAN controller (1).

The CAN Interface decides by analyzing the passed wakeup source whether the CAN controller or the CAN Transceiver Driver has to be checked for a pending wakeup (2 or 2').

The following figure illustrates the described wakeup sequence:

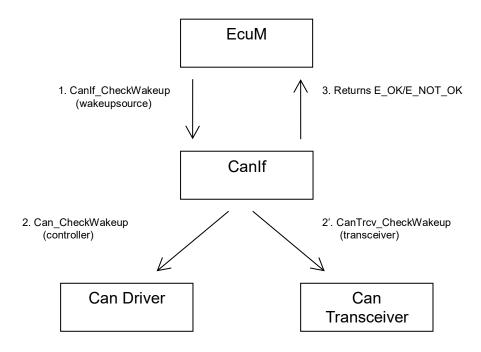


Figure 3-2 Wakeup sequence (No validation)

If the parameter "CanlfPublicWakeupCheckValidSupport" is enabled the following figure shows the sequence which has to be executed for a valid wakeup. Steps 1 to 3 take place as described above.

After the call of <code>EcuM\_SetWakeupEvent()</code> the CAN Interface has to be set to the state <code>CANIF\_CS\_STARTED</code> to be able to receive messages. These messages won't be passed to upper layers by the CAN Interface because the PDU-mode is still set to <code>OFFLINE</code>. The state change which sets the CAN Interface to the mode <code>STARTED</code> has to be realized by the call of the API <code>CanIf\_SetControllerMode()</code> with mode <code>CANIF\_CS\_STARTED(5)</code> from the function <code>EcuM\_StartWakeupSources()</code> (4). If the wakeup was detected by the CAN transceiver the CAN controller has to be woken up internally. This means the call <code>CanIf\_SetControllerMode()</code> with mode <code>CANIF\_CS\_STOPPED</code> is necessary in (5) before the transition to mode <code>STARTED</code> is executed.

If the wakeup is initiated by the CAN controller the corresponding CAN transceiver has to be set to mode NORMAL and the CAN controller has to be set to mode STARTED.



If the wakeup is initiated by a CAN transceiver the CAN controller has to be woken up internally. This means an additional call of <code>CanIf\_SetControllerMode()</code> with mode <code>CANIF\_CS\_STOPPED</code> has to be executed to wakeup the CAN controller before the transition to mode <code>STARTED</code> is initiated. (Depending on the behavior of the CAN transceiver the CAN controller and the configuration itself it is possible to wakeup both the CAN controller and the CAN transceiver externally.)

Next the EcuM starts a time out for the wakeup validation. This means if a message is received within this timeout (6) the call of <code>CanIf\_CheckValidation()</code> executed by the EcuM (7) will result in a successful validation. The CAN Interface checks for a recent Rx event (6) which occurred after the wakeup and notifies the EcuM by calling of <code>EcuM ValidationWakeupEvent()</code>.

If there is no message reception after (5) the function <code>CanIf\_CheckValidation()</code> has been called no successful wakeup validation won't be notified and the EcuM will run into a timeout. In this case the EcuM calls <code>EcuM\_StopWakeupSources()</code> (8') and the CAN Driver and CAN transceiver have to be set to mode <code>SLEEP</code> again.

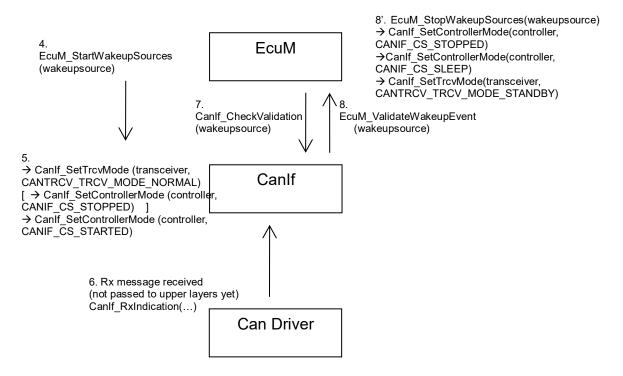


Figure 3-3 Wakeup sequence (Wakeup validation)

During the wakeup sequence as well as during the transition to mode SLEEP, the higher layers have to take care about the sequence of the state transitions affecting the CAN controller (CAN Driver) and the CAN Transceiver Driver.

Since ASR4.0R3 it is configurable on whether only a received CanNm-message is able to do the validation.



#### 3.12 Bus Off

The CAN Interface handles bus off events notified by the CAN Driver in interrupt driven or polling systems. If a bus off event is raised the CAN Driver forwards it to the CAN Interface by calling the function <code>CanIf\_ControllerBusOff()</code>.

The CAN Interface switches its internal CAN controller state from STARTED to STOPPED and the PDU mode is set to OFFLINE.

In this state no reception and no transmission is possible until the CAN Interface's controller state and as a result the CAN controller's bus off state is recovered by the call of the function CanIf SetControllerMode() for the affected CAN controller by the higher layer.

After the CAN controller state is switched the bus off state is recovered. For successful reception and transmission the PDU mode has to be switched to RX\_ONLINE, TX\_ONLINE or ONLINE by the higher layer.

#### 3.13 Version Info

The version of the CAN Interface module can be acquired in three different ways. The first possibility is by calling of the function  $CanIf\_GetVersionInfo()$ . This function returns the module's version in the structure  $Std\_VersionInfoType$  which includes the VendorlD and the ModuleID additionally.

The second possibility is the access of version defines which are specified in the header file CanIf.h.

The following defines can be evaluated to access different versions:

#### AUTOSAR version:

- CANIF AR RELEASE MAJOR VERSION
- CANIF AR RELEASE MINOR VERSION
- CANIF AR RELEASE PATCH VERSION

# Module version:

- ► CANIF SW MAJOR VERSION
- ► CANIF SW MINOR VERSION
- ► CANIF SW PATCH VERSION

# Module ID:

► CANIF MODULE ID

## Vendor ID:

► CANIF VENDOR ID



There is a third possibility to at least acquire the SW version by accessing globally visible constants:

- CanIf MainVersion
- ► CanIf SubVersion
- ► CanIf ReleaseVersion



#### Note

The API  $CanIf\_GetVersionInfo()$  is only available if enabled at Pre-compile time. The definitions can be accessed independent of the configuration.

# 3.14 Partial Networking

This feature consists of two sub-features:

- ▶ Wakeup Tx-PDU filter (parameter: CanIfPnWakeupTxPduFilterSupport)
- ► Handling of a partial networking CAN transceiver (parameter: CanIfPnTrcvHandlingSupport)

The mentioned sub-features can be used only if the attribute CanIfPublicPnSupport is enabled. See the following table for more information about mentioned sub-features.

Feature	Description
CanIfPnWakeupTxPduFilterSupport	Tx-PDU filter which is activated if the PDU mode is changed either to CANIF_SET_ONLINE_WU_FILTER or to CANIF_SET_TX_ONLINE_WU_FILTER. This filter is active until the first Tx-confirmation / Rx-indication of the corresponding CAN controller arrives. Only certain Tx-PDUs which are labeled as Tx wakeup filter PDUs (s. parameter CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu) can pass the filter. All Tx-requests of other Tx-PDUs are refused by CAN Interface until the filter is disabled.
CanIfPnTrcvHandlingSupport	Handling of a partial networking CAN transceiver

Table 3-4 Sub-features of feature Partial Networking

The parameter <code>CanIfPnTrcvHandlingSupport</code> is enabled automatically if at least one underlying CAN Transceiver Driver supports partial networking. In case of using the feature <code>CanIfPnWakeupTxPduFilterSupport</code> the Tx-PDUs which are allowed to pass the filter have to be configured accordingly. This kind of configuration can be performed individually for every Tx-PDU via the parameter <code>CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu</code>.





#### Note

Please consider that the filter of a certain CAN controller is only active if at least one Tx-PDU of this CAN controller has the parameter CanIfTxPduPnFilterPdu enabled.

The feature CanIfPnWakeupTxPduFilterSupport is configurable in all three configuration variants:

- Pre-compile
- Link-time
- Post-build-loadable

Except the restriction that this feature has to be enabled at Pre-compile time at all there are no any further restrictions concerning the reconfiguration of this feature in accordance with the Tx-PDUs which may pass the filter in case of a Link-time or a Post-build-loadable configuration variant.

#### 3.15 Bus Mirroring

The Bus Mirroring can be globally enabled at Pre-compile time. If it is globally enabled, the mirroring can be enabled/disabled per CAN controller with the API CanIf\_EnableBusMirroring() during runtime. After initialization mirroring is disabled on all CAN controllers.

When the mirroring is enabled on a CAN controller for each successfully transmitted or received CAN frame the CAN-ID, length and content is reported to the Bus Mirroring module. All received CAN frames that pass the hardware acceptance filter are reported, regardless of whether the CAN frame (L-PDU) exists in the ECU configuration or not. Transmitted CAN frames are reported when the transmission is confirmed by the Vector Informatik only CAN Driver callout API Appl GenericConfirmation().

The APIs to get the current error state, the current Rx error counter and the current Tx error counter from a CAN controller

- CanIf CanIf GetControllerErrorState()
- CanIf GetControllerRxErrorCounter()
- CanIf GetControllerTxErrorCounter()

are used by the Bus Mirroring module and are only available, if Bus Mirroring is globally enabled





#### Caution

A successful transmitted CAN frame is not reported from the API CanIf\_TxConfirmation() to the Bus Mirroring module as specified by AUTOSAR 4.4.0 but instead from the Vector Informatik only CAN driver callout API Appl\_GenericConfirmation(). Therefore, it is not necessary to store the content of each CAN frame before it is transmitted in the CAN interface as specified by AUTOSAR 4.4.0. The Vector Informatik CAN driver stores the content of each CAN frame before it is transmitted and provides the stored content after a successful transmission to the CAN interface by the callout API Appl\_GenericConfirmation().

The feature can only be used, if all underlying CAN drivers are from Vector Informatik and have the BSWMD parameter CanGeneral/CanGenericConfirmationAPI2.

#### 3.16 Security event reporting

The security event reporting can be enabled at Pre-compile time. If it is enabled, every detected security event at a CAN controller is reported with the associated context data to the Intrusion Detection System Manager module (IdsM).

The following security events with their context data can be reported:

Security event	Context data
Security Event Error State BusOff	Canlf ControllerId
Security Event Error State Passive	Canlf Controllerld and result, which error counter(s) exceeded the threshold
Security Event Rx Error Detected	Canlf ControllerId and CAN error
Security Event Tx Error Detected	Canlf ControllerId and CAN error

Table 3-5 Security events with their context data



#### **Note**

If a detected bus error at a CAN controller does not fit to any specified CAN error (in Can\_ErrorType), the CAN Interface reports the security events Security Event Rx Error Detected and Security Event Tx Error Detected to the IdsM. In both calls the CAN error in the context data is CAN\_ERROR\_TYPE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE.



#### Note

Between the occurrence of an error state passive on a CAN controller and its notification to the CAN interface, the error counters can meanwhile have fallen below the threshold value again. In this case the CAN Interface is notified about the error state passive at a CAN controller with error counter values below the threshold. If both error counter values are below the threshold the *Security Event Error State Passive* is reported with the worst-case result in the context data, that both counters exceeded the threshold (CANIF RX TX THRESHOLD EXCEEDED), to the IdsM.



#### 3.17 Multiple CAN Drivers

The CAN Interface supports multiple CAN Drivers which are implemented according to AUTOSAR specification 4.1.1.

Different CAN Drivers are addressed by using the values of attributes "VendorId" and "VendorApiInfix" defined in BSWMD file of corresponding CAN Driver.

In order to ensure compatibility with this CAN Interface the following naming convention of APIs of CAN Driver need to be provided.

```
<Bsw>_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_<ApiName>
```

The APIs of used CAN Driver has to be named as follows:

```
Basic CAN Driver APIs

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_SetControllerMode

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_Write

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_CancelTx(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_CheckWakeup(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_CheckBaudrate(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ChangeBaudrate(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_SetBaudrate(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_SetBaudrate(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_GetControllerErrorState(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_GetControllerRxErrorCounter(*)

Can_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_GetControllerTxErrorCounter(*)
```

Table 3-6 Adapted CAN Driver APIs (\* optional)

The following table lists APIs of CAN Interface which have to be called by a CAN Driver in case of multiple CAN Drivers are configured:

```
Basic CAN Driver APIs

CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_RxIndication
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_TxConfirmation
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ControllerBusOff
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ControllerErrorStatePassive(*)
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ControllerModeIndication
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_CancelTxNotification(*)
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_CancelTxConfirmation(*)
CanIf_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ErrorNotification(*)
Appl_<VendorId>_<VendorApiInfix>_ErrorNotification(*)
```

Table 3-7 APIs of CAN Interface which have to be used in multiple CAN Driver configurations (\* optional)



#### Caution

In case of using of a CAN Driver which is not provided by Vector Informatik please pay attention to chapter 3.1.1.2.



#### 3.18 Extended RAM-check

This feature is configured via the parameter <code>CanIfExtendedRamCheckSupport</code>. For further information about configuration of this feature please refer to the description of mentioned parameter.

#### 3.19 Error Handling

#### 3.19.1 Development Error Reporting

By default, development errors are reported to the DET using the service Det\_ReportError() as specified in [2], if development error reporting is enabled (i.e. precompile parameter CANIF DEV ERROR REPORT==STD ON).

If another module is used for development error reporting, the function prototype for reporting the error can be configured by the integrator, but must have the same signature as the service <code>Det\_ReportError()</code>.

The reported CAN Interface ID is 60.

The reported service IDs identify the services which are described in chapter 5. The following table presents the service IDs and the related services:

0		
	ice ID	Service
1	CANIF_INIT_API	CanIf_Init
3	CANIF_SETCONTROLLERMODE_API	CanIf_SetControllerMode
4	CANIF_GETCONTROLLERMODE_API	CanIf_GetControllerMode
5	CANIF_TRANSMIT_API	CanIf_Transmit
9	CANIF_SETPDUMODE_API	CanIf_SetPduMode
10	CANIF_GETPDUMODE_API	CanIf_GetPduMode
11	CANIF_GETVERSIONINFO_API	CanIf_GetVersionInfo
12	CANIF_SETDYNAMICTXID_API_ID	CanIf_SetDynamicTxId
13	CANIF_SETTRCVMODE_API	CanIf_SetTrcvMode
14	CANIF_GETTRCVMODE_API	CanIf_GetTrcvMode
15	CANIF_GETTRCVWAKEUPREASON_API	CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason
16	CANIF_SETTRCVWAKEUPMODE_API	CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode
17	CANIF_CHECKWAKEUP_API	CanIf_CheckWakeup
18	CANIF_CHECKVALIDATIONUP_API	CanIf_CheckValidation
19	CANIF_TXCONFIRMATION_API	CanIf_TxConfirmation
20	CANIF_RXINDICATION_API	CanIf_RxIndication
21	CANIF_CANCELTXCONFIRMATION_API	CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation
22	CANIF_CONTROLLERBUSOFF_API	CanIf_ControllerBusoff
23	CANIF_CONTROLLERMODEINDICATION	CanIf_ControllerModeIndication
	_API	
24	CANIF_TRCVMODEINDICATION_API	CanIf_TrcvModeIndication
25	CANIF_GETTXCONFIRMATIONSTATE_API	CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState
26	CANIF_CONFIRMPNAVAILABILITY_API	CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability



Serv	ice ID	Service
27	CANIF_BAUDRATECHANGE_API	CanIf_ChangeBaudrate
28	CANIF_BAUDRATECHECK_API	CanIf_CheckBaudrate
30	CANIF_CLEARTRCVWUFFLAG_API	CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag
31	CANIF_CHECKTRCVWAKEFLAG_API	CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag
32	CANIF_CLEARTRCVWUFFLAGINDICATION _API	CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication
33	CANIF_CHECKTRCVWAKEFLAGINDICATION _API	CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication
39	CANIF_BAUDRATESET_API	CanIf_SetBaudrate
75	CANIF_GETCONTROLLERERRORSTATE_API	CanIf_GetControllerErrorState
76	CANIF_ENABLEBUSMIRRORING_API	CanIf_EnableBusMirroring
77	CANIF_GETCONTROLLERRXERRORCOUNTER _API	CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter
78	CANIF_GETCONTROLLERTXERRORCOUNTER _API	CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter
79	CANIF_CONTROLLERERRORSTATEPASSIVE _API	CanIf_ControllerErrorStatePassive
80	CANIF_ERRORNOTIFICATION_API	CanIf_ErrorNotification
243	CANIF_APPL_GENERICCONFIRMATION _API	Appl_GenericConfirmation
244	CAN_IF_RAMCHECKCORRUPTCONTROLLER _API	CanIf_RamCheckCorruptController
245	CAN_IF_RAMCHECKCORRUPTMAILBOX_API	CanIf_RamCheckCorruptMailbox
246	CANIF_SETPDURECEPTIONMODE_API	CanIf_SetPduReceptionMode
247	CANIF_RAMCHECKENABLECONTROLLER _API	CanIf_RamCheckEnableController
248	CANIF_RAMCHECKENABLEMAILBOX_API	CanIf_RamCheckEnableMailbox
249	CANIF_RAMCHECKEXECUTE_API	CanIf_RamCheckExecute
250	CANIF_CANCELTRANSMIT_API	CanIf_CancelTransmit
251	CANIF_TXNOTIFICATION_API	CanIf_CancelTxNotification
252	CANIF_SETADDRESSTABLEENTRY_API	CanIf_SetAddressTableEntry
253	CANIF_RESETADDRESSTABLEENTRY_API	CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry

Table 3-8 Service IDs



# The errors reported to DET are described in the following table:

Erro	r Code	Description
10	CANIF_E_PARAM_CANID	Used in context of following functions if an invalid CAN identifier is passed:
		- CanIf_RxIndication
		- CanIf_SetDynamicTxId
11	CANIF_E_PARAM_DLC	Used in context of following functions if a PDU with invalid data length is passed:  - CanIf_RxIndication - CanIf_Transmit - CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation
12	CANIF_E_PARAM_HRH	Used in context of following function if an invalid hardware receive handle is passed:
		- CanIf_RxIndication
13	CANIF_E_PARAM_LPDU	Used in context of following functions if an invalid Tx-PDU is passed:
		- CanIf_TxConfirmation
		- CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation
		- CanIf_CancelTxNotification
		- Appl_GenericConfirmation
14	CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLER	Used in context of following functions if an invalid CAN controller is passed:
		- CanIf_ControllerBusOff
		- CanIf_ControllerModeIndication
		- CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState
		- CanIf_SetTrcvMode
		- CanIf_GetTrcvMode
		- CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason
		- CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode
		- CanIf_TrcvModeIndication
		- CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability
		- CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag
		- CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication
		- CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag
		- CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndicatio
		- CanIf_ControllerErrorStatePassive
		- CanIf_ErrorNotification
15	CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID	Used in context of following functions if an invalid CAN controller is passed:
		- CanIf_SetControllerMode
		- CanIf_GetControllerMode
		- CanIf_SetPduMode
		- CanIf_GetPduMode



Erro	r Code	Description
15	CANIF_E_PARAM_CONTROLLERID	- CanIf_CheckBaudrate
		- CanIf_ChangeBaudrate
		- CanIf_SetBaudrate
		- CanIf_SetAddressTableEntry
		- CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_TxConfirmation
		- CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation
		- CanIf_CancelTransmit
		- CanIf_CheckWakeup
		- CanIf_RamCheckExecute
		- CanIf_RamCheckEnableMailbox
		- CanIf_RamCheckEnableController
		- CanIf_GetControllerErrorState
		- CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter
		- CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter
		- CanIf_EnableBusMirroring
		- Appl_GenericConfirmation
16	CANIF_E_PARAM_WAKEUPSOURCE	Used in context of following functions if an invalid wakeup source is passed:
		- CanIf_CheckValidation
		- CanIf_CheckWakeup
17	CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCV	Used in context of following functions if an invalid CAN transceiver is passed:
		- CanIf_TrcvModeIndication
		- CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason
		- CanIf_GetTrcvMode
		- CanIf_SetTrcvMode
		- CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode
		- CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability
		- CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication
		- CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication
		- CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag
		- CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag
17	CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCV	- CanIf_CheckWakeup
18	CANIF_E_PARAM_TRCVMODE	Used in context of following function if an invalid CAN transceiver mode is passed:
		- CanIf_SetTrcvMode
19	CANIF_E_PARAM	Used in context of following function if an invalid CAN
	_TRCVWAKEUPMODE	transceiver wakeup mode is passed:
		- CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode



Erro	r Code	Description
20	CANIF_E_PARAM_POINTER	Used in context of following functions if an invalid pointer is passed:  - CanIf_Init - CanIf_GetControllerMode - CanIf_Transmit - CanIf_RxIndication - CanIf_GetPduMode - CanIf_GetVersionInfo - CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason - CanIf_GetTrcvMode - CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation - CanIf_CetControllerErrorState - CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter - CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter - Appl_GenericConfirmation
21	CANIF_E_PARAM_CTRLMODE	Used in context of following function if an invalid CAN controller mode is passed:  - CanIf_SetControllerMode
22	CANIF_E_PARAM_PDU_MODE	Used in context of following function if an invalid PDU mode is passed: - CanIf_SetPduMode
30	CANIF_E_UNINIT	Used in context of following functions if called before the CAN Interface is initialized:  - CanIf_Transmit - CanIf_TxConfirmation - CanIf_RxIndication - CanIf_ControllerBusOff - CanIf_SetPduMode - CanIf_GetPduMode - CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation - CanIf_CheckWakeup - CanIf_CheckValidation - CanIf_GetTrcvWakeupReason - CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode - CanIf_SetTrcvWakeupMode - CanIf_SetOntrollerModeIndication - CanIf_SetOntrollerMode - CanIf_SetControllerMode - CanIf_GetControllerMode - CanIf_GetControllerMode - CanIf_GetControllerMode - CanIf_SetTrcvMode - CanIf_SetTrcvMode - CanIf_SetTrcvMode - CanIf_GetTrcvMode



Erro	r Code	Description
30	CANIF E UNINIT	- CanIf CancelTransmit
		- CanIf ConfirmPnAvailability
		- CanIf ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication
		- CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication
		- CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlag
		<ul> <li>CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag</li> </ul>
		- CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState
		- CanIf_CheckBaudrate
		- CanIf_ChangeBaudrate
		- CanIf_SetBaudrate
		- CanIf_SetPduReceptionMode
		- CanIf_SetAddressTableEntry
		- CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry
		- CanIf_RamCheckExecute
		- CanIf_RamCheckEnableMailbox
		- CanIf_RamCheckEnableController
		- CanIf_SetPduReceptionMode
		- CanIf_GetControllerErrorState
		- CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter
		- CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter
		- CanIf_EnableBusMirroring
		- Appl_GenericConfirmation
		- CanIf_ControllerErrorStatePassive
		- CanIf_ErrorNotification
40	CANIF_E_NOK_NOSUPPORT	Not used.
44	CANIF_E_INVALID _PDURECEPTIONMODE	Used in context of following function if an invalid reception mode is passed:
		- CanIf_SetPduReceptionMode
50	CANIF_E_INVALID_TXPDUID	Used in context of following functions if an invalid Tx-PDU is passed:
		- CanIf_CancelTransmit
		- CanIf_SetDynamicTxId
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_TxConfirmation
60	CANIF_E_INVALID_RXPDUID	Used in context of following function if an invalid Rx-PDU is passed:
		- CanIf_SetPduReceptionMode
61	CANIF_E_INVALID_DLC	Used in context of following function if the length of received PDU is invalid (smaller than the configured one):
		- CanIf_HlIndication



Erro	r Code	Description
70	CANIF_E_STOPPED	Used in context of following function if it is called while either the controller mode is STOPPED or the PDU mode is OFFLINE:  - CanIf_Transmit
71	CANIF_E_NOT_SLEEP	Used in context of following function if it is called while the CAN controller mode is neither in SLEEP nor in STOPPED.  - CanIf_CheckWakeup
90	CANIF_E_TXPDU_LENGTH _EXCEEDED	Used to inform that a PDU which shall be transmitted exceeds the configured length.  Used in context of following function:  - CanIf Transmit
Addit	ionally defined error codes (not AUTO	_
45	CANIF_E_CONFIG	Used to detect inconsistent data in the generated files due to misconfiguration.
		Used in context of following functions:
		- CanIf_RxIndication
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_RamCheckCorruptMailbox
		- CanIf_RamCheckCorruptController
		- CanIf_RamCheckExecute
		- CanIf_RamCheckEnableMailbox
		- CanIf_GetControllerErrorState
		- CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter
		- CanIf_GetControllerTxErrorCounter
46	CANIF_E_FATAL	Used to detect either an invalid (out of bounce) write access to a variable or an invalid read access to function pointer tables in order to prevent undefined behaviour at runtime.
		Used in context of following functions:
		- CanIf_Init
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation
		- CanIf_CancelTransmit
		- CanIf_CancelTxNotification
		- CanIf_TxConfirmation



Erro	r Code	Description
47	CANIF_E_INVALID_SA	Used in context of following functions if an invalid J1939 source address (SA) is determined:
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_RxIndication
48	CANIF_E_INVALID_DA	Used in context of following functions if an invalid J1939 destination address (DA) is determined:
		- CanIf_Transmit
		- CanIf_RxIndication
49	CANIF_E_INVALID _CANIDTYPESIZE	Used in context of following function if the size [bytes] of type Can_IdType is inconsistent between static and generated code:
		- CanIf_Init
50	CANIF_E_INVALID_DLC METADATA	Used in context of following function if a Rx-PDU of type: meta data is received with invalid length
		- CanIf_RxIndication
51	CANIF_E_FULL_TX_BUFFER _FIFO	Used to inform that the transmit-buffer of handling type FIFO is full and that no further Tx-PDUs can be buffered.
		Used in context of following function:
		- CanIf_Transmit
52	CANIF_E_INVALID_DOUBLEHASH _CALC	Used in context of following function if the calculated match via the double hash algorithm for a received CAN message is not in valid range:
		- CanIf_RxIndication

Table 3-9 Errors reported to DET



#### Caution

If the development error detection is disabled not only the reporting of the errors is suppressed but also the detection i.e. the verification of valid function parameters.

#### 3.19.2 Production Code Error Reporting

The CAN Interface has no specified Production Errors [1]. Therefore, the CAN Interface does not support a Production Code Error Reporting.



# 4 Integration

This chapter gives necessary information for the integration of the MICROSAR CAN Interface into an application environment of an ECU.

## 4.1 Embedded Implementation

The delivery of the CAN Interface contains the files which are described in the chapters 4.1.1 and 4.1.2:

#### 4.1.1 Static Files

File Name	Description
CanIf.c	Implementation
CanIf.h	Header file, has to be included by higher layers to access the API
CanIf_Cbk.h	Header file, has to be included by underlying layers to access call back functions provided by the CAN Interface
CanIf_Types.h	Definition of types provided by the CAN Interface which have to be used by other layers. This file is included automatically if either CanIf.h or CanIf_Cbk.h is included.
CanIf_GeneralTypes.h	This header file is included by Can_GeneralTypes.h and contains the public types of the CAN Interface.

Table 4-1 Static files

### 4.1.2 Dynamic Files

The dynamic files are generated by the configuration tool.

File Name	Description
CanIf_Cfg.h	Generated header file (included automatically by CanIf.h and CanIf_Cbk.h)
CanIf_Lcfg.c	Contains link time configuration data. Contains data in case of Pre-compile, Link-time and Post-build configuration variant.
CanIf_PBcfg.c	Contains post build configuration data. In case of Link-time variant is used, this file is empty.
CanIf_CanTrcv.h	Generated header file which includes the necessary header files of the transceiver drivers used in the system.

Table 4-2 Generated files



#### 4.2 Include structure

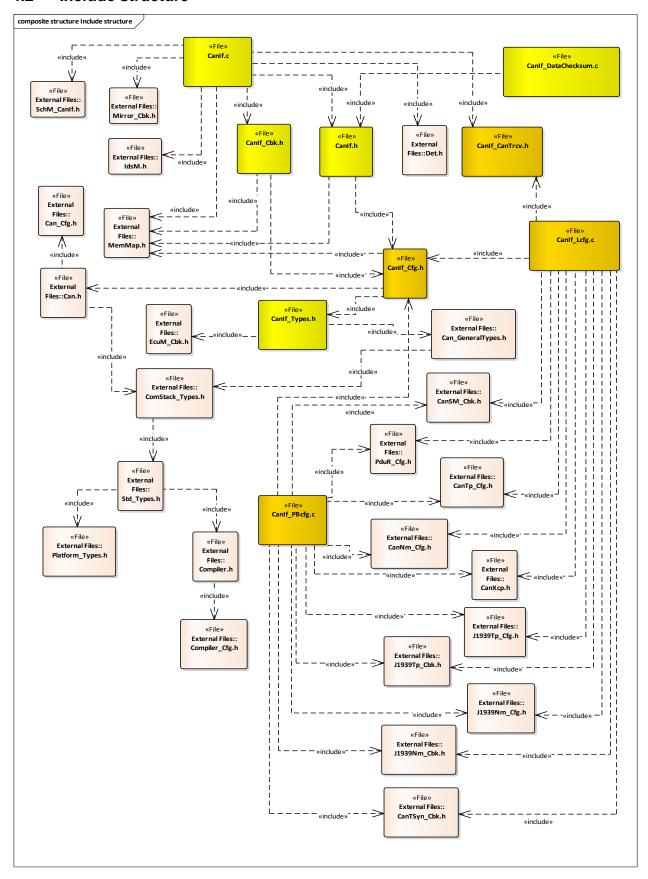


Figure 4-1 Include structure



#### 4.3 Critical Sections

The AUTOSAR standard provides with the BSW Scheduler a BSW module, which handles entering and leaving critical sections. For more information about the BSW Scheduler please refer to [3]. The CAN Interface provides critical section codes that have to be mapped by the BSW Scheduler to following mechanism:

Critical Section Define	Description	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_0	Ensures consistency while modifying/changing the CAN-Interface controller mode.	
	> Used inside CanIf_SetControllerMode()	
	> Duration is long	
	> Calls to Can_SetControllerMode() and to several sub-functions	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_1	Ensures the consistency of transmit queue.	
	> Used inside CanIf_Init(), CanIf_SetControllerMode(), CanIf_ControllerBusOff(), CanIf_SetPduMode(), CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation() and CanIf_CancelTransmit()	
	> Duration is medium	
	> Calls to several sub-functions	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_2	Ensures the consistency of transmit queue and mode handling.	
	> Used inside CanIf_TxConfirmation(),	
	CanIf_CancelTxConfirmation() and	
	CanIf_CancelTxNotification	
	> Duration is long	
	> Calls to Can_Write() and to several sub-functions	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_3	Ensures the consistency of transmit queue and mode handling.	
	> Used inside CanIf_SetPduMode()	
	> Duration is medium	
	> Calls to several sub-functions	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_4	Ensures the consistency while transmission.	
	> Used inside CanIf_Transmit()	
	> Duration is long	
	> Calls to Can_Write() and to several sub-functions	
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_5	Ensures the consistency of the dynamic CAN identifier.	
	> Used inside CanIf_SetDynamicTxId()	
	> Duration is short	
	> No calls inside	



Critical Section Define	Description
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_6	Ensures the consistency of the dynamic J1939 addressing indirection.
	> Used inside CanIf_SetAddressTableEntry() and CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry()
	> Duration is short
	> No calls inside
CANIF_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_7	Ensures the consistent usage of the dynamic J1939 addressing informations.
	> Usage inside CanIf_RxIndication()
	> Duration is short
	> No calls inside

Table 4-3 Critical Section Codes

If the exclusive areas are entered the upper layer needs to make sure that the CAN interrupts are disabled. Additionally the following table describes which API of the CAN Interface must not be called during the corresponding area is entered. The CAN Interface API CanIf CancelTxNotification() / CanIf CancelTxConfirmation() is entered mostly via the CAN interrupt. In case of a platform which confirmation for a transmit API example cancellation needs be polled the corresponding (for Can MainFunction Write()) must not be called if the corresponding lock area is entered.

	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_0	CANIF_EXCLUSI\ E_ AREA_1	CANIF_EXCLUSI\ E_ AREA_2	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_3	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_4	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_5	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_6	CANIF_EXCLUSI VE_ AREA_7
Canlf_Init	-		-	-		-		
Canlf_InitMemory								
Canlf_Transmit	-				-	-	-	
Canlf_CancelTransmit								
Canlf_SetControllerMode								
Canlf_CancelTxNotification/ Canlf_CancelTxConfirmation	-	-	-		-			
Canlf_SetPduMode								
Canlf_TxConfirmation								
Canlf_ControllerBusOff								
Canlf_RxIndication								
Canlf_SetAddressTableEntry								
CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry								

Table 4-4 Restrictions for the different lock areas



#### 4.4 Compiler Abstraction and Memory Mapping

The objects (e.g. variables, functions, constants) are declared by compiler independent definitions – the compiler abstraction definitions. Each compiler abstraction definition is assigned to a memory section.

The following table contains the memory section names and the compiler abstraction definitions defined for the CAN Interface and illustrates their assignment among each other.

Compiler Abstraction Definitions  Memory Mapping Sections	CANIF_VAR_ZEROINIT	CANIF_VAR_INIT	CANIF_VAR_NOINIT	CANIF_CONST	CANIF_PBCFG	CANIF_CODE	CANIF_APPL_CODE	CANIF_APPL_VAR	CANIF_APPL_PBCFG	CANIF_VAR_PBCFG
CANIF_START_SEC_CODE CANIF_STOP_SEC_CODE						-				
CANIF_START_SEC_PBCFG CANIF_STOP_SEC_PBCFG					-					
CANIF_START_SEC_CONST_8BIT CANIF_STOP_SEC_CONST_8BIT				-						
CANIF_START_SEC_CONST_32BIT CANIF_STOP_SEC_CONST_32BIT										
CANIF_START_SEC_CONST_UNSPECIFIED CANIF_STOP_SEC_CONST_UNSPECIFIED										
CANIF_START_SEC_VAR_NOINIT_UNSPECIFIED CANIF_STOP_SEC_VAR_NOINIT_UNSPECIFIED			-							
CANIF_START_SEC_VAR_ZERO_INIT_UNSPECIFIED CANIF_STOP_SEC_VAR_ZERO_INIT_UNSPECIFIED	-									
CANIF_START_SEC_VAR_INIT_UNSPECIFIED CANIF_STOP_SEC_VAR_INIT_UNSPECIFIED		•								
CANIF_START_SEC_VAR_PBCFG CANIF_STOP_SEC_VAR_PBCFG										•

Table 4-5 Compiler abstraction and memory mapping

The Compiler Abstraction Definitions CANIF\_APPL\_CODE, CANIF\_APPL\_VAR and CANIF\_APPL\_PBCFG are used to address code, variables and constants which are declared by other modules and used by the CAN Interface.

These definitions are not mapped by the CAN Interface but by the memory mapping realized in the CAN Driver, CAN Transceiver Driver, PDU Router, Network management, Transport Protocol Layer, ECU State Manager and the CAN State manager.



# 5 API Description

#### 5.1 Services provided by the CAN Interface

#### 5.1.1 Canlf\_InitMemory

Prototype	
void CanIf_InitMemo	ry (void)
Parameter	
-	-
Return code	
-	-

#### Functional Description

Initializes global RAM variables, which have to be available before any other API of the CAN-Interface is called. Sets the CAN-Interface to the state: uninitialized.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

May only be called once before CanIf Init().

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > TASK
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-1 CanIf\_InitMemory



#### 5.1.2 Canlf\_Init

Prototype			
void CanIf_Init (con	st CanIf_ConfigType *ConfigPtr)		
Parameter			
ConfigPtr [in]	Pointer to the CanIf_Config structure.  If multiple configurations are available, the active configuration can be selected by using the related CanIf_Config_ <identityname> structure.</identityname>		
Return code			
-	-		

# **Functional Description**

Initializes the CAN-Interface.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

The function CanIf\_InitMemory() must be called before the function CanIf\_Init() is called. This function must be called before any other service functionality of the CAN-Interface.

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > TASK
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-2 Canif\_Init



#### 5.1.3 Canlf SetControllerMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_SetControllerMode (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf ControllerModeType ControllerMode)

Parameter			
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is requested for controller mode transition.		
ControllerMode [in]	Requested controller mode transition.		
Return code			
E_OK	The request to change the controller mode has been accepted.		
E_NOT_OK	The request to change the controller mode has not been accepted.		

#### **Functional Description**

Requests a controller mode transition of a CAN controller.

Supported controller modes:

- > CANIF CS SLEEP
- > CANIF CS STOPPED
- > CANIF CS STARTED

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

CAN interrupts are not disabled (especially necessary in case of transition to  ${\tt CANIF\_CS\_SLEEP}$ ).

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > ANY
- > This function is Asynchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-3 Canlf SetControllerMode



#### 5.1.4 Canlf\_GetControllerMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_GetControllerMode (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf ControllerModeType \*ControllerModePtr)

Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is requested for its current controller mode.
ControllerModePtr [out]	Pointer to memory location, where the current controller mode of the CAN controller will be stored.
Return code	
E_OK	Controller mode request has been accepted; current controller mode is stored at ControllerModePtr.
E_NOT_OK	Controller mode request has not been accepted.

### Functional Description

Returns the current controller mode of a CAN controller.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-4 CanIf\_GetControllerMode



#### 5.1.5 Canlf Transmit

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_Transmit (PduIdType CanTxPduId, const PduInfoType
\*PduInfoPtr)

Parameter			
CanTxPduld [in]	Handle of Tx-PDU which shall be transmitted.		
PduInfoPtr [in]	duInfoPtr [in] Pointer to a struct containing the properties of the Tx PDU.		
Return codine			
E_OK	Transmit request has been accepted.		
E_NOT_OK	Transmit request has not been accepted.		

#### **Functional Description**

Initiates a request for transmission of the specified Tx-PDU.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant (only for a different CanTxPduId)

Table 5-5 CanIf\_Transmit

#### 5.1.6 Canlf\_CancelTransmit

# Prototype Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_CancelTransmit (PduIdType CanTxPduId) Parameter CanTxPduId [in] Handle of Tx-PDU which shall be canceled. Return code E\_OK Transmit cancellation request has been accepted. E\_NOT\_OK Transmit cancellation request has not been accepted.

#### **Functional Description**

Initiates the cancellation / suppression of the confirmation of the specified Tx-PDU.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

AUTOSAR only defines a dummy function. For MICROSAR this function has the functionality to cancel an ordered Tx-PDU.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_CANCEL\_SUPPORT\_API == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-6 CanIf\_CancelTransmit



#### 5.1.7 Canlf SetPduMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_SetPduMode (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf\_PduSetModeType
PduModeRequest)

Parameter			
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is requested for PDU mode transition.		
PduModeRequest [in]	Requested PDU mode transition.		
Return code			
E_OK	The request to change the PDU mode has been accepted.		
E_NOT_OK	The request to change the PDU mode has not been accepted.		

#### **Functional Description**

Requests a PDU mode transition of a CAN controller.

#### Supported PDU modes:

- > CANIF SET OFFLINE
- > CANIF SET RX OFFLINE
- > CANIF SET RX ONLINE
- > CANIF SET TX OFFLINE
- > CANIF\_SET\_TX\_ONLINE
- > CANIF SET ONLINE
- > CANIF SET TX OFFLINE ACTIVE

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Controller has to be in state CANIF CS STARTED.

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-7 Canlf\_SetPduMode



# 5.1.8 Canlf\_GetPduMode

Prototype				
	_GetPduMode (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf_PduGetModeType			
Parameter				
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is requested for its current PDU mode.			
PduModePtr [out]	Pointer to memory location, where the current PDU mode of the CAN controller will be stored.			
Return codein				
E_OK	PDU mode request has been accepted; current PDU mode is stored at PduModePtr.			
E_NOT_OK	PDU mode request has not been accepted.			
Functional Description				
Returns the current PDU mode of a CAN controller.				
Particularities and Limi	tations			
Configuration Variant(s): -				
Call context				
> ANY				
> This function is Synchronous				
> This function is Reentrant				

Table 5-8 Canlf\_GetPduMode



#### 5.1.9 Canlf\_GetVersionInfo

Drototypo		

void CanIf GetVersionInfo (Std VersionInfoType \*VersionInfo)

#### **Parameter**

VersionInfo [out] Pointer to variable Pointer to memory location, where the version information

of this module will be stored.

#### Return code

.

#### **Functional Description**

Returns the version information of the called CAN Interface module.

Version information (BCD-coded):

- > vendor ID
- > AUTOSAR module ID
- > SW version of the component

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_VERSION\_INFO\_API == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-9 Canlf\_GetVersionInfo



# 5.1.10 Canlf\_SetDynamicTxld

Prototype		
void CanIf_SetDyn	amicTxId (PduIdType CanTxPduId, Can_IdType CanId)	
Parameter		
CanTxPduld [in]	Handle of Tx-PDU which CAN identifier shall be modified.	
Canld [in]	CAN identifier which shall be set for the specified Tx-PDU.	
Return code		
-	-	

#### **Functional Description**

Reconfigures the CAN identifier of the specified Tx-PDU.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Shall not be interrupted by a call of CanIf Transmit() for the same Tx PDU.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_SETDYNAMICTXID\_API == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-10 Canlf\_SetDynamicTxld



# 5.1.11 Canlf\_SetTrcvMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_SetTrcvMode (uint8 TransceiverId, CanTrcv\_TrcvModeType
TransceiverMode)

Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for mode transition.	
TransceiverMode [in]	Requested transceiver mode transition.	
Return code		
E_OK	Transceiver mode request has been accepted.	
E_NOT_OK	Transceiver mode request has not been accepted.	

# **Functional Description**

Requests a transceiver mode transition of a CAN transceiver.

#### Supported transceiver modes:

- > CANTRCV TRCVMODE NORMAL
- > CANTRCV TRCVMODE SLEEP
- > CANTRCV TRCVMODE STANDBY

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

- > TASK
- > This function is Synchronous for each CAN transceiver, which is configured synchronous else asynchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-11 CanIf\_SetTrcvMode



#### 5.1.12 CanIf\_GetTrcvMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_GetTrcvMode (CanTrcv\_TrcvModeType \*TransceiverModePtr,
uint8 TransceiverId)

Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for current transceiver mode.	
TransceiverModePtr [out]	Pointer to memory location, where the current transceiver mode of the CAN transceiver will be stored.	
Return code		
E_OK	Transceiver mode request has been accepted; current transceiver mode is stored at TransceiverModePtr.	
E_NOT_OK	Transceiver mode request has not been accepted.	

#### **Functional Description**

Returns the current transceiver mode of a CAN transceiver.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

- > TASK
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-12 CanIf\_GetTrcvMode



# 5.1.13 Canlf\_GetTrcvWakeupReason

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_GetTrcvWakeupReason (uint8 TransceiverId, CanTrcv TrcvWakeupReasonType \*TrcvWuReasonPtr)

Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for wakeup reason.	
TrcvWuReasonPtr [out]	Pointer to memory location, where the wake-up reason of the CAN transceiver will be stored.	
Return code		
E_OK	Transceiver wakeup reason request has been accepted; wakeup reason is stored at TrcvWuReasonPtr.	
E_NOT_OK	Transceiver wakeup reason request has not been accepted.	

#### **Functional Description**

Returns the wakeup reason of a CAN transceiver.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-13 Canlf\_GetTrcvWakeupReason



#### 5.1.14 Canlf\_SetTrcvWakeupMode

#### **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_SetTrcvWakeupMode (uint8 TransceiverId, CanTrcv TrcvWakeupModeType TrcvWakeupMode)

Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested for wakeup mode transition.	
TrcvWakeupMode [in]	Requested transceiver wakeup mode transition.	
Return code		
E_OK	Transceiver wakeup mode request has been accepted.	
E_NOT_OK	Transceiver wakeup mode request has not been accepted.	

#### **Functional Description**

Requests a transceiver wakeup mode transition of a CAN transceiver.

#### Supported wakeup modes:

- > CANTRCV WUMODE ENABLE
- > CANTRCV WUMODE DISABLE
- > CANTRCV WUMODE CLEAR

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-14 CanIf\_SetTrcvWakeupMode



### 5.1.15 Canlf CheckWakeup

orrivo dariii_directiv	- ш- о и р		
Prototype			
Std_ReturnType CanIf	_CheckWakeup (EcuM_WakeupSourceType WakeupSource)		
Parameter	Parameter		
WakeupSource [in]	Source device, which initiated the wakeup event (CAN controller or CAN transceiver).		
Return code			
E_OK	The specified source device signals the wakeup event.		
E_NOT_OK	Check wakeup request has not been accepted.		
Functional Description			
Checks, whether an underlying CAN controller or CAN transceiver signals a wakeup event.			
Particularities and Limitations			
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_WAKEUP_SUPPORT == STD_ON			
Call context			
> ANY			
> This function is Synchronous			
> This function is Reentrant			

Table 5-15 Canlf\_CheckWakeup



#### 5.1.16 Canlf CheckValidation

Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf	CheckValidation (EcuM_WakeupSourceType WakeupSource)	
Parameter		
WakeupSource [in]	Source device which initiated the wakeup event and which has to be validated (CAN controller or CAN transceiver).	
Return code		
E_OK	Check validation request has been accepted.	
E_NOT_OK	Check validation request has not been accepted.	
Functional Decemention		

#### Functional Description

Checks if a Rx-PDU was received since the last wake-up event.

If a Rx-PDU was received since the last wake-up event the function configured by parameter CanlfDispatchUserValidateWakeupEventName is called.

If a RX-PDU was received between the call of <code>CanIf\_CheckWakeup</code> and <code>CanIf\_CheckWalidation</code> the configurable EcuM call back function <code>EcuM\_ValidationWakeupEvent</code> is called from the context of this function.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Canlf CheckWakeup has to be called before and a wakeup event has to be detected.

CAN Interface has to be set to <code>CANIF\_CS\_STARTED</code> mode before a validation is possible.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_WAKEUP\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON and CANIF\_WAKEUP\_VALIDATION == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-16 Canlf\_CheckValidation



# 5.1.17 CanIf\_GetTxConfirmationState

Prototype		
CanIf_NotifStatusType CanIf_GetTxConfirmationState (uint8 ControllerId)		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is requested for its Tx confirmation state.	
Return code		
CANIF_NO_NOTIFICATION	No transmit event occurred for the requested CAN controller.	
CANIF_TX_RX_NOTIFICATION	The requested CAN controller has successfully transmitted any message.	
Functional Description		
Reports if any TX confirmation has been done for the whole CAN controller since it's last start.		
Particularities and Limitations		
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_PUBLIC_TX_CONFIRM_POLLING_SUPPORT == STD_ON		
Call context		
> ANY		
> This function is Synchronous		
> This function is Reentrant		

Table 5-17 CanIf\_GetTxConfirmationState

#### 5.1.18 Canlf\_ClearTrcvWufFlag

Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf	_ClearTrcvWufFlag (uint8 TransceiverId)	
Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested to clear its WUF flag.	
Return code		
E_OK	Clear WUF flag request has been accepted.	
E_NOT_OK	Clear WUF flag request has not been accepted.	
Functional Description		
Requests a CAN transceiver to clear its WUF flag.		
Particularities and Limitations		
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_TRCV_HANDLING == STD_ON and CANIF_PN_TRCV_HANDLING == STD_ON		
Call context		

> This function is Reentrant

Table 5-18 Canlf\_ClearTrcvWufFlag

asynchronous

> ANY

> This function is Synchronous for each CAN transceiver which is configured synchronous else



#### 5.1.19 Canlf\_CheckTrcvWakeFlag

Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlag (uint8 TransceiverId)		
Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld, which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which is requested to check its Wake flag.	
Return code		
E_OK	Check Wake flag request has been accepted.	
E_NOT_OK	Check Wake flag request has not been accepted.	
Functional Description		

Requests a CAN transceiver to check for Wake flag.

#### **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON and CANIF\_PN\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD ON

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous for each CAN transceiver which is configured synchronous else a synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-19 Canlf CheckTrcvWakeFlag

#### 5.1.20 Canlf SetBaudrate

Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf_SetBaudrate (uint8 ControllerId, uint16 BaudRateConfigID)		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, whose baudrate shall be set.	
BaudRateConfigID [in]	References a baudrate configuration by ID.	
Return code		
E_OK	Set baudrate request has been accepted. Baudrate change started.	
E_NOT_OK	Set baudrate request has not been accepted.	
Functional Description		
Requests to set the baudrate configuration of the specified CAN controller.		

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_SET\_BAUDRATE\_API == STD\_ON

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-20 CanIf\_SetBaudrate



# 5.1.21 Canlf\_ChangeBaudrate

Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf	_ChangeBaudrate (uint8 ControllerId, const uint16 Baudrate)	
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, whose baudrate shall be set.	
Baudrate [in]	Requested baudrate [kbps].	
Return code		
E_OK	Change baudrate request has been accepted. Baudrate change started.	
E_NOT_OK	Change baudrate request has not been accepted.	
Functional Description		
Requests to change the baudrate of the specified CAN controller.		
If possible please use the API CanIf_SetBaudrate() instead of this one.		

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_CHANGE\_BAUDRATE\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-21 Canlf\_ChangeBaudrate



# 5.1.22 Canlf\_CheckBaudrate

	277.7	
Prototype		
Std_ReturnType CanIf_CheckBaudrate (uint8 ControllerId, const uint16 Baudrate)		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, whose baudrate support shall be checked.	
Baudrate [in]	Baudrate to check [kbps].	
Return code		
E_OK	Baudrate is supported by the CAN controller.	
E_NOT_OK	Baudrate is not supported / invalid by the CAN controller.	
Functional Description		
Checks if a CAN controller supports the specified baudrate.		
Particularities and Limitations		
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_CHANGE_BAUDRATE_SUPPORT == STD_ON		
Call context		
> ANY		
> This function is Synchronous		
> This function is Non-Reentrant		

Table 5-22 Canlf\_CheckBaudrate



#### 5.1.23 Canif\_SetAddressTableEntry

#### **Prototype**

void CanIf\_SetAddressTableEntry (uint8 ControllerId, uint8 intAddr, uint8 busAddr)

Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which a J1939 address shall be set.
intAddr [in]	J1939 internal address.
busAddr [in]	J1939 bus address.
Return code	

#### **Functional Description**

Sets up one relation between internal and external address. Only used in J1939 environment.

# Particularities and Limitations

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_J1939\_DYN\_ADDR\_SUPPORT != CANIF\_J1939\_DYN\_ADDR\_DISABLED

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-23 CanIf\_SetAddressTableEntry



# 5.1.24 Canif\_ResetAddressTableEntry

Prototype		
<pre>void CanIf_ResetAddressTableEntry (uint8 ControllerId, uint8 intAddr)</pre>		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which a J1939 address shall be reset.	
intAddr [in]	J1939 internal address.	
Return code		
-	-	

# **Functional Description**

Resets one relation between internal and external address. Only used in J1939 environment.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_J1939\_DYN\_ADDR\_SUPPORT != CANIF\_J1939\_DYN\_ADDR\_DISABLED

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-24 Canlf\_ResetAddressTableEntry

# 5.1.25 Canlf\_RamCheckExecute

Prototype		
void CanIf_RamChed	ckExecute (uint8 ControllerId)	
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]  Abstract CanIf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, for which RAM-check shall be executed.		
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description		

# Functional Description

Requests the specified CAN controller to execute the RAM check of its CAN controller HW-registers.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_EXTENDED\_RAM\_CHECK\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

# Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-25 CanIf\_RamCheckExecute



# 5.1.26 Canlf\_RamCheckEnableMailbox

Prototype		

void CanIf\_RamCheckEnableMailbox (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf\_HwHandleType
HwHandle)

HWHANGIE)	
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, for which the mailbox shall be enabled.
HwHandle [in]	Handle of the mailbox, which shall be enabled.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Reactivates the specified mailbox from a CAN controller after it was deactivated by RAM check.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF EXTENDED RAM CHECK SUPPORT == STD ON

# Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-26 Canlf RamCheckEnableMailbox

# 5.1.27 Canif RamCheckEnableController

Prototype		
void CanIf_RamCheck	EnableController (uint8 ControllerId)	
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstract Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, which shall be enabled.	
Return code		
-	-	

# Functional Description

Reactivates a CAN controller after it was deactivated by RAM check.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF EXTENDED RAM CHECK SUPPORT == STD ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-27 Canlf\_RamCheckEnableController



# 5.1.28 Canlf\_SetPduReceptionMode

# **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_SetPduReceptionMode (PduIdType id, CanIf\_ReceptionModeType
mode)

Parameter	
id [in]	The handle of Rx-PDU whose reception mode shall be changed.
mode [in]	The reception mode which shall be set. Following reception modes are possible:
	CANIF_RMT_IGNORE_CONTINUE: In case of a match the received Rx-PDU is not forwarded to configured upper layer and the search for a potential match continues.
	CANIF_RMT_RECEIVE_STOP: In case of a match the received Rx-PDU is forwarded to configured upper layer.

Return code	
E_OK	Set PDU reception mode request has been accepted. PDU reception mode was changed.
E_NOT_OK	Set PDU reception mode request has not been accepted. PDU reception mode was not changed.

# **Functional Description**

Sets the reception mode of a Rx-PDU.

With this API the upper layer may influence on which PDU ID a CAN ID is received, respective if a CAN ID is received at all.

During the initialization the reception mode of all affected Rx-PDUs is set to CANIF RMT\_RECEIVE\_STOP.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_SET\_PDU\_RECEPTION\_MODE\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant for different RX-PDU handles

Table 5-28 CanIf\_SetPduReceptionMode



# 5.1.29 Canif\_GetControllerErrorState

# **Prototype** Std ReturnType CanIf GetControllerErrorState (uint8 ControllerId,

Can ErrorStateType \*ErrorStatePtr)

Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, from which the error state is requested.
ErrorStatePtr [out]	Pointer to a memory location, where the error state of the CAN controller will be stored.
Return code	
E_OK	Error state request has been accepted; current error state is stored at ErrorStatePtr.
E_NOT_OK	Error state request has not been accepted.

# **Functional Description**

Returns the current error state of a CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_BUS\_MIRRORING\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant (only for different ControllerId)

Table 5-29 CanIf\_GetControllerErrorState



# 5.1.30 Canif\_GetControllerRxErrorCounter

1 Tototype			
<pre>Std_ReturnType CanIf_GetControllerRxErrorCounter *RxErrorCounterPtr)</pre>	(uint8	ControllerId,	uint8

Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, from which the Rx error counter is requested.	
RxErrorCounterPtr [out]	Pointer to a memory location, where the current Rx error counter of the CAN controller will be stored.	
Return code		
E_OK	Rx error counter request has been accepted; current Rx error counter is stored at RxErrorCounterPtr.	
E_NOT_OK	Rx error counter request has not been accepted.	

# **Functional Description**

Returns the current Rx error counter of a CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_BUS\_MIRRORING\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant (only for different ControllerId)

Table 5-30 Canlf\_GetControllerRxErrorCounter



# 5.1.31 Canif\_GetControllerTxErrorCounter

Prototype			
	D. Contract	Later real	
	-1461	1 A 1 A V A A V A 1	

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_GetControllerTxErrorCounter (uint8 ControllerId, uint8
\*TxErrorCounterPtr)

Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, from which the Tx error counter is requested.	
TxErrorCounterPtr [out]	Pointer to a memory location, where the current Tx error counter of the CAN controller will be stored.	
Return code		
E_OK	Tx error counter request has been accepted; current Tx error counter is stored at TxErrorCounterPtr.	
E_NOT_OK	Tx error counter request has not been accepted.	

# **Functional Description**

Returns the current Tx error counter of a CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_BUS\_MIRRORING\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant (only for different ControllerId)

Table 5-31 CanIf\_GetControllerTxErrorCounter



# 5.1.32 Canlf\_EnableBusMirroring

			4	
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	I III a 1	Na7	LIN'A	WAY.

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_EnableBusMirroring (uint8 ControllerId, boolean MirroringActive)

MILIOIINGACCIVE)	
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, for which mirroring shall be enabled or disabled.
MirroringActive [in]	TRUE: Mirroring will be enabled to report each successful received or transmitted CAN frame on the given CAN controller to the Mirror module. FALSE: Mirroring will be disabled to not report received or transmitted CAN frame on the given CAN controller to the Mirror module.
Return code	
E_OK	Mirroring change request has been accepted; mirroring was changed for the given CAN controller.
E_NOT_OK	Mirroring change request has not been accepted; mirroring was not changed for the given CAN controller.

# **Functional Description**

Enables or disables mirroring for a CAN controller.

During the initialization mirroring of all configured CAN controller is set to disabled.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_BUS\_MIRRORING\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-32 CanIf\_EnableBusMirroring



# 5.2 Services used by CAN Interface

In the following table services provided by other components, which are used by the CAN Interface are listed. For details about prototype and functionality refer to the documentation of the providing component.

Component	API
Appl	<ul><li>User_RxIndication (*)</li><li>User_TxConfirmation (*)</li></ul>
Can	<ul> <li>Can_SetControllerMode</li> <li>Can_Write</li> <li>Can_CancelTx</li> <li>Can_ CheckWakeup</li> <li>Can_ CheckBaudrate</li> <li>Can_ ChangeBaudrate</li> <li>Can_ SetBaudrate</li> <li>Can_ SetBaudrate</li> <li>Can_ RamCheckExecute</li> <li>Can_ RamCheckEnableMailbox</li> <li>Can_ RamCheckEnableController</li> <li>Can_ GetControllerErrorState</li> <li>Can_ GetControllerRxErrorCounter</li> <li>Can_ GetControllerTxErrorCounter</li> </ul>
CanNm	<ul><li>CanNm_RxIndication</li><li>CanNm_TxConfirmation</li></ul>
CanSm	<ul> <li>CanSM_CheckTransceiverWakeFlagIndication</li> <li>CanSM_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication</li> <li>CanSM_ConfirmPnAvailability</li> <li>CanSM_ControllerBusOff</li> <li>CanSM_ControllerModeIndication</li> <li>CanSM_TransceiverModeIndication</li> <li>CanSM_RamCheckCorruptController</li> <li>CanSM_RamCheckCorruptMailbox</li> </ul>
CanTp	<ul><li>CanTp_RxIndication</li><li>CanTp_TxConfirmation</li></ul>
CanTSyn	<ul><li>CanTSyn_RxIndication</li><li>CanTSyn_TxConfirmation</li></ul>
CanTrcv	<ul> <li>CanTrcv_SetOpMode</li> <li>CanTrcv_GetOpMode</li> <li>CanTrcv_SetWakeupMode</li> <li>CanTrcv_CheckWakeup</li> <li>CanTrcv_GetBusWuReason</li> </ul>
CCP	<ul><li>Ccp_RxIndication</li><li>Ccp_TxConfirmation</li></ul>



Component	API
CDD	<ul> <li>My_DataChecksumRxErrFct (*)</li> <li>User_CheckTransceiverWakeFlagIndication (*)</li> <li>User_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication (*)</li> <li>User_ConfirmPnAvailability (*)</li> <li>User_ControllerBusOff (*)</li> <li>User_ControllerModeIndication (*)</li> <li>User_RamCheckCorruptController (*)</li> <li>User_RamCheckCorruptMailbox (*)</li> <li>User_TransceiverModeIndication (*)</li> <li>User_ValidateWakeupEvent (*)</li> <li>User_RxIndication (*)</li> <li>User_TxConfirmation (*)</li> </ul>
Det	- Det_ReportError
EcuM	<ul><li>EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent</li><li>EcuM_BswErrorHook</li></ul>
IdsM	- IdsM_SetSecurityEventWithContextData
J1939Nm	<ul><li>J1939Nm_RxIndication</li><li>J1939Nm_TxConfirmation</li></ul>
J1939Tp	<ul><li>J1939Tp_RxIndication</li><li>J1939Tp_TxConfirmation</li></ul>
Mirror	- Mirror_ReportCanFrame
PduR	<ul><li>PduR_CanIfRxIndication</li><li>PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation</li></ul>
SchM	<ul><li>SchM_Enter_Canlf_<exclusivearea></exclusivearea></li><li>SchM_Exit_Canlf_<exclusivearea></exclusivearea></li></ul>
VStdLib	- VStdMemCpyRamToRam
Хср	<ul><li>- Xcp_CanlfRxIndication</li><li>- Xcp_CanlfTxConfirmation</li></ul>

Table 5-33 Services used by the CAN Interface

<sup>\*</sup> Names of the call back functions can be configured freely.



# 5.3 Callback Functions

This chapter describes the callback functions that are implemented by the CAN Interface and can be invoked by other modules. The prototypes of the callback functions are provided in the header files  $Canlf\_Cbk.h$  and Canlf.h by the CAN Interface.

# 5.3.1 Canlf\_TxConfirmation

Prototype		
void CanIf_TxConfi	rmation (PduIdType CanTxPduId)	
Parameter		
CanTxPduld [in]	Handle of the Tx-PDU which is successfully transmitted.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description	on	
Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about the successful transmission of the specified Tx-PDU.		
Particularities and Li	mitations	
Configuration Variant(s):	-	
Call context		
> ANY		
> This function is Synchronous		
> This function is Reentrant		

Table 5-34 CanIf\_TxConfirmation



# 5.3.2 Canlf RxIndication

# **Prototype**

void CanIf\_RxIndication (CanIf\_HwHandleType Hrh, Can\_IdType CanId, uint8 CanDlc, const uint8 \*CanSduPtr)

Parameter	
Hrh [in]	Hardware handle where the Rx-PDU was received in.
Canld [in]	CAN identifier of the received Rx-PDU.
CanDlc [in]	Data length of the received Rx-PDU.
CanSduPtr [in]	Pointer to the data of the received Rx-PDU.
Return code	

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about the reception of the specified Rx-PDU.

This function searches whether the received PDU matches one of the configured ones. If yes, then the configured upper layer is notified.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

The signature of the Canlf\_RxIndication() API is according to AUTOSAR Standard 4.0.3. A suitable wrapper is generated to Canlf\_Cfg.h, if you are using a CAN-Driver which is implemented to AUTOSAR Standard 4.2.2.

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-35 Canlf RxIndication



# 5.3.3 CanIf CancelTxConfirmation

# **Prototype**

void CanIf\_CancelTxConfirmation (PduIdType CanTxPduId, const Can\_PduType
\*PduInfoPtr)

Parameter	
CanTxPduld [in]	Handle of the Tx-PDU which was cancelled.
PduInfoPtr [in]	Pointer to parameters of the canceled Tx-PDU.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about the transmission cancellation of the specified Tx-PDU. The specified Tx-PDU is re-queued in a transmit-buffer.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRANSMIT\_BUFFER == STD\_ON and CANIF\_TRANSMIT\_CANCELLATION == STD\_ON

# Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-36 CanIf CancelTxConfirmation

# 5.3.4 Canif\_ControllerBusOff

Prototype		
<pre>void CanIf_ControllerBusOff (uint8 ControllerId)</pre>		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which the BusOff-event occurred.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description		

#### | Functional Description

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about an occurred BusOff-event at the specified CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-37 Canlf\_ControllerBusOff



# 5.3.5 CanIf CancelTxNotification

# **Prototype**

void CanIf\_CancelTxNotification (PduIdType PduId, CanIf\_CancelResultType
IsCancelled)

Parameter	
Pduld [in]	Handle of the Tx-PDU which was cancelled.
IsCancelled [in]	Parameter currently not evaluated.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about the transmission cancelation of the specified Tx-PDU. The specified Tx-PDU is not confirmed to the configured upper layer. The next Tx-PDU from the transmit-buffer is transmitted.

Used for trigger-purpose to fill the free HW-object, after calling of CanIf\_CancelTransmit().

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_CANCEL\_SUPPORT\_API == STD\_ON None AUTOSAR API

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-38 CanIf\_CancelTxNotification



# 5.3.6 CanIf TrcvModeIndication

# **Prototype**

void CanIf\_TrcvModeIndication (uint8 TransceiverId, CanTrcv\_TrcvModeType
TransceiverMode)

Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which controller mode has been transitioned.
TransceiverMode [in]	Transceiver mode to which the CAN transceiver transitioned.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Transceiver Driver to notify CAN Interface about a successful transceiver mode transition at the specified CAN transceiver.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

# Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-39 Canlf TrcvModeIndication

# 5.3.7 Canif ControllerModeIndication

# **Prototype**

void CanIf\_ControllerModeIndication (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf ControllerModeType ControllerMode)

Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, which controller mode has been transitioned.
ControllerMode [in]	Controller mode to which the CAN controller transitioned.
Return code	
_	_

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify CAN Interface about a successful controller mode transition at the specified CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant only for different CAN controllers (ControllerId)

Table 5-40 Canlf\_ControllerModeIndication



# 5.3.8 Canlf\_ConfirmPnAvailability

Prototype			
void CanIf_ConfirmPn	<pre>void CanIf_ConfirmPnAvailability (uint8 TransceiverId)</pre>		
Parameter			
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which has confirmed the PN availability.		
Return code			
-	-		

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Transceiver Driver to notify CAN Interface that the specified CAN transceiver is running in PN communication mode.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON and CANIF\_PN\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-41 CanIf\_ConfirmPnAvailability

# 5.3.9 Canlf\_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication

	_	
Prototype		
<pre>void CanIf_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication (uint8 TransceiverId)</pre>		
Parameter		
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which WUF flag was cleared.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Descript	tion	

# Functional Description

Called by the CAN Transceiver Driver to notify CAN Interface that the specified CAN transceiver has cleared the WUF flag.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON and CANIF\_PN\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-42 CanIf\_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication



# 5.3.10 Canlf\_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication

Prototype	
<pre>void CanIf_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication (uint8 TransceiverId)</pre>	
Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf TransceiverId which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which has detected a wake-up.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Transceiver Driver to notify CAN Interface that the specified CAN transceiver has finished the check of its wakeup events.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON and CANIF\_PN\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

#### Call context

**Prototype** 

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-43 Canlf\_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication

# 5.3.11 Canlf\_RamCheckCorruptMailbox

<pre>void CanIf_RamCheckCorruptMailbox (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf_HwHandleType HwHandle)</pre>	
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, with the corrupt mailbox.
HwHandle [in]	Handle of the corrupt mailbox.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify CAN Interface that the specified mailbox is corrupt. The specified corrupt mailbox will be notified to the application.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

CAN Interface has to be initialized.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_EXTENDED\_RAM\_CHECK\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

#### Call context

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-44 Canlf\_RamCheckCorruptMailbox



# 5.3.12 Canlf\_RamCheckCorruptController

Prototype	
ckCorruptController (uint8 ControllerId)	
Parameter	
Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is corrupt.	
Return code	
-	

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify CAN Interface that the specified CAN controller is corrupt. The specified corrupt CAN controller will be notified to the application.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_EXTENDED\_RAM\_CHECK\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

#### Call context

**Prototype** 

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Non-Reentrant

Table 5-45 Canlf\_RamCheckCorruptController

# 5.3.13 CanIf\_ControllerErrorStatePassive

# void CanIf\_ControllerErrorStatePassive (uint8 ControllerId, uint8 RxErrorCounter, uint8 TxErrorCounter) Parameter ControllerId [in] Abstracted CanIf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which the transistion to error state passive occurred. RxErrorCounter [in] Value of the rx error counter from the specified CAN controller. TxErrorCounter [in] Value of the tx error counter from the specified CAN controller. Return code - -

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about an occurred transistion to error state passive at the specified CAN controller.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_ENABLE\_SECURITY\_EVENT\_REPORTING == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-46 Canlf\_ControllerErrorStatePassive



# 5.3.14 CanIf\_ErrorNotification

Prototype		
void CanIf_ErrorN	<pre>void CanIf_ErrorNotification(uint8 ControllerId, Can_ErrorType CanError)</pre>	
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf ControllerId which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which the bus error occurred.	
CanError [in]	Occured bus error.	
Return code		
_	-	

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Driver to notify the CAN Interface about an occurred bus error at specified CAN controller

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_ENABLE\_SECURITY\_EVENT\_REPORTING == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-47 CanIf\_ErrorNotification



# 5.4 Configurable Interfaces

# 5.4.1 Notifications

At its configurable interfaces the CAN Interface defines notifications that can be mapped to callback functions provided by other modules. The mapping is not statically defined by the CAN Interface but can be performed at configuration time. The function prototypes that can be used for the configuration have to match the appropriate function prototype signatures, which are described in the following sub-chapters.

# 5.4.1.1 <User\_RxIndication> (Simple Layout)

Prototype		
<pre>void <b><user_rxindication></user_rxindication></b> (PduIdType CanRxPduId, const uint8* CanSduPtr)</pre>		
Parameter		
CanRxPduld [in]	Upper layer handle from the received Rx-PDU.	
CanSduPtr [in]	Pointer to the data of the received Rx-PDU.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description		
Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about the reception of the specified Rx-PDU.		
Particularities and Limitations		
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_RX_INDICATION_TYPE_I_IS_USED == STD_ON		
Call context		
ANY		

Table 5-48 < User RxIndication > (Simple Layout)



# 5.4.1.2 <User\_RxIndication> (Advanced Layout)

Prototype	
void <user_rxindicat< td=""><td>ion&gt; (PduIdType CanRxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)</td></user_rxindicat<>	ion> (PduIdType CanRxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)
Parameter	
CanRxPduld [in]	Upper layer handle from the received Rx-PDU.
PduInfoPtr [in]	Pointer to a struct containing the properties of the received Rx-PDU.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about the reception of the specified Rx-PDU.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

Call context

ANY

Table 5-49 <User RxIndication> (Advanced Layout)

# 5.4.1.3 <User\_RxIndication> (NmOsek Layout)

# 

Canld [in]	Can Id from the received Rx-PDU.
CanSduPtr [in]	Pointer to the data of the received Rx-PDU.
CanRxPduld [in]	Upper layer handle from the received Rx-PDU.

# Return code

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about the reception of the specified Rx-PDU.

# Particularities and Limitations

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_SUPPORT\_NMOSEK\_INDICATION == STD\_ON

Call context

**ANY** 

Table 5-50 User\_RxIndication> (NmOsek Layout)



# 5.4.1.4 <User\_RxIndication> (Cdd Layout)

# **Prototype**

void <User\_RxIndication> (PduIdType CanRxPduId, const PduInfoType\* PduInfoPtr,
Can\_IdType CanId)

Parameter	
CanRxPduld [in]	Upper layer handle from the received Rx-PDU.
PduInfoPtr [in]	Pointer to a struct containing the properties of the received Rx-PDU.
Canld [in]	Can Id from the received Rx-PDU.
Return code	

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about the reception of the specified Rx-PDU.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_RX\_INDICATION\_TYPE\_IV\_IS\_USED == STD\_ON

Call context

**ANY** 

Table 5-51 <User\_RxIndication> (Cdd Layout)

# 5.4.1.5 <User\_TxConfirmation>

# Prototype void <User\_TxConfirmation> (PduIdType TxPduId) Parameter

TxPduld [in]	Upper layer handle from the transmitted Tx-PDU.
Return code	

# Functional Description

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about the transmission of the specified Tx-PDU.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): -

Call context

ANY

Table 5-52 <User\_TxConfirmation>



# 5.4.1.6 <User\_ControllerBusOff>

Prototype	
<pre>void <user_controllerbusoff> (uint8 ControllerId)</user_controllerbusoff></pre>	
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controllerld which is assigned to a CAN controller at which a BusOff occurred.
Return code	
-	-
Functional Description	
Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about an occurred BusOff-event for the specified CAN controller.	
Particularities and Limitations	
Configuration Variant(s): -	
Call context	
ANY	

Table 5-53 < User\_ControllerBusOff>

# 5.4.1.7 < User\_ControllerModeIndication>

Prototype		
<pre>void <user_controllermodeindication> (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf_ControllerModeType ControllerMode)</user_controllermodeindication></pre>		
Parameter		
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controlle which is assigned to a CAN controller, at which the controller mode transition occurred.	
ControllerMode [in]	Controller mode to which the CAN controller transitioned.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description		
Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about a successful controller mode transition at the specified CAN controller.		
Particularities and Limitations		
Configuration Variant(s): -		
Call context		
ANY		

Table 5-54 <User\_ControllerModeIndication>



# 5.4.1.8 < User TrcvModeIndication>

Prototype		

void <User\_TrcvModeIndication> (uint8 TransceiverId, CanTrcv\_TrcvModeType TransceiverMode)

Transcervermode)	
Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted TransceiverId which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, at which a transceiver mode transition occurred.
TransceiverMode [in]	Transceiver mode to which the CAN transceiver transitioned.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer about a successful transceiver mode transition at the specified CAN transceiver.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

Call context

**ANY** 

Table 5-55 < User TrcvModeIndication>

# 5.4.1.9 <User\_ConfirmPnAvailability >

Prototype	
void <user_confirmp< td=""><td>nAvailability&gt; (uint8 TransceiverId)</td></user_confirmp<>	nAvailability> (uint8 TransceiverId)
Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which has confirmed the PN availability.
Return code	
-	-

# **Functional Description**

Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer that the specified CAN transceiver is running in PN communication mode.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON and CANIF\_PN\_TRCV\_HANDLING == STD\_ON

# Call context

ANY

Table 5-56 < User\_ConfirmPnAvailability >



# 5.4.1.10 <User\_ClearTrcvWufFlagIndication>

Prototype	
void <user_cleartrcv< td=""><td>WufFlagIndication&gt; (uint8 TransceiverId)</td></user_cleartrcv<>	WufFlagIndication> (uint8 TransceiverId)
Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which WUF flag was cleared.
Return code	
-	-
Functional Description	
Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer that the specified CAN transceiver has cleared the WUF flag.	
Particularities and Limitations	
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_TRCV_HANDLING == STD_ON and CANIF_PN_TRCV_HANDLING == STD_ON	
Call context	

Table 5-57 <User\_ClearTrcWufFlagIndication>

ANY

# 5.4.1.11 <User\_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>

Prototype	
void <user_checktrcvwakeflagindication> (uint8 TransceiverId)</user_checktrcvwakeflagindication>	
Parameter	
TransceiverId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Transceiverld which is assigned to a CAN transceiver, which has detected a wakeup.
Return code	
-	-
Functional Description	
Called by the CAN Interface to notify the configured upper layer that the specified CAN transceiver has finished the check of its wakeup events.	
Particularities and Limi	itations
Configuration Variant(s): C/STD_ON	ANIF_TRCV_HANDLING == STD_ON and CANIF_PN_TRCV_HANDLING ==
Call context	
ANY	

Table 5-58 <User\_CheckTrcvWakeFlagIndication>



# 5.4.1.12 <User\_ValidateWakeupEvent>

Prototype		
void <user_validatew< td=""><td colspan="2"><pre>void <user_validatewakeupevent> (EcuM_WakeupSourceType sources)</user_validatewakeupevent></pre></td></user_validatew<>	<pre>void <user_validatewakeupevent> (EcuM_WakeupSourceType sources)</user_validatewakeupevent></pre>	
Parameter		
sources [in]	Validated CAN wakeup events. Every CAN controller or CAN transceiver can be a separate wakeup source.	
Return code		
-	-	
Functional Description		
Called by the CAN Interface events.	e to notify the configured upper layer about the specified validated CAN wakeup	
Particularities and Limi	tations	
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_WAKEUP_VALIDATION == STD_ON		
Call context		
ANY		

Table 5-59 < User\_ValidateWakeupEvent>

# 5.4.1.13 <User\_RamCheckCorruptMailbox>

Prototype	
void <user_ramcheckc HwHandle)</user_ramcheckc 	orruptMailbox> (uint8 ControllerId, CanIf_HwHandleType
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controller which is assigned to a CAN controller with the corrupt mailbox.
HwHandle [in]	The corrupt mailbox.
Return code	
-	_
Functional Description	
Called by the CAN Interface	e to notify the configured upper layer that the specified mailbox is corrupt.
Particularities and Limitations	
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_EXTENDED_RAM_CHECK_SUPPORT == STD_ON	
Call context	
ANY	

Table 5-60 < User\_RamCheckCorruptMailbox>



# 5.4.1.14 <User\_RamCheckCorruptController>

Prototype	
void <user_ramcheckc< td=""><td>orruptController&gt; (uint8 ControllerId)</td></user_ramcheckc<>	orruptController> (uint8 ControllerId)
Parameter	
ControllerId [in]	Abstracted Canlf Controller which is assigned to a CAN controller, which is corrupt.
Return code	
-	_
Functional Description	
Called by the CAN Interface	e to notify the configured upper layer that the specified CAN controller is corrupt.
Particularities and Limi	tations
Configuration Variant(s): CANIF_EXTENDED_RAM_CHECK_SUPPORT == STD_ON	
Call context	
ANY	

Table 5-61 <user\_RamCheckCorruptController>

# 5.4.1.15 <My\_DataChecksumRxErrFct>

Prototype	
void <my_datachecksumrxerrfct> (PduIdType CanIfRxPduId)</my_datachecksumrxerrfct>	
Parameter	
CanlfRxPduld [in]	Handle of the Rx-PDU which has a wrong data chechsum.
Return code	
-	_
<b>Functional Description</b>	
Called by the CAN Interfact with a wrong data checksul	e to notify the configured upper layer that the specified Rx-PDU was received m.
Particularities and Limi	itations
CAN Interface has to be ini Configuration Variant(s): Call context	itialized. ANIF_DATA_CHECKSUM_RX_SUPPORT == STD_ON
ANY	

Table 5-62 <My\_DataChecksumRxErrFct>



# 5.4.2 Callout Functions

At its configurable interfaces the CAN Interface defines callout functions. The declarations of the callout functions are provided by the BSW module, i.e. the CAN Interface It is the integrator's task to provide the corresponding function definitions. The definitions of the callouts can be adjusted to the system's needs. The CAN Interface callout function declarations are described in the following tables

# 5.4.2.1 Canlf\_RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify

# **Prototype**

Std\_ReturnType CanIf\_RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify (PduIdType CanIfRxPduId, Can IdType CanId, uint8 CanDlc, const uint8 \*CanSduPtr)

Parameter	
CanlfRxPduld [in]	Handle of the Rx-PDU, which checksum shall be verifed.
Canld [in]	CAN identifier of received Rx-PDU
CanDlc [in]	Data length of received Rx-PDU
CanSduPtr [in]	Pointer to data of received Rx-PDU
Return code	
E_OK	Verification of checksum passed. In this case the Rx-PDU is forwarded to upper layer.
E_NOT_OK:	Verification of checksum failed. In this case the Rx-PDU is discarded and NOT forwarded to upper layer.

# **Functional Description**

Is called by the CAN Interface to verify the data checksum from a received Rx-PDU that contains a data checksum.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

This API is called in context in which the consistency of all passed parameters is ensured. Hence no further protection is required within.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF DATA CHECKSUM RX SUPPORT == STD ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- > This function is Reentrant

Table 5-63 Canlf\_RxIndicationSubDataChecksumRxVerify



# 5.4.2.2 Canlf\_TransmitSubDataChecksumTxAppend

# **Prototype**

void TransmitSubDataChecksumTxAppend (const Can\_PduType \*txPduInfoPtr, uint8
\*txPduDataWithChecksumPtr)

Parameter	
txPduInfoPtr [in]	Pointer to Tx-PDU-parameters: CAN identifier, data length, data.
txPduDataWithChecksumPtr [out]	Pointer to data buffer where the data of Tx-PDU incl. the checksum will be stored in. The data checksum PDU is transmitted with data stored in this buffer.
	Note: Parameter "txPduDataWithChecksumPtr" may only be written with index >= 0 and < CANIF_CFG_MAXTXDLC_PLUS_DATACHECKSUM (see file CanIf_Cfg.h). The length of data can not be changed hence the checksum must only be added within valid data-length of the Tx-PDU which is given by range: 0 - (txPduInfoPtr->length - 1).
Return code	
_	_

# **Functional Description**

Is called by the CAN Interface before transmission of a data checksum Tx-PDU in order to add a checksum to its data.

# **Particularities and Limitations**

This API is called in context in which the consistency of all passed parameters is ensured. Hence no further protection is required within.

Configuration Variant(s): CANIF\_DATA\_CHECKSUM\_TX\_SUPPORT == STD\_ON

- > ANY
- > This function is Synchronous
- This function is Reentrant

Table 5-64 CanIf\_TransmitSubDataChecksumTxAppend



# 6 Configuration

The CAN Interface can be configured with DaVinci Configurator 5. Please refer to the online help for a detailed description.

# 6.1 Configuration Variants

The CAN Interface supports the configuration variants

- > VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
- VARIANT-LINK-TIME
- > VARIANT-POST-BUILD-LOADABLE
- > VARIANT-POST-BUILD-SEELCTABLE

The configuration classes of the CAN Interface parameters depend on the supported configuration variants. For their definitions please see the CanIf\_bswmd.arxml file.



# 7 Glossary and Abbreviations

# 7.1 Glossary

Term	Description
DaVinci Configurator 5	Configuration and generation tool for MICROSAR software components

Table 7-1 Glossary

# 7.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
Appl	Application
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture
BSW	Basis Software
BSWMD	Basis Software Module Description
CAN	Controller Area Network
CanIf	CAN Interface module
CanNm	CAN Network Manager module
CanSM	CAN State Manager module
CanTp	CAN Transport Layer module
CanTSyn	Global Time Synchronization over CAN module
CanTrcv	CAN Transceiver Driver module
CCP	CAN Calibration Protocol module
CDD	Complex Device Driver module
DET	Default Error Tracer module
DLC	Data Length Code
ECU	Electronic Control Unit
EcuM	ECU State Manager module
FD	Flexible Data-rate
FIFO	First In First Out
HRH	Hardware Receive Handle
HTH	Hardware Transmit Handle
HW	Hardware
IdsM	Intrusion Detection System Manager module
J1939Nm	J1939 Network Management module
J1939Tp	J1939 Transport Layer module
MICROSAR	Microcontroller Open System Architecture (Vector AUTOSAR solution)
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PduR	PDU Router module
SchM	Schedule Manager module



Abbreviation	Description
SDU	Service Data Unit
SRS	Software Requirement Specification
SWS	Software Specification
VStdLib	Vector Standard Library
XCP	Universal Calibration Protocol module

Table 7-2 Abbreviations



# 8 Contact

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