

# Few-shot Named Entity Recognition with Self-describing Networks

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## Few-shot Named Entity Recognition

#### **■** Few-shot named entity recognition (FS-NER)

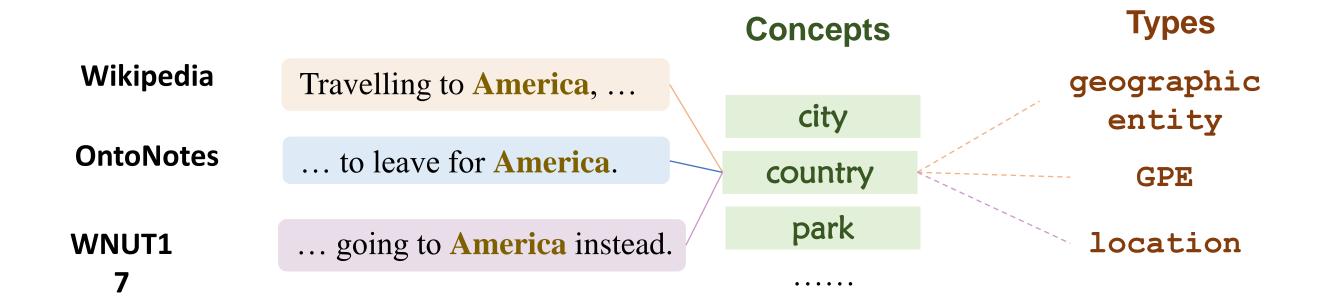
• Identify entity mentions corresponding to new entity types with only a few illustrative examples.

#### **■** Challenge

- Limited information challenge.
- Knowledge mismatch challenge

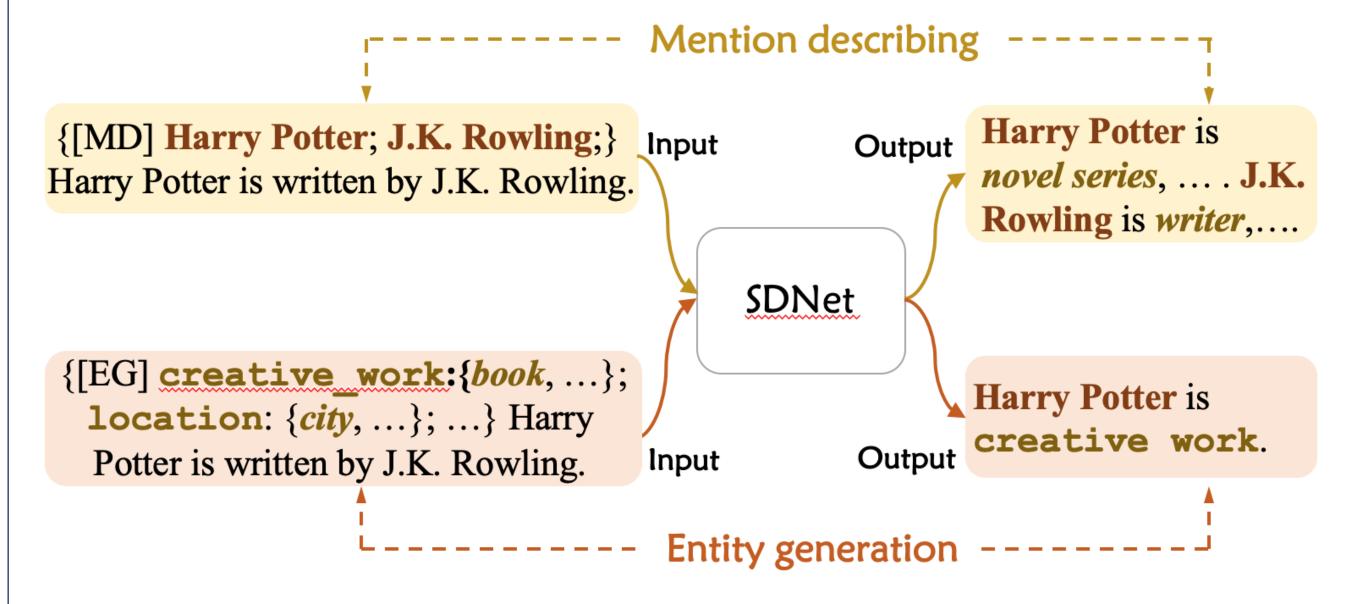
### **Self-describing Networks for FS-NER**

■ Knowledge mismatch challenge can be resolved by uniformly describing different entity types using the same concept set.

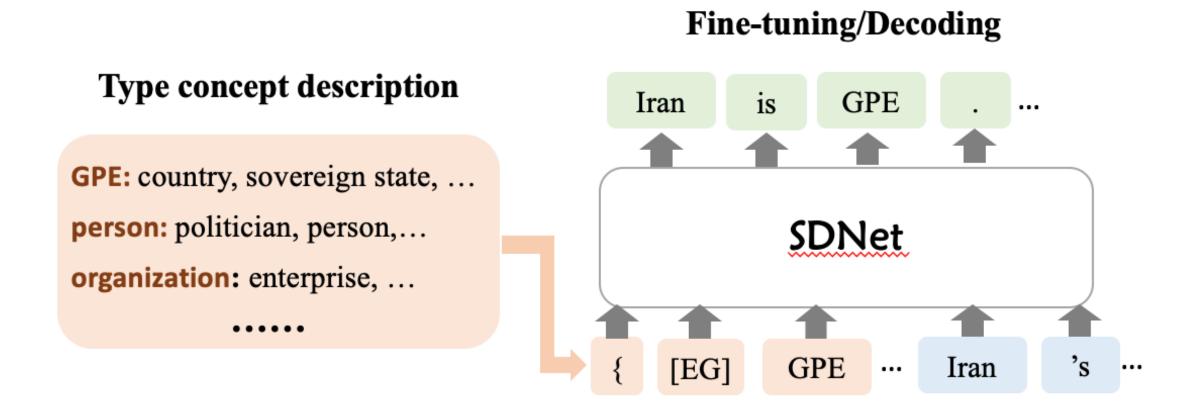


#### ■ Self-describing Networks (SDNet):

- A Seq2Seq generation network
- Two tasks of SDNet:
- Entity generation
  - Adaptively generate entity mentions
- Mention describing
  - Generate concept descriptions of mentions

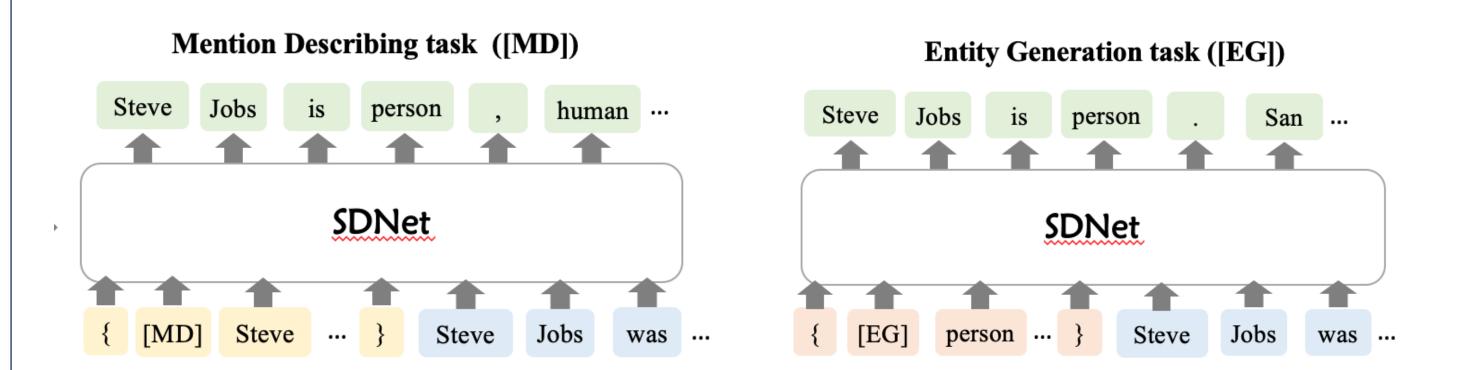


- After ention describing, SDNet summarizes the generated concepts to describe the precise semantics of specific novel types.
- The type descriptions are used to generate entity mentions.

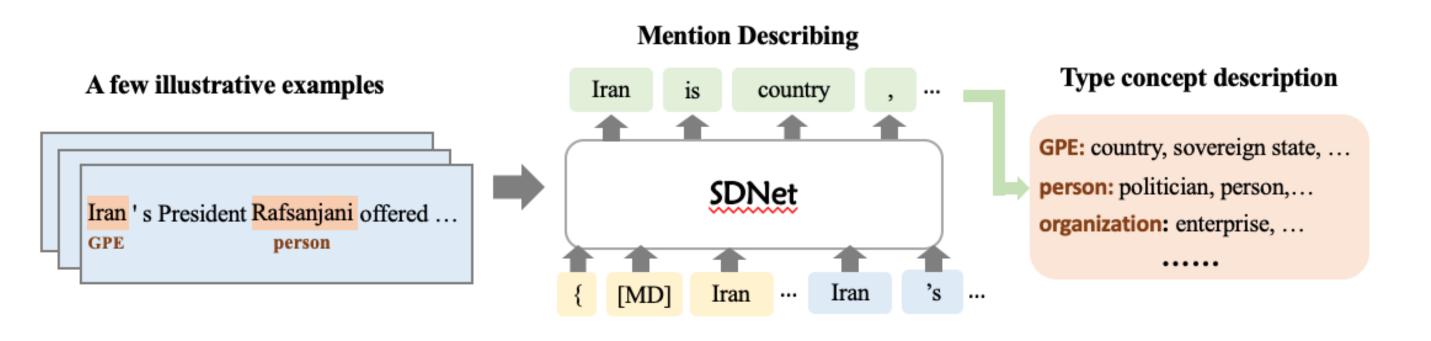


#### SDNet pre-training and fine-tuning

■ SDNet is pre-trained by Wikipedia and Wikidata. The two tasks are pre-trained jointly.



■ Before fine-tuning or decoding, SDNet will automatically build type descriptions using illustrative instances.



# **Experimental Results**

		CoNLL	WNUT	Res	Movie1	Movie2	Re3d	<b>I2B2</b>	Onto	AVE
Baselines	RoBERTa (Huang et al., 2020)	53.5	25.7	48.7	51.3	/	1	36.0	57.7	
	RoBERTa-DS (Huang et al., 2020)*	61.4	34.2	49.1	53.1	/	/	38.5	68.8	/
	Proto (Huang et al., 2020)	58.4	29.5	44.1	38.0	/	/	32.0	53.3	/
	Proto-DS (Huang et al., 2020)*	60.9	35.9	48.4	43.8	/	/	36.6	57.0	/
	spanNER (Wang et al., 2021)	71.1	25.8	49.1	/	65.4	/	/	67.3	/
	spanNER-DS (Wang et al., 2021)*	<b>75.6</b>	38.5	51.2	/	67.8	1	/	71.6	/
Baselines [in-house]	Bert-base	58.6	23.2	47.6	52.4	66.3	57.0	47.6	61.1	51.7
	T5-base	60.0	36.6	59.4	57.9	69.9	57.1	39.9	62.0	55.3
	T5-base-prompt	55.4	34.2	58.4	58.7	67.1	60.7	61.8	59.8	57.0
	T5-base-DS	68.2	34.9	59.7	58.4	70.8	56.0	34.1	58.8	55.1
Ours	SDNet	71.4	44.1	60.7	61.3	72.6	65.4	64.3	71.0	63.8

- By universally modeling and pre-training NER knowledge in a generation architecture, the self-describing network can effectively handle fewshot NER.
- Due to the limited information problem, transferring external knowledge to fewshot NER models are critical
- Due to the knowledge mismatch, it is challenging to transfer external knowledge effectively to novel downstream types..

## Conclusions

- We propose SDNet, a Seq2Seq generation model for few-shot named entity recognition.
- SDNet can automatically map novel entity types to concepts, and adaptively recognize entities ondemand..
- SDNet is pre=trained by easily available and large-scale Wikipedia and Wikidata data.