# **Programming Assignment 2**

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# a. Description

This project is mainly divided into two parts: server and client. In this assignment Chenjie Luo is responsible for the server side while Yu-Wen Chen is responsible for the client side and test cases.

For the server side, when target file is executed, users will have to enter three inputs which are: server's IP address, port number and allowed capacity of clients. After that a socket fd will be created and bind to the input port number. Then I designed a struct and a vector to store all current clients info including fd and username. The server will listen and accept connection as long as number of clients doesn't surpass the capacity. An infinite while loop is running and select function will check if any socket has new incoming messages. The timeout is set to NULL and it means select() will not return unless there is a change in any socket or an error happens. When a change happens, select returns and we identified whether it is from server(socket fd) or clients. If it is from server, we checked if new clients had joined by creating a new socket using accept(). If number of clients right now is less than capacity requirement, we added it into fd list, added its fd and username into vector<struct SBCP\_CLIENT\_INFO>clients. This is used to check whether a username has existed. When a client has successfully joined the chat, an ACK message including current number of clients and their usernames will be sent to the new client and a broadcast message will be sent every other client that a new client has joined in. Otherwise, a NAK message will send to the client and tell the reason that number of clients has reached maximum capacity. Similarly, when a client leaves the chat room we will close this socket and broadcast leaving message to every other client. Eventually, when a socket is found having incoming SEND(4) messages, a forward message is created and the header of it is set to FWD(3). The attribute payload of forward message is set to equal to received message's attribute payload. Still, the message will be broadcast to every other client using write() function. When a incoming message with header equals IDLE(9), it means the client is turning to IDLE mode. A forward message is sent to other clients with the attribute payload that client is in IDLE mode now.

For the client part, users need to type "./client USERNAME SERVERNAME PORT\_NUMBER" to open the client and connect it to the server. After connecting to the server, the client will attempt to join the chat room on server by sending a JOIN(2) message to the server. Then, I initialize the timeout variable to 10 seconds for the bonus feature 2 and start a infinite loop in the client program. Inside the infinite loop, the setup for select function, including FD\_ZERO function to clear the file descriptor set "master" and two FD\_SET functions to add the file descriptors "stdin" and "socket" to the set, is initialized at the beginning of the loop to prevent the set from losing the setup after previous select function is activated. After the setup, the select function is activated to detect if there is any data ready to be read in one of the file descriptors (stdin and socket), and three situations will occur:

1. The first situation is when there is a string to be read in the stdin, and the client will put the string from the stdin into a SEND(4) message, send the SEND message to the server, and then reset the idle state of the client and the timeout back to 10 seconds.

- 2. The second one is when there is a message from the server arriving at the socket. Then the client will identify which type of message is received and do the corresponding operation to it as follow:
  - a. If an FWD message is received, client will print the payload string directly.
  - b. If an ACK message is received, client will print how may clients in the chat room and who is in the chat room.
  - c. If an NAK message is received, client will print the reason why the client could not join the chat room.
  - d. If an ONLINE message is received, client will print who is join the chat room.
  - e. If an OFFLINE message is received, client will print who is leaving the chat room.
  - f. If an IDLE message is received, client will print who has not sent any message for 10 seconds and thus is timeout.
- 3. The third situation is that the client has not detected any message from stdin and thus is timeout. In that, the client will send an IDLE message to the chat room and then set the IDLE indicator "idle" to high.

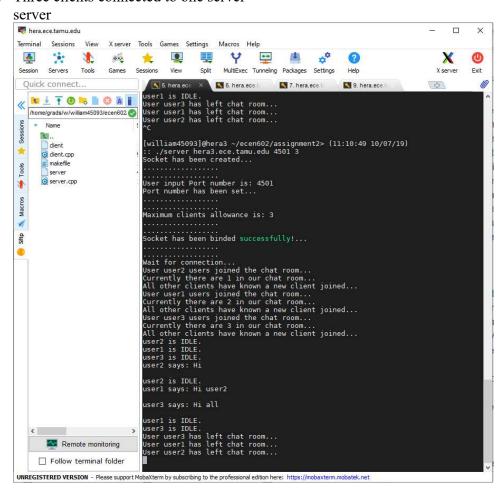
Finally, I would like to explain my implementation to handle timeout of the select function. In that, I first setup the timeout time of the select function to 10 seconds, which means that the select function will return a zero if a timeout occurs. Then, I use an if statement to detect whether the return from select function is zero and whether the indicator "idle" is zero, which indicates if the current state of client is idle and is used to prevent the client from keeping sending the IDLE message to the server. If the select function is timeout, the client will send an IDLE message to the server and set the indicator "idle" to 1. Besides, since that only a new string from stdin is detected can reset the timeout, I implement the reset of timeout in the end of the stdin operation so that the timeout of the select function will keep counting down to zero (here, the timeout will not be reset to initial value automatically when a read from the file descriptor set is detected) unless a new string is detected from stdin.

### b. Instruction to run our code

- 1. After downloading the file from github, type "make all" in the command line to generate the execution files: server and client.
- 2. Second, type "./server SERVER\_IP\_ADDRESS PORT\_NUMBER MAX\_CLIENT" to execute the server, and type "./client USERNAME SERVERNAME PORT\_NUMBER" to execute the client.
- 3. Now, users can enter messages to the client to send them to the server and test our code, and if users want to terminate the client and server, press Ctrl + C on the keyboard. Here, notice that users need to terminate all the clients before terminating the server because the server of a real chat room application should always be executed, or the clients will corrupt if the server shutdowns randomly.

#### c. Test result

1. Three clients connected to one server



#### user2

```
Press Ctrl + c to exit...

Number of clients in the chat room: 1
Users in the chat room: Current users are: user2,

user1 just joined into the chat room...

user3 just joined into the chat room...

timeout...

user1 is IDLE.

user3 is IDLE.

Hi

Timeout...

user1 says: Hi user2

user3 is IDLE.

user3 just leaved the chat room...

user1 just leaved the chat room...

c

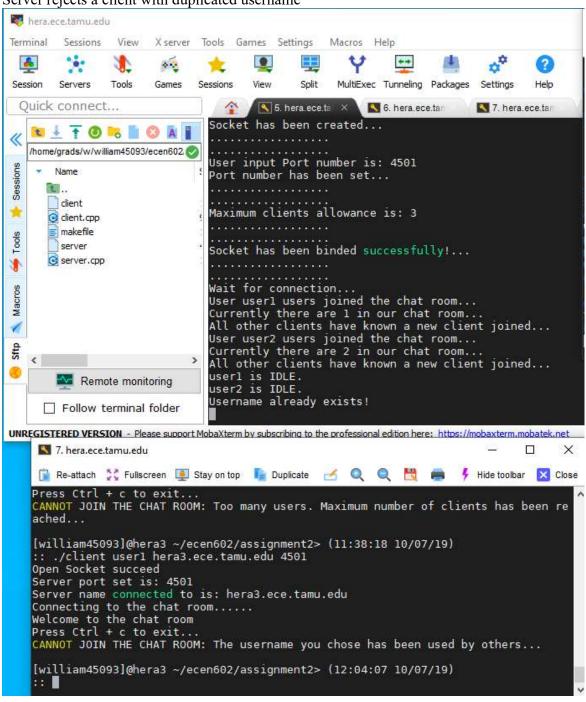
[william45093]@hera3 ~/ecen602/assignment2> (11:12:03 10/07/19)

:: ■
```

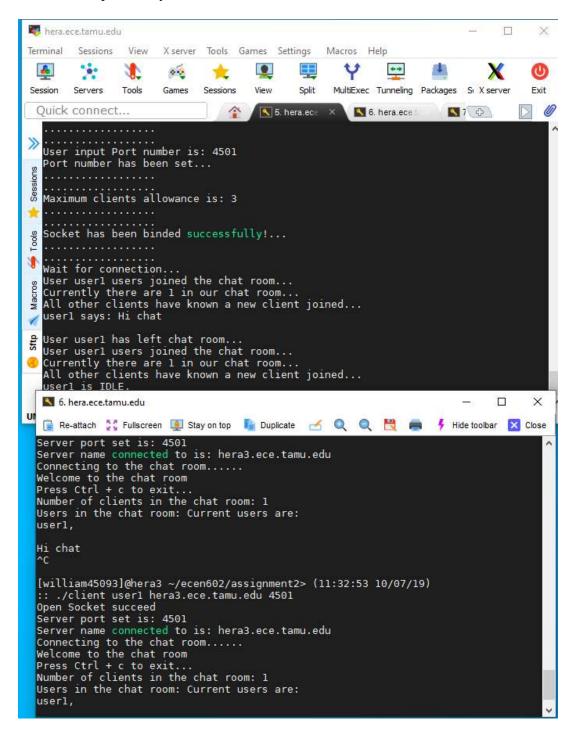
#### user1

```
🐧 6, hera.ece.tamu.edu
  📭 Re-attach 👯 Fullscreen 🚇 Stay on top 📭 Duplicate 🧭 🔍 🔍 🛗 🦸 Hide toolbar 🗶 Close
Welcome to the chat room
Press Ctrl + c to exit...
Number of clients in the chat room: 2
Users in the chat room: Current users are:
user2,
userl,
user3 just joined into the chat room...
user2 is IDLE.
Timeout...
user3 is IDLE.
user2 says: Hi
user2 is IDLE.
Hi user2
user3 says: Hi all
Timeout...
user3 is IDLE.
user3 just leaved the chat room...
^C
[wi<u>l</u>liam45093]@hera3 ~/ecen602/assignment2> (11:12:01 10/07/19)
:: 🔳
user3
                                                                                                                                🔋 Re-attach 🎇 Fullscreen 🚇 Stay on top 🤚 Duplicate 🧭 🔍 🔍 💾 🚔 🕴 Hide toolbar 🛛 Close
Server name connected to is: hera3.ece.tamu.edu
Connecting to the chat room.....
Welcome to the chat room
Press Ctrl + c to exit...
Number of clients in the chat room: 3
Users in the chat room: Current users are:
user2,
userl,
user3,
user2 is IDLE.
userl is IDLE.
Timeout...
user2 says: Hi
user2 is IDLE.
user1 says: Hi user2
Hi all
userl is IDLE.
Timeout...
[william45093]@hera3 ~/ecen602/assignment2> (11:11:59 10/07/19)
```

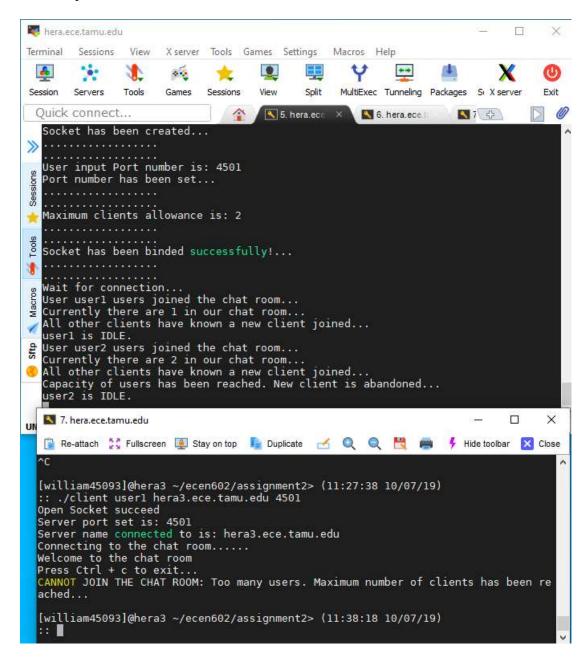
2. Server rejects a client with duplicated username



3. Server allow previously used username to be reused



4. Server rejects the client because it exceeds the maximum number of clients allowed



5. Bonus feature 1:

(1) ACK message from server to show who is in the chat room

```
Stay on top □ Duplicate □ Stay on top □ Duplicate □ □ Whide toolbar □ Close

Number of clients in the chat room: 1
Users in the chat room: Current users are: userl,

Timeout...

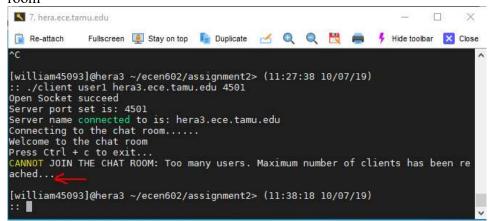
^C

[william45093]@hera3 ~/ecen602/assignment2> (11:37:44 10/07/19)
:: ./client userl hera3.ece.tamu.edu 4501
Open Socket succeed
Server port set is: 4501
Server name connected to is: hera3.ece.tamu.edu
Connecting to the chat room.....

Welcome to the chat room
Press Ctrl + c to exit...

Number of clients in the chat room: 1
Users in the chat room: Current users are: userl,
```

(2) NAK message from server to show the reason why the client could not join the chat room

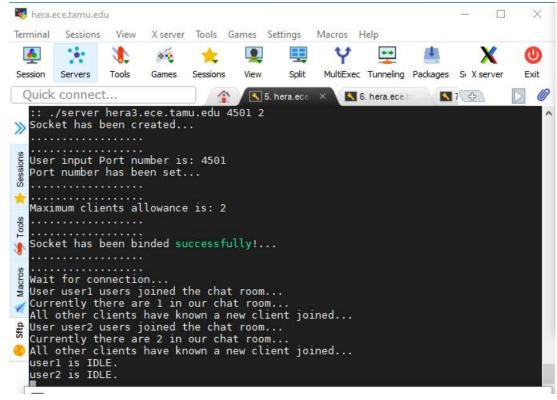


(3) ONLINE message from server to show who joins the chat room

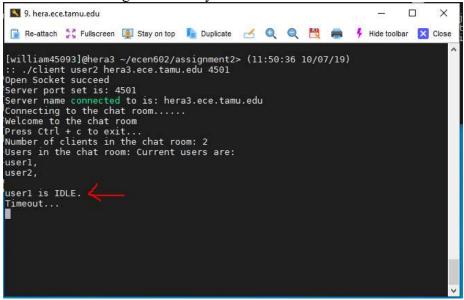
(4) OFFLINE message from server to show who leaves the chat room.

6. Bonus feature 2: Client sends IDLE message to the server indicating that no input from user over 10 seconds, and then server broadcasts IDLE message to all other clients to show that one client is in idle state.

#### Server shows that who is idle



Broadcasted message received by client



After receiving a new message from user, timeout will be reset. However, receiving new messages from server could not reset the timeout. Finally, client is timeout again.

```
S 9. hera.ece.tamu.edu
🖫 Re-attach 👯 Fullscreen 🚇 Stay on top 📭 Duplicate 🥣 🔍 🍳 🛗 🦸 Hide toolbar 🔀 Close
Open Socket succeed
Server port set is: 4501
Server name connected to is: hera3.ece.tamu.edu
Connecting to the chat room.....
Welcome to the chat room
Press Ctrl + c to exit...
Number of clients in the chat room: 2
Users in the chat room: Current users are:
userl,
user2,
userl is IDLE.
Timeout...
userl says: .
Timeout...
```

#### d. Test result

# 1. server

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <vector>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/errno.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <unordered map>
// PAYLOAD LENGTH
#define MAXLINE 512
// HEADER TYPE
#define JOIN 2
#define SEND 4
#define FWD 3
// ATTRIBUTE TYPE
#define USERNAME 2
#define MESSAGE 4
#define REASON 1
#define CLIENT COUNT 3
// JOIN AND LEAVE MSG
#define LEAVE MSG " leaves"
#define JOIN MSG " joins"
#define REASON TOO MANY USER "Too many users. Maximum number of clients has
been reached..."
#define REASON EXISTED USER NAME "The username you chose has been used by
others..."
using namespace std;
struct SBCP_ATTRIBUTE{
  unsigned int type: 16;
  unsigned int length: 16;
```

```
char payload[512]; // maximum size of MESSAGE equals to 512 bytes
};
struct SBCP MSG{
  unsigned int vrsn: 9;
  unsigned int type: 7;
  unsigned int length: 16;
  struct SBCP ATTRIBUTE attribute[2];
};
struct SBCP CLIENT INFO{
  char username[16];
  int fd;
};
//PRINT OUT SUCCESS MESSAGE FOR CREATING SOCKETS
void socket created(){
  std::cout << "Socket has been created..." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl:
}
//USER INPUT TO GET PORT NUMBER
void PORT obtained(int &PORT, std::string &INPUT){
  PORT = stoi(INPUT);
  std::cout << "User input Port number is: " << PORT << std::endl;
  std::cout << "Port number has been set..." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
}
void print status(std::string s){
  std::cout << s << "..." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
}
//WRITEN FUNCTION WRITE len BYTES TO THE socket fd.
//IF FAILED, IT SHOULD RETURN -1. OTHERWISE, len SHOULD BE RETURNED.
int writen(int &socket fd, char* buffer, int len){
  int currptr = 0;
  int has written = 0;
  while (currptr < len){
    has written = write(socket fd, buffer, len - currptr);
    if (has written \leq 0)
      return -1;
```

```
buffer += has written;
    currptr += has written;
  return currptr;
void address set(struct sockaddr in &address, int &PORT){
  address.sin family = AF INET;
  address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
  address.sin port = htons(PORT);
}
// SET max clients AND CHECK IF THE INPUT IS REASONABLE
void max clients obtained(int &max clients, string &max clients str){
  max clients = stoi(max clients str);
  if (max clients > 20 or max clients < 0) {
    errno = EPERM;
    perror("Illegal Input! The maximum clients number can only be positive integer and
cannot be greater than 20");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  std::cout << "Maximum clients allowance is: " << max clients << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
  std::cout << "....." << std::endl;
}
bool isempty(char*buffer){
  if (buffer[0] == '\0')
    return true;
  else
    return false;
// CHECK INSIDE clients TO SEE IF THE USERNAME HAS BEEN USED
bool user exist(char user name[], vector<struct SBCP CLIENT INFO> &clients, int
&num clients){
  for(int i = 0; i < num clients; i++){
    if(strcmp(user name,clients[i].username) == 0){
      return false;
  return true;
```

// CHECK IF CERTAIN USER HAS JOINED BEFORE

```
bool is joined(int client fd, vector<struct SBCP CLIENT INFO> &clients, int
&num clients){
  struct SBCP MSG join msg;
  struct SBCP ATTRIBUTE join msg attribute;
  char username[16];
  read(client fd,(struct SBCP MSG *) &join msg,sizeof(join msg));
  join msg attribute = join msg.attribute[0];
  strcpy(username, join msg attribute.payload);
  if (user exist(username, clients, num clients) == false){
    cout << "Username already exists!" << endl;</pre>
    return true:
  strcpy(clients[num clients].username, username);
  clients[num clients].fd = client fd;
  num clients += 1;
  return false;
}
// IF A NEW USER JOINED THE CHAT ROOM, AN ACK MESSAGE WILL BE SENT
TO HIM TO SHOW NUMBER OF CLIENTS RIGHT NOW AND THEIR NAMES
void send ACK(int &num clients, vector<struct SBCP CLIENT INFO> &clients, int
&index){
  struct SBCP MSG new msg;
  new msg.vrsn = 3;
  new msg.type = 7;
  new msg.attribute[0].type = 3;
  char cnt in array[10];
  sprintf(cnt_in_array, "%d", num_clients);
  strcpy(new msg.attribute[0].payload, cnt in array);
  new msg.attribute[1].type = 4;
  strcpy(new msg.attribute[1].payload, "Current users are: \n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num clients; i++){
    strncat(new msg.attribute[1].payload, clients[i].username, sizeof(clients[i].username));
    strncat(new msg.attribute[1].payload, ", \n", sizeof(", \n"));
  if (write(clients[index].fd, (void *)&new msg, sizeof(new msg)) < 0){
    perror("Fialed to ACK...");
  return;
// IF A NEW USER FAILED TO JOIN THE CHAT ROOM, A NAK MESSAGE WILL BE
SENT TO HIM TO TELL HIM FALURE TO JOIN AND REASON
```

```
void send NAK(int &fd, int reasons){
  struct SBCP MSG new msg;
  new msg.vrsn = 3;
  new msg.type = 5;
  new msg.attribute[0].type = 1;
  if (reasons == 0)
    strcpy(new msg.attribute[0].payload, REASON TOO MANY USER);
  else if (reasons == 1)
    strcpy(new msg.attribute[0].payload, REASON EXISTED USER NAME);
  if (write(fd, (void *)&new_msg, sizeof(new_msg)) < 0){
    perror("Fialed to NAK...");
  }
  return;
}
int main(int argc, char **argv){
  if (argc != 4){
    errno = EPERM;
    perror("Illegal Input! Please only enter your IP addr, server port and max clients in
order");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  std::string IP addr = argv[1];
  std::string port str = argv[2];
  std::string max clients str = argv[3];
  int socket fd;
  int new socket;
  int PORT;
  int max clients;
  std::string str read;
  struct sockaddr in address;
  int addrlen = sizeof(address);
  fd set fd list;
  int current fd;
  int max fd;
  char *buffer;
  char *to send;
  std::queue<char*> to send queue;
  int val read;
  int writenout;
  char welcome message[45] = "Welcome! You have connected to the server!";
  int num clients;
  fd set temp fd list;
  struct SBCP MSG received msg;
  struct SBCP MSG forward msg;
```

```
struct SBCP MSG broadcast join msg;
  struct SBCP MSG broadcast leave msg;
  struct SBCP ATTRIBUTE client attribute;
  FD ZERO(&fd list);
  FD ZERO(&temp fd list);
  int no = 0;
 // CREATE A SOCKET WITH A DESCRIPTER socket fd WHICH BOTH SUPPORT
IPv6 and IPv4
  if ((socket fd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) < 0){
    errno = ETIMEDOUT;
    perror("Failed to create socket...");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  socket created();
  PORT obtained(PORT, port str);
  max clients obtained(max clients, max clients str);
  int client fd[max clients];
  for (int i = 0; i < max clients; i++)
    client fd[i] = 0;
  address set(address, PORT);
  memset(&(address.sin zero), '\0', 8);
  //BIND THE SOCKET TO THE IP ADDRESS AND PORT
  if (::bind(socket fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address, sizeof(address)) < 0){
    errno = EADDRINUSE;
    perror("Failed to bind...");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  print status("Socket has been binded successfully!");
  std::cout << "Wait for connection..." << std::endl;
  // RESERVE MEMORY SPACE FOR STROING JOINED CLIENTS INFO
INCLUDING FILE DESCRIPTER AND USERNAME
  struct SBCP CLIENT INFO new client;
  struct sockaddr in new addr;
  vector<struct SBCP CLIENT INFO> clients(max clients, new client);
  vector<struct sockaddr in> clients addr(max clients, new addr);
 //SET server fd TO PASSIVE SOCKET AND COULD ACCEPT CONNECTION, SET
MAXIMUM CONNECTION AT A TIME TO 10
  if (listen(socket fd, 10) < 0){
    errno = ETIMEDOUT;
```

```
perror("Failed to listen...");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  FD SET(socket fd, &fd list);
  \max fd = socket fd;
  while (true){
    temp fd list = fd list;
    // USE select() TO CHECK ALL THE SOCKETS IF NEW MESSAGES ARRIVE.
THE TIMEOUT IS SET TO INFINITE UNTIL ANY OF SOCKET HAS AN UPDATE
    if (select(max fd + 1, &temp fd list, NULL, NULL, NULL) < 0){
      perror("Failed to select...");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
    // CHECK ALL THE FILE DESCRIPTER TO SEE IF NEW MESSAGES ARRIVE
    for (int i = 0; i \le \max fd; i++){
      if (FD ISSET(i, &temp fd list)){
         if (i == socket fd)
           socklen t client addr size = sizeof(clients addr[num clients]);
           new socket = accept(socket fd, (struct sockaddr *)&clients addr[num clients],
&client addr size);
           if (new socket < 0){
             perror("Failed to accept...");
             exit(EXIT FAILURE);
           if (num clients < max clients){
             if (is joined(new socket, clients, num clients) == false){
                FD SET(new socket, &fd list);
                \max fd = \max(\max fd, \text{ new socket});
                int index = 0;
                for (; index < num clients; index++){
                  if (clients[index].fd == new socket)
                     break:
                std::cout << "User" << clients[index].username << " users joined the chat
room..." << std::endl;
                std::cout << "Currently there are "<< num clients << " in our chat room..."
<< std::endl;
                // WHEN A NEW CLIENT JOIN THE CHAT, SEND AN ACK TO HIM
TO INDICATE HE HAS JOIN SUCCESSFULLY
                send ACK(num clients, clients, index);
                broadcast join msg.vrsn = 3;
                broadcast join msg.type = 8;
                broadcast join msg.attribute[0].type = 2;
```

```
strcpy(broadcast join msg.attribute[0].payload, clients[index].username);
                for (int j = 0; j \le \max \{fd; j++\})
                  if (FD ISSET(j, &fd list)){
                     if (j != socket fd and j != new socket){
                       // BROADCAST TO EVERY OTHER CLIENT THAT A NEW
CLIENT HAS JOINED IN
                       if (write(j, (void *)&broadcast join msg,
sizeof(broadcast join msg)) < 0){
                          perror("Failed to broadcast...");
                          exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                   }
                }
                cout << "All other clients have known a new client joined..." << endl;
              else{
                send NAK(new socket, 1);
            }
           else{
              // IF THE NUMBER OF CAPACITY HAS BEEN REACHED NO MORE
USERS CAN CONNECT
              send NAK(new socket, 0);
              std::cout << "Capacity of users has been reached. New client is
abandoned..."<< std::endl;
         else {
           val read = read(i, (struct SBCP MSG *) & received msg,
sizeof(received msg));
           if (val read < 0){
              perror("Failed to read message...");
           if (val read == 0){
              int k = 0;
              for (; k < num \ clients; k++){
                if (clients[k].fd == i)
                  break;
              broadcast leave msg.type = 6;
              broadcast leave msg.attribute[0].type = 2;
              broadcast leave msg.vrsn = 3;
              broadcast leave msg.length = 520;
              broadcast leave msg.attribute[0].length = 516;
```

```
strcpy(broadcast leave msg.attribute[0].payload, clients[k].username);
              cout << "User" << clients[k].username << " has left chat room..." << endl;
              // BROADCAST clients[k].username HAS LEFT THE CHAT ROOM
              for (int j = 0; j \le \max fd; j++){
                if (FD ISSET(j, &fd list)){
                   if (i != socket fd)
                     if (write(j, (void*)&broadcast leave msg,
size of (broadcast leave msg)) < 0)
                        perror("Failed to broadcast...");
            if (val read \leq 0){
              close(i);
              FD CLR(i, &fd list);
              for (int a = i; a < num clients; a++)
                 clients[a] = clients[a + 1];
              num clients -= 1;
            else{
              // IT IS A SEND MESSAGE AND JUST FORWARD TO OTHERS
              forward msg.vrsn = received msg.vrsn;
              forward msg.type = 3;
              forward msg.attribute[0].length = received msg.attribute[0].length;
              forward msg.attribute[0].type = 4;
              // CHECK THE INFO OF SEND BY USING FILE DESCRIPTER
              int k = 0;
              for (; k < num \ clients; k++)
                if (clients[k].fd == i)
                   break:
              }
              if (received msg.type == 9){
                 strcpy(forward msg.attribute[0].payload, clients[k].username);
                 strncat(forward msg.attribute[0].payload, " is IDLE.", sizeof(" is IDLE."));
                 cout << forward msg.attribute[0].payload << endl;</pre>
              }
              else {
                 strcpy(forward msg.attribute[0].payload, clients[k].username);
                 strncat(forward msg.attribute[0].payload, " says: ", sizeof(" says: "));
                 strncat(forward msg.attribute[0].payload,
received msg.attribute[0].payload, sizeof(received msg.attribute[0].payload));
```

## 2. client

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/errno.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/select.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// PAYLOAD LENGTH
#define MAXLINE 512
// HEADER TYPE
#define JOIN 2
#define SEND 4
#define FWD 3
#define ACK 7
#define NAK 5
#define ONLINE 8
#define OFFLINE 6
#define IDLE 9
// ATTRIBUTE TYPE
#define USERNAME 2
#define MESSAGE 4
#define REASON 1
#define CLIENT COUNT 3
struct SBCP ATTRIBUTE{
  unsigned int type: 16;
  unsigned int length: 16;
  char payload[512]; // maximum size of MESSAGE equals to 512 bytes
};
struct SBCP MSG{
  unsigned int vrsn: 9;
  unsigned int type: 7;
  unsigned int length: 16;
  struct SBCP_ATTRIBUTE attribute[2];
};
```

```
int main(int argc, char **argv){
  if (argc != 4) {
    errno = EPERM;
    printf("CORRECT FORMAT: ./client USERNAME SERVER NAME
SERVER PORT \n");
    printf("INPUT ERROR: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
    return -1;
  char* username = argv[1];
  char* server name = argv[2];
  string server port = argv[3];
  int server port = -1;
  int socketfd;
  char input[MAXLINE];
  struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
  struct SBCP_MSG *msg_to_server;
  struct SBCP_MSG *msg from server;
  struct timeval tv;
  fd set master;
   fd set readfd;
   int act;
   int idle = 0; // variable indicates whether the client is idle or not
  // Reset
  memset(&tv, 0, sizeof(struct timeval));
  if ((\text{socketfd} = \text{socket}(\text{AF INET}, \text{SOCK STREAM}, 0)) < 0) {
    printf("SOCKET OPEN: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
    return -1;
  printf("Open Socket succeed\n");
  // Input the server port to be connected
  server port = stoi( server port); // Transform format of server port from string to integer
  printf("Server port set is: %d\n", server port);
  memset(&server addr, 0, sizeof(server addr)); // Set all bits of server address to zero
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(server port);
```

```
if (inet pton(AF INET, server name, & server addr.sin addr) < 0) {
    printf("ADDR TRANS: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
    return -1;
  printf("Server name connected to is: %s\n", server name);
  // Connect the socket to the server
  if ((connect(socketfd, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr, sizeof(server addr))) < 0) {
    printf("CONNECT: RRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
    return -1;
  }
  // Send JOIN message to server
  msg to server = (struct SBCP MSG *) malloc(sizeof(struct SBCP MSG));
  msg to server->vrsn = 3; // protocol version is 3
  msg to server->type = JOIN; // SBCP message type is JOIN to join server
  msg to server->length = 24; // 4 bytes for vsrn and type, and 20 bytes for attribute
  msg to server->attribute[0].type = USERNAME; // indicates that payload stores
username
  msg to server->attribute[0].length = 20; // 4 bytes for type and length, and 16 bytes for
username
  strcpy(msg to server->attribute[0].payload, username); // copy string username to payload
  printf("Connecting to the chat room.....\n");
  if ((write(socketfd, msg to server, sizeof (struct SBCP MSG))) < 0) {
    printf("JOIN: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
    free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
    return -1;
  printf("Welcome to the chat room\n");
  printf("Press Ctrl + c to exit...\n");
  free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
   // Initialize select timeout to 10 sec
   tv.tv sec = 10;
   tv.tv usec = 0;
  while (1) {
    // Setup select function
    FD ZERO(&master); // Clear the set before using file descriptor set "master"
    FD SET(fileno(stdin), &master); // Add stdin file descriptor to the select set
    FD SET(socketfd, &master); // Add socket file descroptor to the select set
```

```
if ((act = select(socketfd + 1, \&master, NULL, NULL, \&tv)) < 0) {
       printf("MASTER SELECT: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
       return -1;
     }
           else if ((act == 0) && (idle == 0)) { // timeout when return 0 and the client is not
in IDLE state currently
                  // Setup IDLE message to server
       msg to server = (struct SBCP MSG *) malloc(sizeof(struct SBCP MSG));
       msg to server->vrsn = 3; // protocol version is 3
       msg to server->type = IDLE; // SBCP message type is SEND to send message to
server
       msg to server->length = 520; // 4 bytes for vsrn and type, and 516 bytes for attribute
       msg to server->attribute[0].type = 0; // indicates that payload stores none
       msg to server->attribute[0].length = 516; // 4 bytes for type and length, and 512
bytes for message
       memset(msg to server->attribute[0].payload, 0, 512 * sizeof(char)); // Nothing to
send to the chat room
       // Written operation
       if (write(socketfd, msg to server, sizeof(struct SBCP MSG)) < 0) {
         printf("WRITE: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
         free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
         return -1;
       printf("Timeout...\n");
       free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
                  idle = 1; // indicate that the client enters into idle state
          // When user input to the terminal
           if (FD ISSET(fileno(stdin), &master)) {
                  // Input string into the client
                  fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
                  // Setup SEND message to server
                  msg to server = (struct SBCP MSG *) malloc(sizeof(struct
SBCP MSG));
                  msg to server->vrsn = 3; // protocol version is 3
                  msg to server->type = SEND; // SBCP message type is SEND to send
message to server
                  msg to server->length = 520; // 4 bytes for vsrn and type, and 516 bytes
for attribute
                  msg to server->attribute[0].type = MESSAGE; // indicates that payload
stores message
```

```
msg to server->attribute[0].length = 516; // 4 bytes for type and length,
and 512 bytes for message
                  strcpy(msg to server->attribute[0].payload, input); // copy string input to
payload
                  // Written operation
                  if (write(socketfd, msg to server, sizeof(struct SBCP MSG)) < 0) {
                         printf("WRITE: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
                         free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
                         return -1;
                  free(msg to server); // release malloc of msg to server
                  idle = 0; // client leave the idle state after receiving message from stdin
                  // A message is detected from stdin, so the select timeout needs to reset
back to 10 sec
                  tv.tv sec = 10;
                  tv.tv usec = 0;
           }
    // When receiving message from server
           else if (FD ISSET(socketfd, &master)) {
                  msg from server = (struct SBCP MSG *) malloc(sizeof(struct
SBCP MSG));
                  // Read messages from the socket
                  if ((read(socketfd, msg_from_server, sizeof(struct SBCP_MSG))) < 0) {
                         printf("READ: ERRNO: \t%s\n", strerror(errno));
                         return -1;
                  }
                  // Check type of message from server
                  // print the attribute directly when receive forward message from server
                  if (msg from server->type == FWD) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == MESSAGE) {
                                printf("%s\n", msg from server->attribute[0].payload);
                  // when receiving ACK message from server, print the number of clients
connected to the server,
                  // all the client name belonging to the server respectively
                  else if (msg from server->type == ACK) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == CLIENT_COUNT){
```

```
printf("Number of clients in the chat room: %s\n",
msg from server->attribute[0].payload);
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[1].type == MESSAGE) {
                                printf("Users in the chat room: %s\n", msg from server-
>attribute[1].payload);
                  // when receiving NAK message from server, print the reason why the
client could not join the server
                  else if (msg from server->type == NAK) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == REASON){
                                printf("CANNOT JOIN THE CHAT ROOM: %s\n",
msg from server->attribute[0].payload);
                         close(socketfd);
                         return 0;
                  // ONLINE message indicates that a new client joins the server, and the
client will print the name of
                  // the new cleint
                  else if (msg from server->type == ONLINE) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == USERNAME){
                                printf("%s just joined into the chat room...\n",
msg from server->attribute[0].payload);
                  // OFFNLINE message indicates that a client leaves the server, and the
client will print the name of
                  // the left cleint
                  else if (msg_from_server->type == OFFLINE) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == USERNAME){
                                printf("%s just leaved the chat room...\n",
msg from server->attribute[0].payload);
                  // IDLE message indicates that a client has not sent any message for 10
sec, and the client
                  // will print the name of the idle client
                  else if (msg_from_server->type == IDLE) {
                         if (msg_from_server->attribute[0].type == USERNAME){
                                printf("%s is idle...\n", msg from server-
>attribute[0].payload);
                  free(msg from server); // release malloc of msg from server
```

```
}
// Reset char array for next turn
memset(input, 0, sizeof(input));
}
```