ECEN 714 Lab 6 report Section 607 TA: Sara Jacob Chenjie Luo

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1. Chenjie module.v:
module chenjie_module (
clk , // clock signal (positive edge triggered)
reset , // reset signal (positive edge triggered)
throttle,
set ,
accel,
coast ,
cancel,
resume,
brake ,
speed , // output of spped
cruise_speed , //output of cruise_speed
cruise_on ////curise status
);
// Input declaration
input clk, reset, throttle, set, accel, coast, cancel, resume, brake;
// Output declaration
output speed, cruise speed, cruise on;
// Output should be also declared as reg type
reg [7:0] speed;
reg [7:0] cruise_speed;
reg [7:0] cached_speed; //stored current speed to assign
reg cruise_on; //cruise mode status
// Code starts here
always @(posedge clk)
begin
if (reset)
begin
  speed = 8'b0;
  cruise_speed = 8'b0;
  cruise_on = 1'b0;
end
if (throttle)
  speed = speed + 1'b1;
else
```

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begin
  if (cruise_on)
  begin
     if (accel) //When accel is high and cruise_on is true, cruise_speed will increment 1 mph.
       cruise speed = cruise speed + 1'b1;
    if (coast && cruise_speed > 45) //Similarly, cruise_speed will decrease by 1 mph.
       cruise_speed = cruise_speed - 1'b1;
    if (speed < cruise speed) //If speed != cruise speed, it should converge to cruise speed.
       speed = speed + 1'b1;
    if (speed > cruise_speed)
       speed = speed - 1'b1;
  end
  else
  begin
    if (!brake && speed > 0) //if throttle is off and cruise_on is low, the speed to decrease until 0
       speed = speed - 1'b1;
  end
end
if (cancel)
  cruise on = 1'b0;
if (set && speed >45) //only if when speed > 45 mph, set pulse will trigger cruise mode on
begin
  cruise on = 1'b1;
  cruise speed = cached speed;
if (resume && speed > 0 && cruise speed >=45)
  cruise on = 1'b1;
if (brake)
              //if brake is on, speed will decrease 2 mph/clk_cycle and cruise_on turns false.
begin
  cruise on = 1'b0;
  speed = speed - 2;
end
end
always @(posedge set) //when set pulse arrives and speed > 45, save current speed right
away.
begin
  if (speed > 45)
       cached_speed = speed;
end
endmodule // End
```

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2. Chenjie_testbench.v:
module chenjie_testbench();
// Input signal declaration
reg clk, reset, throttle, set, accel, coast, cancel, resume, brake;
// Output
wire[7:0] speed;
wire[7:0] cruise_speed;
wire cruise_on;
always
begin
  #5 clk = \simclk;
end
// Code starts here
initial begin
clk = 0;
reset = 0;
throttle = 0;
set = 0;
accel = 0;
coast = 0;
cancel = 0;
resume = 0;
brake = 0;
#2 reset = 1; //initialize output
#5 \text{ reset} = 0;
throttle = 1; //accelerate starts now to 30mph, 30*5*2 = 300 will be needed
#300 \text{ set} = 1;
throttle = 0;
#10 \text{ set} = 0;
#90 throttle = 1; //at this point the speed should be 20mph
#300 \text{ set} = 1;
#10 set = 0;
```

```
#90 throttle = 0; //at this point the speed should be 60mph
#150 brake = 1; //from now on cruise mode is off and speed decreases 2 mph/clk_cycle
#100 brake = 0; //at this point speed is 30 mph.
resume = 1;
#10 resume = 0;
#240 accel = 1; //accel lasts 5 clk cycles
#50 accel = 0;
#50 coast = 1; //coast lasts 5 clk cycles
#50 coast = 0;
#50 cancel = 1; //cancel turns on, cruise mode is off and speed will decrease to 0
#10 cancel = 0;
end
chenjie_module module1(clk,reset,throttle,set,accel,coast,cancel, resume, brake, speed, cruise_speed, cruise_on);
endmodule // End
```

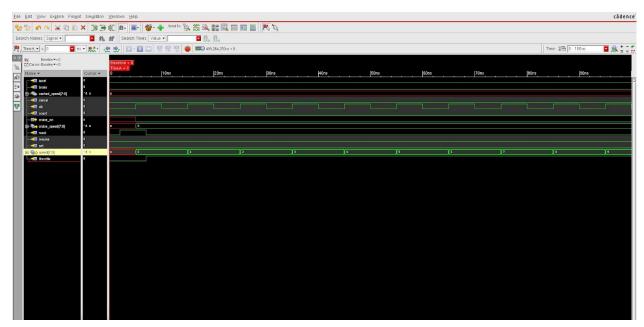


Fig. 1

When reset pulse arrives at #2, all three outputs: cruise_speed, speed and cruise_on will be reset to 0.

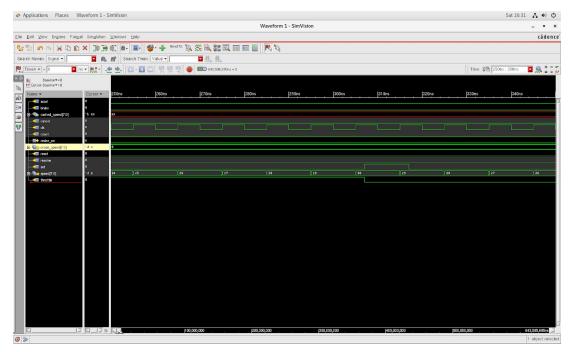


Fig. 2

When the speed increases to 30 mph, throttle will switched low, and from now on the speed will decrease 1mph / clock_cycle to 20 mph. Meanwhile, a set pulse will arrive but there is no response since the current speed is less than 45 mph.

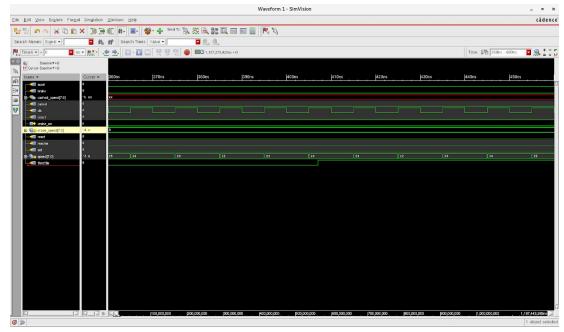


Fig. 3

When the speed reaches 20 mph, throttle will switch high again and the speed starts to increase.

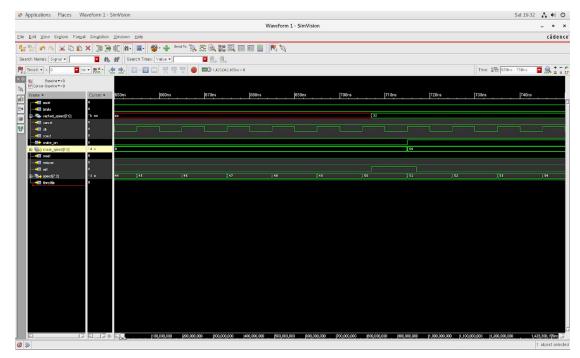


Fig. 4

When speed reaches 50 mph, a set pulse will arrive. This time cruise_speed will be assigned by speed when the positive edge of set pulse. I used a register here to save current speed which is 50 mph and assign this value to cruise_speed. Otherwise cruise _speed will be assigned to 51 mph since cruise_speed will synchronize updated speed which is 51 mph.



Fig. 5

When the speed reaches 60 mph, throttle switches low and the speed is supposed to converge to cruise_speed which is 50 mph.

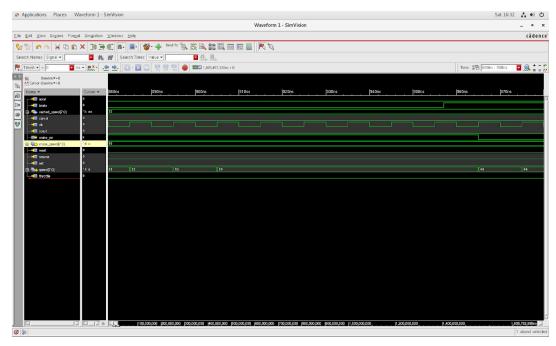


Fig. 6

When speed decreases to 50 mph, there is no external signal in the next 5 clk cycles. Thus, the speed should stay at 50 mph.

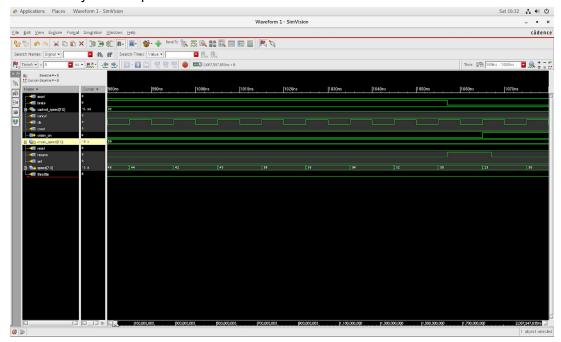


Fig. 7

Then the brake pulse arrives. Brake signal will be high until speed decreases to 30 mph. Since brake pulse is on, the acceleration is -2 mph/clk_cycle. When speed reaches 30 mph, a resume pulse arrives.

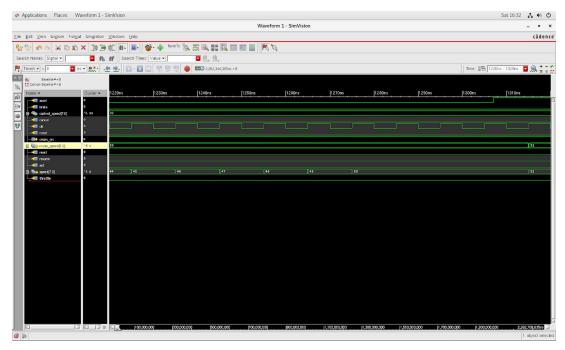


Fig.8

The speed will increase back to setted cruise_speed, which is 50 mph. After that, the car will cruise for 5 clk cycles at 50 mph.

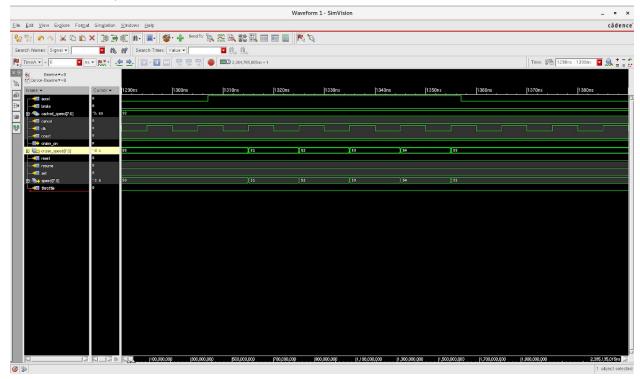


Fig. 9

Then we give 5 accel pulses consecutively, the speed and cruise_speed will then both be 55 mph. Then car will cruise at 55 mph.

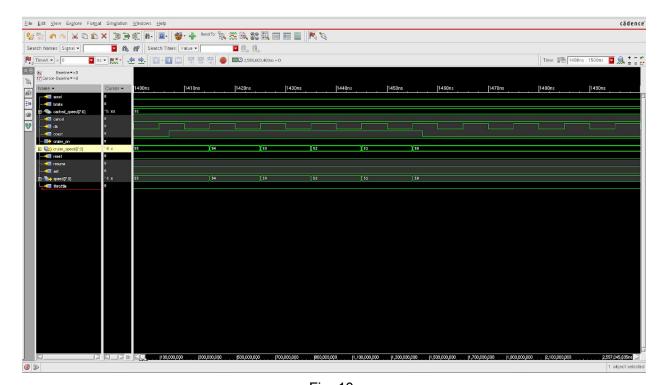


Fig. 10 Similarly, 5 consecutively coast pulses arrive and cruise_speed and speed will fall to 50 mph.

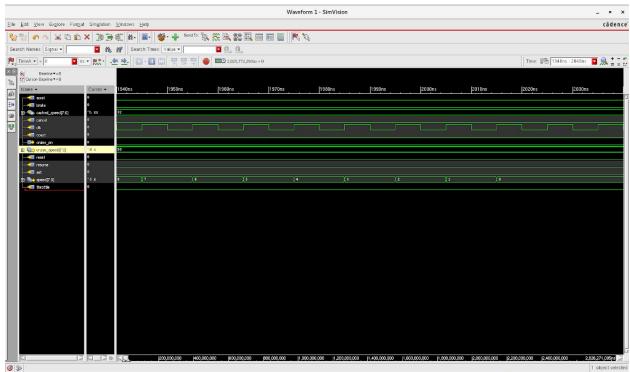


Fig. 11

Finally, cancel pulse arrives and the cruise mode is off now. The speed will decrease 1 mph/clk_cycle until speed is 0 mph.