Financial Mathematics

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Chapter 10. Binomial Option Pricing: Basic Concepts

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Binomial option pricing

The
binomial option pricing model
or
Cox-Ross-Rubinstein pricing model
assumes that

the price of the underlying asset follows a binomial distribution,

that is,

the asset price in each period can
move only up or down by a specified amount.

The binomial option pricing model enables us to

determine the price of an option,

given the characteristics of the stock or other underlying asset.

Example 10.1-1   Consider an European call option on the stock of XYZ, with a $40 strike price and one year expiration. XYZ does not pay dividends and its current price is $41.

Assume that, in a year, the price can be either $60 or $30.

$$
\$41
\begin{array}{c}
\diagup\ \$60 \\[2ex]
\diagdown\ \$30
\end{array}
$$
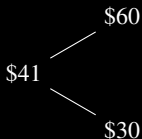
Can one determine the call premium?

(Let the continuously compounded risk free interest rate be 8%.)

Law of one price

Positions that have the same payoff should have the same cost!

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Two portfolios (positions)

► Portfolio A: Buy one call option.
► Portfolio B: Buy $\Delta \in (0, 1)$ option and borrow B at the risk-free rate.

These two positions should have the same cost.

Solution.

□

More generally, suppose the stock change its value over a period of time h as
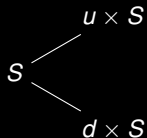
Portfolio A

payoff	$d \times S$	$u \times S$
	0	$u \times S - K$
Total	$C_d = 0$	$C_u = u \cdot S - K$

Portfolio B

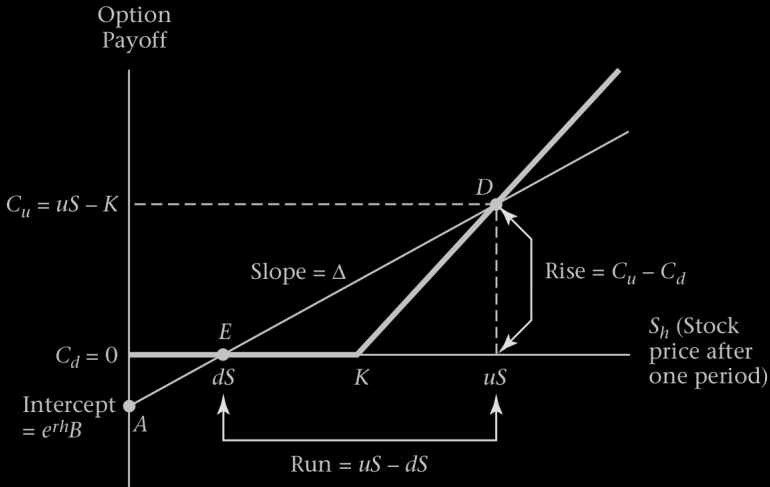| payoff	$d \times S$	$u \times S$
Δ share	$\Delta \cdot d \cdot S \cdot e^{\delta h}$	$\Delta \cdot u \cdot S \cdot e^{\delta h}$
B bond	Be^{rh}	Be^{rh}
Total	$\Delta \cdot d \cdot S \cdot e^{\delta h} + Be^{rh}$	$\Delta \cdot u \cdot S \cdot e^{\delta h} + Be^{rh}$

For two unknowns: Δ and B, solve:

$$\begin{cases} \Delta dS e^{\delta h} + B e^{rh} = C_d \\ \Delta uS e^{\delta h} + B e^{rh} = C_u \end{cases}$$

Set S_h be either dS or uS and
C_h be either C_u or C_d.
Plot S_h (x-axis) versus C_h (y-axis).

$$\Delta S_h e^{\delta h} + B e^{rh} = C_h$$

Option
Payoff

$C_u = uS - K$

D

Slope = Δ

Rise = $C_u - C_d$

E

$C_d = 0$

S_h (Stock price after one period)

dS K uS

Intercept
= $e^{rh}B$

A

Run = $uS - dS$

10

$$\Delta = e^{-\delta h}\frac{C_h - C_d}{S(u-d)} \qquad \text{and} \qquad B = e^{-rh}\frac{uC_d - dC_u}{u-d}$$

$$\Delta S + B = e^{-rh}\left(C_u \underbrace{\frac{e^{(r-\delta)h} - d}{u-d}}_{:=p^*} + C_d \underbrace{\frac{u - e^{(r-\delta)h}}{u-d}}_{:=1-p^*} \right)$$

p^* the **risk-neutral probability** of
an increase in the stock price.

Arbitraging a mispriced option

Example 10.1-2 Find arbitrage opportunities in Example 10.1-1 with

- ▶ the option price being overpriced with $9.00;
- ▶ the option price being underpriced with $8.25,

instead of the risk-neutral pricing $8.871.

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§ 10.1 A one-period Binomial tree

§ 10.2 Constructing a Binomial tree

§ 10.3 Two or more binomial periods

§ 10.4 Put options

§ 10.5 American options

§ 10.6 Options on other assets

§ 10.7 Problems

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