Financial Mathematics

MATH 5870/6870¹ Fall 2021

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¹Based on Robert L. McDonald's *Derivatives Markets*, 3rd Ed, Pearson, 2013.

Chapter 11. Binomial Option Pricing: Selected Topics

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§ 11.1 Understanding Early Exercise

§ 11.2 Understanding risk-neutral pricing

§ 11.3 The Binomial tree and lognormality

§ 11.4 Problems

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§ 11.4 Problems

Options may be rationally exercised prior to expiration

By exercising, the option holder

- + Receives the stock and thus receives dividends
- Pays the strike price prior to expiration (this has an interest cost)
- Loses the insurance implicit in the call against the possibility that the stock price will be less than the strike price at expiration

Example 11.1-1 For a call option, let K = 100, r = 0.05, $\delta = 0.05$, $\sigma = 0$ and the stock price today is S = 200. Shall we exercise the call?

Solution.

+ Receives the stock and thus receives dividends:

$$S \times \delta = 200 \times 0.05 = $10.00$$
.

Pays the strike price prior to expiration (this has an interest cost)

$$K \times r = 100 \times 0.05 = $5.00.$$

- Loses the insurance: \$0 because $\delta = 0$.

Hence, we need to early exercise!

If volatility is zero, the value of insurance is zero. Then, it is optimal to defer exercise as long as interest savings on the strike exceed dividends lost

$$rK > \delta S$$

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It is optimal to exercise
$$\iff$$
 $S > \frac{rK}{\delta}$

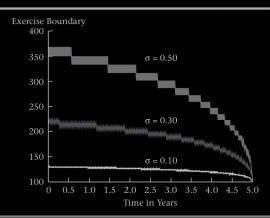
E.g. If $r = \delta$, any in-the-money option should be exercised immediately. If $r = 3\delta$, we exercise when the stock price is 3 times of the strike price.

When volatility is positive, the implicit insurance has value that varies with time to expiration.

Early-exercise boundary – American call

FIGURE 11.1

Early-exercise boundaries for volatilities of 10%, 30%, and 50% for a 5-year American call option. In all cases, K = \$100, r = 5%, and $\delta = 5\%$.



- ► Curve computed using 500 binomial steps.
- ▶ When $\sigma = 0$, the boundary should be S = K = \$100.
- ► The value of insurance diminishes in time.

Early-exercise boundary – American put

FIGURE 11.2

Early-exercise boundaries for volatilities of 10%, 30%, and 50% for a 5-year American put option. In all cases, K = \$100, r = 5%, and $\delta = 5\%$.

