Brief Intro to Opt Solvers

NUS Summer School Tutorial

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Overview

- ▶ The goal: Solve optimization problems numerically via solvers
- ▶ The prerequisite: Basic knowledge of computer programming
 - ➤ You can use your favorite language, such as Matlab, Python, Julia, C. Java, ...
 - ▶ When implementing algorithms, Matlab is the most convenient one for matrix computation, although Python (with NumPy) or Julia are also OK (the cheatsheet).

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- ▶ The outline
 - ▶ Brief intro of opt solvers
 - ► Examples of using Julia + JuMP
 - ► Examples of using Matlab + CVX
 - Examples of using Python + MOSEK

- ► Examples of opt solvers
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- ► Regardless what solvers to use, always focus on the three elements: decision variables, constraints, and objective functions

Julia+JuMP

- Download and install Julia and JuMP
- ▶ After installing JuMP, you can install a free solver SCS to test import Pkg Pkg.add("SCS")
- ► Then you can explore JuMP through A quick start or examples
- ▶ Use other solvers
 - SDPT3: you need to install Matlab and SDPT3 first, then install the interface SDPT3.jl. (not recommended)
 - MOSEK: you need to install MOSEK first, then install the interface MosekTools.jl

Matlab+CVX

- Install Matlab
- ▶ Download and install CVX according to the website instruction
- ▶ You can use either SDPT3 or MOSEK, or try both
 - SDPT3 is already included in CVX as a free solver, you can set it as the default by cvx_solver sdpt3 after cvx_setup
 - You need to request an academic license for MOSEK, see Using MOSEK with CVX
- ► After you setup the solver, you can explore CVX through many examples (in the "examples" folder), e.g., A quick start

Python+MOSEK

- ▶ Install MOSEK, e.g., pip install Mosek
- ➤ You can either directly use MOSEK or use other interface/ modeling language, such as Pyomo or CVXPY
 - ▶ Directly use MOSEK: Optimizer API or Fusion API (recommended)