

# A DETAILED ANALYSIS REPORT ON TRAVEL SURVEY OF RESIDENTS OF CANADA 2017.

Moganaviniith Rathinavel (200531668), Nanditha Babu (200573747), Srivas Sathyanarayanan (20054467)





# INTRODUCTION

- In this presentation, we delve into a detailed analysis that uncovers valuable insights into the travel patterns, preferences, and behaviors of the residents of this diverse and dynamic nation.
- The 2017 travel survey serves as a crucial lens through which we examine the travel habits that define
  the Canadian populace. This analysis not only provides a snapshot of the nation's travel landscape but
  also serves as a valuable resource for stakeholders in the travel and tourism industry, policymakers, and
  researchers.
- Our dataset encapsulates a myriad of dimensions from travel durations and preferred destinations to transportation modes and expenditure patterns.
- Through Excel, we've organized and processed this data, extracting meaningful trends and patterns that offer a deep understanding of how Canadians engage with travel.
- Through interactive dashboards and dynamic visualizations, we transform numbers into narratives, providing you with an immersive experience to explore the complex patterns of Canadian travel behavior.
- Tools used: SAS studio, excel and Powerbi.

# PROJECT TEAM

Moganaviniith Rathinavel	Team leader	<ul> <li>3+ years of experience as a project coordinator in developing business, strategies, signing Mou's with organizations, experience in project management tools like Jira, MS project and monday.com for making perfect schedule.</li> </ul>
Nanditha Babu	Analyst	<ul> <li>3+ Years of experience in collecting data, Data cleaning and preprocessing skills are crucial.</li> <li>Assuring data quality, addressing missing data, and eliminating outliers. which is valuable as a data analyst.</li> <li>A strong understanding of SQL (Structured Query Language) is crucial for data retrieval and manipulation from relational databases.</li> </ul>
Srivas Sathyanarayanan	Developer	<ul> <li>A programmer with more than 2 years of Java, Python, and SQL experience.</li> <li>An expert Python user, web developer, and data analyst. Complex querying, database design, and optimization are all areas of MySQL expertise.</li> <li>Know all stages of the development life cycle, went to client meetings, and collected business analyst's needs.</li> </ul>

## PROJECT SUMMARY

- The dataset in question originates from the comprehensive 2017 Travel Survey of Residents of Canada.
- It specifically comprises Public Use Microdata Files (PUMFs) that meticulously detail individual trips undertaken by Canadian residents throughout the specified year.
- This dataset serves as a valuable resource for researchers, policymakers, and analysts, offering a granular perspective on travel patterns, preferences, and behaviors within the Canadian population during the surveyed period.

The data dictionary outlines various variables, their positions, descriptions, and corresponding pages in the dataset. Here are some key points:

#### **Reference Information:**

• REFYEAR and REFMONTH represent the reference year and month. PUMFID and TRIPID are identifiers for the public use microdata file and trip, respectively. QUARTER indicates the quarter of the reference period.

#### **Trip Origin and Destination:**

• ORCPROVT, ORCCDT2, and ORCCMAT2 provide information about the province, census division, and census metropolitan area of trip origin. MDDPLFL, MDCCD, and MDCCMA2 offer similar details for the trip destination.

#### **Demographic and Economic Factors:**

• AGE\_GR2, SEX, EDLEVGR, LFSSTATG, and INCOMGR2 represent demographic and economic characteristics of the respondent.

#### **Trip Details:**

• Various variables (e.g., TMDTYPE2, DIST2, MRDTRIP2, MRDTRIP3) describe trip-related information such as transportation mode, trip distance, and main reason for the trip.

#### **Accommodation and Nights Spent:**

• Information about the nights spent in different provinces and territories, types of accommodations, and various spending categories are provided.

#### **Spending Details:**

• Total spending and spending in different categories, including accommodations, vehicle rental, food, and recreational activities, are outlined.

#### **Package Information:**

Package-related details, including spending allocation and flags indicating package components, are included.

#### **Additional Activities:**

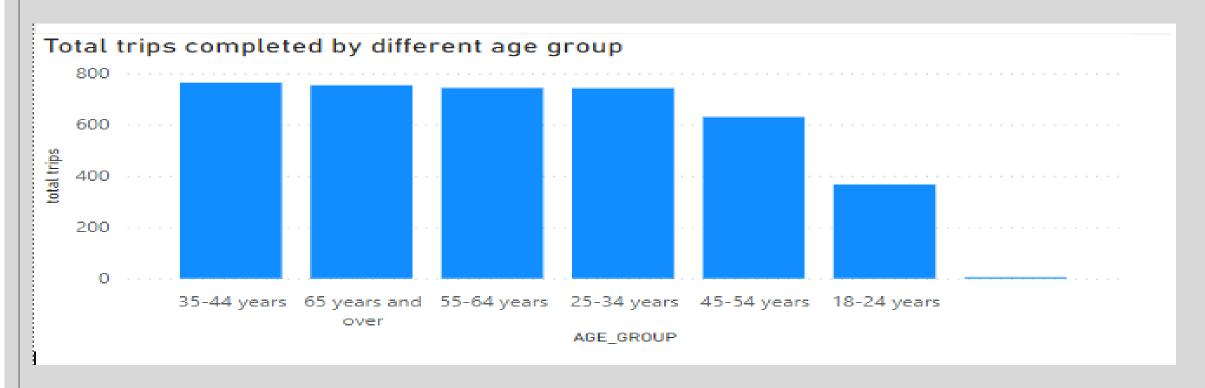
• The dataset contains information about various activities undertaken during the trip, such as attending events, going to the beach, boating, and more.

## THE KEYVARIABLES USED AND FOUR RESEARCH QUESTIONS

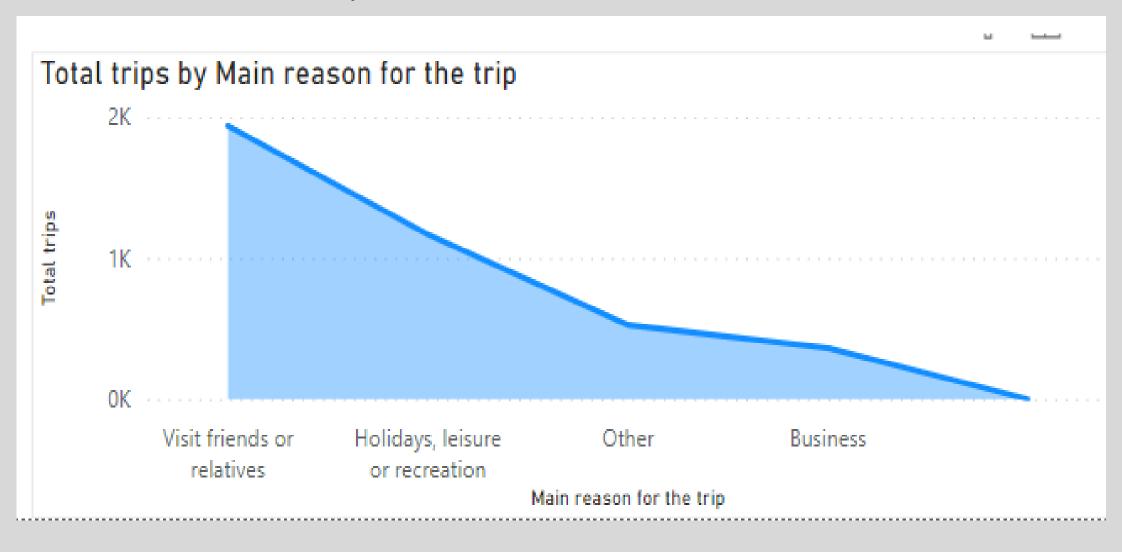
• The key variables used from the data are AGE GROUP, SEX, Province of trip Destination and trip type with respect to total trips.

#### **FOUR RESEARCH QUESTIONS:**

1. What is the total number of trips generated by different age groups?



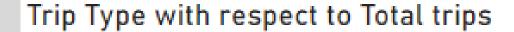
## 2. What is the main reason for the trip?



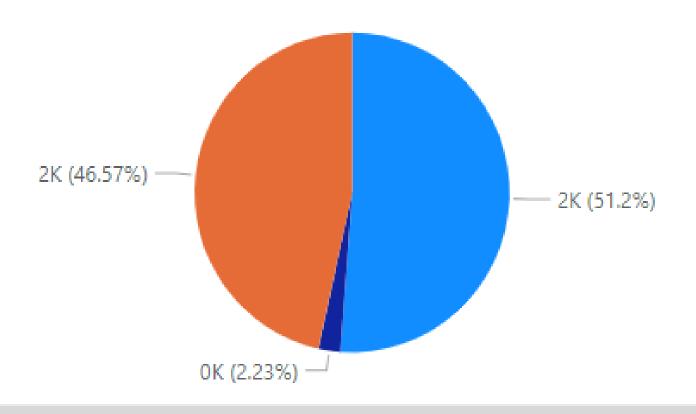
## 3. Which provinces in Canada were visited by visitors?

						7 63
Province of trip Destination		Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Newfoundlar
	1					
Alberta		366	30	13	1	
British Columbia		42	312	8	1	
Manitoba		3	1	233	1	
New Brunswick		2	1	1	157	
Newfoundland and Labrador		3			1	
Northwest Territories			1			
Not stated			1			
Nova Scotia					23	
Ontario		6	11	26	6	
Prince Edward Island					4	
Quebec		3	1	3	13	
Saskatchewan		14	3	17		
Yukon		1				
Total	1	440	361	301	207	

## 4. What is the most preferred trip type among visitors?

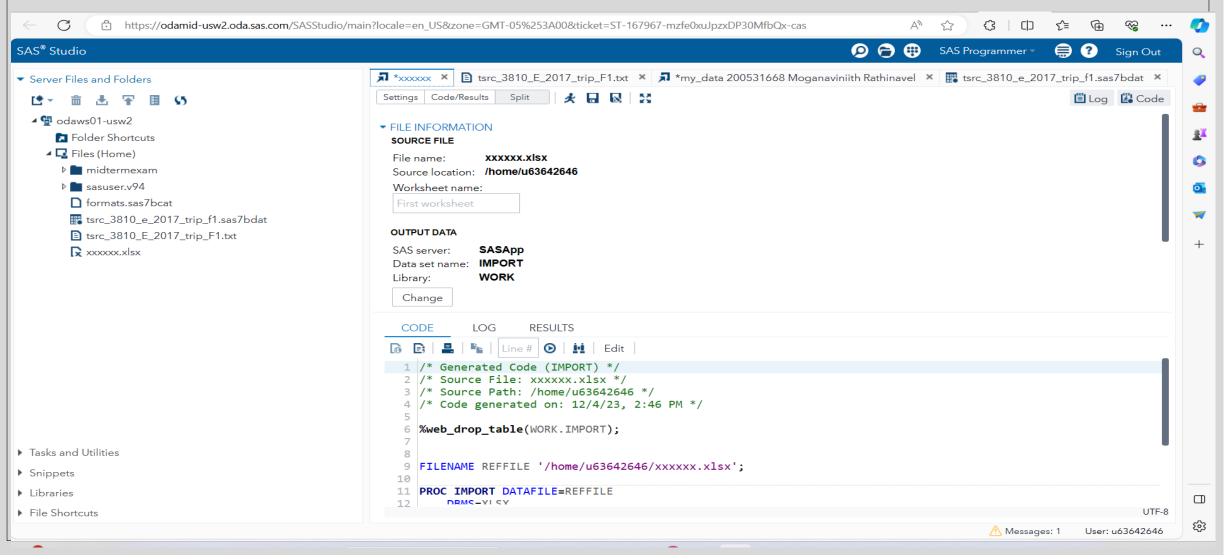


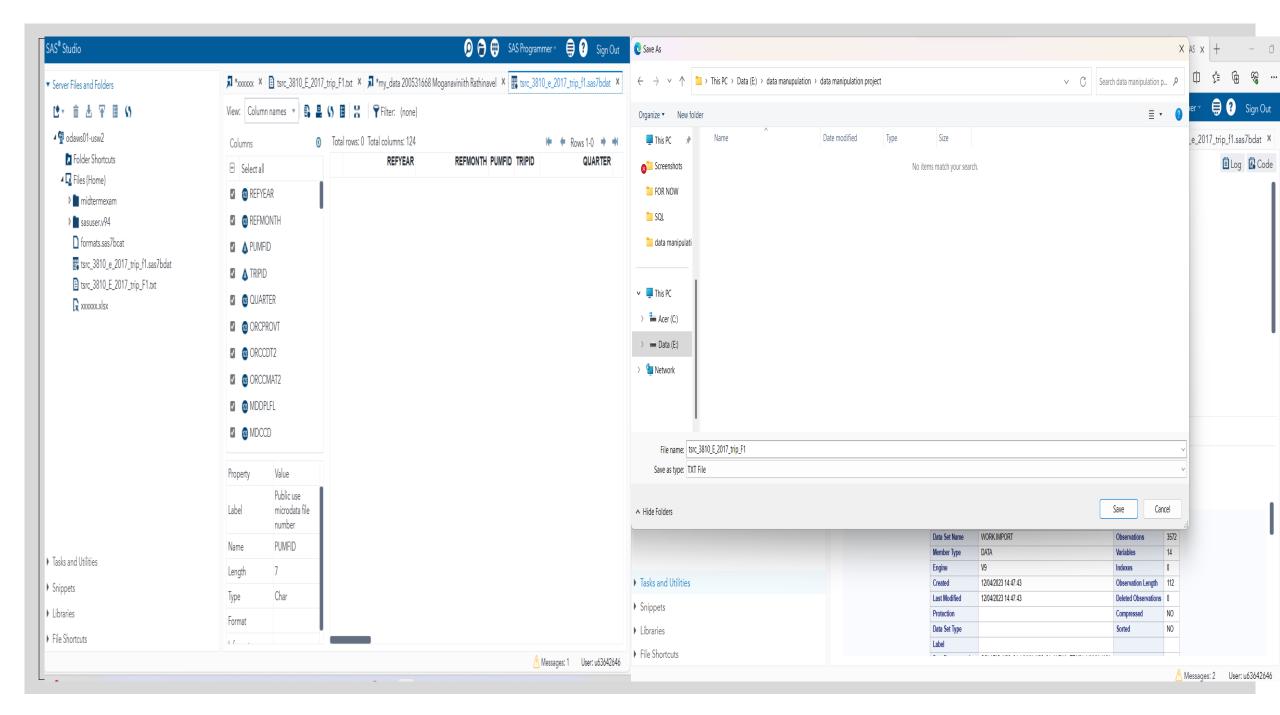
TRIPTYPE Overnight - Canadian destination Overnight - international destination Sameday



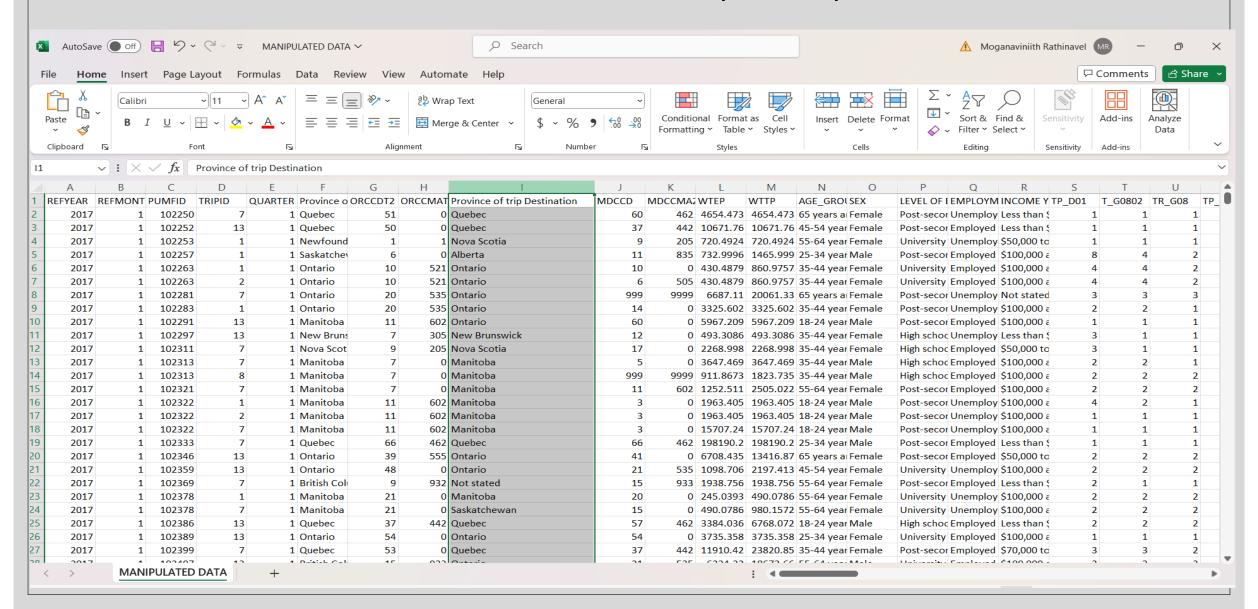
## **DATA MANIPULATION STEPS**

#### **EXPORTING DATA FROM SAS STUDIO**





## CLEANING AND MANIPULATING THE DATA(CSV FILE)USING EXCEL



#### DATA VISULIZATION USING POWER BI ∠ Search Moganaviniith Rathinavel 😩 △ Assignment Power BI Vinith • Last saved: 12/1/2023 at 4:59 PM ▼ 0 Home Insert Modeling View Optimize Help SQL Excel Enter Dataverse Recent Transform Refresh Text New Quick Publish Format painter data v workbook hub √ Server data data √ visual box sources ~ visuals 🗸 measure measure Clipboard Data Queries Calculations Sensitivity Insert Share **▽** Filters 000 Travel Survey of Residents of Canada 2017 Visualizations Search Total trips completed by different age group 2080 800 Filters on this page Total No of Female Total No of Male 600 Add data fields here 400 Trip Type with respect to Total trips TRIPTYPE ● Overnight - Canadian destination ● Overnight - international destination ● Sameday 200 Filters on all pages 35-44 years 65 years and 55-64 years 25-34 years 45-54 years 18-24 years Add data fields here AGE\_GROUP 2K (46.57%) — 2K (51.2%) Province of trip Destination Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundlar Alberta British Columbia 42 312 0K (2.23%) Manitoba 233 157 New Brunswick Total trips by Main reason for the trip Newfoundland and Labrador Northwest Territories Not stated 23 Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Quebec Saskatchewan 14 17 Yukon Visit friends or Holidays, leisure **Business** 440 Total 301 207 relatives or recreation Main reason for the trip Page 1 of 2

# Here are some common problems that were raised during data preparation:

## **Missing Data:**

• Incomplete or missing values can be a common issue. Deciding how to handle missing data, whether through imputation or exclusion, requires careful consideration.

## **Data Cleaning:**

• Inconsistent or inaccurate entries may need to be identified and corrected. This includes handling outliers and anomalies that could skew the analysis.

#### **Data Integration:**

• Combining data from multiple sources can present challenges in terms of aligning formats, resolving discrepancies, and ensuring consistency.

#### Normalization and Standardization:

• Variables might need to be normalized or standardized to ensure that they are on a consistent scale, especially when different measurement units are involved.

#### **Dealing with Categorical Data:**

• Converting categorical variables into a format suitable for analysis, such as one-hot encoding or label encoding, can be challenging.

#### **Ensuring Data Quality:**

• Verifying the quality of the data is crucial. This involves checking for data accuracy, consistency, and reliability.

## **Handling Duplicates:**

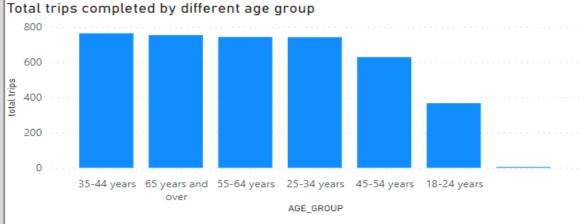
• Duplicate entries, if present, need to be identified and addressed to avoid duplication of information in the analysis.

## **Data Security and Privacy:**

• Ensuring that sensitive information is handled securely, and that the dataset complies with privacy regulations is a critical consideration.

## **POWERBI DASHBOARD**

## Travel Survey of Residents of Canada 2017



Province of trip Destination		Alberta	British Columbia	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Newfoundlar
	1					
Alberta		366	30	13	1	
British Columbia		42	312	8	1	
Manitoba		3	1	233	1	
New Brunswick		2	1	1	157	
Newfoundland and Labrador		3			1	
Northwest Territories			1			
Not stated			1			
Nova Scotia					23	
Ontario		6	11	26	6	
Prince Edward Island					4	
Quebec		3	1	3	13	
Saskatchewan		14	3	17		
Yukon		1				
Total	1	440	361	301	207	

2080

1919

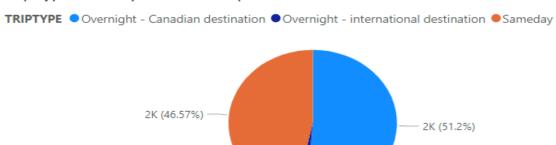
4000

Total No of Female

Total No of Male

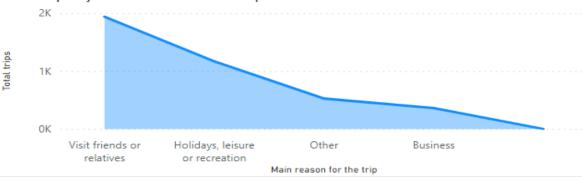
total trips

#### Trip Type with respect to Total trips

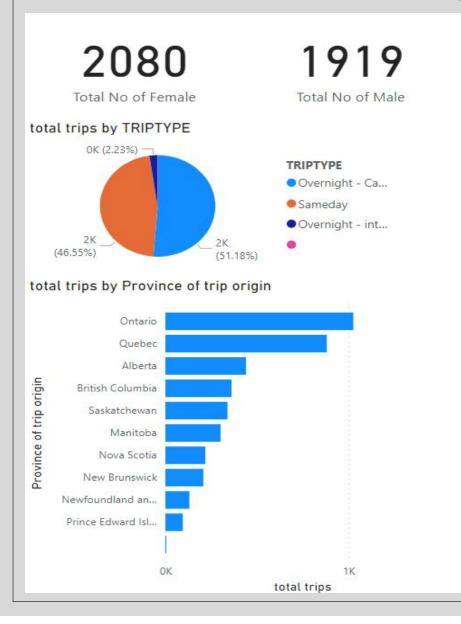


0K (2.23%)

#### Total trips by Main reason for the trip

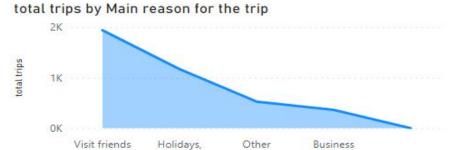


## **POWERBI DASHBOARD**



4000

total trips



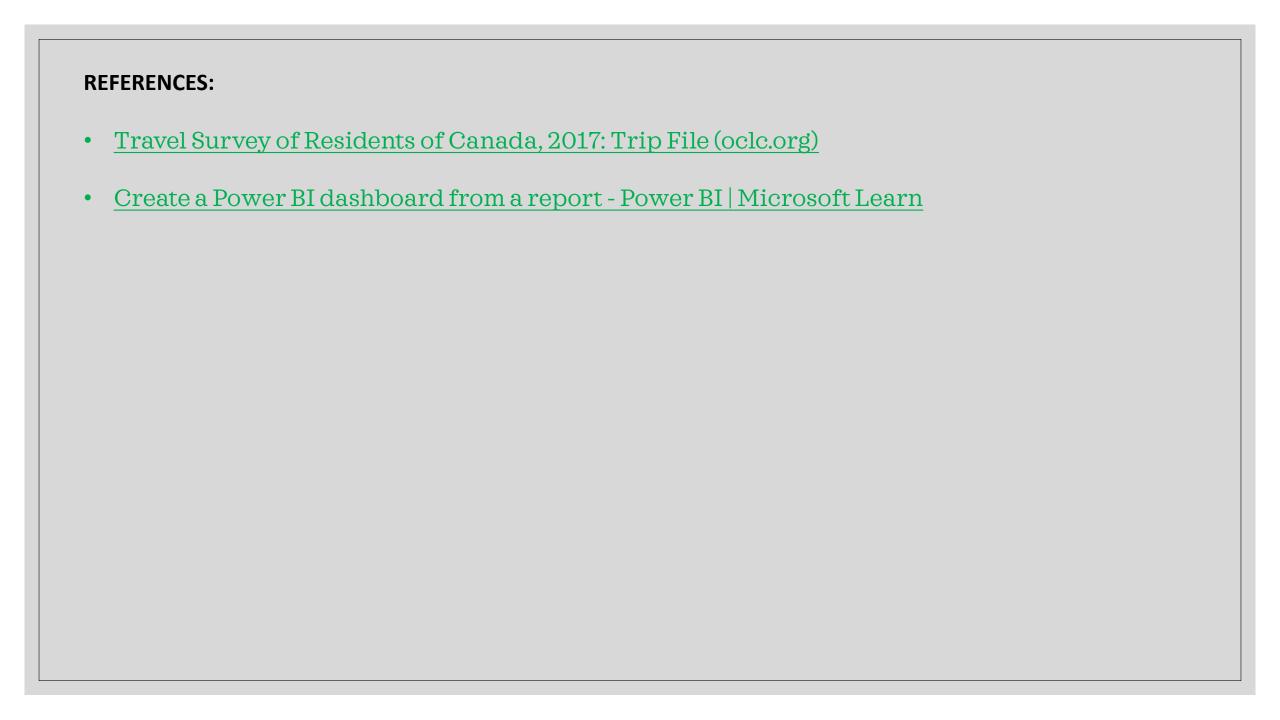
Main reason for the trip



leisure or

recreation

or relatives



Thank Jau