scrambledenvs – Create and print scrambled environments

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Abstract

The scrambledenvs package allows you to create scrambled environments and print them out later, such as scrambled hints or solutions.

1 Overview

This package was designed to mark hints at a location 1 and print them out later in a random order. 2

There is an outer environment which typesets the label. Inside it you should place the inner environment and only the inner environment. Inside this inner environment, you write the contents of your hint. This will typeset the hint number. Finally, you may print the hints at some later location in a randomized order.

2 Usage

If you want your solutions to be scrambled, call

\usepackage{scrambledenvs}

If you want to disable all scrambling for any reason, call

\usepackage[noscramble]{scrambledenvs}

\newscrambledenv

In order to create a new scrambled environment, one should call \newscrambledenv{envname}. This requires that the macros \envname and \envnames be undefined, as well as the counters envnamecount and envnametempount be undefined, as \newscrambledenv will define these.

¹It can generalize beyond hints, but I thought it best to start off with a specific example..

 $^{^2}$ Though you do have the ability to make the order not random: pass in noscramble to the package.

This defines the environments 'envname's and 'envname', and the macro \print'envname', where 'envname' denotes the value passed in to \newscrambledenv. Because this will get confusing fast, we will just assume that 'envname' is hint, since this generalizes quite easily.

Thus in this example, the environments hints and hint are defined, and the macro \printhint is defined.

If any of these macros or counters are defined, the package will throw a custom error.

hints

This is the outer environment. Depending on how many hint environments are put inside it, it will either typeset **Hints:** or **Hint:** with the numerical labels of the passed in hints following it. You should put in nothing but the inner environment hint. (See the examples for a correct usage.)

hint

This is the inner environment. The inner environment hint must be inside the outer environment hints.

\printhint

To print out the hints (either in a random or fixed order, depending on whether the option noscrambled is passed in), just write \printhint.

2.1 Formatting

There are five pieces of configurable formatting. They are roughly ordered by the order they would appear in a document.

\hintlabel

First is the label "Hint(s)" which gets printed by the outer environment hints. Capitalization and singular/plural form is automatically taken care of. To change it, write \hintlabel{new label} to get "New label(s)" as the new label.

By default the label is the environment name capitalized. This may be useful if your environment names are shortened: for instance, you could change the label of solu to "Solution(s)" instead.

\hintlabelfont

Second is the font of the label. To change it, write \hintlabelfont{new label font} to apply the new font. By default the font applied is \bfseries.

Because this macro only takes in one argument, it is advisable to use **\bfseries** instead of **\textbf**, for instance.

\hintreffont

Sets the font of the numerical references the follows the label.

Because the references are generated with \ref, you must change hyperref colors in order to change the color. \color will not work.

\hintprintenv

When the randomized hints are printed at the end, the actual printed contents are wrapped around an environment. By default the beginning of the environment is \begin{enumerate} and the end is \end{enumerate}.

\hintprintitem

To change these, write \hintprintenv{new env beginning}{new env ending}. Each item of the randomized hints is printed with \hintprintitem at the beginning. By default it is \item.

The way this is defined also allows for changing the font of the output. So if you want to bold the hint text, you could write \hintprintitem{\bfseries\item}.

You may also change the defaults of all these pieces **except the label** with the following macros. (The names of these macros make it impossible to pass in \newscrambledenv{default}, but there is no reason to do such a thing anyway.)

If, at any point, you change the defaults, all fonts/formats that have not been custom-set will be changed, including those of previously defined scrambled environments.

Usage is identical to configuring formatting for specific scrambled environments.

\defaultlabelfont
 \defaultreffont
 \defaultprintenv
 \defaultprintitem

Changes the default label font.
Changes the default reference font.
Changes the default print environment.

Changes the formatting of the default print item.

3 Examples

In all of the examples, we use hint as our generic scrambled environment.

3.1 A barebones example

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{scrambledenvs}
\newscrambledenv{hint}

\begin{document}
This is a really hard problem, so we provide hints.\begin{hints}
\begin{addhint}
This is a helpful hint.
\end{addhint}
\begin{addhint}
And another one!
\end{addhint}
\end{hints}

\section{Hints printed}

\printhint

\end{document}

3.2 Changing hint formatting

We omit the fluff from last time, such as parts of the preamble and the document.

3.3 Changing default formatting

Change History

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General: Initial version	 1