



# LeetCode Bootcamp

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# Session Outline

- 01.** LeetCode platform overview
- 02.** Tech Interview Resources
- 03.** Bootcamp Timeline
- 04.** Introduction to Arrays & Sorting
- 05.** Problem Sets
- 06.** Debrief & Q/A

PART 01

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# LeetCode Platform Overview

Free Tier

Problem  
Statement

LeetCode Explore Problems Interview Contest Discuss Store Premium

Description Solution Discuss (999+) Submissions Python3 Autocomplete

### 1. Two Sum

Easy 38402 1228 Add to List Share

Given an array of integers `nums` and an integer `target`, return *indices of the two numbers such that they add up to `target`*.

You may assume that each input would have **exactly one solution**, and you may not use the same element twice.

You can return the answer in any order.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [2,7,11,15], target = 9`  
**Output:** `[0,1]`  
**Explanation:** Because `nums[0] + nums[1] == 9`, we return `[0, 1]`.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `nums = [3,2,4], target = 6`  
**Output:** `[1,2]`

**Example 3:**

**Input:** `nums = [3,3], target = 6`  
**Output:** `[0,1]`

**Constraints:**

1 <= `nums.length` <= 10<sup>4</sup>  
-10<sup>9</sup> <= `nums[i]` <= 10<sup>9</sup>  
-10<sup>9</sup> <= `target` <= 10<sup>9</sup>

```
1 class Solution:
2     def twoSum(self, nums: List[int], target: int) -> List[int]:
3
```

Problems Pick One < Prev 1/2430 Next > Console Contribute i Run Code ^ Submit

Add your  
code here!

Identifying  
edge-cases



LeetCode Explore Problems Interview **Contest** Discuss Store

☆ Premium

Description Solution Discuss (999+) Submissions Python3 Autocomplete

**Example 3:**

Input: nums = [3,3], target = 6  
Output: [0,1]

**Constraints:**

- $2 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^4$
- $-10^9 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^9$
- $-10^9 \leq \text{target} \leq 10^9$
- Only one valid answer exists.

**Follow-up:** Can you come up with an algorithm that is less than  $O(n^2)$  time complexity?

Accepted 7,918,980 Submissions 16,142,210

Seen this question in a real interview before?

Companies

Related Topics

Similar Questions

Show Hint 1

Show Hint 2

Show Hint 3

```
1 class Solution:
2     def twoSum(self, nums: List[int], target: int) -> List[int]:
3
```

⌵ Problems ⌵ Pick One ⌵ Prev 1/2430 Next ⌵ Console - Contribute i ▶ Run Code ^ Submit

PART 02

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# Tech Interview Resources

Grind75 | CodeSignal | GitHub

# Tech Interview Handbook

GRIND 75

by the author of Blind 75

Star

79,375

[Tech Interview Handbook](#)
[Algorithms Cheatsheet](#)
[Changelog](#)
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[About](#)

Indicate your preferences and we will recommend the best LeetCode questions for you to practice.

**SCHEDULE**

8 weeks

8 hours per week

**DIFFICULTY**

☒ Easy

☒ Medium

☒ Hard

**TOPICS**

All topics selected [\(Change\)](#)

## Grind 75 questions

Customize LeetCode study plans according to your needs. You are recommended to work on the questions in order. [Find out why.](#)

**Questions Summary**

**TIME NEEDED**

How long doing these questions will take for an average person. It's a conservative estimate where it is assumed that roughly the same amount of time will be needed to check the answer for each question.

**64 hours**

[Fits into your schedule.](#)

**DIFFICULTY**

Questions grouped by difficulty

Easy: 24 Medium: 42 Hard: 9

**TOPICS**

Questions grouped by topics

Array: 11 Binary: 1

Binary Search: 5

Binary Search Tree: 3 Binary Tree: 9

Dynamic Programming: 5 Graph: 10

Hash Table: 1 Heap: 4

Linked List: 5 Matrix: 1

Recursion: 3 Stack: 7 String: 8

Trie: 2

Need study resources? Check out [Tech Interview Handbook's algorithm study cheatsheets.](#)

COMPLETED 0 / 75

💡 You can now bookmark the page to save your preferences! We also recently changed the questions presentation settings. Refer to the [changelog](#) for more details.

[Based on Preferences](#)
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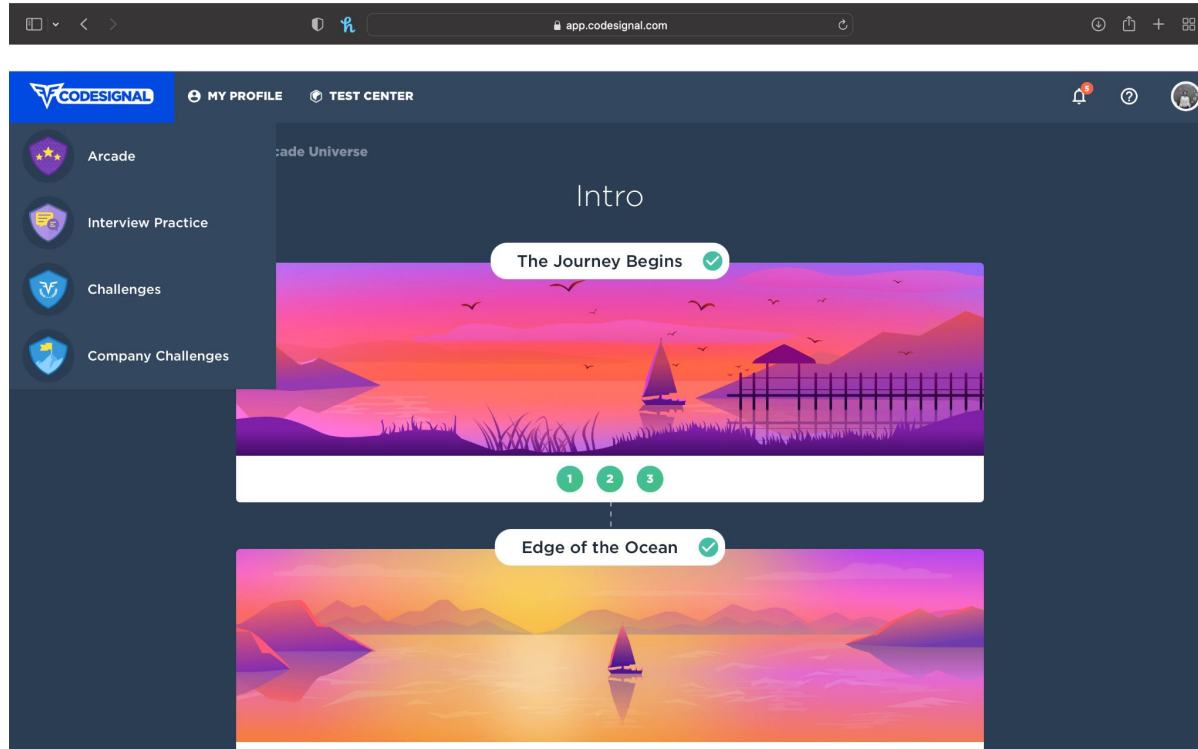
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# CodeSignal



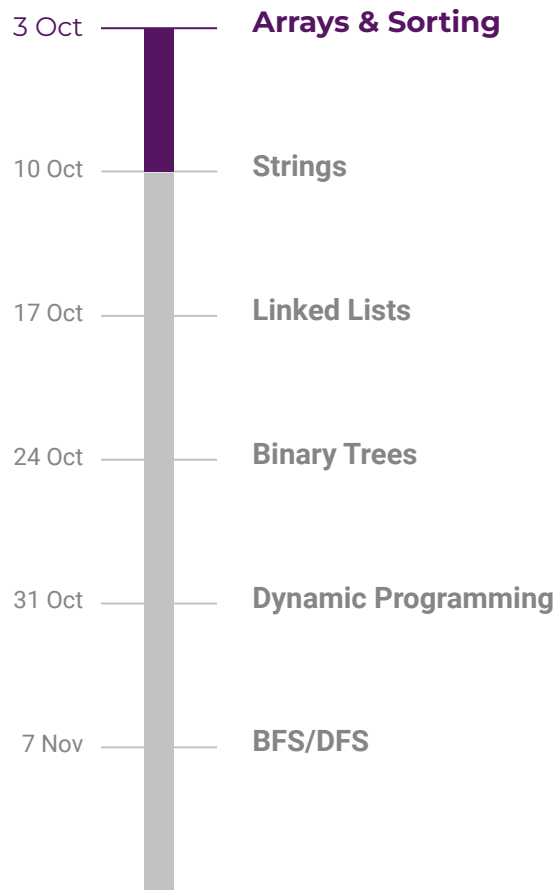


PART 03

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# Bootcamp Course Structure

# Bootcamp Timeline



# Project Brief

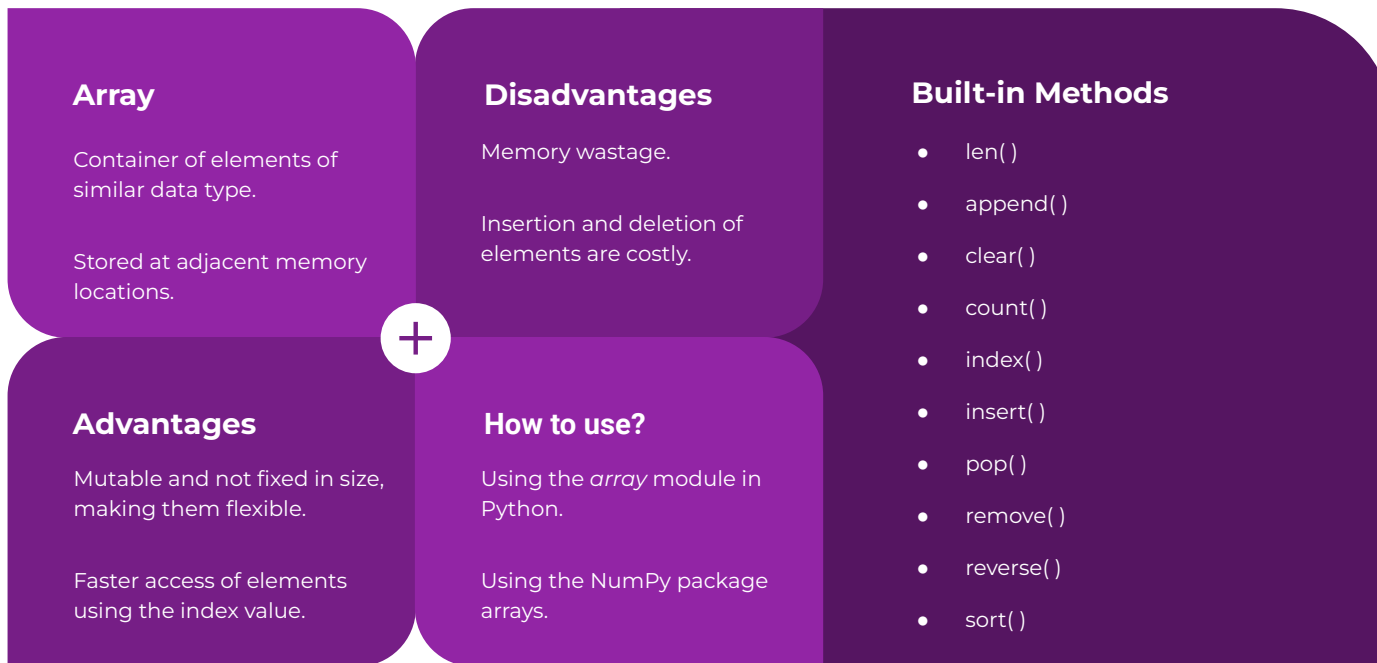
Create a website hosted on GitHub for each individual/group. We would use the Open Weather Map API to change the background based on the current location (fetch via browser or IP address) and weather conditions. The UI would include a 24-hour weather forecast and an option for the users to track weather conditions of multiple locations.

For more advanced learners, we could provide a stretch project to add analytical visualizations of historical weather data and predictions.

PART 04

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# Introduction to Arrays & Sorting



PART 05

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# Problem Sets

# Steps to approach the question:

## Understand the problem

Take time to carefully read through the problem from start to finish is critical in finding the correct and complete solution to the problem in hand.

## Code your solution

Map out your solution before you write any code. Avoid too much time trying to find the perfect solution. Validate your solution early and often.

## Manage your time

Don't forget, you have multiple questions to complete within a said time. Make sure you allocate enough time to carefully consider all problems.

# Problem 1: Best time to Buy and Sell Stock

The screenshot shows the LeetCode interface for problem 121, "Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock". The problem is categorized as "Easy" with 20,429 likes and 656 dislikes. The description states: "You are given an array `prices` where `prices[i]` is the price of a given stock on the  $i^{\text{th}}$  day. You want to maximize your profit by choosing a **single day** to buy one stock and choosing a **different day in the future** to sell that stock. Return the *maximum profit* you can achieve from this transaction. If you cannot achieve any profit, return `0`."

**Example 1:**  
Input: `prices = [7,1,5,3,6,4]`  
Output: `5`  
Explanation: Buy on day 2 (price = 1) and sell on day 5 (price = 6), profit = 6-1 = 5.  
Note that buying on day 2 and selling on day 1 is not allowed because you must buy before you sell.

**Example 2:**  
Input: `prices = [7,6,4,3,1]`  
Output: `0`  
Explanation: In this case, no transactions are done and the max profit = 0.

**Constraints:**  
• `1 <= prices.length <= 105`

The right side of the interface shows a code editor for Python3 with the following code:

```
1 class Solution:
2     def maxProfit(self, prices: List[int]) -> int:
3
```

At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: "Problems", "Pick One", "< Prev", "121/2430", "Next >", "Console", "Contribute i", "Run Code ^", and "Submit".



## Approach 1: Brute Force

class Solution:

```
def maxProfit(self, prices: List[int]) -> int:
```

```
    max_profit = 0
```

```
    for i in range(len(prices) - 1):
```

```
        for j in range(i + 1, len(prices)):
```

```
            profit = prices[j] - prices[i]
```

```
            if profit > max_profit:
```

```
                max_profit = profit
```

```
    return max_profit
```

**Time complexity:**  $O(n^2)$ , loop runs  $n(n-1)/2$  times

**Space complexity:**  $O(1)$ , only two variables *max\_profit* and *profit*

## Approach 2: Single Pass

class Solution:

```
def maxProfit(self, prices: List[int]) -> int:
```

```
    min_price = prices[0]
```

```
    max_profit = 0
```

```
    for price in prices:
```

```
        min_price = min(min_price, price)
```

```
        max_profit = max(price - min_price, max_profit)
```

```
    return max_profit
```

**Time complexity:**  $O(n)$ , only single pass is needed

**Space complexity:**  $O(1)$ , only two variables *max\_profit* and *min\_price*

# Problem 2: Sort Colors

LeetCode

Explore

Problems

Interview

Contest

Discuss

Store

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🔔

🔥 0

👤

Description

Solution

Discuss (999+)

Submissions

Python3

Autocomplete

75. Sort Colors

Medium

👍 12392

👍 464

👍 Add to List

👍 Share

Given an array `nums` with `n` objects colored red, white, or blue, sort them in-place so that objects of the same color are adjacent, with the colors in the order red, white, and blue.

We will use the integers `0`, `1`, and `2` to represent the color red, white, and blue, respectively.

You must solve this problem without using the library's sort function.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [2,0,2,1,1,0]`

Output: `[0,0,1,1,2,2]`

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [2,0,1]`

Output: `[0,1,2]`

Constraints:

- `n == nums.length`
- `1 <= n <= 300`
- `nums[i]` is either `0`, `1`, or `2`.

Follow up:

Could you come up with a one-pass algorithm using only constant extra space?

1

2

3

4

5

6

class Solution:

def sortColors(self, nums: List[int]) -> None:

"""

Do not return anything, modify nums in-place instead.

"""

🔍 Pick One

< Prev

75/2430


Next >

Console

Contribute i

▶ Run Code ^

Submit

 **NYU TANDON**

19

## Approach 1: Single Pass

class Solution:

```
def sortColors(self, nums: List[int]) -> None:
```

```
    p0 = curr = 0
```

```
    p2 = len(nums) - 1
```

```
    while curr <= p2:
```

```
        if nums[curr] == 0:
```

```
            nums[p0], nums[curr] = nums[curr], nums[p0]
```

```
            p0 += 1
```

```
            curr += 1
```

```
        elif nums[curr] == 2:
```

```
            nums[curr], nums[p2] = nums[p2], nums[curr]
```

```
            p2 -= 1
```

```
        else:
```

```
            curr += 1
```

**Time complexity:**  $O(n)$ , loop runs one pass along the length

**Space complexity:**  $O(1)$ , constant space

**PART 06**

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Q/A

# Slack Invite

Join Slack Workspace!

Office Hours: Tuesday ( 10AM - 2PM )

# Problem Assignments

- 01.** Running Sum of 1d Array (Easy)
- 02.** Long Pressed Name (Easy)
- 03.** Contains Duplicate (Easy)
- 04.** Video Stitching (Medium)
- 05.** Maximum Product Subarray (Medium)
- 06.** Container With Most Water (Medium)
- 07.** Sliding Window Maximum (Hard)



# Thank you!

Upcoming: Strings (10/10)