## shell

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## 实验内容

实现shell中的可执行命令,重定向命令,以及管道命令

## 实验步骤

1. 将如下命令加入文件 t.sh 中

```
1. vim t.sh (ssh)

1 ls > y
2 cat < y | sort | uniq | wc > y1
3 cat y1
4 rm y1
5 ls | sort | uniq | wc
6 rm y

~
```

2. 单纯的将文件拷贝进去,并没有完成相应的函数

```
Chenshuyu@ubuntu: ~/try

try ls
sh.c t.sh

try gcc sh.c

try ./a.out < t.sh
redir not implemented
exec not implemented
pipe not implemented
exec not implemented
pipe not implemented
exec not implemented
exec not implemented
exec not implemented
exec not implemented</pre>
```

- 3. 实验各种命令
- 实现可执行

```
if (ecmd->argv[0] == 0)
            _exit(0);
67
          // fprintf(stderr, "exec not implemented\n");
68
          // Your code here ...
70
          if (access(ecmd->argv[0], F_OK) == 0)
71
72
            execv(ecmd->argv[0], ecmd->argv);
          }
73
74
          else
75
           {
76
             const char *bin_path[] = {
                "/bin/",
77
                "/usr/bin/"};
78
79
             char *abs_path;
80
             int bin_count = sizeof(bin_path) / sizeof(bin_path[0]);
             int found = 0;
81
             for (int i = 0; i < bin_count && found == 0; i++)</pre>
82
83
84
               int pathLen = strlen(bin_path[i]) + strlen(ecmd->argv[0]);
               abs_path = (char *)malloc((pathLen + 1) * sizeof(char));
85
               strcpy(abs_path, bin_path[i]);
86
               strcat(abs_path, ecmd->argv[0]);
87
               if (access(abs_path, F_OK) == 0)
88
               {
90
                 execv(abs_path, ecmd->argv);
91
                 found = 1;
92
93
               free(abs_path);
94
95
            if (found == 0)
             {
96
97
             fprintf(stderr, "%s: Command not found\n", ecmd->argv[0]);
98
             }
99
100
          break;
```

• 实现重定向

```
103 🗸
        case '<':
          rcmd = (struct redircmd *)cmd;
104
          // fprintf(stderr, "redir not implemented\n");
105
          // Your code here ...close(rcmd->fd);
106
          if (open(rcmd->file, rcmd->flags, 0644) < 0)</pre>
108 🗸
            fprintf(stderr, "Unable to open file: %s\n", rcmd->file);
109
            exit(0);
110
111
          runcmd(rcmd->cmd);
112
113
          break;
```

• 实现管道

```
115
         case '|':
116
           pcmd = (struct pipecmd *)cmd;
117
           // fprintf(stderr, "pipe not implemented\n");
           // Your code here ...
118
119
           if (pipe(p) < 0)
120
             fprintf(stderr, "pipe failed\n");
121
           if (fork1() == 0)
122
           {
123
             close(1);
124
             dup(p[1]);
             close(p[0]);
125
126
             close(p[1]);
             runcmd(pcmd->left);
127
           }
128
129
           if (fork1() == 0)
           {
130
             close(0);
131
             dup(p[0]);
132
             close(p[0]);
133
134
             close(p[1]);
             runcmd(pcmd->right);
135
136
           }
137
           close(p[0]);
           close(p[1]);
138
139
           wait(&r);
           wait(&r);
140
141
142
           break;
143
```

## 实验结果

```
→ try gcc sh.c
→ try ./a.out < t.sh
a.out sh.c t.sh y
0 0 0
4 4 18</pre>
```