# **Emergency Social Networking**

# **Team: Facepalm SE**

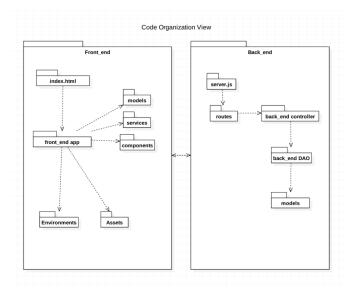
The Emergency Social Networking(ESN) serves as a communication center during emergent situation. However, the system is different from other existing social networks since it is specifically designed to support consumers who are under situations such as earthquake, tsunami, tornado, wildfire, etc.

### **Technical Constraints**

- **App** server runs on Heroku. Clients can connect to the server via their mobile phones or computer under emergent situation.
- **No** native app, only web stack (HTML, CSS, JS) on mobile browser (initially Google Chrome and Safari are supported).
- **System** support real-time dynamic updates.

## **High Level Function**

- A user affected by a disaster can be able to communicate critical information with others, post information on public area, select the status to other users, search information from chat messages and public area.
- A coordinator has additional authority to post announcement and broadcast messages to every user.
- An administrator, apart from all things a coordinator and a user can do, has the additional authority to edit other users' profiles



# **Top 3 Non-Function Requirements**

- Usability: a user can as quickly as possible to find the function he needs
- Testability: the app is easily to test, which means developer can effortlessly find the potential faults in our system
- Maintainability: the app is mostly used during emergency so it should be easily maintained and can work well in time of emergency

#### **Architectural Decisions with Rationale**

- Client-Server as the main architectural style
- Server-side JS (node.js) for low footprint and reasonable performance
- **Lightweight** MVC on the server side via the **express** framework
- Event-based fast dynamic updates via web-sockets

### **Design Decisions with Rationale**

- Project: is to be split in two separate modules to enable Low-Coupling.
  Frontend module consumes information through a unified service interface and backend service will implement data access service to access and retrieve information and expose through RESTful API.
- **Observer pattern**: messages, connection and disconnection events.
- Singleton pattern: session handlers and persistent information in frontend
- Adapter Pattern: isolate database access from the business logic

# **Responsibilities of Main Components**

- **socket.io:** dynamic updates from server to client, clients' views are automatically updated when new messages are post or when new new users login
- **Bootstrap**: responsive design, clean, scalable UI layout
- MongoDB (mLab): lightweight No-SQL database
- AngularJS: for client side encapsulation of application behaviours

