## Hon Pre-Calc Quiz - Algebra Review

### Show All Work!!! No Calculators!!! Circle All Final Answers!!!

Short Answer

1. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$4n^2 - 15n - 25$$

2. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$98p^2 - 200$$

3. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$200m^4 + 80m^3 + 8m^2$$

4. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^7 m + 2x^4 m - 15xm$$

5. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^6 + 4x^3 - 60$$

6. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$105xuv + 60xv - 70xu - 90xv^2$$

7. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^9 - x^6 - x^3 + 1$$

8. Find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

$$7x^2 + 32 = 7 - 40x$$

 Solve by completing the square and find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

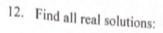
$$4x^2 + 31 = -8x$$

 Solve using the quadratic formula and find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

$$4x^2 + 4x - 8 = 1$$

11. Simplify the following completely:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{x+5}{4}}{\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{5}{2}}$$



$$\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{3x+2} \bullet 216^{3x} = \frac{1}{216}$$

$$\log_9(x+6) - \log_9 x = \log_9 2$$

$$2\big(\log 2x - \log y\big) - \big(\log 3 + 2\log 5\big)$$

#### 15. Find all real solutions:

$$\ln(x+1) - \ln(x-1) = 3$$

# Hon Pre-Calc Quiz - Algebra Review

### Name

Show All Work!!! No Calculators!!! Circle All Final Answers!!!

47/60

#### Short Answer

1. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$4n^{2}-15n-25$$
  
 $4n^{2}-20n+5n-25$   
 $4n(n-5)+5(n-5)$   
 $(4n+5)(n-5)$ 

2. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$98p^{2}-200$$
  
 $2(49p^{2}-100)$   
 $2(7p-10)(7p+10)$ 

3. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$200m^4 + 80m^3 + 8m^2$$
  
 $8m^2(25m^2 + 20m + 1)$ 



4. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^{7}m+2x^{4}m-15xm$$
  
 $\chi m(\chi^{6}+\chi^{3}-15)$   
 $\chi m(\chi^{6}+5\chi^{3}-3\chi^{3}-15)$   
 $\chi m(\chi^{3}(\chi^{3}+5)-3(\chi^{3}+5)$   
 $\chi m(\chi^{3}-3)(\chi^{3}+5)$ 

5. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^{6} + 4x^{3} - 60$$

$$\chi^{6} + 10x^{3} - 6x^{3} - 60$$

$$\chi^{3}(\chi^{3} + 10) - 6(\chi^{3} + 10)$$

$$(\chi^{3} - 6)(\chi^{3} + 10)$$

6. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$105xuv + 60xv - 70xu - 90xv^{2}$$

$$5x(2|uv + |2v - |4u - |8v^{2})$$

$$5x(2|uv - |4u - |8v^{2} + |2v)$$

$$5x(7u(3v-2) - 6v(3v-2))$$

$$5x(7u-6v)(3v-2)$$

7. Factor completely over the set of integers:

$$x^{9}-x^{6}-x^{3}+1$$

$$\chi^{6}(\chi^{3}-1)-1(\chi^{3}-1)$$

$$(\chi^{6}-1)(\chi^{3}-1)$$

$$(\chi^{2}-1)(\chi^{4}+\chi^{2}+1)(\chi-1)(\chi^{2}+\chi+1)$$

$$(\chi-1)(\chi+1)(\chi^{4}+\chi^{2}+1)(\chi-1)(\chi^{2}+\chi+1)$$

8. Find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

8. Find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

$$7x^{2} + 32 = 7 - 40x$$

$$7x^{2} + 40x + 25$$

$$7x^{2} + 35x + 5x + 25$$

$$7x(x+5) + 5(x+5)$$

$$(7x+5)(x+5)$$

$$7x = (-5)$$

$$x = (-5)$$

$$x = (-5)$$
9. Solve by *completing the square* and find all real

and/or imaginary solutions:

and/or imaginary solutions:  

$$4x^{2} + 31 = -8x \qquad \chi = -\left[\pm \frac{3i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right]$$

$$\chi^{2} + 2\chi = \left(-\frac{31}{4}\right)$$

$$\chi^{2} + 2\chi + \left[=\left(-\frac{31}{4}\right) + \frac{4}{4}\right]$$

$$(\chi + 1)^{2} = \left(-\frac{2+}{4}\right)$$

$$\chi + 1 = \pm i\sqrt{\frac{2+}{4}}$$

$$\chi + 1 = \pm i\sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\chi = (-1) \pm \frac{3i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Solve using the quadratic formula and find all real and/or imaginary solutions:

10. Solve dimaginary solutions and/or imaginary solutions 
$$4x^{2} + 4x - 8 = 1$$

$$4x^{2} + 4x - 8 = 1$$

$$4x^{2} + 4x - 9 = 0$$

$$\chi = \frac{(-4) \pm \sqrt{(4)^{2} - 4(4)(-9)}}{2(4)}$$

$$\chi = \frac{(-4) \pm \sqrt{160}}{8}$$

$$\chi = \frac{(-4) \pm \sqrt{160}}{8} = -\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$\chi = \frac{(-4) \pm 4\sqrt{10}}{8} = -\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{2}$$

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$$\chi = \frac{(-4) \pm \sqrt{100}}{8} = -\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{2}$$

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11. Simplify the following completely:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{x+5}{4}}{\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{5}{2}} = \frac{\frac{2 - (x+5)}{4 + 4}}{\frac{x^2 - 5}{2}} = \frac{\frac{2 - x - 5}{4}}{\frac{x^2 - 5}{2}}$$

$$-\frac{x - 3}{4} \times \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{x^2 - 5} = -\frac{x - 3}{2}$$

$$\frac{-x-3}{2x^2-10}$$



12. Find all real solutions:

$$\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{3x+2} \cdot 216^{3x} = \frac{1}{216}$$

$$6^{-3x-2} \times 6^{9x} = 6^{-3}$$

$$6^{6x-2} = 6^{-3}$$

$$6x-2=(-3)$$

$$6x=(-1)$$

$$x=(-\frac{1}{6})$$

13. Find all real solutions:

$$\log_9(x+6) - \log_9 x = \log_9 2$$

$$\log_9(\frac{x+6}{x}) = \log_9 2$$

$$\frac{x+6}{x} = 2$$

$$x+6 = 2x$$

$$6 = x$$

$$\chi = 6$$

14. Condense:

$$\frac{2(\log 2x - \log y) - (\log 3 + 2 \log 5)}{(\log 4x^2 - \log y^2) - (\log 3 + \log 25)}$$

$$\frac{(\log 4x^2) - \log 75}{(\log y^2)} - \log 75$$

$$\frac{\log 4x^2}{\log 75} = \frac{\log 4x^2}{\log 75y^2}$$

$$\log 75$$

15. Find all real solutions:

$$\ln(x+1) - \ln(x-1) = 3$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right) = \ln(e^3)$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x-1} = e^3$$

$$x+1 = e^3(x-1)$$

$$x+1 = e^3x - e^3$$

$$x = e^3x - e^3 - 1$$

$$x-e^3x = -e^3 - 1$$

$$x = -e^3 - 1$$

$$x = -e^3 - 1$$

 $\frac{5}{(x+h)^{2}} - \frac{5}{x^{2}} = \frac{5x^{2} - 5(x+h)^{2}}{x^{2}(x+h)^{2}h} = \frac{5x^{2} - 5x^{2} - 10xh - 5h^{2}}{x^{2}(x+h)^{2}} = \frac{-10xh - 5h^{2}}{x^{2}(x+h)^{2}}$   $\frac{5}{x^{2}} = 5x^{-2} - 7f'(x) = -10x^{-3}$ 

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